BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

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PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

July 2, 1932

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Leaders in both the House and Senate are predicting that Congress will be ready to adjourn next week. The prevailing opinion seems to be that adjournment will come Wednesday. However, no agreement has been reached and anything might happen.

The tentative schedule sent out to House members last week included a Calendar Wednesday but due to the fact that Chairman Sirovich of the House Committee on Patents and Copyrights is still ill, a postponement was unanimously agreed upon. Should Congress remain in session throughout next week it may be necessary for Chairman Sirovich to designate some other member of the committee to handle the bill on the floor in the event the chairman is unable to be present.

The Davis Bill, to which the Senate added a license fee amendment, is still in the hands of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee and should adjournment come next week there is no danger of action on this measure.

The President has approved the economy bill which authorizes him to transfer the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce to the Radio Commission. Under the measure, this must be done by Executive Order. No such order, of course, has as yet been issued.

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BILL TO FIX ADVERTISING RATES

Congressman La Guardia (R) New York this week introduced in the House a bill to fix the advertising rates of broadcasting stations.

He announced the introduction of the bill when the NAB sought to have Calendar Wednesday postponed last week. The postponement was necessary due to the continued illness of Chairman Sirovich, (D) New York, of the House Patents and Copyrights Committee. The Sirovich copyright bill therefore remains at the head of the House calendar and will be reached on the next calendar Wednesday, which may be next week or next December. Should there be another Calendar Wednesday before adjournment it is likely that members of the House Committee will bring up the copyright bill and pass it with the Chindblom amendment.

Congressman La Guardia in announcing the introduction of his advertising bill said of the Chindblom amendment:

"I have read that amendment and I have gleaned a few ideas from it. I am introducing two bills carrying out the idea of the gentleman from Illinois to its logical conclusion."

The text of the bill (H.R. 12844) which has been referred to the Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries is as follows:

"That if any owner or operator of two or more radio broadcasting stations, operating under license from the Federal Radio Commission, shall refuse to allow any legitimate advertiser or sponsor of radio programs the use of such stations for the broadcasting of his advertisements or sponsored programs at a reasonable price for the privilege therefor, such advertiser may appeal to the Federal Radio Commission to fix such reasonable price or fee, and upon tender of same he shall be entitled to the use of said broadcasting station or stations for the broadcasting of his advertisements or programs. The reasonable price or fee so fixed shall be limited to an amount which will justly compensate the owner or operator of the station for the use made thereof, and shall in no event exceed the amount of a reasonable fee or price which, under similar circumstances, would have been charged by the owner or operator of the radio broadcasting station for the use thereof. In determining the amount of such just compensation or of such reasonable fee the prices currently paid for similar broadcasting privileges under similar circumstances shall be considered. Upon payment of a reasonable, as found by the Federal Radio Commission, the advertiser or sponsor of programs may, in the discretion of the commission, be entitled to continue the use of such station at the same rate of payment and for such reasonable period as the commission may deem just."

The second bill (H.R. 12845) referred to would regulate and establish reasonable license fees for patented radio equipment. This bill has been referred to the House Patents Committee.

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NEW AAAA MEMBER

L. D. Wertheimer Company, Advertising, Inc. New York, has been elected to membership in the American Association of Advertising Agencies.

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HERE'S ANOTHER EDUCATION BILL

Senator Metcalf (R) Rhode Island this week introduced the following bill (S. 4933) in the Senate:

"That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated annually for a period of four years, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $10,000, to be expended by the Federal Radio Commission for the purpose of cooperating with the States in the development and promotion of education by radio broadcasting and/or wired radio

"SEC. 2. That in order to secure the benefits provided for in this Act any State shall, through the governor or other appropriate authority thereof, accept the provisions of this Act and designate the State director of education or State superintendent of public instruction, or the person in a capacity corresponding to this position, as the State instrumentality to act in cooperation with the Federal Radio Commission, and the Federal Radio Commission, and the Federal Radio Commission shall recognize such local authority for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act.

"SEC. 3. Every applicant for a license for a radio-broadcasting frequency shall be required to file with such application an agreement to set aside not less than 5 per centum of its authorized hours of operation for the purpose of broadcasting educational programs under regulations prescribed by the designated instrumentality of the State in which such station is located, and approved by the Federal Radio Commission. Failure on the part of any station to meet the requirements of such regulations shall be punishable by revocation of license.

"SEC. 4. This Act is to be administered by the Federal Radio Commission."

The bill has been referred to the Committee on Education and Labor.

In this connection it is interesting to note that the Commission's report to the Senate shows that substantially more than five per cent of time on commercial stations is given to educational programs.

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ELECTRIC POWER TAX

E. M. Elkin, chairman of the NAB Committee on Tax matters, this week conferred with officials of the Internal Revenue Bureau with reference to regulations on the subject of the tax on electrical energy under the Revenue Act of 1932.

Section 616 of the Act imposes a tax of three per cent upon all electrical energy for domestic or commercial consumption. The regulations of the Bureau exempt from the provisions of the act "radio companies" but Bureau officials argue that "broadcast stations" do not fall in the same category point-to-point stations and therefore are subject to the tax.

The Bureau however will withhold any regulation holding broadcasting companies liable for the tax until the NAB has had an opportunity to file a brief answering the questions raised by the Bureau.

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July 2, 1932

WHITE FORESEES NEW REALLOCATION

Senator White (R) Maine, former chairman of the House Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries Committee, foresees a possible new reallocation of radio facilities in the wake of the forthcoming Madrid Conference.

"There will be a conference at Madrid for the revision of the international radio treaty," Senator White declared in the Senate this week. "This international radio treaty makes an allocation, not to nations but to services, of the entire radio spectrum. It says what wave length and what channels may be used for ship-to-shore communication, for ship-to-point communication, for aircraft communication, for point-to-point communication continentally, for point-to-point communication internationally, and it fixes the broadcasting bands which all the nations of the world must respect."

"If that burden of reallocating all the radio channels in the country is placed upon the Radio Commission," Senator White declared,"it will be a responsibility calling not only for its present personnel with all the resources now contemplated, but it may place a burden on the Commission which would call for very enlarged personnel and additional resources."

Senator White made this comment in a speech favoring restoration in the Independent Offices Appropriation Bill an item for $12,000 for stenographic reports of hearings. Senator Copeland and Senator Smoot also advocated retention of the item while Senator Couzens at first objected. The item was retained bringing the total annual appropriation of the Commission for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1932 up to $366,000.

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ADVERTISING GREATEST NEED

Advertising must be increased to bring back better times to the business world. This was the principal theme of the annual meetings of the National Association of Credit Men, National Retail Credit Association, the National Retail Credit Association, the American Society for Testing Materials and the National Retail Dry Goods Association. All of them agreed that they must redouble their efforts to "tell the truth to the general public and make that truth pay."

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WANTS SECOND-HAND TRANSMITTER

J. Vega Gonzalez S en C, Guadalajara, Jal. Mexico, desires to purchase a second-hand broadcasting station of from 500 to 1000 watts power. Members interested should write to this company referring to the Bulletin. This company asks for the lowest price, especially packed for exportation to Mexico.

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RADIO BILL PASSED

The Senate this week passed the House bill (H.R. 7507) to regulate radio equipment on ocean-going vessels using ports of the Canal Zone. The bill previously had been passed by the House.

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NEW MEXICO

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RADIO IN EDUCATION

Radio's part in education was discussed at the annual meeting of the National Education Association held in Atlantic City this week.

The movement for a certain percentage of channels to be set aside exclusively for education was discussed by Dr. William John Cooper, U. S. Commissioner of Education, at the radio session. He said in part:

"How much time will we want for the work that we have to do? This is a field as yet in which there is no definite conclusion. The last time it was discussed I think was in October, 1930. At that time there were called together in Chicago about 60 representatives of the radio world. Most of those stations represented then were giving their time exclusively, or nearly exclusively, to education. At that time a motion was made to ask for 25 per cent of all the possible radio time for education. This motion was defeated without apparent effort. A motion to ask for 10 per cent of the time was carried and then reconsidered. A motion asking for 15 per cent of the time was, as I remember, unanimously passed. So far then the educational people who are interested in radio have asked for 15 per cent of the radio time. Undoubtedly they cannot use it at the present time. Whether they can or cannot in the immediate future remains to be seen. There is no doubt, however, that this much of the time ought to be kept from falling into hands which will not return it and for this purpose a committee is at work. It is attempting to get Congress to act in the matter.

"A bill has been before Congress during the present session but it seems that nothing will be done. Whether one may count on a bill passing at the next session remains to be seen. At the present time, therefore, we must say that so far as progress in education is concerned there has been little during the past two years and so far as the time on the air is concerned it appears that in its present state education has enough time.

"In so far as the future is concerned it appears that the educators themselves desire 15 per cent but no case has been made to show that they are or are not entitled to this much. Probably during this period of depression work in radio is still going on.

"It is doubtful, however, whether much work in radio education is in progress. If ways and means are found of using radio for the better education of people, doubtless they will go into effect as soon as the depression is passed. At least it will probably be five or 10 year before we can tell exactly what we want."

The responsibility of supervision for the use of radio in education was discussed by Dr. C. M. Koon, radio specialist of the U. S. Bureau of Education. He said in part:

"The ultimate place that radio will occupy in the American school system will be determined by the educators themselves. As leaders in educational theory and practice, the supervisors and directors of instruction must assume a large share of the responsibility of determining what is to be broadcast for schools; what methods of broadcasting are to be employed; and how the broadcast lessons are to be used in school. If supervisors will seriously apply themselves to the solution of the problems in the field -- and they are principally problems of education rather than problems of radio transmission -- broadcasting and centralized radio facilities may become an important aid in the supervision of instruction,

as well as in direct instruction. Considered educationally, radio is not a separate entity but is simply a conveyer of sound. Its value depends upon what is broadcast and how the broadcast material is used.

"Many of the radio problems being discussed are essentially problems of education rather than problems of radio. While it is important that educators possess an intelligent appreciation of the art of broadcasting, it is more important that they be thoroughly familiar with the principal purposes and best practices of education. For if radio is to be applied to education, education must first be applied to radio.

"Even though the radio has formed some unfortunate associations in the minds of many educators, it has a number of noteworthy achievements to its credit. It has already become the principal source of economical entertainment and last-minute news. Steadily, it is breaking down the barriers of isolation as it broadens the horizons and enriches the lives of countless millions of people. It has become an important social factor in nearly every country in the world.

"If educational leaders accept a broad social conception of education, they will realize with ever-increasing significance the importance of harnessing radio and putting it to work to help bear the constantly growing burdens of education.

"Numerous school officials are willing to bear witness to the educational power of radio. By means of broadcasting and centralized radio facilities it appears that supervisors are able to check the work of the teachers and the classes. Important announcements and instructions may be given, and superior work can be made generally available. But above all, radio broadcasting is peculiarly well-suited for the improvement of instruction by means of demonstration lessons.

"Supervision, being a cooperative enterprise for the improvement of instruction, can be especially helpful in the securing of suitable radio-sound equipment, in selecting broadcast programs, and in devising methods of integrating them into the curriculum of the school. If the classroom teacher will bear her share of the burden in the three-way teaching arrangement, it appears that the radio may be used in many ways to advance the educational process. It can enrich the curriculum and vitalize instruction. The throbbing present may be brought into the classroom and the dead past made to live again. It is the responsibility of supervision to determine how radio can be efficiently used. If the radio cannot assist in realizing the commonly-accepted purposes of education more effectively than they could be realized otherwise, it has very little place in the school."

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DOC ELLIOTT A CANDIDATE

Dr. Frank W. Elliott, former president and director of the NAB, has won the Republican nomination for Congress in the Davenport, Iowa, district. Dr. Elliott formerly was manager of WHO-WOC at Des Moines. He is running as a wet.

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July 2, 1932

AFA CODE OF ETHICS

The Advertising Federation of America at its annual meeting in New York recently adopted the following Code of Advertising Ethics:

1. We agree to conduct our business with a due recognition that truth, honesty and integrity must be the basis of every sound transaction; consider the mutual interests of supplier and consumer and, therefore, avoid anything tending toward misrepresentation, indecent or misleading advertising, deceptive methods or the promise of performance that cannot be reasonably fulfilled.

2. We desire to maintain the constructive elements in competition, those elements of initiative, intelligent and efficient effort that benefit the consumer; and remove those practices in competition that are of no benefit to the consumer and that are destructive of the whole mutuality of the interests. We, therefore, agree to develop in the competition a friendly emulation in the improvement of the service to the consumer; and eliminate unfair practices, injurious and discriminatory methods, tending to destroy both the efficiency of the business and the capacity of the consumer to purchase from business.

3. In the final analysis, business health depends upon the efficiency of the service to the consumer and, therefore, his interests are paramount, not only to himself but to our business. Therefore, we will seek in all our endeavors to provide a more efficient service through increased capacity and knowledge, so that our responsibility in this direction will be fully discharged.

4. The big problem of modern industry is to bring the product from the point of production to the point of use with the greatest efficiency and with the least waste. Advertising has an important part to play in the solution of this problem and, therefore, we agree to bend our greatest efforts in this direction by the more practical use of these principles, a more effective comprehension of the problem itself and greater progress in the promotion of better practices in our business and our contact with others.

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BAR FOOTBALL BROADCASTS

The Eastern Intercollegiate Association decided last week to prohibit radio broadcasting of football games played on the home grounds or under jurisdiction of the association this fall. The Association alleges that broadcasts have tended to reduce attendance at games.

The 12 institutions involved are Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Pennsylvania, Brown, Pittsburgh, U. S. Naval Academy, U. S. Military Academy, Columbia, Syracuse, Dartmouth and Penn State.

Notre Dame does not share the view of these colleges.

"I feel that these thousands from coast to coast, who have supported Notre Dame in other years when they could afford to do so should not be deprived of the pleasure of following the games by radio now that they have become victims of the depression," Father Mulcaire said. "I have never felt that the gate receipts would be materially increased by the patronage of those who listened to the games over the radio when tickets of admission are available."

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OFF THE "SUCKER" LIST

Certificates of resignation from the "Sucker League" were sent to all broadcasting stations last week by S. G. Persons, WSFA, Montgomery, Ala. Mr. Persons vigorously attacks "free publicity" schemes and calls upon all stations to relegate such free material to the wastebasket.

Even worse than rate cutting is the "free publicity" racket and its effect upon broadcasting generally is being widely felt.

From time to time the Bulletin has had occasion to call attention to the growing volume of free publicity offers and to urge that NAB members disregard them. This injunction, on the whole, has been followed.

There is likewise a prevalent wave of commission, percentage and inquiry offers. All of these are decidedly harmful.

Attention of NAB members is called to the provisions in the Standards of Commercial Practice which provides that stations adhere strictly to card rates.

Until all stations adhere to their published rates and sell to all advertisers in the same class on the same basis, development of radio advertising will be retarded.

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BROADCASTERS' MEETINGS

The Western Broadcasters' Association was scheduled to hold a two-day meeting at Seattle, Wash. July 1 and 2. It was expected that about 20 stations from the northwest would attend.

Broadcasting stations of Oklahoma, Kansas and Texas met at Shawnee, Okla. last week to form a local organization which ultimately may become a southwestern association.

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AGENCY IS DISCOURAGED

Agencies have always urged that stations stick to their rate cards. Attention of the NAB has been called to an instance where an agency representing an account urged radio advertising and obtained rates from the station. The station's own salesman slipped around to the prospective advertiser and offered a rate nearly 25 per cent under the ratequoted to the agency. The advertiser then decided to stay off radio for another year.

Even more important is the complaint of another agency which has decided to discontinue its radio department which it had just opened. This agency said it cannot afford to go into radio or urge its clients to use radio if stations persist in cutting rates. The agency is an established one handling a number of large accounts.

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July 2, 1932

CONDEMNS RADIO ASTROLOGERS

Programs broadcast by astrologers are not in the public interest, Chief Examiner Yost ruled in a report to the Commission made public this week, holding that such programs permit the use of a broadcast station for the personal benefit of the individuals producing the broadcasts. It was held further in the case involving the renewal application of station KTAB, San Francisco, California, that the answering of questions in such a program constitutes point to point communication since messages of this nature are directed to private individuals. The Examiner in his conclusions (Report No. 383) ruled in favor of the granting of the renewal on the ground the present operators of the station were not in control of the station facilities at the time of the broadcasts.

Two astrologers, according to the Report, have used the station. The programs were produced by individuals known as Zoro and Kobar. Testimony was introduced at the hearing also in connection with programs broadcast under the direction of Dr. J. Douglas Thompson, a licensed chiropractor. The latter broadcasts concerned themselves solely with questions of diet, and were utilized for the sale of two books published by Dr. Thompson in connection with his theories on diets and health. The Examiner found from the record that these programs were in public interest.

The Report is replete with excerpts from the broadcasts and also contains the correspondence which passed between the station and the Commission in connection with the station's efforts to have the programs withdrawn on being advised there might be some question as to the nature of the programs.

In connection with the operation of the station, the Examiner found only one complaint was received from a listener during fourteen hundred programs produced by Dr. Thompson.

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APPLICATIONS DEFAULTED

This week the Commission held in default the application for a new station at Baton Rouge, Louisiana filed by the Louisiana Broadcast Co. The applicant requested authority to erect a station on 1310 kc with 100 watts and unlimited time, seeking the facilities of Stations KMLB; KRMD and WTSL. This decision sustained the findings of Examiner Yost in Report No. 371, after the applicant failed to appear.

The recommendations of Examiner Yost were also upheld in the application of Charles L. Bennett, Jamaica, New York, requesting authority to erect a new station on 1210 kc with 100 watts to share time with Stations WGBB; WCOH; and WJBI (Report No. 367). The application was withdrawn from the Commission's files with prejudice.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted license applications covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: WHOM, Jersey City, New Jersey; WNBH, New Bedford, Massachusetts; WBBM-WJBT, Chicago, Illinois; WGCP, Newark, New Jersey.

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In connection with the operation of the station, the Examiner found only one [illegible] a listener during fourteen hundred programs produced by [illegible]

APPLICATIONS DENIED

This week the Commission held in default the application for a new station at Rouge, Louisiana filed by the Louisiana Broadcast Co. The applicant requested authority to erect a station in 1210 kc with 100 watts and unlimited time, according to the facilities of Stations KMLB; KXMD and WTSD. This decision sustained the findings of Examiner Yost in Report No. 371, after the applicant failed to appear.

The recommendations of Examiner Yost were also upheld in the application of Chesapeake Broadcast, Inc., Jamaica, New York, requesting authority to erect a new station on 1210 kc with 100 watts to share time with Stations WCBB; WCOH; and WLBI (Report No. [illegible]). The application was withdrawn from the Commission's files with prejudice.

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During the current week the Commission granted license applications covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: WHOM, Jersey City, New Jersey; WNBH, New Bedford, Massachusetts; WEBM-WLBT, Chicago, Illinois; WCOP, Newark, New Jersey.

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KGMP LICENSE REVOKED

The Commission upheld its first revocation order of a station license this week when it acted on the license of Station KGMP, Elk City, Oklahoma, operated by Homer F. Bryant. The original Commission order was affirmed and the action of Chief Examiner Yost was reversed in part (Report No. 359). In the same decision the Commission granted the construction permit application of E. M. Woody, Elk City, Oklahoma, authorizing the erection of a new station at that place, using the assignment formerly licensed to KGMP on 1210 kc.

The license of the station was further involved by the attempt on the part of Bryant to assign his interest in Station KGMP to D. R. Wallace. The application for assignment of the license from Bryant to Wallace was denied. This part of the decision sustained the findings of Examiner Yost, since he found in favor of the granting of the renewal of the station to Bryant, and recommended the assignment of the station license to E. M. Woody. The decision of the Commission arrives at the same conclusion in a different manner.

The application of D. R. Wallace was denied by the Commission on the ground this applicant had operated the station illegally and in an unauthorized manner; and it was further held Bryant does not possess sufficient funds to insure proper continued operation of the station. From the evidence in the case, the Commission decided the applicant E. M. Woody has made a sufficient showing to indicate he is properly qualified to conduct the proposed station in a manner satisfactory to the public.

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KVOA UNLIMITED DENIED

The unlimited time application of Station KVOA, Tucson, Arizona, was denied this week. This decision reversed the recommendation of Chief Examiner Yost (Report No. 364). The applicant is now licensed to operate on 1260 kc with power of 500 W., and one half time. Authority was sought to increase the operating schedule to unlimited.

The Examiner had recommended the operating power of the station be reduced from 500 to 250 watts to permit the full time operation of the station without increasing the quota of the State more than 0.3 unit. The Zone is over quota and Arizona is 0.43 unit under quota. This would have permitted the granting of the application without violation of the Commission regulations.

The decision of the Commission was based on the fact that the applicant had failed to make any showing as to the uses to be made of the additional hours. No arrangements were undertaken, according to the Commission findings, to indicate there was sufficient talent available to insure the broadcast of programs that would be acceptable to the listening public. The conclusion further held that the need for additional service in the city of Tucson had not been shown.

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July 2, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications:

WJAG	The Norfolk Daily News Norfolk, Nebraska	Renewal of license set for hearing because station's facilities have been applied for.
NEW	The Tennessee State Press Co. (Publishers of Knoxville Times) Knoxville, Tennessee	Requests C. P. for new station, 560 kc, 1 KW night, 2 KW LS, unlimited. (facilities of WNOX.)
NEW	Maurice L. Barrett East St. Louis, Illinois	Requests C. P. for new station, 1500 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time. (facilities of WKBS.)
KGNO	Dodge City Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Dodge City, Kansas	Requests C. P. to change frequency from 1210 to 1340 kc; increase power from 100 W. to 250 W. and make changes in equipment.
NEW	Visual Radio Corp. Atlantic City, New Jersey	Requests C. P. for visual broadcasting service.
NEW	J. E. Taylor Aberdeen, So. Dakota	C. P. new station 920 kc; 500 watts; daytime. (Facilities of KSOO.)
WHEF	Attala Milling & Produce Co. Kosciusko, Mississippi	Mod. C. P. move station to Jackson, Mississippi.

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ARGENTINE SET SALE INCREASES

The sale of radio receiving sets in Argentina is on the increase according to a statement of the Department of Commerce this week. The demand is said to be stimulated by the opening of the opera season in that country. Four and five tube circuits are found to be most popular.

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ASKS CLARIFICATION OF ORDER

The Commission this week filed a petition with the District of Columbia Court of Appeals asking that Court to modify or amend its mandate as issued in January 1931 when the Court instructed the Commission to make a further allocation of the 40 short wave channels released by the insolvency of Universal Wireless Communications Company. The instructions of the Court specified that these frequencies should either be granted to RCA Communications, Inc., or the Mackay Radio and Telegraph Co. The Commission has told the Court due to economic conditions and general lowering of business volume, further hearings should be held in order to properly reallocate these frequencies in line with the statutory standard of public interest convenience and necessity.

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July 2, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE
WMCA	Knickerbocker Brdcstg. Co. Inc. New York, N. Y.	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from July 11 to October 11, 1932, covering removal of transmitter from Hoboken, New Jersey to College Point Causeway, Flushing, New York.
WEAI	Cornell University Ithaca, New York	Granted authority use monitor built at Cornell University for purpose complying with Rule 145.
WCAO	The Monumental Radio Co. Baltimore, Maryland	Granted authority suspend operation auxiliary transmitter pending action on application to install new automatic frequency control.
WNJ	Radio Investment Co. Inc. Newark, New Jersey	Granted authority to remain silent July 4th.
		SECOND ZONE
W3XE	Philadelphia Storage Battery Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Granted experimental visual broadcasting license, 2750-2850, 48500-50300, 60000-80000, 43000-46000 kc; 1500 watts.
W8XK	Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Co. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Granted experimental relay broadcasting license 6140-9570-11870-15210-17780-21540 kc; 40 KW.
WMBC	Michigan Broadcasting Co. Detroit, Michigan	Granted extension program test period 15 days from July 1st, pending action on application for license covering C. P.
		THIRD ZONE
KWWC	Brownsville Herald Publ. Co. Brownsville, Texas	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of license to Frank P. Jackson.
WBHS	The Hutchens Co. Huntsville, Alabama	Granted Mod. of License to increase power from 50 to 100 watts.
KWEA	Hello World Brdcstg. Co. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted authority to discontinue operation for a period not beyond October 1, 1932.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

KTHS	The Hot Springs Chamber of Commerce, Hot Springs, Ark.	Granted authority operate during daytime on 970 kc; 10 KW; for duration of Democratic National Convention.

FOURTH ZONE

KFBI	The Farmers & Bankers Life Insurance Co., Milford, Kansas.	Granted Mod. of Lic. to move main studio from Milford to Abilene, Kansas.
WHB	WHB Broadcasting Co. Kansas City, Missouri	Granted authority extend completion date for installation automatic frequency control for two months.
WKBH	WKBH, Inc. La Crosse, Wisconsin	Granted authority operate unlimited time during time that KSO is not in operation.
WCAT	So. Dakota School of Mines Rapid City, So. Dakota	Granted authority suspend operation from June 23 to September 12th.
KFYR	Meyer Brdcstg. Co. Bismarck, No. Dakota	Granted authority operate from 12:30 p.m. to 2 p.m. provided station KFDY remains silent on July 4th.

FIFTH ZONE

KVI	Puget Sound Broadcasting Co. Tacoma, Washington	Renewal and Mod. of Lic, 570 kc; 500 watts; unlimited time, issued in accordance with order of the Commission dated April 1, 1932; renewal effective from June 25.
KXA	American Radio Tel. Co. Seattle, Washington	Renewal of license, 760 kc, 250 watts, 500 W LS, limited time, effective from June 25, issued in accordance with order referred to above.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications for the reason they did not comply with Commission regulations:

1-MLB-1013	United States Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	WCGU	Increase day power to 1 KW (Rule 6 c and d.)
3-PB-2618	Rev. J. L. Neville Tulsa, Oklahoma	NEW	C. P. for a new station on 1500 kc. (Rules 121 & 6.)

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KSWS The Hot Springs Chamber of Commerce, Hot Springs, S. D.

Granted authority operate dual 970 kc; 10 KW; for duration of National Convention.

KTSI The Hammons & Demorest Life Insurance Co., Milford, Kansas.

Granted authority operate Mod. of Lic. to move main studio from Milford to Junction City.

WHB WHB Broadcasting Co. Kansas City, Missouri

Granted authority extend completion date for installation automatic transmitter one week for two months.

WKBH WKBH, Inc. La Crosse, Wisconsin

Granted authority operate unlimited time during time that KSO is not in operation.

WOAT So. Dakota School of Mines Rapid City, So. Dakota

Granted authority suspend operation from June 23 to September 12th.

WTAR Brewster Broadcasting Co. Hammond, Mo. Dakota

Granted authority operate from 12:30 p.m. to 2 p.m. provided station KFDY remains off the air on July 4th.

FIFTH ZONE

KVI Puget Sound Broadcasting Co. Tacoma, Washington

Renewal and Mod. of Lic. 570 kc; 500 watts unlimited time, issued in accordance with order of the Commission dated April 1, 1 renewal effective from June 25.

KXA American Radio Tel. Co. Seattle, Washington

Granted License, 760 kc, 250 watts, 1 Limited time, effective from June 25 issued in accordance with order referred to above.

AMPLIFICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications for the reason they did not comply with Commission regulations:

I-MLB-1013	United States Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	WOGU	Increase day power to 1 KW (Rule 6 c and d.)
[illegible]	Rev. J. L. Neville Tulsa, Oklahoma	NEW	C. P. for a new station on 1500 kc (Rules 121

July 2, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WNBW	Home Cut Glass & China Co. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Granted authority to discontinue operation to October 1, pending consideration and decision of hearings on applications.
KWSC	State College of Washington Pullman, Washington	Granted authority to reduce hours of operation during period from June 20 to Sept. 15, as follows: Daily except Sunday, 6:30 to 8:30 a.m., 9:05 a.m. to 12 noon; 3:30 to 5:30 p.m. Daily except Thursday and Sunday 6:30 to 8:30 p.m.
WRBQ	J. Pat Scully Greenville, Mississippi	Granted authority to discontinue operation after June 26, in order to make changes in equipment.
WDEV	Harry C. Whitehill Waterbury, Vermont	Granted permission to change specified hours of operation on Sundays during June, July and August. (Action taken 6/25)
WJAG	Norfolk Daily News Norfolk, Nebraska	Granted authority to operate unlimited time July 17, in order to broadcast a program in celebration of 10th anniversary of the station.
KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Granted permission to take depositions of matters pertaining to applications of KTM and KELW for Mod. and renewal of lic. (Action taken 6/24.)
KTM	Pickwick Brdcstg. Corp. Ltd. Los Angeles, California	Granted permission to take depositions in hearing on renewal of license and associated applications. (Action taken 6/24)
WTMJ	The Journal Co. Milwaukee, Wisconsin	Granted petition to intervene in the application of KTAR for Mod. of Lic. to be heard September 12, 1932.
NEW	So. Carolina Brdcstg. Co. Columbia, S. Carolina	Granted motion to withdraw without prejudice from hearing docket, application for new station to operate on 1310 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time. (Facilities of WROL, Knoxville, Tennessee.)
WWNC	Citizens Brdcstg. Co. Asheville, N. Carolina	Granted regular renewal of license, and application heretofore set for hearing withdrawn from docket. Satisfactory equipment has now been installed.

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION (continued)

WJBY	Gadsden Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	Granted protest of applicants against the Commission's authorization of May 24, 1932, granting C. P. for new station at Troy, Ala., to operate on 1210 kc, 100 watts, daytime, by the Troy Broadcasting Company, Station WHET. Application of WHET designated for hearing to be heard upon issues contained in WJBY's protest.
WERE	Erie Broadcasting Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania	Granted protest of applicants against the authorization allowing WLBW to move station from Oil City to Erie, Pennsylvania, and directed WLBW's application be designated for hearing upon the issues contained in WERE's protest.
WRDO	W R D O, Inc. Augusta, Maine	The Commission reconsidered its action of June 3, 1932, granting renewal of license for this station with transmitter location at Augusta House, 70 Chapel Street, Augusta, Maine, and directed a renewal be issued showing transmitter location at 341 Water Street, Augusta, Maine.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received application for license covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: WMBO, Auburn, New York; WWVA, Wheeling, West Virginia; KPCB, Seattle, Washington; WREN, Lawrence, Kansas.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for permits asking authority to make changes in equipment including installation of automatic frequency control devices from the following stations: WTAQ, Eau Claire, Wisconsin; WCGU, Brooklyn, New York.

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APPLICATION DENIED

During the current week the Commission denied the following application for the reason the applicant failed to enter an appearance within the time specified

DOCKET NO.	FILE	NAME OF APPLICANT	CALL	NATURE OF APPLICATION
1596	3-PB-2511	Thomas Edward Williams Abilene, Texas	NEW	C. P. 1420 kc; 100 watts; unlimited time. (Facilities of KFYO)

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WLBY Gadsden Broadcastg. Co. Inc.
Gadsden, Alabama

protest of applicants against Commission's authorization of May 24, 1951 granting C. P. for new station [illegible] to operate on 1210 kc, 100 [illegible]

[illegible] company, station WHBT, application of WHBT designated for [illegible] to be heard upon issues contained WLBY's protest.

WHBT Erie Broadcasting Corp.
[illegible], Pennsylvania

Granted protest of applicants against the authorization allowing WLEW to move [illegible] from Oil City to Erie, Pennsylvania, and [illegible] for hearing upon the issues contained in [illegible]'s protest.

WRDO W R D O, Inc.
Augusta, Maine

The Commission reconsidered its action of [illegible] 6, 1952, granting renewal of license for this station with transmitter location at Augusta House, 70 Chapel Street, Augusta, Maine, and directed a renewal be allowing transmitter location at 341 Water Street, Augusta, Maine.

LICENSES - CONSTRUCTION RECEIVED

[illegible]

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

[illegible] the current week the Commission received applications for permits seeking [illegible] including installation of automatic frequency [illegible] devices from the following stations: WTAG, Eau Claire, Wisconsin; WGGN, Brooklyn, New York.

APPLICATION DENIED

[illegible] the current week the Commission denied the following application for the reason the applicant failed to enter an appearance within the time specified

FILE	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
1506[illegible]	E-[illegible]-2511 Thomas Edward Williams [illegible], Texas	C. P. 1420 kc; 100 watts [illegible]

July 2, 1932.

HEARING COLENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing July 5, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1683	WPRO-WPAW	Cherry & Webb Brdcstg. Co. Providence, Rhode Island	C. P.	630 kc 250 W. Unlimited time

Present Assignment: 1210 kc, 100 W. Unlimited time

THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1649	KSO	Iowa Broadcasting Co. Clarinda, Iowa	C. P.	1370 kc 100 W. 250 W. Unlimited time. LS (Requests authority to move station to Des Moines.)

Present Assignment: 1380 kc, 500 W. Simultaneous day operation with WKBH sharing at night.

Docket #1684	WOC	Central Broadcasting Co. Davenport, Iowa	C. P.	1000 kc, 500 W. Synchronize unlimited time with WHO

Present Assignment: 1000 kc, 5 KW Synchronizes with WHO on Experimental basis.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for construction permits authorizing changes in equipment including installation of automatic frequency control devices to the following stations: KFLX, Galveston, Texas; KGO, San Francisco, California; WBAP, Fort Worth, Texas; WCAO, Baltimore, Maryland; WTEL, Philadelphia, Pa.; KBPS, Portland, Oregon; WAAB, Boston, Massachusetts; WNAC-WBIS, Boston, Massachusetts; WMBI, Chicago, Illinois; WSAJ, Grove City, Pa.

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RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission issued renewal license for the regular period to Station WESG, Glen Falls, N. Y. Temporary licenses were issued to Stations WIBM, Jackson, Mich., and WJBK, Detroit, pending Commission action on the regular application.

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July 2, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-PB-2632	NEW	F. N. Blake Realty Co., Dracut, Massachusetts	C. P. erect new station on 680 kc; 250 watts; daytime.

The frequency requested is a cleared channel assigned to the Fifth Zone and is now used by Station K P O, San Francisco, California, with a construction permit for 50 KW. The distance from the proposed location to San Francisco is approximately 2680 miles. The closest station to Dracut on the requested assignment is Station WPTF, Raleigh, N. Carolina, approximately 640 miles distant operating as a Limited Time station with power of 1 KW. Massachusetts is under quota; the First Zone is under quota. The granting of this application would increase the quota 0.2 unit.

1-MPB-355	WHEB	Granite State Brdcstg. Co. Portsmouth, New Hampshire	Mod. C. P. for new station on 740 kc; requests extension completion date to 6/8/32.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-MLB-1023	WEAO	Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio	Mod Lic. to use old main transmitter as auxiliary.
2-PB-2364	WHBC	Edward P. Graham Canton, Ohio	C. P. install new equipment and increase operating power from 10 to 100 watts.

The applicant is now licensed to operate on 1200 kc sharing time with Station WNBO, Washington, Pennsylvania, assigned power of 100 watts. The granting of this application would not involve the quota.

2-ALB-438	WLIT	Lit Brothers Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Vol. assgn. lic. to Lit Brothers Broadcasting System, Inc.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-MPB-354	WSB	Atlanta Journal Co. Atlanta, Georgia	Mod. C. P. for 50 KW. Requests approval of proposed equipment and proposed transmitter location near Atlanta, Georgia
3-PB-2486	NEW	J. H. French Decatur, Alabama	C. P. for new station resubmitted requesting 1420 kc; 16 watts; daytime.

The closest station to the proposed location on the requested frequency is Station WFDW, Anniston, Alabama, approximately 95 miles distant, operating with power of 100 watts. The requested power is much less than that usually assigned to the requested class of service. The Third Zone is over quota; Alabama is under quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.1 unit.

APPLICATIONS DENIED

FCC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	REASONS FOR DENIAL
		SECOND ZONE	
[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Burke Realty Co., Dracut, Massachusetts	O. P. over [illegible] 250 watts;

[illegible] survey requested is a cleared channel assigned to the [illegible] K P O, San Francisco, California, [illegible] The distance from the proposed location to San Francisco [illegible] closest station to Dracut on the [illegible] Here, W. Carolina, approximately 640 miles distant operating [illegible] time station with power of 1 KW. Massachusetts is under quota. The granting of this application would increase the quota 0.2 unit.

[illegible]	[illegible]	Granite State Broadcasting Co., Portsmouth, New Hampshire	Mod. [illegible] for new station on [illegible] 1580 kc; [illegible]

[illegible]

2-MLB-1023	WMAO	Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio	[illegible] to use [illegible] main transmitter as auxiliary
2-PB-2064	WHBC	Howard P. Graham, Canton, Ohio	Install new equipment and increase operating power from [illegible] to 100 watts.

The applicant is now licensed to operate on 1200 kc sharing time with station WHBC, [illegible], Pennsylvania, assigned power of 100 watts. The granting of the application would not involve the quota.

2-ALB-428	WLIT	Lit Brothers, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Vol. assgn. lic. to Lit Bros. Broadcasting System, Inc.

FIFTH ZONE

3-MPB-334	WEB	Atlanta Journal Co., Atlanta, Georgia	Mod. C. P. for 50 KW. [illegible] antenna or proposed [illegible] and proposed transmitter near Atlanta, Georgia
3-PB-2486	[illegible]	J. H. French, Decatur, Alabama	C. P. for new station [illegible] requesting 1420 kc; [illegible] daytime.

[illegible] station to the proposed location on the requested frequency is 320 [illegible] tion WHBW, Anniston, Alabama, approximately 55 miles distant [illegible] 100 watts. The requested power is much less than that usually assigned to requested class of service. The Third Zone is over quota, Alabama is under the quota of the [illegible] ice ion would inc[illegible] quota 0.1

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

3-MLB-1025	KGRS	Gish Radio Service Amarillo, Texas	Mod. Lic. change from 1410 to 1340 kc also change from specified hours.

The applicant is now licensed to share time with Station WDAG, Amarillo, Texas, with power of 1 KW. The closest stations to Amarillo, Texas, on the requested frequency are WCOA, Pensacola, Florida, approximately 915 miles distant, operating unlimited time with power of 500 watts; and Station WSPD, Toledo, Ohio, also with unlimited time and 1 KW power. The distance from Amarillo is approximately 1090 miles. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 1050 miles in cases where stations are licensed to operate with power of 500 and 1000 watts on the same frequency. The Third Zone is over quota; Texas is over quota. The granting of this application would be expected to increase the quota.

3-ALB-437	KFDM	Magnolia Petroleum Co. Beaumont, Texas	Vol. assgn. lic. to Sabine Broadcasting Co.
3-MLB-1026	WSMB	WSMB, Inc. New Orleans, Louisiana	Mod. Lic. increase power from 500 W. to 500 W. and 1 KW LS (Facilities of KWEA)

The applicant is licensed to operate unlimited time on 1320 kc with 500 watts. The closest station to New Orleans on the requested frequency is Station WADC, Akron, Ohio, approximately 930 miles distant, with power of 1 KW. The Third Zone is over quota; Louisiana is over quota. The facilities requested are now assigned to Station KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana, operating with power of 100 watts on 1210 kc.

FOURTH ZONE

4-PB-2604	KWCR	Cedar Rapids Brdcstg. Co. Cedar Rapids, Iowa.	C. P. make changes in equipment; and increase power from 100 watts to 100 and 250 watts LS.

The applicant is now licensed to operate unlimited time on 1420 kc. The Fourth Zone is over quota; Iowa is over quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.1 unit.

4-MPB-353	WHA	University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin	Mod. C. P. make changes in equipment and increase power from 750 to 1000 watts.

The applicant is now licensed to operate as a daytime station on 940 kc. The station is now charged 0.5 unit under the Wisconsin quota. The granting of this application would not involve the quota.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2633	KGBU	Alaska Radio & Service Co. Ketchikan, Alaska	C. P. to rebuild station and also to change operating hours.

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BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
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PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

July 9, 1932

C O N G R E S S

Differences between the President and Speaker Garner over important provisions of the relief bill and the insistence of anti-prohibitionists that Congress vote on the beer question have served to block adjournment of Congress for this week.

Leaders in the Senate and House, in the light of this situation, are non-committal about an adjournment date at this time.

Should Congress remain in session for several weeks more, which some think likely, there is a possibility that the Sirovich copyright bill will come up for consideration. As the Bulletin goes to press, there has been no definite decision on the order of business for next week if Congress remains in session.

The Patents and Copyrights Committee has the next Calendar Wednesday call in the House and the Sirovich Bill is at the head of this Committee's business.

At the present time there seems to be little danger that action will be taken on any other of the radio bills pending in the Congress. However, if Congress remains in session several weeks longer there may be an attempt to report out and pass the Davis Bill (H. R. 7716) which has already passed the House but is now before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee where a number of amendments are under consideration.

July 9, 1932

LEASED LINE TAXATION

The NAB has received information that telephone companies in some instances are assessing a five per cent tax on leased broadcasting lines notwithstanding the fact that the revenue bill of 1932 specifically exempts such charges. The NAB fought successfully for this exemption and stations billed for the tax urged to refer the telephone company to Section 701 (b) of the Revenue Act of 1932 and the following regulation by the Treasury Department promulgated thereunder:

> Article 18 - Exemptions - The exemptions authorized in section 701 (b) are twofold in their scope, one being with reference to payments for services or facilities furnished "to the United States or to any State or Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia" and the other being with reference to payments received for services or facilities "utilized in the collection of news for the public press or in the dissemination of news through the public press, if the charge for such services or facilities is billed in writing to such person."
>
> In addition to those exemptions, section 701 (a) (2) provides that the tax in the case of a leased wire or talking circuit special service shall not apply to any amount paid for so much of such service as is utilized in the conduct, by a common carrier or telephone or telegraph company or radio broadcasting station or network, of its business as such (See art.21)
>
> The term "common carrier" means one who undertakes for hire or reward to transport from place to place the goods or person of such as choose to employ him.
>
> The term "broadcasting station" means a station used for the dissemination of radio-telephone emissions intended to be received by the public.
>
> The term "net work" means two or more broadcasting stations connected by talking circuits.

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SIROVICH STILL SICK

Congressman William I. Sirovich (D) N. Y. chairman of the House Patents and Copyrights Committee, is still confined to his New York hotel apartment because of illness. It is doubtful if he will be able to return to work for several weeks, his physicians refusing to permit him to leave his apartment.

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SPAIN REORGANIZES BROADCASTING

The Spanish Government recently adopted a decree reorganizing its broadcasting facilities under government control. Delay has been encountered, however, in putting the new plan into effect. The original government program was based on a high-powered station located in Madrid with low-powered stations as outlets. The Madrid station would broadcast on a wave length of 1395 meters with a local feeder on 424 meters. The other five outlet stations would operate on wave lengths between 229 and 368 meters.

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July 9, 1932

COL. BROWN ADDRESSES BAR

Colonel Thad H. Brown, member of the Federal Radio Commission, Washington, D.C. and former Secretary of State of Ohio, yesterday delivered a striking address before the Ohio State Bar Association at Cedar Point, on "Federal Regulation of Radio."

In a succinct and graphic manner Colonel Brown presented a general review of current radio legislation and judicial results in a branch of law which, "though young in years, has become vastly important to all of us."

To President Hoover, when Secretary of Commerce, he gave much credit for laying the foundation for the wonderful radio structure now existing in the United States, pointing out that the framework for broadcasting, to a large extent, was the outcome of conferences called by Mr. Hoover of the various radio interests. Briefly he told of the breakdown of federal regulation of radio in July, 1926, when a Chicago station challenged the right of the Secretary of Commerce to regulate broadcasting under authority of the Marine Act of 1912, as amended, and the chaos and confusion which followed, which led to the creation of the Federal Radio Commission.

He stressed the importance of a recent decision by the Supreme Court of Nebraska, reversing the lower court, in which it was held:

"The Federal Radio Act confers no privilege to publish defamatory utterance."

The Court held further:

"We are of the opinion that the prohibition of censorship of material broadcast over the radio station of a licensee merely prevents the licensee from censoring the words as to their political and partisan trend, but does not give the licensee any privilege to join and assist in the publication of a libel nor grant immunity from the consequences of such action."

Colonel Brown expressed the hope that in view of the importance of the Nebraska case it will be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States.

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N O T I C E

The following letter has been received from Stanley F. Northcott, General Manager of Station WBCM, Bay City, Mich.:

"Please inform your members to be on the lookout for a man representing himself as S. Overton of the Air Log Service, Grand Rapids, Michigan.

"This man contacts local merchants for log book ads and tells them these logs are sponsored by the local radio station. He furnishes them with a few logs and tells them they can have any number by calling the local radio station.

"If you know the whereabouts of this man, wire this station collect."

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July 9, 1932

PUBLIC LOSES FOOTBALL BROADCASTS

Action of two important football conferences in barring broadcasts of games has not disturbed broadcasting companies. Football broadcasts are usually handled at great expense to broadcasting companies as sustaining programs.

Games are broadcast for the benefit of the public and without thought of commercial advantage.

College athletic authorities fear that broadcasts destroy the commercial value of football and for that reason barred the broadcasts.

Sport writers do not share the opinion of the football moguls.

"Advertising for the game of football worth millions of dollars is tossed aside," says Harry Costello in the Washington "Times". Lawrence Perry, writing in the Washington "Star" says that "in thus turning its face against the latest and one of the greatest achievements of the human scientific mind, the association is facing backward in a manner wholly inconsistent with men associated with institutions devoted to the advancement of learning."

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MADRID PREPARATIONS PROGRESS

A special committee giving consideration to the use of frequencies in the band from 10 kc to 550 kc in the United States will hold a meeting shortly to complete its report to the main committee preparing for the Madrid Conference which convenes on September 3.

Louis G. Caldwell, chairman of the NAB committee on International Relations, was named a member of the special committee by Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, chief engineer of the Commission and chairman of the committee. Mr. Caldwell has completed an elaborate study of the bands below 550 kc and their availability for broadcasting and he will present this information to Dr. Jolliffe's committee. Mr. Caldwell is planning a trip to Europe late this Summer and he will represent the NAB at the Madrid Conference.

The bill authorizing expenditure of funds for the U. S. Delegates to the conference has struck a snag in the House and unless this measure is finally approved the U. S. Delegates will be severely handicapped in their activities at Madrid.

The President is expected shortly to name delegates to the conference.

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PENNSYLVANIA FARMS HAVE RADIOS

Out of 172,500 farms in Pennsylvania, 55,330 are equipped with radio receiving sets, according to the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture.

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July 9, 1932

INDIANA TELEVISION GRANTED

The application for new television facilities filed by the United States Radio and Television Corporation, Marion, Indiana, was granted by the Commission this week sustaining the recommendations of Examiner Pratt (Report No. 368). The authorization will permit operation by the applicant on the frequencies 43-46; 48.5-50.3; 60-80 megacycles with 1 KW and unlimited time.

In its statement of facts accompanying the decision, the Commission said the applicant is planning research along two lines--one, continuation of laboratory work with reference to design of transmitting and receiving equipment and synchroniaztion of sound and pictures; and second, further experiments as to the nature of the propogated wave and the effects which occur between transmitting and receiving sets with relation to distances, field strengths, fading absorption, shadows cast by high buildings at ultra high frequencies, etc. In addition the problems of antenna construction will be studied.

The applicant plans to cooperate with other experimenters and will continue to maintain a complete laboratory for television research. In its decision the Commission found the applicant was fully qualified from a financial as well as a technical viewpoint to conduct the proposed station.

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APPROVE KGBX MOVE TO SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI

The Commission this week granted the application of Station KGBX authorizing removal from St. Joseph to Springfield, Missouri. The station is licensed to operate on 1310 kc with power of 100 watts. This decision sustained the recommendations of Examiner Yost (Report No. 379.)

The Commission found the applicant station has been rendering a generally meritorious service at St. Joseph and from the evidence introduced at the hearing it was indicated that the same class of operation would be continued at the new location. A further reason for granting the removal was cited in finding the city of St. Joseph now receives good service from local stations at that place as well as other stations located in nearby communities, while the city of Springfield is without any consistent broadcast reception. Reference was also made to the elimination of interference which is expected by the removal of the station from St. Joseph.

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ORAL ARGUMENT GRANTED

Oral argument before the full Commission was granted this week on the application of W. H. Allen Company, Alexandria, Louisiana, requesting the facilities of Station KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana, operated by Hello World Broadcasting Company. The Shreveport station also is requesting a construction permit to move the station to Baton Rouge, Louisiana. After hearing before Examiner Hyde, the recommendation was made that all applications be denied in Report No. 360. Oral argument is scheduled to be heard before the full Commission at 10 a.m., on September 7, 1932.

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July 9, 1932

DENY LONG ISLAND TELEVISION

The application of Radio Engineering Laboratories, Long Island City, New York, was denied by the Commission this week, sustaining the findings of Examiner Pratt (Report No. 369). The applicant had sought authority to use the television channel between 23,000 and 60,000 kc with power of 250 watts.

Finding that the applicant had failed to establish public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by the granting of the request, the Commission said: "Satisfactory showing is not made that applicant has competent technical resources available to insure an efficient program of research; it does not appear that applicant has engaged in any past experiments in the visual broadcasting field and sufficient showing is not made of a definite plan of proposed research and experimentation to warrant a finding that the granting of this application would result in any advancement or development in the visual broadcasting art."

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NEW MARYLAND STATION AUTHORIZED

The Commission this week granted the application for a new broadcast station at Hagerstown, Maryland, filed by A. V. Tidmore with daytime operation on 1210 kc and 100 watts power. This action sustained the recommendation of Examiner Yost (Report No. 366.)

In its conclusions, the Commission found the granting of this application would provide broadcast service to Hagerstown during that period when reception from any other source is unsatisfactory and further that the operation of this station would not be expected to result in any objectionable interference to other stations. It was also held the applicant is qualified financially as well as technically to operate the proposed station.

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KRMD LICENSE RENEWED

The Commission issued a renewal license for the regular period this week to Station KRMD, Shreveport, Louisiana, and thereby sustained the recommendation of Examiner Yost in Report No. 373. The station had been ordered to file application for renewal, since a new applicant had requested its facilities. At the hearing the party seeking the KRMD assignment did not appear and the Examiner found under these circumstances the Shreveport license should be renewed.

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
WLAP	American Brdcstg. Corp. of Ky. Louisville, Kentucky	Requests C. P. to change frequency from 1200 kc to 940 kc; increase power from 100 watts night, 250 watts daytime, to 1 KW. (Facilities of WFIW)

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June 9, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
		FIRST ZONE
WQDM	A. J. St. Antoine St. Albans, Vermont	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of license to A. J. St. Antoine & E. J. Regan.
WNBX	The WNBX Brdcstg. Corporation Springfield, Vermont	Granted C. P. to install new equipment and change frequency from 1200 to 1260 kc; increase power from 10 watts to 250 watts and hours of operation from sharing with WCAX to daytime only, and to move station locally from Main Street to 1¾-miles from Springfield.
		SECOND ZONE
WWSW	Walker & Downing Radio Corp. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Granted C. P. to install new equipment and to increase daytime power from 100 to 250 W.
		THIRD ZONE
WSM	National Life & Accident Insurance Co., Nashville, Tennessee.	Granted Mod. of C. P. to extend completion date to August 17, 1932.
WSB	The Atlanta Journal Co. Atlanta, Georgia	Granted Mod. of C. P. for a new site for 50 KW transmitter.
WTFI	Toccoa Falls Brdcstg. Co. Athens, Georgia	Granted consent vol. assign. lic. to Liberty Broadcasting Company.

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RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for renewal license for the regular period to the following stations: WAAW, Omaha, Nebraska; WABC, New York City; WAIU, Columbus, Ohio; WBT, Charlotte, North Carolina; WBZ-WBZA, Boston, Massachusetts; WCAU, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WCCO, Minneapolis, Minnesota; WDGY, Minneapolis, Minnesota; WDZ, Tuscola, Illinois; WEAF, New York City; WEAF (auxiliary); WEEU, Reading, Pennsylvania; WENR, Chicago, Illinois; WENR (auxiliary); WGN, Chicago, Illinois; WGY, Schenectady, New York; WHAM, Rochester, New York; WHDH, Boston, Massachusetts; WINS, New York City; WJR, Detroit, Michigan; WJZ, New York City; WJZ, (auxiliary); WLW, Cincinnati, Ohio; WMAQ, Chicago, Illinois; WMAZ, Macon, Georgia; WOAI, San Antonio, Texas; WPG, Atlantic City, New Jersey; WPTF, Raleigh, No. Carolina; WRUF, Gainesville, Florida; WRVA, Richmond, Virginia; WSB, Atlanta, Georgia; WSM, Nashville, Tennessee; WTAM, Cleveland, Ohio; KEX, Portland, Oregon; KFAB, Lincoln, Nebraska; KFBI, Abilene, Kansas; KFEQ, St. Joseph, Missouri; KFVD, Los Angeles, California; KGDM, Stockton, California; KGO, San Francisco, California; KGO (auxiliary); KJR, Seattle, Washington; KOA, Denver, Colorado; KOA (auxiliary); KPCB, Seattle, Washington; KTLD, Dallas, Texas; KTHS, Hot Springs, Arkansas; WOI, Ames, Iowa

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June 9, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

At its sessions during the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

KMBC	Midland Broadcasting Co. Kansas City, Missouri	Granted 10 day extension of equipment test period.
WKBB	Telegraph Herald Company East Dubuque, Illinois	Granted permission to take depositions in case of WKBB, request change in frequency and time of operation.
WTAR	WTAR Radio Corporation Norfolk, Virginia	Granted authority to operate with reduced power of 140 watts for period of 15 days, while high voltage transformer is being repaired.
WHK	Radio Air Service Corp. Cleveland, Ohio	Denied authority to operate with $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW daytime as applied for in application which has been designated for hearing.
WCAP	Radio Industries Broadcast Co. Asbury Park, New Jersey	Denied authority to increase power from 500 to 1000 watts experimentally, for period July 1 to September 5, 1932.
WSUI	State University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa	Granted authority operate from 10 p.m. to 12 midnight, CST, Saturday, July 9, 1932.
WFDW	Raymond C. Hammett Anniston, Alabama	Granted permission to remain silent until August 1, 1932.
KLCN	Charles Leo Lintzenich Blytheville, Arkansas	Granted authority remain silent until September 22, or until necessary apparatus is installed to permit compliance with Rules 144 & 145.
WNBO	John Brownlee Spriggs Silver Haven, Pennsylvania	Denied authority move transmitter to Elmira, Pennsylvania under Rule 44; increase time from sharing with WHBC to unlimited; and increase day power to 250 watts.
KFYR	Meyer Brdcstg. Company Bismarck, North Dakota	Granted special authority operate on Saturdays from 12:30 to 1 p.m. beginning July 9 for summer months and in no event later than 3 a.m. September 1, 1932, provided KFDY remains silent.
KFDY	South Dakota State College Brookings, South Dakota	Granted special authority operate on Saturdays from 2 to 2:30 p.m. beginning July 9 for the summer months and in no event later than 3 a.m. September 1, 1932 provided KFYR remains silent

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July

June 9, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, July 11, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a. m.

MONDAY, JULY 11, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1625	NEW	Harold H. Hanseth Eureka, California	C. P. 1210 kc; 100 watts; daytime and 12 to 2 a. m.

THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1693	WKBB	Sanders Brothers Radio Station, Joliet, Ill.	C. P. 1500 kc; 100 watts; specified hours. (Request authority to move to East Dubuque, Illinois.)

FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1678	KICK	Red Oak Radio Corp. Red Oak, Iowa	C. P. 1420 kc; 100 watts; unlimited time. (Requests authority move to Carter Lake, Iowa.)

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the following applications were returned by the Commission either at the request of the applicant or for the reason they did not comply with regulations:

1-PB-2056	John N. Brahy Long Island City, N. Y.	WLBX	C. P. for 1300 kc; 500 watts. (WLBX deleted)
2-MLB-928	Upper Michigan Brdcstg. Co. Calumet, Michigan	WHDF	Mod. Lic. for specified hours. (Request of applicant.)
3-MLB-1001	Georgia School of Technology Atlanta, Georgia	WGST	Mod. Lic. to increase power to 500 W day and night. (Rule 6 a and d)

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits to the following station: WNBO, Silver Haven, Pennsylvania.

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The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, July 11, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a. m.

MONDAY, JULY 11, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1685 NEW	Harold H. Hansen, Fresno, California	C. P. 1210 kc; 100 watts; daytime and 12 to 2 a. m.

THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1692 WCHS	Sandone Brothers Radio Station, Joliet, Ill.	C. P. 1500 kc; 100 watts; specified hours. (Request authority to move to West Dubuque, Illinois.)

FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1678 KICK	Red Oak Radio Corp., Red Oak, Iowa	C. P. 1420 kc; 100 watts; [illegible] hour time. (Requests authority, move to Carter Lake, Iowa.)

APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the following applications were returned by the Commission either at the request of the applicant or for the reason they did not comply with regulations:

[illegible]	John N. Brady Island City, N. Y.	WLBX C. P. for 1500 kc; 500 watts. (WLBX deleted)
2-MEB-328	Upper Michigan Broadcg. Co. Calumet, Michigan	WEHT Mod. lic. for specified hours. (Request of applicant.)
3-MEB-1001	Georgia School of Technology Atlanta, Georgia	WGST Mod. lic. to increase power to 500 W day and night. (Rule 8 a and d)

LICENSE APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission granted applications for [illegible] provisionally authorized construction permits to the following stations: WNBO, Silver Haven, Pennsylvania.

June 9, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the following applications were received at the Commission:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-PB-2577	WEBR	Howell Brdcstg. Company Buffalo, New York	C. P. auxiliary transmitter amended as to equipment.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2615	KYW-KFKX	Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Co. Chicago, Illinois	C. P. to move station to Philadelphia amended to request change in proposed transmitter location to Whitemarsh Township, Pennsylvania.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-PB-2638	WHBQ	WHBQ, Inc. Memphis, Tennessee	C. P. move transmitter locally
3-ALB-439	WTFI	Toccoa Falls Brdcstg. Co. Athens, Georgia	Vol. Assgn. lic. to Liberty Broadcasting Company.
3-PB-2635	KRMD	KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	C. P. move transmitter locally.
3-PB-2625	NEW	J. E. Richards Greenville, South Carolina	C. P. new station on 590 kc amended to omit request for facilities of KOCW.
		FOURTH ZONE	
4-PB-2636	KUSD	University of So. Dakota Vermillion, So. Dakota	C. P. make changes in equipment; increase power to 1 KW.

The applicant is now licensed to operate on 890 kc sharing time with Stations KFNF and WILL. The closest station to Vermillion on this frequency is Station KSEI, Pocatello, Idaho, licensed to operate with power of 250 watts and unlimited time. The distance from Vermillion to Pocatello is approximately 790 miles. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation under similar circumstances of 1050 miles. This assignment is a Canadian Shared channel under Commission regulations. The nearest Canadian Border is 435 miles distant. The present rules will not permit the operation of a 1 KW station on a Canadian Shared frequency at this distance from the boundary. The granting of the application would increase the quota.

4-MLB-1027	WOS	Missouri St. Market Bureau Jefferson City, Missouri	Mod. Lic. increase power from 500 watts to 500 watts and 1 KW LS

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

The applicant is now licensed to operate under a specified hour schedule with Stations KFRU and WGBF on 630 kc. The nearest station to Jefferson City on the frequency is Station WMAL, Washington, D. C., operating unlimited time with power of 250 watts and 500 watts LS. The distance is approximately 825 miles. The granting of the application would increase the quota.

FIFTH ZONE

5-MLB-1028	KFSD	Airfan Radio Corp. San Diego, California	Mod. Lic. increase power from 500 watts, 1 KW LS to 1 KW day and night.

The applicant is now licensed to operate unlimited time on 600 kc. The closest station to San Diego on this frequency is Station WMT, Waterloo, Iowa, operating with 500 watts and unlimited time, approximately 1520 miles distant. The applicant is operating on a Canadian Shared frequency. The nearest Canadian Border point is approximately 1180 miles distant. This distance is greater than the Commission regulations require. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.2 unit.

5-PB-2637	NEW	Grief & Ericson Lewiston, Idaho	C. P. erect new station on 1210 kc 100 watts and unlimited time.

The closest station to the proposed location on the requested frequency is Station KGY, Olympia, Washington, operating unlimited time with 100 watts. The distance is approximately 290 miles. On the adjacent frequency of 1220 kc and approximately 25 miles distant, Station KWSC, Pullman, Washington, now operates with night power of 1 KW and day power of 2 KW. The frequency separation between that station and the proposed station is 10 kc. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 199 miles under similar circumstances. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.2 unit.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: KRSC, Seattle, Washington; KUMA, Yuma, Arizona; KFGQ, Boone, Iowa.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications requesting authority to make changes in equipment including installation of automatic frequency control devices from the following stations: WCAH, Columbus, Ohio; WTIC, Hartford, Connecticut.

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The applicant is now licensed to operate under a specified hour schedule with stations KVEN and WQXT on 1550 kc. The nearest station to Jefferson City in the [illegible] is Ste [illegible], Washington, D. C., operating unlimited time, power of 250 watts and [illegible] is 15%. The distance is approximately 828 mi[illegible]. The [illegible] of the application would increase the quota[illegible]

FIFTH

[illegible]	KFSD	Airtran Radio Corp. San Diego, California	Mod. Lic. increase power from 500 watts, 1 KW LS to 1 KW da and [illegible]

The applicant is now licensed to operate unlimited time on 600 kc. [illegible] station to San Diego on this frequency is Stati[illegible] - WMT, Waterloo, [illegible] operating with 500 watts and unlimited time, approximately 1520 miles distant. The applicant is operating on a Canadian Shared frequency, [illegible] Border point approximately 1180 miles distant. This distance [illegible] greater than the Commission regulations require. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.2 unit.

[illegible]-PB-3627	NEW	Grant & Tribune Rexburg, Idaho	C. P. erect new station on 1210 kc 100 watts, unlimited time.

The closest station to the proposed location on the requested frequency is Station KOY, Olympia, Washington, operating unlimited time with 100 watts. The distance is approximately 230 miles. On the adjacent frequency of 1220 kc and approximately [illegible] miles distant, Station KWSC, [illegible]lman, [illegible], now operates [illegible] night power of [illegible] day power of 2 KW. The [illegible] range separation between the station and the proposed station is 10 km. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 199 miles under similar circumstances. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.2 unit.

LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received application [illegible] previously authorized construction permits from the following [illegible] Seattle, Washington: KUMA, Yuma, Arizona; KWCO, Boone, Iowa

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

July 16, 1932

ADJOURNMENT NEARS

Following President Hoover's veto of the unemployment relief bill, both the House and Senate set to work to pass a bill which would conform with the recommendations of the President. Bills have been passed in both bodies but a difference has arisen with respect to a provision adopted by the House making public loans by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Conferees have agreed on all differences except this publicity provision.

This situation has deferred adjournment of Congress which observers had predicted for this week. It is the general impression, however, that some solution will be worked out promptly and that adjournment will follow immediately thereafter.

Because of the relief bill debate, Calendar Wednesday was again postponed this week. With the prospect of adjournment Saturday or next week, it is doubtful if another Calendar Wednesday will be possible.

Should Congress adjourn without having another Calendar Wednesday, the House Committee on Patents and Copyrights will receive the first Calendar Wednesday call next December. In this situation the Sirovich copyright bill and the Chindblom Amendment will remain at the head of the calendar.

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July 16, 1932

GOOD LUCK GENE:

Gene Cogley, for 18 months assistant to the Managing Director, resigned his post effective July 15, to become President of the Broadcasters of Pennsylvania. This company recently acquired Station WLBW, Oil City, Pa., and was granted authority to move into Erie, Pa. The application has been the subject of a protest.

Mr. Cogley was offered the post from which he is now resigning while serving as a broadcast engineer at the Federal Radio Commission. He joined the headquarters staff of the Association six weeks after the offices were moved from New York to Washington.

Here is the copy of a letter which expresses the attitude of the Association upon Mr. Cogley's resignation:

"It is with regret that I accept your resignation as my assistant after eighteen months of faithful service. I shall also respect your request that your resignation become effective on July 15.

"You have served with me almost since I assumed the post of Managing Director of the Association and you have witnessed the growth of the organization from its then membership of 83 stations to its present membership of 221 stations. Your efforts have contributed much to that growth in membership. Likewise you have assisted me willingly in the establishment of the many services which the Association now affords its members.

"I know I express the feeling of the Officers and Directors as well as the entire membership of the Association when I say that your services have been greatly appreciated and I know that I express their attitude when I wish you happiness and success in your new venture.

"For my part, I greatly appreciate the splendid manner in which you have cooperated with me in all matters, your loyalty, and your willingness at all times to work in the interests of the Association. I know that you will succeed in your new venture if you will approach your duties in that field with the same enthusiasm you have served the Association."

Sincerely yours,

Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director

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Sincerely yours,

Philip G. Managing Director

July 16, 1932

SEND IN YOUR FORMS

R. L. Harlow, chairman of the NAB Committee on Standard Forms, recently sent to all members of the Commercial Section a request for contract forms now in use by stations. He also requested copies of program sheets, rate cards and other forms.

Mr. Harlow's Committee is busily engaged in the work of developing with the American Association of Advertising Agencies a Standard Order Blank, a draft of which was submitted to the NAB some time ago.

The Four A's are eager to complete these negotiations and obtain agreement on the blank in order that it may be put into effect without any further delay. Mr. Harlow, likewise, is eager to complete this phase of his Committee's work and for that reason he has suggested that you send in your material immediately.

A copy of the report will be sent to all stations submitting contract forms and other data to Mr. Harlow.

If you have not sent in your forms do so at once to Mr. R. L. Harlow, Chairman, NAB Committee on Standard Forms, Shepard Broadcasting Service, One Winter Place, Boston, Massachusetts.

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THE MADRID CONFERENCE

Because of the movement now on foot to secure a widening of the broadcast band, broadcasters have more than usual interest in the forthcoming Madrid conference.

The NAB has received numerous requests for general information about the Madrid meeting from broadcasters and in response to these made arrangements with the publishers of the Journal of Radio Law to secure reprints of the article entitled "The International Radio Conference at Madrid", prepared by Louis G. Caldwell, Esq. The article summarizes the various proposals for allocation of additional frequencies for broadcasting and outlines some of the problems which will be met at the Madrid conference.

Copies of the reprint from the Journal will be mailed shortly to each member of the NAB.

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MADRID SUBCOMMITTEE TO MEET

A meeting of the subcommittee appointed to collect information as to the use now being made of frequencies between 10 kc and 550 kc will hold a meeting at the offices of the Federal Radio Commission on July 22. The subcommittee, headed by Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, chief engineer of the Commission, will shortly thereafter render its report to the full committee preparing for the Madrid Conference which will convene next September.

The President has not yet named the delegates who will officially represent the United States at the forthcoming international convention on radio.

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July 16, 1932

THE KFAB DECISION

Much has been said and printed about the decision of the Nebraska Court in the case of Sorensen v Wood and KFAB.

The decision of the Nebraska Supreme Court is not final in a sense that it can now be appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States. The upper court held that the trial court erred in its instructions to the jury and therefore remanded the case for further hearing. No date has been fixed for the second hearing. After this hearing the case undoubtedly will be again carried to the state Supreme Court. In the meantime, however, the decision of the court is the law in the State of Nebraska.

It is well to remember that Wood was speaking on behalf of a candidate and not personally as a legally qualified candidate for office. Whether the decision of the court would have been the same had Wood been a legally qualified candidate for office it is impossible to say. The time, however, during which Wood spoke was ordered and paid for by the candidate.

Section 18 of the Radio Act is virtually self executing and a violation of this, or any section of the Radio Act, is made a criminal offense under Sections 32 and 33 of the law. It is not difficult to visualize conflicts between state and federal laws on the subject and stations are urged to examine their state law in the light of the Nebraska decision and Section 18.

In this connection it might be interesting to members to learn how at least two stations are trying to protect themselves. These examples are reproduced here simply as information and must not be construed as having approval or disapproval of the NAB.

In Minnesota, where all Congressmen are running at large this year because of a decision of the Supreme Court, Station WCCO has published a set of rules governing political broadcasts for the coming election. Eight rules are laid down. Rule 7 is as follows:

> "In view of the recent decision of the Nebraska Supreme Court, no person speaking in behalf of any candidate for office will be permitted to broadcast unless a written copy of his speech has been submitted to the station management not less than 24 hours in advance of the broadcast. The station reserves the right to make such changes in all such speeches in behalf of candidates as may appear necessary in order to avoid violation of the libel and slander laws of the state of Minnesota. Candidates for office speaking in person will not be required to submit manuscripts of their speeches, but in the event that any such candidate appears in any radio speech broadcast by WCCO to have violated the libel or slander laws of the state of Minnesota, the station reserves the right to refuse to permit such candidates to make any further use of the facilities of the station, notwithstanding any previous commitments which may have been made."

THE KFAB DECISION (Continued)

Station WEBC, Duluth-Superior, has issued the following notice to candidates for public office and political speakers:

"Section 18 of the Radio Act of the United States is as follows:

> '<u>Use of broadcasting stations by legally qualified candidates; censorship</u>. If any licensee shall permit any person who is a legally qualified candidate for any public office to use a broadcasting station, he shall afford equal opportunities to all other such candidates for that office in the use of such broadcasting station, and the licensing authority shall make rules and regulations to carry this provision into effect: PROVIDED, that such licensee shall have no power of censorship over the material broadcast under the provisions of this section. No obligation is hereby imposed upon any licensee to allow the use of its station by any such candidate.'

"This station desires to grant to every candidate for public office and to all political parties, the fullest use of its facilities possible for the purpose of enlightening the voters as to the issues. The Supreme Court of Nebraska has recently held that notwithstanding the act of Congress, the broadcasting stations may be held legally responsible for any libelous or slanderous statements made over the radio, even by a candidate for public office and that it is the duty of the radio station to cut off a speaker making any such statements.

"This station does not desire to censor the material of any speaker in any respect whatsoever. It must insist, however, that no statements shall be made which are libelous or slanderous. In order to protect this station, and at the same time show no discrimination between speakers, this station has adopted the rule that all political addresses shall be prepared in writing and copies submitted to the station at least _____ hours before the time of broadcasting."

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HIGH FREQUENCIES PROVE VALUE IN TESTS

Transmission and reception in the ultra high frequencies have proven to be commercially practicable as the result of exhaustive laboratory tests, according to an announcement made at the Commission this week. Much experimentation has been done in this field within recent months. The results of these latest tests indicate that frequencies around 60,000 kilocycles can be developed for reliable transmission over distances up to three miles. Many commercial uses may be made of these frequencies in any operation where communication over short distances is needed but where the installation of wire circuits would be too expensive or impractical.

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WEBC, Lorain-Cleveland, has the following notice to candidates for public office and political speakers:

"Section 18 of the Radio Act of the United States is as follows:

> "Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent any person who is a legally qualified candidate for public office to use a broadcasting station, he shall afford equal opportunities to all other such candidates in that office in the use of such broadcasting station, and the licensing authority shall make rules and regulations to carry this provision into effect: PROVIDED, that such licensee shall have no power of censorship over the material broadcast under the provisions of this section. No obligation is hereby imposed upon any licensee to allow the use of its station by any such candidate."

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July 16, 1932

METRO MUSIC COMPANY LIST

Henry Lefkowitch, proprietor of the Metro Music Company, 58 Second Avenue, New York, has made available a partial list of exclusive copyrights of Jewish and Hebrew classic and folk songs which he claims are owned by the Metro Company. He points out that his company is not connected with the Society of Jewish Composers or any other organization. He also states that the company has no representatives.

Under the circumstances it is advisable to refrain from using any of the numbers listed below unless authority to use them has been obtained from the Metro Company, which claims ownership of the copyrights, or until further notice is received.

COMPOSITION	COMPOSER
MENASHE	LEFKOWITCH
BENKENDIG	"
YOM KIPUR ZU MINCHE	"
HOT RACHMONES	"
DIE ALTE HARF	"
FALLENDE BLETTER	"
CHANUKA LICHT	"
FELD KLANGEN	"
SHTEIN, TEIERER SHTEIN	"
NATASCHA	"
MAZL TOV	"
TANCHUM	GOLUB
LEG DEIN KOP OIF MEINE KNIE	"
TOIBEN	"
FREITAG ZU NACHT	"
BORACH ATOH	"
DIE ALTER SHOYMER	"
DER BECHER	"
VIEG LIED	"
BURIKES OIF PESACH	"
BENKSHAFT	"
DER GLIKLICHER MECHUTIN	"
KUMT DER LIEBER SHABOS	"
BAIM TAICH	"
VIER GILDEN OIF SHABOS	"
VIDER IS AVEK DER SHABES	"
ZU BEDEKENS	"
UVEND GEBET	"
CHOLEMEN CHALOIMES	"
CHALOMOS (IN DER TIFKEIT FUN DER NACHT)	"
YISMACH MOISHE	GOZINSKY
OSHAMNU MIKOL OM	"
ODOM YESODO MEOFOR	"
YISMECHU	"
HABET MISHOMAYIM	"
OIF YENER VELT	
ROCHEL'S KAYVER	ZILBERTS
JU-LA-LA	"

COMPOSITION	COMPOSER
ZMIROS	ZILBERTS
MIR TSIEHEN, MIR BLONZHEN	"
NAYE MODES	"
V'SHOMRU	"
MA GODLU	"
MINHAG CHODOSH	"
NIMKOMCHO	"
ZI UN DER TROIM	"
VI A BLUM	"
KUM ZU MIR IN CHEDERL	GELBART
SHTAYNERNE PALATSEN	"
IN KAYVER	"
ALLAYN	"
SERP UN KOSE	"
IN AN ORIM SHTIBELE	"
DER LAMDEN REB SENDER	WEISSER
DER ALTER CHAZEN	"
A MALECH VEINT	WEINER
YAMEN ROISHEN	"
VOLT MEIN TATE REICH GEVEN	"
DI ZUN	"
SHTILE TENER	"
IN FELD	"
BIN ICH MIR A CHOSIDL	KOTLOWITZ
DI VELT IS A CHEDER	"
AD MOSAI	"
MEAYIN YOVO EZRI	"
A TFILE	BINDER
ZING, NESHUME, ZING	"
CHAVATZELES HASHORON	"
DIE YUNGE MUTTER	MEDVEDIEFF
SHTILLER, SHTILLER	LOW
RHAPSODIE CHASIDIC	"
TEIKU	"
A DIN TOIRE MIT GOTT	"
PO CHASIDATSKOMU	"
VIO VIO FERDELACH	"
VI DER KEISER LEBT	"
A DUDELE	"
TZU A FOIGL	DAVIDSON
ICH VELL DIR BRENGEN BLUMEN	"
FUN MIZROCH	"
FAR VOS	ELLSTEIN
IN VIG	"
DI ZUN FARGERT IN FLAMEN	LOW
DER NER TOMID	MEDVEDIEFF
ZU MEIN FOLK	BROUNOFF
FUN YARID	CHARLOFF
ICH KISH DICH MIT OIGEN FERMACHTE	ROSEN
ICH BIN GEVEN A YINGELE	SHAPIRO
ZAMD UN SHTERN	PRUG-BERNSTEIN
DREI KLAYNE YINGELACH	GOICHBERG
ROCHEL MEVAKOAL BONEHO	ROITMAN
BERESHIS BORO	SCHWARTZMAN

COMPOSITIONS	COMPOSERS
MORGEN TEILO	JASSINOWSKY
SHA, SHTIL	"
HEBREW MLULLABY (IN DI GIBN VELNEN KINDER)	"
DER REBI ELIMELECH	ELLSTEIN
GEIT A GOI IN SHENKL ARAIN	"
OMAR ODOSHEM LEYAKOV	"
IN BETH HAMIDROSH (VIOLIN AND PIANO)	"
DER WANDERER	MARK SILVER
CHALOMOS	H. J. COHEN
ZICHRONOS	H. J. COHEN
OIF DAIN KEIVER (ELEGY)	ELLSTEIN
ZINT CH'HOB DICH FARLORN	"
NUR DER VEIS	"
MESHIACH	"

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RECEIVERSHIP FOR NATIONAL RADIO

The Irving Trust Company of New York was appointed equity receiver for National Radio Advertising, Inc., with offices in New York, Chicago, Detroit, and Hollywood, upon application to Circuit Judge Mack by the Electrical Transcription Broadcasting System Inc.

A meeting of creditors is scheduled to be held on July 22.

National Radio, headed by Raymond Soat, is a pioneer in the electrical transcription field.

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WILL PRINT FRC REPORT

The Senate Committee on Printing this week received unanimous consent from the Senate to print as a Senate document the report of the Federal Radio Commission made in response to the Couzens-Dill resolution. The report is the most complete collection of facts on broadcasting in the United States ever assembled.

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REFUSE WYOMING LOCAL

The Commission this week sustained the recommendations of Examiner Hyde (Report No. 372) and denied the application of Sayles & Stewart, Gillete, Wyoming, seeking the construction of a new broadcast station on 1310 kc with power of 100 watts to operate from six to ten p. m. daily. The grounds for refusal of the construction permit are based on the facts the applicants have failed to make a proper showing of sufficient financial ability to erect and operate the station and the evidence regarding the amount of available advertising business in the community is indefinite. As an added conclusion the Commission also found the area proposed to be served is now receiving good service from a number of existing stations.

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TEITO	JAPANESE
SHA, SUTII	"
MUSIKAPY (IN DI GIRY VERLIEN KINDER)	
DRE KNEI KLIMPICH	MEMORIAL
GEIT A GOI IN SHNEEL ARAIN	"
OMAR OSOSHEN LEYAKOV	"
IN REEN HAMIROSH (VIOLIN AND PIANO)	"
DER WANDERER	MARK SILVER
GEALOMOS	H. J. COHEN
TOKEONOS	H. J. COHEN
OTF DAIN KEIVER (KLEZY)	
KLINT OH'HOE DIOH TARLOEN	"
MUN DER VEIS	"
	"

MONOPHYSITE FOR NATIONAL RADIO

The Irving Trust Company of New York was appointed equity receiver for National Radio Advertising, Inc., with offices in New York, Chicago, Detroit, and Hollywood, upon application to Circuit Judge Mack by the Electrical Transcription Broadcasting System Inc.

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ASKS SE WYOMING LOCAL

The Commission this week sustained the recommendations of Examiner Hyde (Report No. 372) and denied the application of Sayles & Stewart, [illegible] ete, Wyoming, seeking the construction of a new broadcast station on 1210 kc with power of 100 watts to operate from six to ten p. m. daily. The grounds for refusal of the construction permit are based on the roots the applicants have failed to make a proper [illegible] of sufficient financial ability to erect and operate the station and the evidence regarding the amount of available advertising business in the community is indefinite. As an added consideration the Commission also found the area proposed to be served is now receiving good service from a number of existing stations.

July 16, 1932

POLICE RADIO PROVES EFFECTIVENESS

Based on reports made by operators of municipal radio police systems in fifty cities throughout the country, the Commission announced this week that the result of this survey indicates the importance of radio transmission in modern police methods. In the fifty cities reporting, it is shown 32,585,000 people are served over an area of 28,190 miles. This comprises more than three quarters of the population of the United States. In addition there are about twenty cities not included in the Commission survey and several state police systems on which data has not been compiled.

The use of police radio has been directly responsible for the average monthly recovery of stolen property in excess of three quarter of a million dollars. During the month of April, the period covered by the report, 155,656 emergency calls were made.

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CHANGE TRANSMITTER LOCATION GRANTED

The application of Station WHDH to change transmitter location from its present location at Gloucester to Saugus, Massachusetts, was granted by the Commission this week. This decision was rendered after rehearing of the case before Chief Examiner Yost. The original hearing was held in November 1931. The Examiner recommended the application be granted (Report No. 374). This decision was reversed by the Commission. Subsequently, the Commission granted a regearing and the action this week sustains the results of the second hearing.

In the conclusions, the Commission said: "Although it does not appear that there is any substantial need in the Boston area for the additional service which would be rendered therein as a result of the proposed move of the WHDH transmitter to Saugus, the evidence now contained in this record clearly shows that such removal would be expected to greatly improve the service afforded WHDH to fishing fleets at sea, the primary purpose for which this station was originally licensed."

Commissioners Starbuck and Brown did not participate in the decision.

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SOUTH DAKOTA APPLICATION DENIED

The application of the Black Hills Broadcasters, Inc., Sturgis, South Dakota for authority to erect a new broadcast station on 1200 kc with power of 100 watts, sharing time with Station WCAT, Rapid City, South Dakota, was denied this week by the Commission. This decision sustained the findings of Examiner Hyde in Report No. 378.

It appears one of the applicants Carl E. Goiens on two occasions operated a broadcast station without authority of the Commission and in violation of the Radio Act. This fact was given as the first ground for denying the application. The Commission found further the applicant's equipment was not such that it would be capable of operating within the frequency limitations now required. In commenting upon the source of revenue for the proposed station, the Commission said: "The advertising revenue which the applicants expect to support the station from a financial standpoint would be considerably less than is contemplated."

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POLICE RADIO PROVES EFFECTIVENESS

Based on reports made by operators of municipal radio police systems in fifty [illegible] throughout the country, the Commission announced this week that the result of this survey indicates the importance of radio transmission in modern police [illegible]. In the fifty cities reporting, it is shown 32,585,000 people are served over an area of 28,190 miles. This comprises more than three quarters of the population of the [illegible]. In addition there are about twenty cities not included in the Commission survey and several state police systems on which data has not been compiled.

The use of police radio has been directly responsible for the average monthly recovery of stolen property in excess of three quarter of a million dollars. During the month of April, the period covered by the report, 155,656 emergency calls were made.

CHARLES TRANSMITTER LOCATION GRANTED

The application of station WHDH to change transmitter location from [illegible] location at Gloucester to Saugus, Massachusetts, was granted by the Commission [illegible] week. This decision was rendered [illegible] rehearing of the case before Chief Hennessy [illegible] Yost. The original hearing was held in November 1931. The Examiner recommended the application be granted (Report No. 374). This decision was reversed by the Commission.

Subsequently, the Commission granted a rehearing and the action this week [illegible] upon the results of the second hearing.

In the conclusions, the Commission said: "Although it does not appear that there is any substantial need in the Boston area for the additional service [illegible] would be rendered thereby as a result of the proposed move of the WHDH transmitter to Saugus, the evidence now contained in this record clearly shows that such [illegible] would be expected to greatly improve the service afforded WHDH to fishing fleet [illegible] sea, the primary purpose for which this station was originally licensed."

Commissioners Starbuck and Brown did not participate in the decision.

DAKOTA APPLICATION DENIED

The application of the Black Hills Broadcasters, Inc., Sturgis, South Dakota for authority to erect a new broadcast station on 1200 kc with power of 100 watts, sharing time with Station WCAT, Rapid City, South Dakota, was denied this week by the Commission. This decision sustained the findings of Examiner Hyde in Report No. 378.

It appears one of the applicants Carl E. Gulsen on two occasions operated a broadcast station without authority of the Commission and in violation of the Radio Act. This fact was given as the first ground for denying the [illegible]. The Commission found further the applicant's equipment was not such that it would be capable of operation within the frequency limitations now required. In connection with the source of revenue for the proposed station, the Commission said: "The advertising revenue which the applicants expect to obtain for the station from local standpoint would be considerably less than in a certain [illegible]."

July 16, 1932

RECOMMENDS FULL TIME ST. LOUIS LOCAL

Acting on three applications, involving the renewals of Stations KFWF and WIL of St. Louis and an application for a new station at Albany, Missouri, Examiner Pratt this week recommended denial of the new station application, as well as the renewal application of Station KFWF, and favored granting of unlimited time to Station WIL (Report No. 386). At present Stations WIL and KFWF are licensed to share time with 100 watts power on 1200 kc. The Albany applicant requested the facilities of the St. Louis Stations.

In his discussion of the evidence presented on behalf of Station KFWF, operated by the St. Louis Truth Center, Examiner Pratt has considered carefully the question of disposition of funds solicited for charitable and religious purposes through the medium of broadcasting. It appears the St. Louis Truth Center has relied upon appeals for funds to carry on its work made through its broadcast stations. In this connection, there is cited in the record an excerpt of the Commission recommendation made in August, 1928, when Station KFWF was called for hearing on its renewal.

"The St. Louis Truth Center, Inc., purports to be a religious corporation but its only members are two brothers, the Rev. Charles K. Hartmann, Emil Clifford Hartmann, and their sister," said the Commission in making its report four years ago. "They are operating a religious center in St. Louis and both that institution and the broadcasting station are supported entirely by contributions from individuals who attend the institution or respond to solicitation over the air". Commenting on the fact of the witness' inability to advise what disposition was made of funds secured in this manner, the Commission continued: "There is, of course, no objection to proper appeals by radio for contributions for worthy purposes, but the Commission is not entirely satisfied that that is what has been done in the case of this station. Certainly, when a station receives such a valuable franchise as a license to broadcast and uses that to solicit contributions, it should at least keep accurate records of money received and the purpose for which it is used. It owes that duty to the listening public. The solicitations for purely private and selfish purposes is hardly a use of a radio station which can be found to be in the public interest, convenience or necessity. It is unfair to give a few individuals such privileges for that purpose since, because of the limited number of channels, all the rest of the citizens of the country cannot be permitted to broadcast. Furthermore, the solicitation of funds for one purpose, and the use of them for another, smacks of fraud and cannot be considered to meet the test of the law."

Examiner Pratt now finds the St. Louis Truth Center has a net worth of about $150,000. Within the last two years the average bank balance of the organization has been between eighteen and twenty thousand dollars. In commenting on this condition, the Report states: "As before pointed out this property has been accumulated through the donations made by citizens of St. Louis to this organization in the belief that such donations would be used for religious purposes. The Examiner feels that he cannot state too strongly his opinion that Emil Hartmann, his brother and sister have used the funds of St. Louis Truth Center for purposes far remote from and contrary to the causes for which they were given. The record is replete with evidence of facts which substantiate this opinion." It was further found the state charter issued to this organization does not empower the corporation to operate a broadcast station. In view of the evidence, the Examiner is of the opinion this station has been devoted to the advancement of private rather than public purposes and recommended denial of the license, principally on the latter ground.

RECOMMENDS FULL TIME ST. LOUIS LOCAL (continued)

Recommending favorably on the renewal of Station WIL, for full time, the Examiner concluded the station is financially and technically able to continue operation; that WIL is rendering an acceptable broadcast service; that the record discloses no violation of law or of the rules and regulations of the Commission; that the station has been operated successfully and in public service; and that the use of full time would give the station an opportunity to extend its service and improve the quality of its programs.

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RECOMMENDS AGAINST STATION REMOVAL

The application of Station WJW to move from Mansfield to Akron, Ohio, was recommended for denial by Examiner Hyde this week in Report No. 387. Station WJW is licensed to operate full time with 100 watts on 1210 kc. The application was filed with the intent of giving to Akron a non-chain broadcast service, supplying time without charge to such organizations as the Akron City Mission, the Akron Ministerial Association and the University of Akron.

At present there is one station located in Akron. This is Station WADC operating full time with power of 1 KW. In addition, according to the testimony, service is received from cleared channel and regional stations located in nearby communities. No evidence was presented to show what service is received at Mansfield, in addition to that rendered by the applicant. However, the Examiner cited testimony given by the applicant at a previous hearing, wherein it was stated no other station came into Mansfield dependably at any time.

In his conclusions, Examiner Hyde found there was no substantial need shown for the additional service at Akron and considering the two communities of Akron and Mansfield, the latter would appear to have considerably fewer sources of dependable broadcast service than the former. It was said also that the granting of the proposed removal would probably create additional interference with the service of other stations on adjacent channels.

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RECOMMENDS DENIAL TEXAS APPLICATION

The application of Q. C. Taylor, Austin, Texas, for authority to erect a new station on 1500 kc with 100 watts and unlimited time was recommended for denial by Examiner Hyde this week in Report No. 384. The applicant requests the facilities of Station KNOW now operating on 1500 kc at Austin. In his conclusions, the Examiner found the applicant was qualified legally to hold a broadcast license, but nothing in the evidence indicates he has any past experience which would warrant the granting of the application. The Examiner further held the proposed program would permit the rendition of a meritorious service, but the applicant failed to show with any degree of definiteness what means would be used to accomplish this purpose.

In connection with the renewal application of Station KNOW, it has been recommended that this station be issued a temporary license and the Commission investigate fully the affairs of the licensee. It appears the station is licensed to the KUT Broadcasting Company, but the evidence shows the station is in charge of one M. A. English, who is a director of the Company but not a stockholder.

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July 16, 1932

POWER GRANTS MADE PERMANENT

This week the Commission made permanent thirteen experimental power grants and regular licenses indicating the added facilities have been issued to the licensees. The Commission announced this action would not change the quota status of any of the zones or states, as the experimental authority originally granted was made a part of the quota charge.

The stations given the permanent grants and their present operating assignments follow:

WJAR, Providence, Rhode Island, 890 kc,250 watts night and 500 watts LS; 500 watts LS made permanent.

WLBZ, Bangor, Maine, 620 kc, 500 watts; 500 watts on this channel made permanent.

WLBW, Oil City, Pa., 1260 kc, 500 watts night and 1 KW LS; 1 KW LS made permanent.

WSAZ, Huntington, West Virginia, 580 kc, 250 watts night and 500 watts LS; 500 watts LS made permanent.

WKBC, Birmingham, Alabama, 1310 kc, 100 watts. Grant was made provisional with understanding if interference was caused, the station would reduce power after sunset; 100 watts day and night now made permanent.

WIOD-WMBF, Miami Beach, Florida, 1300 kc, 1 KW day and night; 1 KW at night now made permanent.

WTJS, Jackson, Tennessee, 1310 kc, 100 watts; 250 watts LS; 250 watts LS now made permanent.

WOI, Ames, Iowa, 640 kc, 5 KW daytime; 1500 watts of this assignment now made permanent.

WGES, Chicago, Illinois, 1360 kc, now licensed operate weekdays, 500 watts day and night; experimental on Sundays with 1 KW LS; 1 KW LS on Sundays now made permanent.

KFYR, Bismarck, North Dakota, 550 kc, 1 KW night; 2500 watts LS; 2500 watts LS now made permanent.

KFXF and KFEL, Denver, Colorado, 920 kc, both stations 500 watts day and night; 500 watts night now made permanent.

WIBW, Topeka, Kansas, 580 kc, 1 KW both day and night on experimental basis; 1 KW now made permanent.

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JAP SHORT WAVE BAR TO BE REMOVED

According to Assistant Commercial Attache William S. Dowd, Tokyo, the increasing interest in short wave broadcasts seems to indicate the Japanese government will shortly remove the bar on the use of short wave sets. This announcement was made this week by the Department of Commerce. If this is done, it is thought that many short wave programs originating in the United States will draw the attention of Japanese listeners.

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July 16, 1932

WAAB RECOMMENDED 1 KW DENIAL

The application of Station WAAB, Boston, Massachusetts, licensed in the name of Bay State Broadcasting Corporation, for power increase from 500 to 1000 watts was recommended for Commission denial this week by Examiner Pratt in Report No. 389. Station WAAB is authorized to operate full time on 1410 kc.

The conslusions of the Examiner state in part: "Although the applicant's financial responsibility, technical resources, transmitting equipment, programs, available talent, etc., are such as would enable this applicant to make full and efficient use of the proposed increase in power, WAAB is but one of four major stations in Boston from which the metropolitan area of that city receives service; and, although from the viewpoint of the applicant an increase in power would be desirable, it nevertheless does not appear that there is a need for additional service in the Boston metropolitan area. Even though this station does not adequately serve the entire area the area is adequately served by existing station.

"Although the operation of WAAB with 1000 watts would not result in objectionable interference with the service of stations operating on adjacent channels, the interference of WAAB's signal within the 1-millivolt-per-meter contours of WRBK, WHIS and WBCM would be increased; and while the latter stations are now limited by other stations on the same frequency to areas of 5 millivolts or more, and despite the fact that the proposed increase in power would not further limit these stations, the granting of this increase would be a substantial bar to the elimination of such interference as now exists within the 1-millivolt-per-meter line of the stations on the same channel, and would be inconsistent with the Commission's policy of protecting the service areas of regional stations to the 1-millivolt-per-meter contour as set forth on page 32 of the Commission's Fifth Annual Report.

"The mere fact that objectionable interference now exists does not justify increasing any of the factors of interference which exist within the 1-millivolt-per-meter line. Rather it would be necessary to deny any application which, if granted, would result in such an increase, in order that no greater handicap might be placed upon the Commission than already exists in attempting to clear interference from areas which are intended to be served by the stations already licensed."

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RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for renewal of license for the regular period to the following stations: WBAL, Baltimore, Maryland; WBAP, Fort Worth, Texas; WBBM-WJBT, Chicago, Illinois; WFAA, Dallas, Texas; WHB, Kansas City, Missouri; WLS, Chicago, Illinois; WLWL, New York, N. Y.; WOV, New York, N. Y.; WTIC, Hartford, Connecticut; KDKA, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; KFI, Los Angeles, California, KFI (Auxiliary), KMMJ, Clay Center, Nebraska; KMPC, Beverly Hills, California; KNX, Los Angeles, California; KPO, San Francisco, California; KSL, Salt Lake City, Utah; KVOO, Tulsa, Oklahoma; KFYO, Lubbock, Texas; WHDL, Tupper Lake, N. Y.

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July 16, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, July 18, 1932, All hearings commence at 10 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 20, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1593	KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Mod. Lic.	780 kc 500 watts Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	780 kc; 500 watts; Shares with KTM
Docket #1570	KTM	Pickwick Brdcstg. Corp. Los Angeles, California	Ren. Lic.	780 kc 1 KW day 500 W. night Shares with KELW
Docket #1657	KTM	Pickwick Brdcstg. Corp. Los Angeles, California	Mod. Lic.	780 kc 500 watts 1 KW LS;Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	780 kc; 500 W. 1 KW LS Shares with KELW
Docket #1687	KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Ren. Lic.	780 kc 500 watts Shares with KTM

FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1932

Docket #1595	NEW	Cannon System Ltd. Glendale, California	C. P.	850 kc 250 watts daytime.
			(Requests facilities of KGIX.)	
Docket 1663	KGIX	J. M. Heaton Las Vegas, Nevada	Ren. Lic.	1420 kc 100 watts Unlimited time.

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1020 KC HEARINGS BEGIN MONDAY

The Commission this week refused a continuance on the hearings involving the application of Station KYW to move from Chicago to Philadelphia, and the applications of other stations in the Second and Fourth cleared channel zone for facilities. With this action hearings on the case will begin Monday, July 18th, sixty stations having been advised to appear at the proceedings.

A number of the applicants were notified because of the possibility of having frequency assignments affected by the channel shifts which may be made.

The following stations were advised of the hearings: WJAS, Pittsburgh, Pa.; WXYZ, Detroit, Mich.; WHAS, Louisville, Ky.; KYW, Chicago, Ill.; WFAN, Philadelphia, Pa.; WIP, Philadelphia, Pa.; WCAU, Philadelphia, Pa.; WRAX, Philadelphia, Pa.; WPEN Philadelphia, Pa.; WIBG, Elkins Park, Pa.; WORK, York, Pa.; WHN, New York, N. Y.; WRNY, New York, N. Y.; WQAO-WPAP, New York, N. Y.; WABC, New York, N. Y.; WKZO, Kalamazoo, Mich.; WOC, Davenport, Iowa, WAAT, Jersey City, N. J.; WIS, Columbia, S. C.

1020 KC HEARINGS BEGIN MONDAY (continued)

KGGF, Coffeyville, Kansas; WCCO, Minneapolis, Minn.; WKAR, East Lansing, Mich.; KJR, Seattle, Washington; KDKA, East Pittsburgh, Pa.; WBAL, Baltimore, Md.; WILM, Wilmington, Del.; WBSO, Needham, Mass.; WCFL, Chicago, Ill.; WNYC, New York City; WPCH, New York City; WHDH, Gloucester, Mass.; WEEU, Reading, Pa.; WSAJ, Grove City, Pa.; WTIC, Hartford, Conn.; WCBA, Allentown, Pa.; WWSW, Pittsburgh, Pa.; KQV, Pittsburgh, Pa.; WTEL, Philadelphia, Pa.; WWJ, Detroit, Michigan; WHP, Harrisburg, Pa.

WSAN, Allentown, Pa.; WNBW, Carbondale, Pa.; John Brownlee Spriggs, Washington, Pa.; WOWO, Fort Wayne, Ind.; WWVA, Wheeling, West Va.; WHAM, Rochester, N. Y.; WJJD, Mooseheart, Ill.; WEBC, Superior, Wisconsin; KFUL, Galveston, Texas; KDYL, Salt Lake City, Utah; WNBZ, Saranac Lake, N. Y.; KTSA, San Antonio, Texas; KLCN, Blytheville, Ark.; WFAM, South Bend, Ind.; WSBT, South Bend, Ind.; WNBO, Washington, Pa.; WHBC, Canton, Ohio; WHBU, Anderson, Ind.; WFBM, Indianapolis, Ind.; 31st Street Baptist Church, Indianapolis, Indiana.

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CBS OBSERVES TELEVISION ANNIVERSARY

Station WABC and the coast-to-coast Columbia network will be synchronized with W2XAB's television facilities when the first anniversary of Columbia's regular transmission of television programs will be celebrated from 9:00 to 9:15 p.m., EDST, Thursday, July 21st. The same event will also inaugurate regular broadcasting of simultaneous sight and sound on one wave-length, a revolutionary development in visual broadcasting.

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TWO NEW RADIO STANDARDS

The American Standards Association has just approved two new national standards for radio.

The standards were developed by the technical committee on Radio working under the procedure of the Amercan Standards Association, with the Institute of Radio Engineers and the American Institute of Electrical Engineers directing the technical work. Alfred N. Goldsmith, vice-president of the Radio Corporation of America, is chairman of the committee.

The first of the standards applies to certain details in the manufacture of broadcast receivers which it is desirable to have uniform in the sets of all manufacturers.

The second standard specifies dimensions for many of the principal types of bases and sockets of vacuum tubes used in both receiving and transmitting. The types of base covered in the standard are four-pin bases of the large and small type; large four-pin base without bayonet pin; large five-pin base without bayonet pin; four-pin transmitting tube base; large transmitting tube base; four-pin sockets for rece receiving tubes and five-pin sockets for receiving tubes.

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July 16, 1932

FAVORS LIMITED RENEWAL

The renewal application of Station WNBW, Carbondale, Pennsylvania, was favorably recommended by Chief Examiner Yost this week (Report No. 385). However, there was a limitation placed on the operating time under the Examiner's recommendations. At present the licensee, Home Cut Glass & China Company, is authorized to operate on 1200 kc with power of 10 watts and unlimited time. If the findings of the Examiner are followed, the Station will be permitted to operate only during daylight hours. At the same time, it was recommended WNBW be authorized to increase its operating power to 100 watt.

A considerable section of the Report is devoted to the equipment changes made in the station by W. S. McCachren, Jr. From the evidence, it is indicated the station licensee and Mr. McCachren have an agreement to incorporate the ownership of the station, subject to Commission approval.

The Commission introduced in evidence at the hearing, a report of a Radio Division Supervisor, dated February 9, 1932, which contained the following statement: "Station WNBW has revolutionized its equipment to such an extent that the signal has been remarkably improved. New equipment has been installed, payment for which was made by Mr. W. S. McCachren, Jr., of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. It is understood that Mr. McCachren purchased this new equipment at his own expense in exchange for half ownership in the station."

The Examiner's reasons for not recommending full time operation with 100 watts is due to possible interference with other stations.

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RULE 145 SUSPENDED

The Commission this week suspended the working of Rule 145 until September 1st, pending testing of certain frequency monitoring devises at the Bureau of Standards, in the following cases: WCAL, Northfield, Minnesota; KPOF, Denver, Colorado; WCAX, Burlington, Vermont; WORK, York, Pennsylvania; WCBS, Springfield, Illinois; KGVO, Missoula, Montana; KSEI, Pocatello, Idaho; WRAK, Williamsport, Pennsylvania; KGEK, Yuma, Arizona; WCBD, Zion, Illinois; KXL, Portland, Oregon; KTFI, Twin Falls, Idaho; WBTM, Danville, Virginia; WBMS, Hackensack, New Jersey; KGFX, Pierre, South Dakota; WKBH, La Crosse, Wisconsin; WKBZ, Ludington, Michigan; WWRL, New York City; WERE, Erie, Pennsylvania

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DENIAL RECOMMENDED NEW TEXAS STATION

The application of Bernard Hanks, Abilene, Texas, for authority to erect a new broadcast station on 1340 kc with 100 watts power and unlimited time is recommended for denial by Examiner Pratt in Report No. 388 issued this week. The entire case was presented by deposition. The Examiner states in this connection: "The depositions, thirteen in number, are substantially identical in substance. They are general in character and contain conclusions of fact and a law not acceptable as evidence. The Examiner concluded there was no showing made for the service requested and further the applicant failed to show he was financially and technically qualified to erect and operate the proposed station. It is further held the granting of the application would be in violation of the existing quota regulations of the Commission.

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July 16, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
		SECOND ZONE
WFI	Strawbridge & Clothier Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Granted Consent to Vol. Assign. of License to WFI Broadcasting Company.
		THIRD ZONE
WAPI	WAPI Broadcasting Company Birmingham, Alabama	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of C. P. and license to WAPI Broadcasting Company.
NEW	Wade H. Dellinger Charlotte, North Carolina	Granted C. P. for general experimental purposes, frequencies 41000, 51400, 60000 to 100000 kc, 15 watts.
		FOURTH ZONE
KSOO	Sioux Falls Broadcasting Assn. Inc. Sioux Falls, S. Dakota	Granted special authority to continue operating daily until 6:30 P.M. CST, and on Sunday nights beginning at 9:30 P.M. CST, with reduction of power to 1 KW. Authorization subject to cancellation at any time without prior notice to licensee.
WHA	University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin	Granted Mod. of C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase power from 750 watts to 1 KW.
		FIFTH ZONE
KGBU	Alaska Radio & Service Co. Inc. Ketchikan, Alaska	Granted C. P. to install new equipment and move station locally; change specified hours of operation to as follows: 10 a.m. to 2 p.m 5 to 7 p.m.; 10 p.m. to 3 a.m.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications authorizing changes in equipment including installation of automatic frequency control devices to the following stations: WJBI, Red Bank, New Jersey; WCGU, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WTIC, Hartford, Connecticut; WBAK, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; KFJI, Klamath Falls, Oregon; WDAY, Fargo, North Dakota.

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July 16, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
KSOO	Sioux Falls Brdcst. Assn. Inc. Sioux Falls, South Dakota	Renewal of license set for hearing because facilities of station have been applied for. Temporary license issued pending outcome of hearing.
NEW	Anthony F. Crisselli Long Island City, N. Y.	Requests C. P. 1500 kc, 100 watts, share with WMIL, WWRL, WMPQ (Facilities of WLBX)
WWRL	Long Island Brdcstg. Corp. Woodside, Long Island	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase hours of operation to half time, sharing with WMIL WMBQ. (Facilities of WLBX.) Heretofore shared with WMIL, WMBQ, and WLBX.
WMBQ	Paul J. Gollhofer Brooklyn, N. Y.	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase hours of operation to 9 hours, dividing with WMIL, WWRL and WLBX and facilities of WLBX.
NEW	J. B. Sanders Center, Texas	Requests C. P. 1310 kc, 100 watts, specified hours. (Facilities of KFPM.)
WCOC	Mississippi Brdcstg.Co. Inc. Meridian, Mississippi	Renewal of license set for hearing, because facilities have been applied for.
WCRW	Clinton R. White Chicago, Illinois	Renewal of license set for hearing, because facilities have been applied for.
WNAX	The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, South Dakota	Renewal of license set for hearing, because facilities have been applied for.
WNOX	WNOX, Inc. Knoxville, Tennessee	Renewal of license set for hearing, because facilities have been applied for.
NEW	George F. Bissell Glen Falls, New York	Requests C. P. 1370 kc, 50 watts, unlimited time. (Facilities of WESG)
NEW	Edward Tomajke, Sr. Greensburg, Pennsylvania	Requests C. P. for new station, 620 kc, 250 watts, daytime only.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits to the following stations: WMBO, Auburn, New York; WMBG, Detroit, Michigan; KICA, Clovis, New Mexico; KPCB, Seattle, Washington; KRSC, Seattle, Washington.

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its session during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
KSOO	Sioux Falls Broadcast Assn. Inc. Sioux Falls, South Dakota	Renewal of license set for hearing because facilities of station have been applied for. Temporary license issued pending outcome of hearing.
[illegible]	Anthony F. Cruseelli Long Island City, N. Y.	Requests C. P. 1500 [illegible] 100 watts, share with WMIL, WVRL, WMPQ (Facilities of WLEX)
[illegible]RL	Long Island Broadcstg. Corp. Woodside, Long Island	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase hours of operation to half time, sharing with WMIX WMPQ. (Facilities of [illegible]) Heretofore shared with WMIL, WMPQ, and WLEX.
WMPQ	Paul J. Gollhofer Brooklyn, N. Y.	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase hours operation to 9 hours, dividing with WMIL, WVRL and WLEX and facilities of WLEX.
KTEM	J. E. [illegible] Center, Texas	Requests C. P. 1810 kc, 100 watt, specified hours. (Facilities of KTPM.)
WOOC	Mississippi Broadcstg.Co. Inc. Meridian, Mississippi	Renewal of license set for hearing, because facilities have been applied for.
WCRW	Clinton R. White Chicago, Illinois	Renewal of license set for hearing, because facilities have been applied for.
[illegible]	The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, South Dakota	Renewal of license set for hearing, because facilities have been applied for.
WNOX	WNOX, Inc. Knoxville, Tennessee	Renewal of license set for hearing, because facilities have been applied for.
WEW	F. Bissell Glen Falls, New York	Requests C. P. 1870 kc, 50 watts, unlimited [illegible] (Facilities of WESG)
WKW	Edward Tomalite, Sr. Greensburg, Pennsylvania	Requests C. P. for new station, 620 kc, 250 watts, daytime only.

STATION APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for licenses covering previously authorized construction permits to the following stations: WMBO, Auburn, [illegible] WMBG, Detroit, Mich.; [illegible]; KICA, Clovis, New Mexico; KGGB, Seattle, [illegible]; KRSC, Seattle, Washington.

July 16, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

At its sessions during the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

KMBC	Midland Broadcasting Company Kansas City, Missouri	Granted authority to extend test period for 10 days. (Action July 9).
NEW	Cannon System Ltd. Glendale, California	Granted permission to take depositions in re hearing on applicant's application set for hearing July 22.(Action taken 7/7.
WFDV	Rome Broadcasting Corporation Rome, Georgia	Granted authority to operate until 9:30 P. M. July 12, in order to broadcast political speech. Regular hours are from 6 to 9 P. M. Additional time requested is 30 minutes.
KPJM	A. P. Miller Prescott, Arizona	Authority granted Scott and Sturm, purchasers of Station KPJM at a Foreclosure sale, to operate the station pending receipt and action on formal application for voluntary Assignment of License.
KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Granted authority to reduce power to 200 watts for a period not to exceed 10 days. (Action taken July 13)

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WMRJ GRANTED ORAL ARGUMENT

The Commission this week granted the request of Station WMRJ, Jamaica, N. Y., for oral argument on the pending renewal application of the Station. Examiner's Report No. 380 has recommended to the Commission that the renewal application of Station WMRJ be denied and the facilities now assigned to that station be granted to Peter Goelet of Chester Township, N. Y. applying for authority to erect a new broadcast station on 1210 kc with 50 watts and specified hours.

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APPLICATION DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following application at the request of the applicant:

NEW	R. J. Morrow & R. F. Brill Roseville, California	C. P. 1500 kc; 100 w. Specified hours.

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SPECIALIZED [illegible] ACTION

At its sessions during the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WMBC	Midland Broadcasting Company Detroit, Michigan	Granted authority to extend term period for 10 days. (Action July 9).
[illegible]	Cannon System Ltd. Glendale, California	[illegible] permission to take deposit [illegible] on hearing on applicant's application set for hearing July 22. (Action taken 7/7)
[illegible]	Rome Broadcasting Corporation Rome, Georgia	[illegible] to operate until 9:[illegible] P.M. July 12, in order to broadcast political speech. Regular hours are from 6 to 9 P.M. Additional time requested is 30 [illegible].
[illegible]	Prescott, Arizona	Authority granted Scott and [illegible] chasers of Station KPJM at a [illegible] sale, to operate the station pending [illegible] and action on formal application for voluntary assignment of license.
[illegible]	Burbank, California	Granted authority to reduce power to 2[illegible] watts for a period not to exceed 10 days. (Action taken July 13)

GRANTED ORAL ARGUMENT

The Commission this week granted the request of Station WMRJ, Jamaica, for oral argument on the pending revocation of the station. Under Report No. 380 has recommended to the Commission that the revocation [illegible] Station WMRJ be denied and the facilities now assigned to that station be granted to Peter Goelet of Chester Township N. Y. applying for authority to erect a new broadcast station on 1210 kc with 50 watts and specified hours.

APPLICATION DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following application at the request of the applicant:

NEW	E. J. Morrow & R. T. Brill Roseville, California	C. P. 1500 kc; 100 w. Specified

July 16, 1932.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the following applications were received at the Commission:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-RSE-275	W1XAK	Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Co. Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts	Renewal special experimental license for 990 kc; 50 KW.
1-PB-2640	WDEV	Harry C. Whitehill Waterbury, Vermont	C. P. to change frequency and increase power to 500 watts with daytime operation on 550 kc.

At present the applicant is licensed to operate under a specified hour schedule on 1420 kc with power of 50 watts. The closest station to Waterbury on the requested frequency is Station WGR, Buffalo, N. Y., operating unlimited time with power of 1 KW. The distance is approximately 325 miles. The mileage tables of the Engineering Division recommend a separation of 310 miles under similar circumstances. The First Zone is under quota; Vermont is under quota. The granting of this application would increase the quota 0.3 unit.

1-MLB-1024	WMIL	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, N. Y.	Mod. Lic. increase hours operation (1/3 of WLBX's facilities, WLBX, Long Island City, was deleted 6/25/32)

The applicant is licensed to operate on 1500 kc with power of 100 watts and shares time with Stations WJBI and WWRL. The granting of the application would increase the quota. The First Zone is under quota; New York is over quota.

		SECOND ZONE	
2-MLB-1029	WBCM	James E. Davidson Bay City, Michigan	Mod. Lic. increase power from 500 watts to 500 watts and 1 KW LS.

The applicant is now licensed to operate unlimited time on 1410 kc. The closest station to Bay City on this frequency is Station WHBL, Sheboygan, Wisconsin, operating with power of 500 watts. The distance is approximately 195 miles. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend under similar circumstances a separation of 310 miles. The Second Zone is under quota; Michigan is under quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.2 unit.

2-ALB-441	WIP	Gimbel Brothers, Inc. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Vol. assign. lic. to Pennsylvania Broadcasting Company, Inc.
2-PB-2639	NEW	Erie Broadcasting Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania	C. P. new station to use 800 kc; 2½ KW, Daytime until sunset at Dallas, Texas.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

SECOND ZONE (continued)

The requested frequency is a cleared channel now assigned to the Third Zone and used by Stations WFAA and WBAP, Dallas and Fort Worth, Texas, sharing time and operating with power of 50 KW. The distance from the proposed location to Dallas is approximately 1130 miles. 10 kc removed from the requested channel , Station WGY, Schenectady, N.Y., is now assigned to operate full time with 50 KW on 790 kc. The distance from the proposed location to Schenectady is approximately 325 miles. For after sunset operation, the mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 745 miles under similar circumstances. The Second Zone is under quota; Pennsylvania is under quota. The granting of this application would increase the quota.

THIRD ZONE

3-APB-30	WAPI	WAPI Broadcasting Co. Birmingham, Alabama	Vol. assign. C. P. for 25 KW to WAPI Broadcasting Corporation.
3-ALB-440	WAPI	WAPI Broadcasting Co. Birmingham, Alabama	Vol. assign. lic. to WAPI Broadcasting Corporation.
3-PB-2641	NEW	A. H. Yeomans, Athens, Georgia	C. P. erect new station on 1450 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time. Facilities of Station WTFI, Athens, Ga.

The facilities requested are those now assigned in this same area to Station WTFI operating on the assignment specified. The granting of this application would not involve the quota.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: KFPW, Fort Smith, Arkansas; WGST, Atlanta, Georgia; WIOD, Miami, Florida.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications requesting authority to make changes in equipment including installation of automatic frequency control devices from the following stations: WIS, Columbia, South Carolina; WMBG, Richmond, Virginia; KFJF, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

July 23, 1932

CONGRESS ADJOURNS

Congress adjourned on July 16 without passing any radio legislation of importance but leaving thirty-four radio measures to be taken up at the session to commence next December.

The Sirovich copyright bill is at the head of the House Patents' Committee calendar and this Committee will get the first Calendar Wednesday call next December.

Principal interest of broadcasters in the session which had just adjourned centered around exemption of leased lines from the five per cent tax, the opposition to the license fee system proposed in the Senate as an amendment to the Davis Bill, and copyright legislation.

The most important single development was the report of the Commission in response to the Couzens-Dill resolution. This report, which is now being printed as a Senate document, contains much valuable information on radio advertising and is important in that it answers with facts all of the unfair charges which have been made against American broadcasting by certain groups of educators and others selfishly interested in changing our system of broadcasting.

July 23, 1932

PENDING RADIO LEGISLATION

In one of the busiest sessions of Congress since the war, thirty-four bills affecting radio broadcasting were introduced and nearly a half dozen received serious consideration. All of these measures are awaiting action of committees and are unfinished business next December.

The Couzens-Dill advertising and education report, requested in S. Res. 129, was compiled by the Federal Radio Commission and submitted to the Senate June 9. The report outlines activities of broadcasting stations with regard to financial transactions and program management.

A report was submitted on the Blaine resolution (S. Res. 146) calling on the Attorney General for status of the Radio Corporation of America suit.

The Johnson amendments (S. 4289) and the Davis amendment (H. R. 11155), both providing that none but American citizens may be licensed as radio operators, were passed and signed by the President.

The Lea bill (H. R. 7507) was passed and signed by the President, providing that vessels navigating regularly in the Canal Zone must be equipped with radio transmitting and receiving apparatus.

Under the economy bill (H. R. 11267), the Federal Radio Commission and the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce were consolidated. This measure is now with the President, awaiting executive order.

Bills and resolutions pending in Senate Committees follow:

S. 4. - Fess radio educational bill, providing that certain frequencies be allocated to educational stations, Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 21. - King bill, providing for increased copyright fees, Committee on Patents.

S. 22. - King bill, providing for licenses on unused patents, at current license rates, Committee on Patents.

S. 176 - Hebert copyright bill, Committee on Patents.

S. 481 - White omnibus radio bill; Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 750 - McNary bill, providing for prohibition of broadcasts of lotteries and games of chance; Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 1035 Tydings copyright bill; Committee on Patents.

S. 1037 Dill bill transferring Radio Division of Department of Commerce to Federal Radio Commission, passed by Senate, now in House Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

1866 Dill patent bill; Committee on Patents.

PENDING RADIO LEGISLATION (Continued)

S. 2374. - George bill to give City of Savannah, Georgia, naval radio station being abandoned; Committee on Naval Affairs.

S. 3046. - Dill bill concerning allocation of cleared channels; Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 3047. - Hatfield bill providing that organized labor be given a cleared channel, referred to subcommittee.

S. 3649. - Shipstead bill providing for changes in broadcast allocations; Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 3985. - Dill copyright bill; Committee on Patents.

S. 4399. - Metcalf bill, appropriating money for Federal Radio Commission to cooperate with States for broadcasting educational programs, Committee on Education and Labor.

S. Res. 28. - Howell bill for investigating possibility of broadcasting Senate sessions from Senate chamber, Committee on Rules.

S. Res. 58. - Dill bill to investigate Radio-Keith-Orpheum, Committee on Audit and Control.

S. Res. 71. - Dill bill providing for broadcasting from Senate Chamber, Committee on Rules.

S. Res. 163 - Dill resolution calling upon the Department of State to call a North American broadcasting conference, Committee on Interstate Commerce.

Bills and resolutions pending in House Committees follow:

H. R. 139. - Vestal copyright bill, Committee on Patents.

H. R. 256. - Christopherson bill prohibiting radio lotteries, Committee on the Judiciary.

H. R. 410. - French lottery bill, Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio, and Fisheries.

H. R. 421. - Hoch bill to amend Interstate Commerce Commission Act to define radio as a "common carrier", Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

H. R. 6039 - Sirovich bill to transfer Radio Division of Department of Commerce to Federal Radio Commission, Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 7253 - Connery bill providing a clear channel for labor, Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 7716 - Davis radio omnibus bill, passed by House, recommitted, Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce.

PENDING RADIO LEGISLATION (Concluded)

H. R. 8759. - Amlie bill prohibiting radio advertising on Sunday, Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 12844 - LaGuardia bill establishing license fees for patented radio equipment, Committee on Patents.

H. R. 12845 - LaGuardia bill providing for establishment of fees for radio advertising, Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. Res. 80. - Horr resolution to investigate Federal Radio Commission and National Broadcasting Company control of Pacific coast stations, Committee on Rules.

H. Res. 110 - Amlie resolution on free speech on broadcasting, Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. Res. 10976 Sirovich copyright bill providing for changes in fees, reported, on House calendar.

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NEW RADIO BILL INTRODUCED

Congressman Rankin last week introduced the following radio bill (H. R. 12958):

"To authorize additional broadcasting facilities for certain States whose facilities are below their established quota under the Radio Act of 1927, as amended.

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that section 9 of the Radio Act of 1927, as amended, is hereby amended by adding after the second paragraph of such section the following new paragraph:

"In case of any State in which the broadcasting facilities are more than two units under the quota assigned to such State by the licensing authority under the provisions of this section, and in which no clear channel or high power regional station (as defined by the Federal Radio Commission pursuant to the provisions of this Act) has been licensed under this Act, the licensing authority shall license in such State a high power regional station using five kilowatts or more of power. The license shall be granted to such applicant as the licensing authority, in its judgment, finds will best serve the public interest, convenience, or necessity. In case the operation of such additional facilities will cause additional interference with any station licensed prior to the date of enactment of this Act, the licensing authority shall change the wave length or kilowatt power or otherwise reduce the facilities of such prior licensed station, in order to reduce the interference sufficiently to permit both stations to serve the public."

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July 23, 1932

COMMISSION ABSORBS RADIO DIVISION

The Radio Division of the Department of Commerce, which was organized in 1911 and until 1927 held jurisdiction over radio, was abolished this week and its personnel became a part of the organization of the Federal Radio Commission.

Immediately following receipt of an Executive Order issued by President Hoover under the authority of the so-called economy legislation, the Commission held a meeting to put the President's instructions into effect. The following official announcement was made public by the Commission:

"In keeping with an Executive Order, preliminary steps were taken July 20, 1932 to merge the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce with the Federal Radio Commission. On the Motion of Acting Chairman E. O. Sykes, the Commission created a new division to be known as the "Division of Field Operations." Commissioner Thad H. Brown was placed in charge of this division. W. D. Terrell, former Chief of the Radio Division, was made "Chief, Division of Field Operations" on motion of Commissioner Brown."

Some of the division's 190 employes face dismissal as a result of the President's order. Officials said they could not estimate at this time how many. Only thirty-one of the employes are stationed in Washington.

In ordering the transfer the President authorized the commission to dismiss officers and other employes of the division not considered indispensable to the service, and to make such changes in the titles, designations and duties of the officers and employes as might be deemed necessary.

He also directed the commission to return to the Treasury all appropriations or unexpended balances because of this transfer not necessary to the maintenance of the commission itself.

The Commerce Department on July 1 allotted the division $490,000 for operating during the current fiscal year, a reduction of $156,000 under the 1932 fiscal year appropriation. This fund will be turned over to the radio commission.

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EDUCATORS COULD LEARN

Methods used by commercial broadcasting companies in attracting interest of listeners to their programs should be studied by educators interested exclusively in educational broadcasts, according to Dr. C. M. Koon, specialist in education by radio, United States Office of Education.

"If a broadcast is intended for instructional purposes, the participation of listeners is of paramount importance," he pointed out, "and the methods used by commercial stations in sponsoring, announcing, and determining the success of their programs are the results of important experience."

This is recognized by the Office of Education in its preparation of a forthcoming booklet on "How to Broadcast - the Art of Teaching by Radio," Dr. Koon said.

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July 23, 1932

SALTZMAN SUCCESSOR IN DOUBT

The White House has given no indication as to when it will announce the appointment of a member of the Radio Commission to succeed General Charles McK. Saltzman, who resigned last week. General Saltzman gave ill health as his reason for quitting in his letter to the President.

Meanwhile there are a host of candidates in the field. The NAB has taken the definite position that the appointment should go to a man familiar with the problems of broadcasting. Broadcasters as a whole are opposed to the use of this important appointment for payment of political obligations.

General Saltzman is now on a trip through Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New York.

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WHOLESALE STATISTICS AVAILABLE

The Bureau of the Census has announced the publication of a bulletin on the wholesale radio trade based on statistics gathered in the nation-wide census of distribution in 1930, covering operations for the year 1929.

The production of radio sets, tubes and accessories constituted the most important subdivision of the electrical goods industry in 1929. From 1923 to 1929 the production of radio equipment increased from 4.2 per cent to 20.1 per cent of the aggregate value of the electrical goods industry.

The total volume of radio sets, parts and accessories handled by all wholesale trade amounted to $599,777,000. The electrical trade accounted for 88.6 per cent of this total with sales of $531,539,000, nearly two-thirds of which was handled by wholesale merchants of the full-service type. Second in importance was the automotive trade, which sold $25,967,000 worth of radios and equipment. An additional $18,696,000 passed through the hardware trade. These three trades together accounted for 96.1 per cent of the total, the balance being sold by the amusement and sporting goods trade, the furniture and house furnishings trade and a number of less important trades.

This report is obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., at the price of 10 cents. Remittance may be made by postal money order, express money order, check made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or by currency sent at the sender's risk. Postage stamps will not be accepted.

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GANNON HEADS RADIO COMMITTEE

Charles F. Gannon, director of the radio department, Erwin, Wasey & Company, Inc., New York, has been appointed chairman of the committee on radio broadcasting of the American Association of Advertising Agencies. Mr. Gannon has served for two years as a member of this committee. Mr. Gannon succeeds Howard Angus of Batten, Barton, Durstine & Obsorn, Inc., who will remain on the committee.

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SUCCESSOR IN DOUBT

The White House has given no indication as to when it will announce the [illegible] of the Radio Commission to succeed [illegible] last week. General [illegible] will return as regular [illegible] in his letter to the [illegible]

Meanwhile there are a host of candidates in the field. [illegible] position that the appointment should go to a man familiar with [illegible] broadcasting. Broadcasters as a whole are opposed to the use or [illegible] appointment for payment of political [illegible]

General [illegible] man is now on a trip through Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New York.

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The production of radio sets, tubes and accessories commenced [illegible] as the subdivision of the electrical goods industry in 1929. [illegible] the production of radio equipment increased from [illegible] per cent to [illegible] the aggregate value of the electrical goods [illegible]

The total volume of radio sets, parts and accessories handled by all wholesale [illegible] amounted to [illegible],777,000. The electrical trade accounted for 88.6 per cent [illegible] with sales of $[illegible],580,000, nearly two-thirds [illegible] by wholesale merchants or the full-service type. Second in importance [illegible] automotive trade, which sold $26,967,000 worth of radios and [illegible] tional $18,696,000 passed through the hardware trade. These [illegible] accounted for 86.1 per cent of the total, the balance being sold by the automobile [illegible] ting goods trade, the farm [illegible] and horse furnishings trade and a number of less important trades.

This report is obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., at the price of 10 cents. Remittance may be by postal money order, express money order, check made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or by currency sent at the sender's risk. Postage stamps will not be accepted.

CANNON HEADS RADIO

Charles T. Cannon, director of the radio department, Erwin, Wasey & Company, Inc., New York, has been appointed chairman of the committee on radio broadcast of the American Association of Advertising [illegible] Mr. Cannon has [illegible] for two years as a member of this committee. Mr. Cannon succeeds Howard Abbott [illegible] Durstine & Osborn, Inc., who will remain on the committee.

July 23, 1932

FREQUENCY MEASUREMENTS FOR JUNE

In keeping with the measurements made by the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce during several recent months, stations have consistently shown a greater tendency of not deviating over 50 cycles. However, a considerable number are still going over this limitation as provided for in General Order 116 of the Federal Radio Commission. Of the 394 stations measured, 278 (70.6%) succeeded in staying within the 50 cycle mark, 59 (14.9%) went over 50 but under 100 cycles, 24 (6%) were between 100 and 200, and the 33 (8.5%) went over or under 200 cycles of their assigned frequency.

Measurements on and after June 21st, are not included as General Order No.116 is effective as of that date, consequently all broadcasting stations from that date on which deviate over 50 cycles are not complying with the regulation.

Stations deviating less than 50 cycles are as follows:

KDKA; KDYL; KECA; KELW; KERN; KEX; KFAB; KFAC; KFBK; KFBL; KFDM; KFEQ; KFH; KFI; KFJI; KFJR; KFKX,KYW; KFOR; KFOX; KFPY; KFRC; KFRU; KFSD; KFSG; KFUO; KFVD; KGA; KGBZ; KGCX; KGER; KGEZ; KGFJ; KGGF; KGHL; KGIW; KGIZ; KGO; KGW; KHJ; KHQ; KICK; KIT; KJBS; KJR; KLX; KLZ; KMA; KMBC; KMED; KMJ; KMLB; KMO; KMOX; KMPC; KMTR.

KNX; KOA; KOAC; KOH; KOIN; KOL; KOMO; KOY; KPO; KPPC; KPRC; KQW; KRE; KRKD; KRLD; KROW; KRSC; KSAC; KSCJ; KSD; KSEI; KSL; KSOO; KSTP; KTAB; KTAR; KTBR; KTBS; KTHS; KVOA; KVOO; KWG; KWJJ; KWK; KWKH; KXL; KXO; KXRO; KYA; WAAB; WAAF; WAAT; WAAW; WABC,WBOQ; WADC; WAIU; WAPI; WASH, WOOD; WAWZ; WBAL; WBAP; WBBL; WBBM,WJBT.

WBEN; WBIG; WBMS; WBRC; WBSO; WBT; WBTM; WBZ,WBZA; WCAC; WCAE; WCAH; WCAJ; WCAO; WCBA; WCBM; WCCO; WCFL; WCKY; WCMA; WCSH; WDAE; WDAF; WDAY; WDEV; WDOD; WDRC; WDSU; WEAF; WEAN; WEBQ; WEDC; WEEI; WEHC; WENR; WEVD; WEXL; WFAA; WFBG; WFBL; WFBM; WFBR; WFEA; WFIW; WFLA,WSUN; WGAR; WGBB; WGBF; WGCM; WGES; WGH; WGN,WLIB; WGR; WGST.

WGY; WHAM; WHAS; WHAT; WHAZ; WHB; WHDH; WHEC; WHK; WHN; WHO; WHOM; WHP; WIBG; WIBO; WIBW; WICC; WILM; WINS; WIP,WFAN; WIS; WJAG; WJAR; WJAS; WJAY; WJBK; WJBW; WJBY; WJJD; WJSV; WJTL; WJW; WJZ; WKAR; WKBB; WKBC; WKBF; WKBN; WKRC; WKY; WLAC; WLAP; WLBX; WLBZ; WLEY; WLIT; WLS; WLVA; WLW; WLWL; WMAL; WMAQ; WMBC; WMBD; WMBG; WMBI.

WMBQ; WMBR; WMMN; WMPC; WMSG; WMT; WNAC,WBIS; WNAX; WNBF; WNBH; WNBR, WGBC; WNJ; WOAI; WOC; WODA; WODX; WOI; WOKO; WOL; WORC, WPES; WOV; WOW; WOWO; WPAP,WQAO; WPEN; WPG; WPER; WPRO,WPAW; WPTF; WQAM; WQDM; WRAX; WRBL; WRC; WRDO; WREN; WRHM; WRUF; WRVA; WSAZ.

WSB; WSEN; WSFA; WSIX; WSM; WSMB; WSPD; WSUI; WTAG; WTAM; WTAR,WPOR; WTEL; WTFI; WTIC; WTJS; WTMJ; WTOC; WWJ; WWNC; WWSW; WXYZ.

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July 23, 1932

KMJ BECOMES REGIONAL OUTLET

Acting on the application of Station KMJ, Fresno, California, the Commission this week granted a construction permit to this station permitting change in frequency from 1210 kc to 580 kc and increase of power from 100 to 500 watts with unlimited time. The station is licensed in the name of the James McClatchy Company. This decision sustained the recommendations of Examiner Hyde (Report No. 365)

In a brief report, the Commission said: "In view of the distances involved, no station other than KMJ delivers a consistent serviceable signal in Fresno and vicinity. The best service received in the Fresno area from distant stations is afforded by clear channel stations located in San Francisco and Los Angeles. Such service, however, is intermittent in character, subject to fading and interference from local electrical disturbances."

In addition to this, the Commission concluded the applicant had been rendering a generally meritorious service and the programs appear to be well diversified and adapted to meet the needs of the listening public.

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KMLB GRANTED NIGHT OPERATION

The Commission this week granted the application of Station KMLB, Monroe, Louisiana, authorizing change in operating hours from daytime to unlimited time with no change in power or frequency. This decision sustained the recommendation of Chief Examiner Yost (Report No. 377). The Monroe station is operated in the name of Liner's Broadcasting Station. This applicant, since Louisiana and the Third Zone are over quota, had requested the facilities now assigned to Station WJBO, New Orleans, Louisiana, operating unlimited time on 1420 kc. The result of the Commission's order is to reduce the operating time of the New Orleans station from unlimited to daytime only.

The granting of the Monroe application for full time service on 1200 kc with 100 watts would provide a consistent and dependable source of broadcast service to listeners in the vicinity of Monroe. It was further held by the Commission the service now rendered by Station KMLB as a daytime outlet had been generally meritorious and commendable. A further conclusion indicated this action would be the means of equalizing the Louisiana allocation as at present all unlimited time stations in the state are concentrated at Shreveport and New Orleans.

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KGGC DENIED UNLIMITED TIME

The application of the Golden Gate Broadcasting Company, San Francisco, California, operators of Station KGGC for authority to increase operating time from sharing with Station KFQU to unlimited time on 1420 kc, was denied by the Commission this week. The decision reversed the findings of Examiner Pratt (Report No. 356).

In its grounds for decision, the Commission found that San Francisco and vicinity now receive an abundance of broadcast service from eleven stations in this area, as well as from other stations located elsewhere. It was also held the granting of this application would result in objectionable interference with the service of another station during a good part of the broadcast day. In this connection the Commission said: "This additional interference would preclude the granting of this application even if the State of California was sufficiently under quota to otherwise permit its granting."

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July 23, 1932

DENIAL KFWI RECOMMENDED

Examiner Hyde this week (report No. 391) unqualifidly recommended denial of the renewal application of Station KFWI, Radio Entertainments, Ltd., San Francisco, California, on the principal ground the station had been used for advancement of private interests by the program sponsored by one Alburtus, an astrologer and fortune teller.

The conclusions of the Report state in part: "No basis whatever is shown for the ability or method by which Alburtus presumed to foretell future events for those submitting questions in accordance with his conditions. His broadcasts must therefore be considered fortune telling programs. They were presented, the evidence shows conclusively, for the purpose of obtaining money from the public for practically nothing. The licensee, applicant in this proceeding, admits turning over a very substantial amount of time for the use of one Alburtus for a percentage of the returns. That the time turned over to Alburtus was used to fleece the public, has been indicated. The benefits then were for the Alburtus and the station owners, certainly not for the public."

At the same hearing the matter of an application filed by Station KFWI for increased power was also decided. In this connection, the Examiner recommends the application be denied as there was no need shown for the increased power.

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FAVORS OKLAHOMA-KANSAS STUDIO MOVE

The application of Station KGGF, South Coffeyville, Okla. to move studio to Coffeyville Kansas, is favorably recommended by Examiner Pratt in Report No. 390. At present the distance between the transmitter at South Coffeyville and Coffeyville, Kansas, is three miles. Transportation facilities between these two towns are most unsatisfactory, according to the evidence in the case.

The granting of the application was opposed by Station KFBI, Milford, Kansas, on the ground that station has an application pending for increased facilities which would involve the quota of the State of Kansas.

In his conclusions, Examiner Pratt found the applicant was rendering a local type of service, and the station is handicapped in the proper presentation of programs due to the inconvenient location of the studio. The Examiner in disposing of the quota question raised by the Milford, Kansas, station said: "Inasmuch as the granting of this application will not result in any increase in interference, the fact that the facilities of an over quota zone would be increased, offers no objection (under Rule 6 f) to the granting of this application. Inasmuch as KFBI is a limited time station as defined by Rule 77 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations, and in view of the fact that increased evening hours of operation would result in interference with the dominant clear channel station (KNX), it appears that the granting of the application of KFBI for increased evening hours would be inconsistent with the provisions of Section 116 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations which designates the frequency of 1050 kc as a clear channel allocated for use to the Fifth Zone."

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July 23, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		SECOND ZONE
WLIT	Lit Brothers Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Consent vol. assign. lic. to Lit Brothers Broadcasting Station, Inc.
WWVA	West Virginia Brdcstg. Co. Wheeling, West Virginia	Granted special authority operate simultaneous daytime with Station WOWO for period beginning August 1, and ending February 1, 1933 pending action on formal application.
		THIRD ZONE
KFDM	Magnolia Petroleum Company Beaumont, Texas	Granted consent vol. assign. lic. to Sabine Broadcasting Co., Inc.
WWL	Loyola University New Orleans, Louisiana	Granted mod. C. P. extend completion date to September 15, 1933.
		FOURTH ZONE
WOWO	Main Auto Supply Co. Fort Wayne, Indiana	Granted special authority operate sumultaneously daytime with Station WWVA for period beginning August 1, and ending February 1, 1933 pending action on formal application.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted construction permits authorizing changes in equipment, including installation of automatic frequency control devices to the following stations: WEBR, Buffalo, New York; WMBG, Richmond, Virginia: KFYO, Lubbock, Texas; KFJF, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; WSOC, Gastonia, North Carolina; WPCH, New York City; KRMD, Shreveport, Louisiana; WIS, Columbia, South Carolina.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits to the following stations: KFPW, Fort Smith, Arkansas; WREN, Lawrence, Kansas; KFGQ, Boone, Iowa; KGY, Olympia, Washington; WWVA, Wheeling, West Virginia.

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July 23, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WEAI	Cornell University Ithaca, New York	Granted authority reduce operating hours from daytime only to not less than 1 hour daily to and including October 1, 1932.
KFPM	The New Furniture Co. Greenville, Texas	Granted special authority operate from 9 p.m. to 12 midnight on July 23, August 27, and November 8, 1932.
WHO	Central Broadcasting Co. Des Moines, Iowa	Granted special authority to February 1, 1933 to operate simultaneously with WOC on 1000 kc, experimentally. The difference in frequency between the stations shall not be greater than 0.2 cycles per second and on condition that licensee file with the Commission at the end of license period a report of the results of operation.
WOC	Central Broadcasting Co. Davenport, Iowa	Granted special authority to operate simultaneously with WHO as above.
WJJD	WJJD, Inc. Mooseheart, Illinois	Granted special authority to operate until 8:30 p.m. each evening (CST) on condition that the power of station is reduced 50% beginning at 7 p.m., that is from 20 KW to 10 KW, within 1 hour thereafter, or by 8 p.m., and on further condition that no future requests for operating after 8:30 p.m. CST, will be made.
WREX	Richmond Development Corp. Roanoke, Virginia	Granted 30 day extension of special authority to cease operation while completing new studio and installing new equipment.
KRKD	Dalton's Inc. Los Angeles, California	Granted authority to use transmitter of KFSG for 15 days effective July 14.
WDBO	Orlando Brdcstg. Co. Orlando, Florida	Granted temporary authority operate on 580 kc; instead of 1120 kc with same power, pending outcome of hearing on this frequency.

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RADIO POPULAR IN PUERTO RICO

Interest in radio is steadily increasing among the Puerto Ricans, Trade Commissioner J. R. McKey, San Juan, advises the Commerce Department. At the present time, he states, it is estimated that there are about 15,000 receiving sets in the island.

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July 23, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, July 25, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a. m.

TUESDAY, JULY 26, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1504	KQV	KQV Brdcstg. Co. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Mod. Lic.	1380 kc 500 watts Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	1380 kc 500 watts Simultaneous daytime operation with WSMK, specified hours night.
Docket #1628	WSMK	Stanley M. Krohn, Jr. Dayton, Ohio	Renewal	1380 kc 200 watts Simultaneous daytime operation with KQV, specified hours night.
Docket #1686	WSMK	Stanley M. Krohn, Jr. Dayton, Ohio	Mod. Lic.	1380 kc 200 watts Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	1380 kc 200 watts Simultaneous daytime operation with KQV, specified hours night.
Docket #1699	KQV	KQV Broadcasting Co. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Renewal	1380 kc 500 watts Simultaneous daytime operation with WSMK, specified hours night.
Docket #1619	WGAR	WGAR Broadcasting Co. Cleveland, Ohio	Mod. Lic.	1450 kc 500 W. 1 KW LS Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	1450 kc 500 watts Unlimited time.
Docket #1658	WHK	Radio Air Service Corp. Cleveland, Ohio	Mod. Lic.	1390 kc 1 KW 2½ KWLS Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	1390 kc 1 KW Unlimited time.

FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1723	NEW	Troy Broadcasting Co. Troy, Alabama	C. P.	1210 kc 100 watts Daytime
Docket #1718	WERE	Erie Dispatch Herald Brdcstg. Corp., Erie, Pennsylvania	C. P.	1420 kc 100 watts Unlimited time (Requests authority to install new transmitter.)

HEARING CALENDAR (continued)

FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1932 (continued)

Docket #1719	WERE	Erie Dispatch Herald Brdcstg. Corp., Erie, Pennsylvania	Mod. Lic. 1420 kc 100 watts Unlimited time. (Requests approval of change in corporate name.)
Docket #1734	WERE	Erie Dispatch Herald Brdcstg. Corp., Erie, Pennsylvania	Renewal 1420 kc 100 watts Unlimited time.
Docket #1724	WLBW	Broadcasters of Pa., Inc. Erie, Pennsylvania	C. P. 1260 kc 500 watts 1 KW LS Unlimited time. (Requests authority to move station from Oil City to Erie, Pa.)

Present Assignment: 1260 kc 500 watts 1 KW LS Experimental; unltd. time.

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RULE 145 SUSPENDED

At its sessions during the current week, the Commission authorized suspension of Rule 145, requiring installation of frequency monitoring devices, until August 31, 1932, pending delivery of the monitors ordered from approved manufacturers in the case of the following stations: WLVA, Lynchburg, Virginia; WHOM, Jersey City, N. J.; WTAX, Springfield, Illinois; KMJ, Fresno, California; KFBK, Sacramento, California; KTSA, San Antonio, Texas; KGKY, Scottsbluff, Nebraska; KERN, Bakersfield, California; KWG, Stockton, California; KOH, Reno, Nevada; WEDC, Chicago, Illinois.

KFJF, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; KGIX, Las Vegas, Nevada; KGFW, Kearney, Nebraska; KFJI, Klamath Falls, Oregon; WJJD, Mooseheart, Illinois; WPAD, Paducah, Kentucky; WJBW, New Orleans, Louisiana; WWAE, Hammond, Indiana; WACO, Waco, Texas; KFXM, San Bernardino, California; WHBD, Mt. Orab, Ohio; WIBX, Utica, New York; KLPM, Minot, North Dakota; WSAN, Allentown, Pennsylvania; KGER, Long Beach, California; KTSM, El Paso, Texa; WDAH, El Paso, Texas; WBAX, Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania.

WCBA, Allentown, Pennsylvania; KWJJ, Portland, Oregon; KVOA, Tucson, Arizona; KGCX, Wolf Point, Montana; KARK, Little Rock, Arkansas; WCOD, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; KGHF, Pueblo, Colorado; WSYR-WMAC, Syracuse, New York; WABI, Bangor, Maine; WJTL Oglethorpe, Georgia; KFKA, Greeley, Colorado; WGBI, Scranton, Pennsylvania; WAGM, Presque Isle, Maine; KVOS, Bellingham, Washington; KPQ, Wenatchee, Washington; KICA, Clovis, New Mexico; KUOA, Fayetteville, Arkansas; KGBU, Ketchikan, Alaska.

KPQD, Anchorage, Alaska; WKAV, Laconia, New Hampshire; WTFI, Athens, Georgia; KUT, Austin, Texas; WLBZ, Bangor, Maine; WSYB, Rutland, Vermont; WCDA, New York City; WMSG, New York City; WBNX, New York City; WMAS, Springfield, Massachusetts; WCOC, Meridian, Mississippi; WSBT, South Bend, Indiana; WFAM, South Bend, Indiana; WJBO, New Orleans, Louisiana; WNBR-WGBC, Memphis, Tennessee; WCGU, Brooklyn, New York; and WSJS, Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

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July 23, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

WEDC	Emil Denemark Inc. Chicago, Illinois	Renewal of broadcast station license.
WSBC	World Battery Company, Inc. Chicago, Illinois	Renewal of broadcast station license.
NEW	F. N. Blake Realty Company Dracut, Mississippi	Requests C. P. for new station to operate on 680 kc, 250 watts, daytime only.
NEW	Erie Broadcasting Corporation Erie, Pennsylvania	Requests C. P. for new station, 800 kc, 2500 watts, daytime (till sunset at Dallas Texas).
WCAE	WCAE, Incorporated Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Requests C. P. to move transmitter from Gimble Brothers Warehouse, 21st and Wharton Streets, Pittsburgh, to Baldwin, Township, Pa., and make changes in antenna system.
NEW	The Greenville News-Piedmont Co. Greenville, South Carolina	Requests C. P. for new station, 800 kc, 1 KW limited time.
NEW	Central Broadcasting Company Davenport, Iowa	Requests C. P. 600 kc, 250 W. night 500 w. LS, unlimited time. (Facilities of WMT)
KFSD	Airfan Radio Corporation, Ltd. San Diego, California	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase power (night) from 500 w. to 1 KW.
WBCM	James E. Davidson Bay City, Michigan	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase daytime power from 500 watts to 1 KW LS.
KGRS	Gish Radio Service Amarillo, Texas	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1410 to 1340 kc; and change spec. hours to certain schedule listed in application.

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FIGHT OVER 1020 KC CONTINUES

Indications are that the fight over the right to an assignment on the 1020 kc channel which began before Examiner Pratt last Monday will continue until Wednesday or Thursday of next week.

The 1020-kilocycle channel, originally allocated by the Commission to the second zone, was "loaned" to the fourth zone, where it is now used by Station KYW-KFKX, Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, Chicago, according to Commission records. The Westinghouse station filed an application to move to Philadelphia, bringing the channel back into the second zone.

Issues involved are chiefly problems of interference which might result from different allocations of the channel. Engineering testimony will be presented by each station that might be affected.

July 23, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the following applications were received at the Commission:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
1-MLB-1031	WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	Mod. Lic. increase power from 250 watts night to 500 watts.

The applicant at present is licensed to operate unlimited time on 630 kc with 250 watts at night and 500 watts daytime. The frequency is a Canadian Shared channel. The distance to the nearest border point is approximately 320 miles. The closest station to Washington on this frequency is Station WGBF, Evansville, Indiana, operating with 500 watts and approximately 580 miles distant. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 770 miles under similar circumstances. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.1 unit. The First Zone is over quota; the District of Columbia is due 1.35 units and is now assigned 1.3 units.

1-PB-2647	WCGU	United States Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, New York.	C. P. move transmitter from Brooklyn to Long Island City.
1-PB-2648	WLEY	Lexington Air Station, Inc. Lexington, Massachusetts	C. P. move station to Lowell, Massachusetts.
1-MLB-1030	WRNY	Aviation Radio Station, Inc. New York City.	Mod. Lic. for increase in hours of operation (Facilities of WQAO-WPAP)

THIRD ZONE

3-PB-2644	NEW	Radio Service Company Temple, Texas	C. P. new station on 1340 kc; 100 watts; 250 watts LS; unlimited time

The power requested is considerably less than that usually assigned to stations operating under the proposed type of service. The Third Zone is over quota; Texas is over quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.3 unit.

FOURTH ZONE

4-PB-2645	NEW	Wabash Valley Brdcstg. Co. Attica, Indiana	C. P. new station on 1210 kc; 100 watts; unlimited time (facilities of WHBF.)

The facilities requested are now used in this same area by Station WHBF at Rock Island, Illinois. The Fourth Zone is under quota; Indiana is under quota; Illinois is over quota. The granting of the application would increase the Indiana quota and reduce the Illinois quota 0.2 unit.

4-ALB-442	KFRU	Stephens College Columbia, Missouri	Vol. assign. lic. to KFRU, Inc.

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APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

4-PB-2549	NEW	James M. Caldwell Goodland, Kansas	C. P. new station amended request 1310 kc; share with Station KGFW, Kearney, Nebraska; instead of 1500 kc sharing with Station KGKY, Scottsbluff, Nebraska.

The requested facilities are now used in this same area by Station KGFW with 100 watts and unlimited time. The Fourth Zone is over quota; Nebraska is over quota; Kansas is over quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota.

4-MLB-1032	WLS	Agricultural Brdcstg. Co. Chicago, Illinois	Mod. Lic. for authority to use auxiliary of WENR-WBCN for auxiliary purposes.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2649	KXL	KXL Broadcasters, Portland, Oregon	C. P. new transmitter and change frequency from 1420 kc; 100 watts sharing with KBPS to 1410 kc; 250 watts; unlimited time. (Facilities of KTBR, Portland, Oregon.)

The facilities requested are now assigned to Station KTBR, licensed to operate on 1300 kc with power of 500 watts, sharing with Station K FJR. The granting of the application would not increase the quota.

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RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for renewal of license for the regular period to the following stations: WOC-WHO, Davenport and Des Moines, Iowa; WCFL, Chicago, Illinois; WCAZ, Carthage, Illinois; WJJD, Mooseheart, Illinois; WOR, Newark, New Jersey; KJBS, San Francisco, California; KMOX, St. Louis, Missouri; KWJJ, Portland, Oregon

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TEMPORARY LICENSES ISSUED

During the current week the Commission issued temporary licenses pending further action of the regular renewal applications to the following stations: WWL, New Orleans, Louisiana; KWKH, Shreveport, Louisiana; WHAS, Louisville, Kentucky; WJAG, Norfolk, Nebraska; WORK, York, Pennsylvania; WOWO, Fort Wayne, Indiana; WRAX, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WWVA, Wheeling, West Virginia; KOB, State College, New Mexico; KYW-KFKX, Chicago, Illinois.

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July 23, 1932

APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications, either at the request of the applicant or for the reason they did not conform to existing regulations:

1-PB-2623	NEW	F. N. Blake Realty Co. Providence, Rhode Island	C. P. for new station on 1140 kc. (Request of applicant.)
1-MLB-1020	WBBC	Brooklyn Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Increase power to 500 W. 1 KW LS (Rule 6 c & d)
1-PB-2613	WQDM	A. J. St. Antoine St. Albans, Bermont	Make changes in equipment. (License assigned 7-5-32.)
2-ZB-57	WCAH	Commercial Radio Service Co. Columbus, Ohio	Direct measurement of antenna power (Data not acceptable.)
3-PB-2486	NEW	J. H. French Decatur, Alabama	C. P. for a new station on 1420 kc (Rules 6 & 151)

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: WIBG, Glenside, Pennsylvania; KMBC, Kansas City, Missouri.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for permits to make changes in equipment, including installation of automatic frequency control devices to the following stations: WELL, Battle Creek, Michigan; KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana; WTAG, Worcester, Massachusetts; WSAJ, Cincinnati, Ohio; WSMB, New Orleans, Louisiana.

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APPLICATIONS DENIED

The Commission denied the following application for the reason the applicant failed to file appearance within the time designated for hearing:

NEW	Claude Raymond Brand Deadwood, South Dakota	C. P. new station 1200 kc; 100 watts; three hours daily.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

July 30, 1932

FREE PUBLICITY

Stations are being deluged these days with "free publicity", "commission" and "per inquiry" offers of every description.

Promoters are working overtime devising ways and means of wrangling free time from radio stations for all types of projects. With the Summer lull they seem to think that stations become more gullible and press their "offers" more insistently. They have no interest in radio broadcasting and its development; their interest is purely selfish.

In the numerous "sucker lists" in circulation it is gratifying that only a few NAB members are listed.

At the Detroit meeting last October the membership approved the following paragraph which now appears in the NAB Handbook:

"11. The Committee recommends that member stations scrutinize carefully any so-called 'free services' - such as 'educational talks', 'institutes', and other propaganda with which every station is now being deluged. While the material may be authentic and acceptable in itself, it nevertheless constitutes advertising copy for some enterprise, and should therefore be accepted only on a commercial basis."

Nothing is more harmful to broadcasting than these "free publicity" rackets. Let's work cooperatively to rid the industry of them.

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The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly from the in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be published without express permission.

July 30, 1932

CALDWELL OFF TO MADRID

Louis G. Caldwell, chairman of the NAB Committee on International Relations, sailed this week for Europe. After attending to several business matters he will proceed to Madrid in September where he will represent the NAB at the International Radiotelegraph Conference.

One of the major proposals before the conference is widening of the broadcast band. European nations are virtually in agreement, through the International Broadcasting Union, in favoring widening of the broadcast band, and with certain minor exceptions, the NAB has endorsed the U. I. R. stand. The pressing necessity for an adjustment of the North American allocations to accommodate the needs of Mexico makes the movement to widen the band one of great importance to every broadcasting station in the United States.

Mr. Caldwell and the Managing Director have represented the NAB at all meetings of the committee preparing for the conference and Mr. Caldwell was a member of a subcommittee named to study the use of channels in the bands from 550 kc to 10 kc which last week rendered its report, without recommendations, to the full committee.

It is expected that President Hoover will shortly name the official delegates of the United States to the Madrid conference. General C. McK. Saltzman, former chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, was generally considered a possible appointee but since his resignation it is doubtful if he would accept appointment. Senator Wallace H. White of Maine, former chairman of the House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee, and a radio leader in the Congress, is considered a likely delegate along with Acting Secretary of State W. R. Castle. Acting Chairman of the Commission or Sykes is also considered as a likely appointee.

From time to time, it is hoped, the NAB will be able, through this Bulletin, to report the progress being made at the Madrid meeting.

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TAX BRIEF SOON READY

The brief on the electrical power tax question will be filed with the Bureau of Internal Revenue next week by the chairman of the NAB Committee on Cooperation with the Internal Revenue Bureau. The present regulations exempt "radio companies" from the electrical power tax but the Bureau has taken the position that broadcasting stations are not exempt. After a conference between E. M. Elkin, chairman of the NAB Committee, and Government tax officials, the NAB was given permission to file a brief setting forth arguments on behalf of broadcasting stations.

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STATION LIST CORRECTION

The Federal Radio Commission this week issued a list containing alterations and corrections to the official station list issued January 1, 1932. Copies of the list may be secured by addressing the Secretary, Federal Radio Commission, Interior Building, Washington, D. C., or to NAB headquarters, National Press Building, Washington, D. C.

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July 30, 1932

SPENCE NAMED CONVENTION CHAIRMAN

Edwin M. Spence, WPG, was named by President Shaw as chairman of the committee in charge of arrangements for the 1932 NAB convention which will be held at St. Louis, Missouri, next November 14, 15 and 16.

Mr. Spence was chairman of the convention committee in 1930 and 1931 and under his direction the Association has held two of its most successful meetings. Mr. Spence will have authority to name his own committee.

The Board at its New York meeting last week unanimously selected the Hotel Chase as headquarters hotel for the St. Louis meeting. The Board authorized the President to appoint four local committees as follows:

Entertainment, Thomas Patrick Convoy, K W K.
Reception, Bill West, K M O X.
Transportation, L. A. Benson, W I L.
Publicity and Exhibits, Stewart Chambers, K S D.

Each of these chairmen were authorized to appoint their own committee members.

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STANDARD ORDER BLANK DISCUSSIONS

R. L. Harlow, chairman of the NAB Committee on Standard Forms, met with Fred Gamble, executive secretary, of the American Association of Advertising Agencies, at Boston this week to discuss the standard order form which has been proposed by the American Association of Advertising Agencies. Some of the provisions over which minor disagreement had arisen were ironed out at the conference and it is hoped that the form will be finally promulgated at an early date. The form under consideration is for use in placing business with individual stations and does not involve network business.

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WEISS JOINS STATION WJR

Leo Fitzpatrick, vice president and general manager of WJR, announced this week the appointment of Lewis Allen Weiss of Station KHJ, Los Angeles, as assistant manager and merchandising director, of WJR, Detroit. Mr. Weiss will fill the position left vacant by John F. Patt, who is now manager of WJR's sister station, WGAR, in Cleveland.

Weiss has been general manager of the Don Lee chain on the Pacific Coast. He will start his new duties August first.

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RADIO EDUCATION BILLS DORMANT

The Fess Bill (S.4) and the Metcalf Bill (S. 4399), both relating to radio education, received little consideration during the session of Congress just closed. The Fess bill would allocate 15 per cent of all broadcasting channels for the exclusive use of education and the Metcalf bill provides that stations, under compulsion, set aside a certain percentage of their time for education.

"Although educational broadcasting stations have shown no great decrease during the past year, nevertheless, they lack funds to carry forward to any great extent their ideals. Some of them find cooperation with commercial stations to be advantageous, and they are thereby able to put on the air programs with considerable effectiveness" says Dr. C. M. Koon, radio specialist of the U. S. Office of Education.

"There does not seem to be very much agitation among educators at this time to push legislation in reference to education by radio. Depleted budgets have affected university broadcasting. However, educators are far busier investigating the possibilities of education by radio than ever before."

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EXAMINER MORE POWER FOR KARK

Station KARK, owned and operated by the Arkansas Radio and Equipment Company at Little Rock, Ark., would be granted an increase of from 250 to 500 watts daytime power on its present channel of 890 kc if the report (Report No.399) proposed to the Commission by Examiner Hyde is adopted. The station now operates with 250 watts power unlimited time.

The same report recommends denial of the application of Edmund G. Hilger for authority to erect a new station at Little Rock to operate on Station KARK's frequency. Hilger proposed to operate the station as "Republican Voice of the South".

In the KARK case it developed that the station had faced difficulties with Postal authorities through the acceptance of a "per inquiry" account by a former owner of the station. The new owners declared at the hearing that on February 1, 1932 the policy of accepting such accounts had been definitely abandoned and the Examiner noted this change of policy in his report.

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NO CHANGE RECOMMENDED

The applications of four stations located in Minnesota, asking that changes be approved in their operating schedules was recommended for denial by Examiner Walker this week (Report No. 395). After an exhaustive study of the evidence the report finds the applicants, Station WRHM, Minneapolis, Station WLB-WGMS, Minn. Station WCAL and Station KFMX, Northfield, Minn., should all be relicensed on the same schedule of specified operating hours now in force.

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TO EDUCATION BINGS

The Tees Bill (S.4) and the Metcalf Bill (S. 4329), both relating to radio received little consideration during the session of Congress. The Tees bill would allocate 15 per cent of all broadcasting channels for the exclusive use of education and the Metcalf bill provides that stations, under consideration, set aside a certain percentage of their time for education.

"Although educational broadcasting stations have shown no great decrease during the past year, nevertheless, lack funds to carry forward to extent their ideals. Some of them find cooperation with commercial stations to be advantageous, and they are thereby able to put on the air programs with considerable effectiveness", says Dr. C. Koon, radio specialist of the U. S. Office of Education.

"There does not seem to be very much agitation among educators at this time to push legislation in reference to education by radio. Depleted budgets have affected university broadcasting. However, educators are far busier investigating the possibilities of education by radio than ever before."

MORE MORE POWER FOR

Station KAUX, owned and operated by the Arkansas Radio and Equipment Company would be granted an increase of from 250 to 500 watts power on its present channel of 890 kc. if the report (Report No.390) proposed by the Commission by Examiner Hyde is adopted. The station now operates with 250 watts power unlimited.

The same report recommends denial of the application of Edmund G. for authority to erect a new station at Little Rock to operate on Station KAUX's frequency. Hilger proposed to operate the station as "Republican Voice of the South".

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

1932 the policy

Examiner noted this change of policy in his report.

TOE RECOMMENDED

The applications of four stations located in Minnesota, asking that channels be approved in their operating schedules was recommended for denial by Examiner Walker this week (Report No. 395). After an exhaustive study of the evidence the report finds the applicants, Station WREM, Minneapolis; Station WIB-WCMS, Minn. Station WCAL and Station KTMX, Northfield, Minn., should all be relicensed on the same schedule of specified operating hours now in force.

July 30, 1932

STATION IN INSURANCE BUSINESS

The Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Company of Fairmont, West Virginia, was held to be engaged in the insurance business because it accepted the "per inquiry" proposal which has been offered on a national scale by the Union Mutual Life Company of Des Moines. The ruling was given by Attorney General Howard B. Lee in response to an inquiry by the Auditor General of the State.

Because of the importance of the ruling, it is herewith reproduced in full text:

"We have before us your letter of the 19th instant with the correspondence of your office with the Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Company of Fairmont, W. Va., regarding the advertisement of the Union Mutual Life Company of Des Moines, Iowa. You are concerned as to whether or not said Union Mutual Life Company is doing business in the State of West Virginia, and whether or not the Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Company of Fairmont, W. Va., is acting in the capacity of an agent of said insurance company.

"It is contended that the business done by said Union Mutual Life Company is interstate commerce and that the radio communication requires a uniform system of control throughout the Nation which is exclusively vested in Congress and the agencies created by it. No doubt this is true if the communication was broadcast from the home office in the State of Iowa, but the method used in broadcasting these advertisements is wholly of an intrastate character.

"The Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Company is a West Virginia corporation and does its broadcasting for the Union Mutual Life Company from Fairmont in the State of West Virginia. It uses records and a program in advertising the Union Mutual Life Company of Des Moines, Iowa, and requests that communications be addressed to the Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Company of Fairmont, W. Va., which communications are sent to the Union Mutual Life Company of Des Moines, Iowa, and a compensation paid for each communication to the Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Company.

"The system thus used clearly makes the Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Company an agent for the Union Mutual Life Company and the method of the latter constitutes intrastate business as contrasted with interstate business. Business thus carried on cannot hide behind the phrase "interstate commerce" and carry on an intrastate business and escape the consequences of the latter.

"This opinion is in keeping and not contrary to the holding and rules of the Federal Radio Commission and the case of Whitehurst v. Grimes, 21 F. (2nd) 787, and United States v. American Bond & Mortgage Company et al., 31 F. (2nd) 448, as the questions there involved the power to license which is under the control of Congress. The method of doing business determines the question of whether it is inter or intrastate.

"We hold therefore that Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Company is an agent of the Union Mutual Life Company of Des Moines, Iowa, and that the business done by and through the former is intrastate."

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July 30, 1932

RADIO MUST BE KEPT FREE

The following is from a recent editorial which appeared in the Baltimore Catholic Review:

"We have but one opinion on government ownership and operation of the radio. It would be as dangerous to our liberties as government ownership and operation of all newspapers. It would be control of one form of speech, one of the means by which ideas are exchanged. There should be freedom of speech over the radio, subject to laws governing the abuse of that freedom. If radio broadcasting stations were owned or operated by the government there would be denied all constitutional freedom of speech. Some listeners may complain about commercial advertising and would like to hear their programs without the preliminary talk on the merits of some soap or mouthwash. They do not seem to reflect that a large proportion of radio programs are supported by commercial advertisers and without which sponsorship the radio stations could not present their programs. Few stations would be able to operate without the revenue derived from advertising. The time taken for advertising is not so large a part of the radio program as the proportion of space given to advertising in a newspaper or magazine. The radio has become a great source of pleasure and useful information for millions of people. In many instances this marvel of the century has been of incalculable benefit. Like every good thing it can be abused. We do not believe that commercial advertising yet has been an abuse of the radio."

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COMMISSION APPOINTMENT LAGS

The White House has given no indication when it will name a member of the Federal Radio Commission to succeed General C. McK. Saltzman, who has resigned.

In the meantime the Commission is carrying forward its plans to complete the merging of the Radio Commission in accordance with the executive order issued a week ago.

It is doubtful if a chairman will be selected to take General Saltzman's place until the new Fourth Zone Commissioner is named.

Among the candidates for the commissionership whose names are being mentioned in radio circles are the following:

James M. Baldwin, (Indiana), Secretary of the Commission; Ed Bill, (Illinois), WMBD, Peoria, Ill.; Dr. F. W. Elliott, (Iowa), formerly with WHO-WOC, Davenport, Iowa, and now Republican candidate for Congress; H. D. Hayes, (Illinois), Federal Radio Supervisor at Chicago; William S. Hedges, (Illinois). WMAQ, Chicago, Ill.; R. D. Heinl, (Indiana), Radio Editor, Washington, D. C., Duke M. Patrick,(Indiana), General Counsel of the Commission; Harry Shaw, (Iowa), WMT, Waterloo, Iowa, president of the NAB; O. B. Spillman, (Nebraska), former Nebraska Attorney General.

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July 30, 1932

WJR RADIO FORUM

A novel radio forum through which Station WJR hopes to be able to present the views on important national questions of candidates for political office to its audience, without bias or partisanship, has been instituted by the station. The following text of a letter, which adequately explains the idea, has been sent by the station to all candidates for national office in the WJR area:

"Radio Station WJR has noted with interest the announcement of your candidacy for the office of _____ and would appreciate very much an expression of your views on the principal issues of the day, suitable for use in connection with a radio forum of the air.

"We are desirous of keeping thoroughly abreast of the best thought of the day, and it very well may be that your contribution to the debates of the moment will exert a powerful influence during the current campaign.

"If you will be kind enough to write at length, we would be glad to have your suggestions not only upon the wet and dry issue, but upon tax reform, old age pensions, job insurance, American system of broadcasting versus European, new labor laws, government in business, liberalization of the Sherman anti-trust act, etc., etc., etc., as well as such original political concepts as you may care to announce.

"We would appreciate, too, permission to use your letter in connection with the radio forum during the campaign. Needless to say, because of the tremendous influence of radio upon public thought, we will be absolutely free of partisanship bias; being interested first and last in progressively constructive contributions to political economy.

"Thanking you in advance for the courtesy of an early reply, we beg to remain"

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RMA REORGANIZATION PLANNED

A united radio manufacturing industry, with greater cooperation and active direction of receiving set makers; aggressive and constructive measures on behalf of all radio interests, and development of special interests of various groups among radio manufacturers are objects of a plan to reorganize the RMA.

The reorganization plan was approved unanimously by the RMA Board of Directors at a recent meeting at Cleveland. President Fred D. Williams of the Association presided and arranged for submission of the reorganization plan to all RMA members, subject to their approval.

Important features, incorporated in the proposed new by-laws of the RMA, provide for much larger influence and action by chief executives of set manufacturers in industry and RMA affairs, together with unified action and closer work between various manufacturing groups, such as set, tube, parts and accessory manufacturers. Special interest of such groups will be promoted under the direction of each group with unity and cooperative action on all general industry interests.

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The application of [illegible] T. Griffin, Tulsa, Oklahoma, for authority to erect a new [illegible] station on 1400 kc with power of [illegible] and 500 watts LS was recommended [illegible] denial by Examiner Hyde in Report No. 398 issued this week. It is the intention [illegible] the applicant, in the event of the granting of the application, to take over the [illegible] facilities now assigned to Station KOCW, Chickasha, Oklahoma, and to operate when [illegible] KUOA at Fayetteville, Arkansas, is not operating.

In concluding the Examiner found that the applicant is legally qualified to [illegible] a broadcast license, and would appear to possess sufficient means to construct [illegible] operate the proposed station, but that the operation of the proposed station [illegible] cause interference with the reception of other stations on the 1400 kc [illegible] outside the primary or dependable service range. As a result, the service of the [illegible] proposed station would be reduced to approximately 60% of what it would be [illegible] ordinary circumstances. In connection with the present service rendered to [illegible] Tulsa and vicinity, the Examiner found good service is now being rendered this [illegible] area by [illegible] stations and that the need for additional service has not been shown.

[illegible]S MOINES NOW RECOMMENDED

Examiner Yost this week recommended the granting of the application of Station [illegible], Iowa for authority to move the station to Des Moines and change frequency from 1380 kc to 1270 kc. (Report No. 398) The applicant is at present [illegible] Granted to operate with 500 watts power sharing time with WMBH [illegible], Wisconsin. The final approval of the Examiner's findings would shift the station to 1270 kc with 100 watts and 250 watts LS and permit unlimited time as Des [illegible]

[illegible] other allegations, the applicant introduced evidence tending to show that [illegible] advertising rates now charged by the station operating in Des Moines are prohibi[illegible] for local daytime advertisers in that community. There was also testimony tend[illegible] to show that the majority of programs of Station WHO-WOC originated in Davenport, [illegible], and this did not permit the broadcasting of events important to the community [illegible] Des Moines.

In commenting upon the availability of program material at Des Moines, the Examiner said: "It appears that the applicant will have available a wealth of program [illegible] sources". In his conclusions, Chief Examiner Yost found the granting of the [illegible] application would work a more equitable distribution of radio facilities in Iowa and [illegible] that the removal of the station would permit full-at use of radio transmission over [illegible] at Des Moines, especially in connection with local programs originating there.

July 30, 1932

DENY WHDL INCREASED FACILITIES

The Commission this week denied the application of Station WHDL, Tupper Lake, N. Y., for authority to change frequency to 1220 kc and increase power to 500 watts, sharing time with Station WCAD as a daytime station. At present Station WHDL is licensed to operate on 1420 kc with power of 100 watts, during daytime hours, This decision of the Commission reverses the recommendation of Chief Examiner Yost. (Report No. 361.).

The reasons given by the Commission in denying the request find the applicant does not have sufficient financial ability to carry out the proposed construction nor was a sufficient showing made to indicate that needed additional funds would be available. Further the Commission found the granting of this application would reduce the daytime service to listeners in Tupper Lake and vicinity, since it would mean a reduction in the present operating schedule of the applicant station.

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

NEW	Thirty-First Street Baptist Church Indianapolis, Indiana	C. P. for new daytime station to operate on 600 kc, 250 watts, daytime, heretofore granted, has been set for hearing because of protest filed by Station WFBM. (Action taken July 25.)
NEW	J. E. Richards Greenville, South Carolina	Requests C. P. 590 kc, 250 watts, 500 watts LS, unlimited time.
KLO	Interstate Brdcstg. Corp. Ogden, Utah.	C. P. to move transmitter from near Ogden to 8 miles west of Salt Lake City; and studio from Ogden to Salt Lake City.

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RULE 145 EXTENDED

The Commission extended until September 1, 1932, the operation of Rule 145, requiring installation of monitoring devices, in the case of the following stations, since all the licensees have ordered the specified equipment, now under test at the Bureau of Standards: WOCL, Jamestown, N. Y.; KFBL, Everett, Washington; KWKC, Kansas City, Missouri; WAWZ, Zarephath, N. J.; WHBC, Canton, Ohio, KCRJ, Jerome, Arizona; KFJM, Grand Forks, No. Dakota; KXO, El Centro, California; KUMA, Yuma, Arizona; WHDL, Tupper Lake, N. Y.; WCOH, Yonkers, N. Y.; KGNF, North Platte, Nebraska; KFEL, Denver, Colorado; KGEZ, Kalispell, Montana; KCCR, Watertown, So. Dakota; KWSC, Pullman, Washington; KSTP, St. Paul, Minnesota.

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July 30, 1932

NEW COLORADO LOCAL RECOMMENDED

The application of Gustav A. Jenkins, Antonito, Colorado, for authority to erect a new broadcast station was favorably recommended by Chief Examiner Yost this week in Report No. 397. The applicant seeks authority to erect the station on 1200 kc with 100 watts power. The application seeks to share time with Station KGEK, Yuma, Colorado, and Station KGEW, Fort Morgan, Colorado. As both the latter stations are now operating under a specified schedule by mutual agreement, the chief Examiner has found public interest would be served by the granting of the Antonito application, using the hours not assigned to the other two Colorado stations on this channel.

The conclusions of the Report find the applicant is qualified technically as well as financially to operate the proposed station and that the operation of the station as outlined would not cause additional interference to other stations. It was further held the applicant would render a service to an area not now receiving full time dependable radio programs.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits to the following stations: WIBG, Glenside, Pennsylvania; WHAS, Louisville, Kentucky.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following applications at the request of the applicants:

WTAQ	Gillette Rubber Company Eau Claire, Wisconsin	Mod. Lic. 1330 kc. 1 KW, unlimited time.
KSCJ	Perkins Brothers Co. The Sioux City Journal Sioux City, Iowa	Mod. Lic. 1330 kc, 1 KW, 2½ KW LS, unlimited time.
WNOX	WNOX, Inc. Knoxville, Tennessee	C. P. 560 kc, 1 KW, 2 KW LS, unlimited time.

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RENEWALS GRANTED

At its sessions during the current week the Commission granted renewal applications for the regular period to the following stations: WEW, St. Louis, Missouri; WKAR, E. Lansing, Michigan; KGU, Honolulu, T. H.; KXA, Seattle, Washington; WAPI, Birmingham, Alabama; WCBD, Zion, Illinois; WMBI, Chicago, Illinois; KPCB, Seattle, Washington; KGKY, Scottsbluff, Nebraska.

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July 30, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE
WDEV	Harry C. Whitehill Waterbury, Vermont	Granted C. P. to change frequency from 1420 to 550 kc; increase power from 50 to 500 watts; change time from specified hours to daytime, and install new equipment.
WHEB	Granite State Brdcstg. Corp. Portsmouth, New Hampshire	Granted Mod. of C. P. to extend completion date to August 8, 1932.
WQDM	A. J. St. Antoine & E. J. Regan St. Albans, Vermont	Authorized to operate from 9 to 11 a.m. and from 2 to 6 p.m., EST, July 28 and 29, 1932.
		SECOND ZONE
WOOD	Kunsky Trendle Brdcstg. Corp. Grand Rapids, Michigan	Granted Mod. of C. P. to make changes in equipment.
WIP	Gimbel Bros., Inc. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of Lic. to Pennsylvania Brdcstg. Co. Inc.
		THIRD ZONE
NEW	Britt A. Rogers, Jr., Tupelo, Mississippi	Granted C. P. for new station to operate on 990 kc, 500 watts, daytime.
WHBQ	Broadcasting Station, WHBQ, Inc. Memphis, Tennessee	Granted C. P. to move transmitter locally from 3rd and Court Streets to Court and Neely Streets, Memphis, Tennessee.
WROL	Stuart Brdcstg. Corp. Knoxville, Tennessee	Granted C. P. to move transmitter locally in Knoxville and install new transmitter.
		FOURTH ZONE
WCMA	General Brdcstg. Corp. Culver, Indiana	Authorized to operate from July 15 to October 1, inclusive as follows: Mondays, Thursdays & Fridays; 12:30 to 1:15 p.m.; 4:15 to 4:30 p.m.; Tuesdays 12:30 to 1:15 p.m.; 4:15 to 4:30 p.m.; 10:30 to 11 p.m.; Wednesdays, 12:30 to 1:15 p.m.; 3:40 to 4:30 p.m.; Saturdays 12:30 to 1:15 p.m.; 4:15 to 4:30 p.m.; 11 p.m. to 12 midnight; Sundays 5 to 6 p.m. CST, provided station WKBF remains silent. (Action taken July 23.)

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July 30, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WCGU	United States Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, New York.	Authorized to cease operation for 30 days while installing frequency control equipment.
WJBY	Gadsden Brdcstg. Co., Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	Authorized to extend period of silence from July 22 to August 20, 1932, to establish selection of proper transmitter site.
WKBF	Indianapolis Brdcstg. Inc. Indianapolis, Indiana	Granted authority to operate July 15,16, 18, 19, 20 and 21, from 3 to 4:30 p.m.; July 23, 25, 26 and 27 from 2 to 4:30 p.m. August 3 and 10 from 2:45 to 4:30 p.m.; August 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, September 1 and 3, from 3 to 4:30 p.m.; September 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 from 2 to 4:30 p.m.; September 14 from 2:45 to 4:30 p.m.; September 19, 20, 21, and 22 from 3 to 4:30 p.m.; September 24 from 2:45 to 4:30 p.m. CST, provided station WCMA remains silent.
KUMA	Albert H. Schermann Yuma, Arizona	Granted 30 days extension of program test period.
WJBI	Monmouth Brdcstg. Co. Red Bank, New Jersey	Temporary license extended to 3 a.m. EST August 22, 1932.
WEHC	Emory & Henry College Emory, Virginia	Station authorized to remain silent until after rectifier tubes may be procured.
WRAK	Clarence R. Cummins Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Granted authority to operate full time on 1370 kc, 100 watts, until completion of new station of Sun-Gazette Brdcstg. Co., when the two stations will divide time equally on 1370 kc. WRAK has abandoned appeal in Court of Appeals from decision of the Commission of April 1, 1932, granting renewal of license on half time basis. Full time operation of WRAK not to extend beyond November 1, 1932. (Action taken July 27.)
KVOA	Robert M. Riculfi Tucson, Arizona	Denied petition for reconsideration of decision denying application for unlimited time. (Action taken July 28.)

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July 30, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, August 1, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a. m.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1932.

BROADCASTING

Docket #1504	KQV	KQV Brdcstg. Company Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Mod. Lic.	1380 kc 500 watts Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	1380 kc, 500 watts, simultaneous daytime operation with WSMK specified hours night.
Docket #1628	WSMK	Stanley M. Krohn, Jr. Dayton, Ohio	Renewal Simultaneous daytime operation with KQV, specified hours night.	1380 kc 200 watts
Docket #1686	WSMK	Stanley M. Krohn, Jr. Dayton, Ohio	Mod. Lic.	1380 kc 200 watts Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	1380 kc, 200 watts, simultaneous daytime operation with KQV specified hours night.
Docket #1699	KQV	KQV Brdcstg. Company Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Renewal Simultaneous daytime operation with WSMK, specified hours night.	1380 kc 500 watts
Docket #1619	WGAR	WGAR Brdcstg. Company Cleveland, Ohio	Mod. Lic.	1450 kc 500 W 1KW LS Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	1450 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.
Docket #1658	WHK	Radio Air Service Corp. Cleveland, Ohio	Mod. Lic.	1390 kc 1 KW 2½ KW LS Unlimited time.
			Present Assignment:	1390 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: KXL, Portland, Oregon; WHAS, Louisville, Kentucky; WKFI, Greenville, Mississippi; WSM, Nashville, Tennessee; WRBL, Columbus, Georgia.

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July 30, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-ALB-445	WKAV	Laconia Radio Club Laconia, New Hampshire	Involuntary assignment of license to Harold E. Westcott, temporary receiver.
1-MLB-992	WDEL	WDEL, Inc. Wilmington, Delaware	Mod. Lic. increase power from 250 watts, 500 watts LS to 500 watts day and night on experimental basis

This application has been resubmitted. It was originally returned to the applicant by the Commission. The applicant is now assigned to full time operation on 1120 kc. The closest stations to Wilmington on this frequency are Stations WISN and WHAD, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, sharing time with power of 250 watts. The distance is approximately 686 miles. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation under similar circumstances of 770 miles. The distance to the closest Canadian boundary is 300 miles. The frequency of 1120 kc is a Canadian Shared frequency. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.1 unit. The First Zone is under quota; Delaware is due 0.67 unit and is assigned 0.70 unit.

		SECOND ZONE	
2-MPB-357	WCAU	Universal Brdcstg. Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Mod. C. P. for 50 KW. Seeks extension of completion date to 9/17/32.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-PB-2652	NEW	A. R. Gamache Newton, North Carolina	C. P. new station on 1500 kc; 7 watts; 7 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The closest station to the proposed location on the requested frequency is Station WOPI, Bristol, Tennessee, operating unlimited time with 100 watts. The power requested is considerably less than that usually assigned to the class of service requested. The Third Zone is over quota; North Carolina is under quota. The granting of this application would increase the quota 0.1 unit.

3-ALB-443	KTSM	W. S. Bledsoe & W. T. Blackwell, El Paso, Texas	Vol. Assignment of license to Tri State Broadcasting Co., Inc.
3-ALB-444	WDAH	W. S. Bledsoe & W. T. Blackwell, El Paso, Texas	Vol. assignment of license to Tri State Broadcasting Co., Inc.
		FOURTH ZONE	
4-MLB-1033	WIAS	Iowa Broadcasting Co. Ottumwa, Iowa.	Mod. Lic. change from specified hours to unlimited time.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

4-MLB-1034	KFGQ	The Boone Biblical College Boone, Iowa	Mod. Lic. for changes in specified hours of operation.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2653	NEW	Juneau Brdcstg. Company Juneau, Alaska	C. P. for a new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
5-MLB-1035	KROW	Educational Broadcasting Corp., Richmond, California	Mod. Lic. to change from sharing with KFWI to unlimited time.
5-PB-2650	KLO	Interstate Brdcstg. Corp. Ogden, Utah	C. P. to move station to Salt Lake City, Utah.
5-PB-2651	NEW	R. W. & D. P. Lautzenheiser Prescott, Arizona	C. P. to erect a new station to use 1500 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time. Facilities of KPJM, Prescott, Arizona.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications, either for the reason that the applications did not comply with regulations or at the request of the applicants:

5-FB-279	KGIX	J. M. Heaton Las Vegas, Nevada	Automatic frequency control. (Request of applicant)
5-ZB-47	KMTR	KMTR Radio Corp. Los Angeles, California	Direct measurement of antenna power. (Request of applicant)
4-MLB-1027	WOS	Missouri State Marketing Bureau, Jefferson City, Mo.	Increase power to 500 w. 1 KW LS (Rule 6 a, c, and d.)
4-PB-2636	KUSD	University of South Dakota Vermillion, South Dakota	Changes in equipment and increase power to 1 KW. (Unsatisfactory equipment.)
5-PB-2637	NEW	Jean Anthony Grief & Bryon G. Ericson, Lewiston, Idaho.	C. P. for a new station on 1210 kc (Unsatisfactory transmitter and Rule 6.)

- - -

PERMIT APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications requesting authority to make changes in equipment including installation of automatic frequency control from the following stations: KNOW, Austin, Texas; KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana

- - -

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

KFOO	Boone Biblical College Boone, Iowa	Mod. Exc. rdt changes in specified hours of operation.
WEW	Tuneen Broadcasting Company [illegible], Wisc.	C. P. for a new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
[illegible]	[illegible]onal Broadcasting [illegible] Richmond, California	Mod. L. to change from sharing with KFWI to unlimited time.
[illegible]	Interstate Broadcasting Corp. [illegible]	C. P. to move station to Salt Lake City.
[illegible]	W. S. D. P. Lautenschlaeger Pasadena, California	C. P. to install a new station using 1500 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time. Facilities of KFVM, Fresno, California.

[illegible] RETURNED.

[illegible] the current week the Commission returned the following applications, [illegible] for the reason that the applications did not comply with regulations or [illegible]

[illegible]TB-270	J. M. Hanson [illegible], Nevada	[illegible]tic frequency com[illegible] (Request or application.
[illegible]	KMTR Radio Corp. Los Angeles, California	Direct measurement of antenna [illegible] (Request of [illegible] report)
WOS	Mi[illegible] Marketing [illegible] [illegible]ersen, Jefferson City, Mo.	Increase power to 500 w[illegible] 1 KW LS (Rule 9 a, c, and d.)
KUSD	[illegible]ersity of South Dakota Vermillion, South Dakota	[illegible] in equipment and [illegible]er to 1 KW. (Unsatisfactory equipment.)
[illegible]	Jean Anthony Carter [illegible] Bryon [illegible], Nebraska [illegible]ason, Idaho.	C. P. [illegible] a new station on 1210 kc (Unsatisfactory [illegible]ater and Rule 6.)

[illegible] LOCATIO[illegible] GRANTED

During the current [illegible] Commission received applications [illegible] to make changes in equipment including installation of automatic frequency con[illegible] from the following stations: KMOW, [illegible]in, [illegible]as; KWEA, [illegible], Lou[illegible]

BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

August 1, 1932

COPYRIGHT SETTLEMENT NEAR

Settlement of the copyright controversy loomed as a possibility today as the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers and the National Association of Broadcasters agreed to an early meeting, confident that a satisfactory solution can now be found.

The agreement to meet again followed informal conferences which began after it had been announced that an impasse in negotiations had been reached and that the increased rates originally proposed last April would become effective in September through negotiation with individual stations.

After weeks of negotiation between the committees of the NAB and the Society, the two groups reached a tentative agreement on July 12. The NAB Committee submitted this agreement to the NAB Board on July 21. The Board rejected the proposal and fashioned a counter-proposal which the Society rejected. Immediately after this latter action the Society informed the NAB Committee that it would be useless to continue negotiations. Since that time new conferences have laid the basis for reopening discussions.

The history of the negotiations between the NAB and the Society since the announcement of the five per cent plan on April 11 up to the present time is presented herewith. At the outset of negotiations it had been agreed that both groups would refrain from public announcements until either an agreement had been reached or negotiations wound up.

The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly from the Association's headquarters in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be published without express permission.

BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

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PERCENTAGE PROPOSAL SUBMITTED

The American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, in a letter dated April 11, 1932, advised the National Association of Broadcasters that commencing on June 1, 1932 the following rates for use of the Society's copyrighted musical compositions in broadcast programs would become effective:

SUSTAINING LICENSE: At approximately present rates, with such readjustments either upward or downward as will equalize the fee paid by stations operating under similar or equal conditions, taking into consideration power input, rate card, radio population and other pertinent factors, as and when any such existing inequalities are discovered. The sustaining license fee, upon an annual basis, to be payable in equal monthly installments, on or before the 10th of each month to cover the preceding month.

COMMERCIAL LICENSE: At 5% of the amounts charged for use of the facilities of the station in respect of all commercially sponsored non-network programs. In the case of network programs, the fee of 5% is payable by the key station, based upon the gross amount charged for use of broadcasting facilities. Two or more stations simultaneously broadcasting the same program to be considered as a network.

Accountings to be rendered on or before the 10th of each month covering operation of the previous calendar month, on forms provided by the Society. Such accountings to be under oath, signed by a responsible officer of the operating company, and subject to audit during customary business hours.

Under this plan the Society proposed to collect from broadcasting stations a total of from $4,000,000 to $5,000.000 annually instead of $966,000 which stations are now paying. This would mean increases ranging from 300 to 400 per cent for the industry as a whole.

NAB BOARD MEETING

A week after the receipt of this proposal a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the NAB was called in New York. It was the unanimous opinion of the Board that the proposal of the Society would have a ruinous effect upon the broadcasting industry, including the forcing of many stations to cease operation. In an answer to the Society's letter, approved by the Board, it was stated that many stations are already suffering considerable hardship from having to pay the present fees and that the basis proposed by the Society was unsound and entirely unjustified. At the same time the Board pointed out that the proposal was unjust in that it subjected to percentage payments, programs in which either music was not used at all or in which music over which the Society had no control was used. The Board did state that stations were willing to pay an equitable remuneration to the owners of copyright music commensuarete with the nature of the broadcasting business.

Under a motion adopted by the Board a committee consisting of Paul W. Morency, chairman; A. L. Ashby, Edward Klauber, J. G. Cummings, and Harry Shaw was appointed to deliver the letter to the Society and to lay before it actual facts as to present conditions in the broadcasting industry.

At the same time the Board made elaborate plans to protect the interests of broadcasters in the event a break in negotiations should occur. A Plenary Committee consisting of A. L. McCosker, chairman; Frank M. Russell and Harry C.Butcher was named to direct all activities other than negotiations.

This committee immediately retained the services of Oswald F. Schuette who was given broad authority to direct legislative activities and gather information on the general music situation. This Bulletin will not review the work of Mr. Schuette inasmuch as all broadcasters already have been informed of the splendid

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progress made in the matter of copyright legislation. It is enough to say that the Sirovich copyright bill, with the Chindblom amendment to protect broadcasters, remains at the head of the House calendar and will be among the first measures to be considered in the next session of Congress.

MORATORIUM SECURED

The negotiating committee secured from the Society a postponement of the effective date of the percentage proposal from June 1 to September 1 with the understanding that the committee should begin immediately to confer with a committee of the Society to work out a satisfactory basis for payment of new and increased rates. The Boards of the NAB and the Society approved of this arrangement.

NEGOTIATIONS ARE STARTED

In the early negotiation conferences the Society maintained that it must derive a sum of from $3,000,000 to $4,000,000 from the broadcasting industry for the use of its works and that in demanding increases of 300 to 400 percent at this time it had taken into consideration present conditions in the broadcasting industry and the possible effect upon legislation. The Society would not fight, it was stated, a proposal to dissolve the organization. Music publishers and composers were confronted with the necessity of obtaining adequate compensation or none at all.

SMALL STATIONS FAVORED

Almost from the beginning of negotiations it was agreed between the two committees that some 250 or 300 small stations were unable to pay any increases in music fees at this time and that, therefore, they should be eliminated from discussions of increased revenue to the Society.

INDUSTRY CANVASSED

The NAB then canvassed the industry to get an expression of opinion from individual broadcasters. The industry was almost unanimously opposed to accepting

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individual broadcasters. The industry was almost unanimously opposed to accepting

the Society's percentage proposal and expressed opposition to any increase in license fee payments at this time.

FURTHER POSTPONEMENT ASKED

The NAB committee then requested that the effective date of the Society's percentage proposal be further postponed until May 1, 1933 and that licenses be renewed at existing rates. This was flatly rejected by the Society.

NAB COMMITTEE REPORTS

A regular meeting of the NAB Board was scheduled for Chicago on May 23 and members of the committee negotiating with the Society made a full and complete report of its deliberations. The only progress which the committee was able to report at that time was a possibility that an agreement might be arrived at under which the Society would postpone the effective date of increases until January 1, 1933 on condition that thereafter the broadcasters pay at the rate of 3% of gross for 1933, 4% for 1934, and 5% thereafter. The percentage payments, of course, to be in addition to a sustaining license fee which would be adjusted downward in some cases to 50% of the present license fees. Total license fees would amount to about $2,750,000 for 1933 under this plan, or an increase of nearly 300 percent over present payments. The Board was unanimously opposed to this proposal and expressed its objection to any plan under which the Society would be permitted to participate in the gross revenue of stations on a percentage basis.

At the time of the Chicago Board meeting much legislative work had been accomplished and it appeared hopeful that some action could be secured on the Sirovich bill and the Chindblom amendment. Under the leadership of Mr. Schuette, tremendous support for the broadcasters' amendment had been built up in Congress and passage of the bill was virtually assured in the House. The serious illness of Chairman Sirovich delayed consideration of his bill and finally it became necessary to postpone action until next December. Broadcasters were kept posted of these legislative developments in other Bulletins and the situation, therefore, will not

the Society's percentage proposal and expressed opposition to any [illegible] fee payments at this time.

POSTPONEMENT ASKED

The MAB committee then recommended that the effective date of the Society [illegible] proposal be further postponed until [illegible] 1, 1958 and that Medicare [illegible] allowed at existing rates. This was flatly rejected by the Society.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

A regular meeting [illegible] Board was adjourned for Chicago on [illegible] members of the committee negotiating with the Society made a full and co[illegible] report of its deliberations. The only [illegible] act which the committee was able [illegible] at that time was a possibility that an agreement might be arrived at [illegible] the Society would postpone the effective date of increases until [illegible] on condition that thereafter the Medicare fees at the rate of [illegible] for 1957, 4% for 1958, and 5% thereafter. The percentage payments [illegible] in addition to a guaranteed license fee there would be a [illegible] to pay the present licensed fees. Total licensed fees would amount [illegible] $2,720,000 for 1958 under this plan or an increased or nearly zero [illegible] present payments. The Board was unanimously opposed to this proposal [illegible] expressed its objection to any plan under which the Society would be permitted [illegible] participate in the increase revenue of activities on a percentage basis.

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be reviewed here. To hold the legislative advantage gained during the last three and one-half months, broadcasters will have to continue to present an efficiently organized front.

NAB COMMITTEE PROPOSES

With negotiations virtually at a deadlock the NAB committee at the June 2 meeting with the Society for the purpose of facilitating negotiations, proposed that existing fees be continued until May 1, 1933; from May 1, 1933 to May 1, 1934 an increase of 25% over present payment, namely, from $1,000,000 to $1,250,000; from May 1, 1934 an increase of 50% over the present payment, namely, from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000. This was proposed by the committee with the distinct understanding that ratification of the NAB Board would have to be secured.

NAB COMMITTEE PROPOSAL REJECTED

The Board of the Society flatly rejected the proposal made by the NAB committee at the June 2 meeting and outlined above. The committee was told that the Society's Board had agreed that the minimum that would be acceptable would be 3% on gross for 1933, 4% for 1934, and 5% for 1935 and 5% thereafter, coupled, of course, with sustaining licenses.

Increases of 25% or 50% over existing payments would not be considered, the NAB committee was told.

ALTERNATE PROPOSALS OFFERED

Later the NAB committee was informed that in addition to the three-four-and-five percent proposal the Society's Board might accept a "per piece" proposition under which each broadcaster would pay only for the music actually used, the publishers to make available their catalogs setting forth the charges for rendition of each number listed. Another alternate was offered under which the broadcasters would pay a sustaining license fee and the Society would make separate license deals with all commercial advertisers.

PER PIECE PROPOSAL CONSIDERED

The NAB committee carrying on negotiations met with the Plenary Committee on June 6 and made known the most recent developments in negotiations. It was agreed the only one of the three proposals before the group that held any possibilities was the "per piece" plan. It was felt that under this plan broadcasters would pay only for what they play and that owners of copyrights could be paid in proportion to the use which broadcasters made of their music. This would inject competition into the public performance phase of the copyright business and would provide necessary stability for both the broadcasters and the copyright owners.

It was the consensus of the joint meeting that the negotiating committee should state to the Society that the "per piece" proposal presented definite possibilities and that further information as to catalogs, charges, etc., was desired by the broadcasters.

PER PIECE PLAN WITHDRAWN

When the NAB committee met with the Society's committee on July 12 it was informed that the "per piece" plan could not be considered at this time because of the difficulties which would be encountered in putting it into operation. The Society's committee said that it would be impossible to institute such a method on September 1 because of the short time remaining and therefore was unwilling to discuss that plan further at this time.

PERCENTAGE PLAN ELIMINATED

At the July 12 meeting it appeared that progress had been made in convincing the Society that the percentage method would be totally unacceptable to the broadcasters and that some other basis would have to be found if negotiations were to be continued. After a lengthy session the NAB and Society committees agreed to submit a proposal to their respective Boards under which the broadcasters would pay a total of $1,250,000 for music controlled by the Society during the period beginning

PIECE - FINAL CONSIDERED

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PLAN ELIMINATED

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September 1, 1932 and extending until December 31, 1933 and that no later than September 1, 1933 negotiations should be opened toward establishing rates commencing January 1, 1934 and that there should be a complete legislative truce until November 1, 1933.

NAB BOARD REJECTS PROPOSAL

A special meeting of the NAB Board was called on July 21 at which the NAB committee reported the above agreement between the two committees. It was the unanimous opinion of the NAB Board that the industry could not acquiesce in any increase of rates at this time but that starting January 1, 1933 and for two years thereafter the Board would consent to payments on the part of the industry to the Society of a total sum of $1,250,000 per year (allowance being made for failure of any stations to take a license) with an adjustment of fees favorable to smaller stations with Committees of the NAB and the ASCAP cooperating in revising the rates charged to each station provided that the ASCAP and the NAB shall immediately devote themselves to work out a mutually agreeable and permanent method of licenses and of paying fees, which method shall become effective and shall supersede all other fees as soon as the new and permanent method shall have been agreed upon. The NAB, of course, did not agree to the legislative truce.

SOCIETY REJECTS NAB PROPOSAL

The Society almost immediately rejected the offer of the NAB Board. In announcing the rejection the Society informed the NAB committee that it had become apparent that no purpose can be served by further conferences.

"It is our feeling now that the respective committees have," says the Society's letter of July 26, "without success, done their utmost to accomplish a mutually satisfactory adjustment of differences, and in view of the fact that your committee must of necessity depend upon the individual sanction of a great many broadcasters who are not members of the National Association of Broadcasters as well

as those who are members, of any plan or formula which your committee might approve, whereas our committee is vested with authority to definitely commit the members of this Society, it is apparent that no purpose can be served by further conferences.

"In these circumstances we desire now to advise you of our intention to proceed within the next few days to the making of the license of the Society available to broadcasters individually upon such terms as may be mutually agreed upon in each individual case."

IMPASSE IS REACHED

The rejection of the NAB Board's proposal by the Society virtually brought negotiations, which had been under way since April 18, to an end. The Society had announced to the press that it planned to go back to the percentage method of levying fees using, preferably, the three-four-and-five per cent plan, which would mean increases of roughly 300 percent in rates for next year.

At the time of the apparent impasse the proposals of the two organizations were as follows:

1. The Society has agreed to accept a sum of $1,250,000 commencing as of September 1, 1932 and continuing until December 31, 1933; negotiations to be opened not later than September 1, 1933 toward establishing rates for the year commencing January 1,1934. That a legislative truce was to exist until November 1, 1933.

2. The NAB had agreed that the industry pay a sum of $1,250,000 a year for a two-year period starting January 1, 1933, with present rates prevailing until that time, with adjustments in favor of smaller stations, provided that the NAB and ASCAP immediately devote themselves to work out a mutually agreeable and permanent method of licenses which should become effective as soon as worked out. No legislative truce was acceptable.

NEGOTIATIONS REOPENED

Following receipt of the above letter a number of informal conferences were held which opened the way for further negotiations. The NAB committee has addressed a letter to the Society to open the way for new conferences.

At the time this Bulletin goes to press no definite understanding has been reached but it is hoped that a further favorable announcement can be made before the end of the week.

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PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

August 6, 1932

COPYRIGHT

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Although September 1 is only three and one-half weeks away it was reported by those charged with handling the matter that there was little doubt that some form of settlement would be ready for announcement early next week.

E. C. Mills, general manager of the Society, announced to the press last week that "there is absolutely no thought of depriving the American public of the opportunity of hearing copyrighted music from radio stations."

The apparent break in negotiations reported last week attracted wide comment in daily newspapers and magazines. Much of this was not uncomplimentary to the broadcasters. Commenting upon a reported threat that the Society would withdraw all of its music from broadcasting on September 1, one newspaper even hoped that this might happen. Editorially it said: "Should all but the old masters be excluded from radio, what a feast for the real music lovers! That won't happen, more's the pity; the holdouts at the last minute will get together assuring us some years more of uninterrupted Tin Pan Alley."

BROADCASTERS WEEKLY BULLETIN

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING • • • WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director. Number 5, 1.0

C O P Y R I G H T

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August 6, 1932

SYKES HEADS DELEGATION

The United States has formally announced its acceptance of the invitation of the Spanish Government to attend the fourth International Radiotelegraph Conference opening in Madrid, Spain, on September 3, 1932. Other radio conferences were held in Berlin in 1903, in London in 1912, and the last preceding one in Washington in 1927.

The President has approved the following delegates and advisory and technical staff of the Delegation of the United States, to this conference:

Delegates: Eugene O. Sykes, Acting Chairman, Federal Radio Commission, chairman: Dr. Charles B. Jolliffe, chief engineer, Federal Radio Commission; and Walter Lichtenstein, executive secretary, First National Bank of Chicago.

Technical Advisors: Dr. Irvin Stewart, State Department; Lt. Com. Edward M. Webster, U. S. Coast Guard, Treasury Department; Maj. William F. Friedman and Lt. Wesley T. Guest, U. S. Army; Lt. Com. Joseph R. Redman, U. S. Navy; Dr. John Howard Dellinger, Chief, Radio Section, Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce; H. J. Walls, Airways Division, Aeronautics Branch, Department of Commerce; Gerald C. Gross, Federal Radio Commission.

Secretary General: Richard Southgate, acting chief, Division of International Conferences, Department of State.

Secretary: Hugh Millard, Second Secretary, American Embassy, Madrid.

Assistant Secretary: R. Allen Haden, Foreign Service Officer, Department of State.

Disbursing Officer: Francis J. Sickel.

Translators and Interpreters: Arthur L. Lebel, Alyre J. Gallant, John Geoffrey Will, Leon Dostert, Mrs. Fina M. Howell, Mrs. Amy D. Wilbur and Miss Rosario Romero.

Clerks: Miss Ruth J. Allen, Miss Virginia W. Collins, Miss Dorothy Tuggle, H. G. Kurtz, Maoma A. Burkhart, Mrs. Adeline N. Kincheloe, and Mrs. Gertrude C. Shallcross.

The Spanish Government also extended an invitation to certain private organizations to send representatives to the Conference. There follows a list of the companies which have accepted and the names of the representatives appointed:

Paul Goldsborough, Aeronautical Radio, Inc.; W. G. H. Finch, American Radio News Corporation; Kenneth B. Warner, Paul M. Segal, and Clair Foster, American Radio Relay League; Robert F. Hand and Harold L. Cornell, American Steamship Owners Association; and Eugene S. Wilson, Herbert E. Shreeve, Lloyd Espenschied, and Laurens E. Whittemore, American Telephone and Telegraph Company; Milton M. Price and Michael Schwartz, Associated Telephone and Telegraph Company; Lawrence W. Lowman, Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc. and Ralph M. Heintz, Globe Wireless, Ltd.

The United States [illegible] by [illegible] has accepted the invitation of the Spanish Government to attend the [illegible] conference to be held in Madrid, Spain, on September 3, 1932. Other [illegible] were held in Berlin in 1903, in London in 1912, and the last preceding one in Washington in 1927.

The President has approved the following delegates and advisory and technical staff of the Delegation of the United States, to this conference:

Delegates: [illegible] Federal Radio Commission, chairman; Dr. Charles B. Jolliffe, chief engineer [illegible] Radio Communication; [illegible] Bank of [illegible].

Technical Advisers: Dr. Irvin Stewart [illegible]; Lt. Comdr. [illegible] Webster, [illegible] Coast Guard; Treasury Department; [illegible] and Lt. Wesley T. Guest, [illegible] U. S. Army; Lt. Com. [illegible] John Howard Dellinger, Chief, Radio Section, Bureau of Standards; [illegible] of Commerce H. [illegible] Harris, Airways Division, Aeronautics Branch, Department of Commerce; Gerald C. Gross, Federal Radio Commission.

[illegible] Secretary: Hugh Southgate, acting chief, Division of International Conferences, Department of State.

Secretary: Hugh Millard, Second Secretary, American Embassy, Madrid.

Assistant Secretary: R. Allen Haden, Foreign Service Officer, Department of State.

Information Officer: Francis J. Sickel.

Translators and Interpreters: Arthur T. Iebal, Alvar [illegible], Geoffrey Will, Leon Doetart, Mrs. Tina [illegible] Swart, Mrs. Amy [illegible], Rosario Romero.

Miss Ruth [illegible] Allen, Miss Virginia W. Corinna, Miss Doroth[illegible] [illegible] G. Kurtz, Meoma A. [illegible] N. Kinchelos, and [illegible] Shallcross.

The Spanish Government also extended an invitation to certain private or quasi-nations to send representatives to the Conference. There follows a list of the companies which have accepted and the names of the representatives appointed:

Paul Godehardsen, Aeronautical Radio, Inc.; W. G. H. [illegible]; Radio News Corporation; Kenneth B. Werner, Paul M. Segal, and Clair Foster; Radio Marine League; Robert E. Hand and Harold L. Cornell, American Steamship Owners Association; and Eugene S. Wilson, Herbert E. [illegible], Emergency and Business W. Whittemore, American Telephone and Telegraph Company; Milton M. Price and Michael Schwarz, Associated Telephone and Telegraph Company; Lawrence [illegible] Bowman, Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc.; [illegible] Globe Wireless, Ltd.

SYKES HEADS DELEGATION (Continued)

Logan Rock and H. H. Buttner, International Telephone and Telegraph Company; Representatives of the affiliates of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company (a) John Goldhammer and Morgan Heiskell, All America Cables and Commercial Cables; (b) A. Y. Tuel and Haraden Pratt, Mackay Radio and Telegraph Company; F. G. Hummel, Mutual Telephone Company; Louis G. Caldwell, National Association of Broadcasters; Armstrong Perry, National Committee on Education by Radio; Joseph B. Pierson, Press Wireless, Inc; Col. Samuel Reber, Radio Corporation of America; Col. Sam Reber, Loyd A. Briggs and W. A. Winterbottom, R. C. A. Communications Inc; Charles J. Pannill, Radiomarine Corporation of America; William E. Beakes, Tropical Radio Telegraph Company; and Stanley J. Goddard, C. P. R. Goode, A. J. Deldime and L.C. Smyth, Western Union Telegraph Company.

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SILENT ON SALTZMAN'S SUCCESSOR

The White House has given no indication as to who will be appointed to succeed General Charles McK. Saltzman as commissioner from the Fourth Zone. It was generally accepted here that no appointment will be made until after the notification speech at the White House on August 11. The appointment is for the unexpired portion of General Saltzman's six-year term.

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RADIO ADVERTISING AHEAD

Radio advertising during the month of June amounted to $2,996,000 as compared with $2,835,000 for the same month a year ago, according to the U. S. Department of Commerce. The June volume, however, represented a decided decrease from May business. Increases in expenditures were shown for automotive, drugs and toilet goods, foods, machinery, and petroleum products classifications. All other classifications showed decreases in expenditures when figures for June, 1932, are compared with those of June, 1931.

Magazine and newspaper advertising also showed decreases when the corresponding months are compared.

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EXAMINERS' REPORTS STATUS RULING

Generally speaking the question of whether the trial examiner's report may be included in the appeal record, certified by an independent Commission, rests entirely within the discretion of the Court, according to a recent decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. This decision was rendered by Justice Wilbur in Algoma Lumber Company, et al v. Federal Trade Commission (56 Fed 2nd 774) who held that the report and exceptions thereto need not be certified unless they are a part of the Commission findings and are adopted as such.

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August 6, 1932

COMMISSION CUTS STAFF

Dismissal of 15 employes was announced by the Commission this week following the second step in the consolidation of the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce with the Federal Radio Commission. The action of the Commission did not affect the field force of the Radio Division and reorganization of this staff will follow later.

The duties of the newly created Division of Field Operations of which Wm. D. Terrell, former director of radio, is the head, were defined in an announcement made public by the Commission this week. These duties were defined as follows:

"To inspect all transmitting apparatus to ascertain whether in construction and operation it conforms to the requirements of the Radio Act of 1927, as amended, the rules and regulations of the licensing authority, and the license under which it is constructed or operated; to make measurements of frequencies and to make field intensity measurements when required; to maintain records incident to the monitoring of radio stations; to conduct examinations for applicants for operators' licenses; to investigate and report to the Commission facts concerning alleged violations by station operators of such laws, treaties and regulations as might result in the suspension of their licenses; to report to the Commission from time to time any violations of the Radio Act of 1927, the rules and regulations or orders of the Commission, or, of the terms and conditions of any license; and to perform such other duties as may hereinafter be assigned."

W. E. Downey, former assistant to Terrell, was named assistant chief of the Division of Field Operations.

A new section under the Secretary of the Commission designated as the Accounts and Audit Section was created. This section will "handle all matters pertaining to the settlement of International accounts except disbursements; audit travel and expense vouchers; and perform such accounting work as may be assigned." L. W. McKee was named chief of this section.

The Commission assigned the duties incident to granting of call letters to radio stations and the publication thereof to the License Division and at the same time ruled that this division shall have charge of issuing operators' licenses and the maintenance of records relative thereto.

Duties incident to prescribing the qualifications of station operators and the classification of such operators according to the duties to be performed were assigned to theEngineering Division.

Examiner Ralph L. Walker was transferred to the legal division as senior attorney.

The investigation section was abolished and most of the duties over which this section had jurisdiction were assigned to the field force. Wilfred G. Clearman, chief investigator and G. Lyle Hughes, attorney, were dismissed as a result of this action.

The dismissals were necessary in order to comply with the Government's economy program adopted by Congress.

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HOW DO YOU HANDLE FAN MAIL?

How do you handle your fan mail? This question is asked by several members of the NAB who are interested in revising their systems of handling fan mail. Will you please send to NAB Headquarters samples of the letter or printed piece which you use in adknowledging fan mail other than that commenting on commercial programs? If you have some practical suggestion which would be helpful to fellow broadcasters, send 'em in. If we can collect enough good ideas along this line they can be made the subject of a special Bulletin later.

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RADIO DRESS PARADE

A radio parade was held on August 5. The 24th Marine Corps Reserves went through a drill at the Great Lakes Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill. and all commands were given from the Washington Barracks, via the network of the National Broadcasting Company.

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DUNLAP'S TELEVISION VOLUME

The era of television is dawning and with it a new industry is unfolding that is destined to do much in leading the world out of the economic depression, according to "The Outlook for Television" by Orrin E. Dunlap, Jr. published by Harper and Brothers. The introduction was written by John Hays Hammond, Jr. and the foreword by William S. Paley, president of CBS. The volume contains opinions on television's future by such men as Col. Theodore Roosevelt, governor of the Philippines; Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd, Rev. James E. Freeman, Bishop of Washington; Bruce Barton; Dr. George B. Cutten, president of Colgate University; Major General James G. Harbord; S. L. Rothafel; and Dr. Lee DeForest. The book is well worth reading.

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AGAINST FREE PUBLICITY

The front page article entitled "Free Publicity" on the first page of last week's Bulletin provoked much favorable comment from NAB members. It is encouraging to note that few NAB members appear on the various "sucker lists" now in circulation.

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THE NOVEMBER CONVENTION

St. Louis stations have offered their cooperation in making the Tenth Annual Convention of the NAB to be held at St. Louis, Mo. November 14, 15 and 16, the most successful broadcasters' meeting ever held. General arrangements for the meeting will be in charge of a committee headed by Ed. M. Spence, WPG, Atlantic City, under whose direction two of the most successful NAB conventions have been held. Thomas Patrick Convey, KWK; William H. West, KMOX; and L. A. Benson, WIL, have already accepted local committee chairmanships.

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HOW DO YOU HANDLE YOUR MAIL

How do you handle your mail? This question is asked by several hundred of the NAB who are interested in revising their systems of handling mail. Would you please send to NAB Headquarters samples of the letter or printed piece which you use in acknowledging fan mail or thank-you letters on commercial programs? If you have some practical suggestion which would be helpful to fellow broadcasters, send 'em in. If we can collect enough good ideas this line they can be made the subject of a special Bulletin letter.

RADIO DRESS PARADE

A radio parade was held on August [illegible] The 24th Marine Corps Reserve Band through a drill at the Great Lakes Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill., and all commands were given from the Wabash [illegible] Harmonica via the network of the National Broadcasting Company.

[illegible]'S TELEVISION VOLUME

The [illegible] of television is dawning and with it a new industry is unfolding. [illegible] designed to do much in leading the workers of the economic conscience [illegible] ordine to "The Outlook for Television" by [illegible] Dunlap, Jr., published by Harper and Brothers. The introduction was written by John Hays Hammond, Jr., the foreword by William S. Paley, [illegible] of CBS. The volume contains [illegible] opinions on television's future by such men as Col. Theodore Roosevelt, governor of the Philippines, Rear Adm. [illegible] E. Byrd, [illegible] James E. Freeman, Bishop of Washington; Bernice Barton; Dr. [illegible] President of Connecticut College; Major General James G. Harbord; [illegible] Charles; and Dr. Lee DeForest. The book is well worth reading.

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The front page article entitled "Free Publicity" on the first page of last [illegible] a Bulletin provoked much favorable comment from NAB members. It is encouraging to note that [illegible] NAB members appear on the various "broker lists" now in circulation.

THE NOVEMBER CONVENTION

St. Louis stations have offered their cooperation in making the Tenth Annual Convention of the NAB to be held at St. Louis, Mo. November 14, and 15, the most successful broadcasters' meeting ever held. General arrangements for the meeting will be in charge of a committee headed by A. W. Spence, WFG, Atlantic City, under [illegible] tion two of the most successful conventions have been held [illegible] Thomas Patrick Gore, KWK; William [illegible]

[illegible] arrangements.

August 6, 1932

RECOMMENDS DENIAL CALIFORNIA APPLICATION

Finding the applicant failed to show by a preponderance of the evidence that the facilities requested should be withdrawn from an existing station, Chief Examiner Yost this week recommended denial of the application of Cannon System, Ltd., Glendale, California, seeking authority to erect a new station on 850 kc with power 250 watts and daytime operation. The application requested withdrawal of the facilities of Station KGIX, Las Vegas, Nevada, now assigned as an unlimited time station to 1420 kc with 100 watts power.

This conclusion was based on the fact that deletion of the station at Las Vegas would deprive that community of dependable daytime radio service. On the other hand, it was indicated from the evidence, listeners in Glendale and vicinity now receive an abundance of radio service from existing stations in California.

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STAY ORDER DENIED KFPY

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia this week denied the petition for stay order sought by Station KFPY, Spokane, Washington, protesting the recent action of the Commission in granting Station KSEI, Pocatello, Idaho, authority to change frequency from 900 to 890 kc. Station KFPY has an application pending before the Commission requesting that it be assigned to 890 kc. The Washington station has filed an appeal in the same Court and asked that the stay order be granted pending decision of the issues presented in the appeal.

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RADIO - THE ASSISTANT TEACHER

B. H. Darrow of the State Department of Education of Ohio, has recently completed a book entitled "Radio - The Assistant Teacher" which has been published by the R. G. Adams and Company. The volume, 256 pages in length, is offered as a textbook on the subject of Radio and Education. The nine chapters discuss such subjects as the origin and growth of educational broadcasting, purposes of educational broadcasting, preparation of educational broadcasts, classroom use of radio lessons and the measuring of the effectiveness of educational broadcasts to schools.

The final chapter deals with the future of educational broadcasting in which the author fearlessly points out its limitations as well as its fields of excellence and superiority - its failures as well as its success.

The author has had an opportunity to study all phases of education by radio through the Ohio School of the Air, which he founded, and has presented his experiences in an interesting manner. Broadcasters will find Mr. Darrow's work both instructive and interesting.

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August 6, 1932

KGB GOES TO 1 KW

Station KGB, San Diego, California, this week was granted authority to increase its operating power from 500 to 1000 watts, when the Commission sustained the recommendation of Chief Examiner Yost in Report No. 355. The San Diego station is licensed to Don Lee, Inc., and operates unlimited time on 1330 kc.

The Commission found the applicant is now rendering a generally meritorious service to listeners in the San Diego area and the programs appear to be well diversified and of interest to the public. It was also concluded the granting of the requested increase would result in an increased service to an area which is not now within the good service area of any existing broadcast station. The granting of the application increases the California quota 0.4 unit.

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KNOW HEARING REOPENED

The renewal application of Station KNOW, Austin, Texas, was remanded to the Hearing Docket this week by the Commission for the purpose of taking additional testimony. Examiner Hyde in Report No. 384 recommended that the affairs of Station KNOW be investigated as there was some evidence regarding the station and the licensee which would warrant further inquiry before any action on the station's renewal should be taken.

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FAVORS NEW DAY STATION

Examiner Pratt during the current week recommended the granting of the application of H. H. Hanseth, Eureka, California, requesting authority to erect a new daytime broadcast station on 1210 kc with 100 watts power (Report No. 400). The conclusion of the Report states: "that a construction permit be issued to said applicant, the hours of operation to be daytime hours as defined in Rule 84, the station to be a 'daytime station' as defined by Rule 78 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations."

The Examiner found Eureka and the surrounding area are without dependable daytime reception, although there is a substantial need for a broadcast station on the part of local civic, religious, educational and business institutions and organizations. Speaking of the quota situation in California, Examiner Pratt said the state is now 0.02 units under quota, and while it appears there are other pending applications from the State, which would affect the quota if granted, the record does not show a need for reserving the available units for any of the other applicants.

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SIAM BEGINS RADIO ADVERTISING

The government owned radio station at Bangkok, Siam has recently begun sponsorship of radio programs, according to an announcement of the Department of Commerce made public this week. This action, it is understood, was taken with the sanction of commercial interests in that country.

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Station KOB, San Diego, California, this week was granted authority to [illegible] operating power from 500 to 1000 watts, when the Commission sustained the recommendation of Chief Examiner Yost in Report No. 385. The San Diego station is [illegible] Don Lee, Inc., and operates unlimited time on 1350 kc.

The Commission found the applicant is now rendering a generally meritorious [illegible] to listeners in the San [illegible] area and the programs appear to be well diversified and of interest to [illegible] public. It was also concluded the granting of the requested [illegible] would result in an increased service to an area which is not now within the service area of any existing broadcast station. The granting of the application increases the California quota 0.4 unit.

[illegible] HEARING REOPENED

The renewal application of Station KWOW, Austin, Texas, was remanded to the Hearing Docket this week by the Commission for the purpose of taking additional testimony. Examiner Hyde in Report No. 384 recommended that the affairs of Station KWOW be investigated as there was some evidence regarding the station and the licensee which would warrant further inquiry before any action on the station's renewal should [illegible]

[illegible] DAY STATION

Examiner Pratt during the current week recommended the granting of the application of H. H. Hansen, Eureka, California, requesting authority to erect a new daytime [illegible] station on [illegible] with 100 watts power (Report No. 400). The conclusion of the Report states: "that a construction permit be issued to [illegible] applicant, the [illegible] of operation to be daytime hours as defined in Rule 84, the station to be a daytime station as defined by Rule 78 of the Commission's Rules and [illegible] one."

The Examiner found Eureka and the surrounding area are without [illegible] daytime reception, although there is a substantial need for a broadcast station on the part of local civic, religious, educational and business institutions and organizations. Regarding the quota situation in California, Examiner Pratt said the state is now 102 units under quota, and while it appears there are other pending applications from the State, which would affect the quota if granted, the record does not show a need for reserving the [illegible] units for any of the other applicants.

[illegible] RADIO

The Government owned radio station at Pangkok, Siam has recently begun experimental of radio programs, according to an announcement of the Department of Commerce [illegible] the public this week. This action, it is understood, was taken with the approval of commercial interests in that country.

August 6, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications, subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45, providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
	FIRST ZONE	
WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Granted C. P. to move transmitter from Brooklyn to 38-24 24th Street, Long Island City, New York.
	SECOND ZONE	
KDKA	Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Co. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Granted renewal of license for auxiliary transmitter.
WSAI	The Crosley Radio Corp. Cincinnati, Ohio	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
WCAU	Universal Broadcasting Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Granted Mod. C. P. extend completion date to September 17.
	FOURTH ZONE	
WLS	Agricultural Brdcstg. Co. Chicago, Illinois	Granted Mod. Lic. use auxiliary transmitter of WENR at same location of main transmitter.
KFJF	National Radio Mfg. Co. Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	Granted authority to reduce power to 3KW for period not to exceed 5 days. (Action taken July 29.)
KFRU	Stephens College Columbia, Missouri	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of Lic. to KFRU, Inc.

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LOUISIANA HEARING REOPENED

For the purpose of taking of further testimony, the Commission this week remanded to the Hearing Docket the cases involving the new station application of W. H. Allen Company, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and the renewal application of Station KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana. The applicant for the new station had requested the facilities of the Shreveport station. Examiner Hyde in Report No. 360 recommended both the Alexandria application and the KWEA renewal be denied. The findings of the Examiner in connection with the operation of Station KWEA stated that the Hello World Broadcasting Corporation, the present licensee, has not been operating the station "but on the contrary has turned over its duties and rights as licensee to another party without authority of the Commission--". Recently the Commission granted oral argument in these cases to be heard September 7.

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August 6, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF ACTION
WKAV	WKAV, Inc. Laconia, New Hampshire	Granted temporary license until September 8.
WBT	WBT, Inc. Charlotte, North Carolina	Granted authority to begin tests with 50 KW equipment, beginning August 4th from 1 to 6 a.m., in order to test capacity of transmitter.
KGCA	Charles Walker Greenley Decorah, Iowa	Granted authority to remain silent August 3rd and 4th.
KRMD	KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted authority make tests and operate pending receipt of formal application for assignment of C. P. and application for license to cover C. P. (Original permit authority make changes in equipment and increase power from 50 to 100 watts.).
KICK	Red Oak Radio Corp. Red Oak, Iowa	Granted authority reduce hours of operation from unlimited to specified hours until Commission acts on pending application for C.P. Specified hours: Daily except Sunday (CST) 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.
WENC	Americus Broadcast Co. Americus, Georgia	Granted authority operate unlimited time until August 10 while station WFDW is silent. (WFDW is now licensed to operate unlimited time on 1420 kc, but has requested to remain silent until August 15.)
WFDW	Alabama Broadcasting Co. Anniston, Alabama	Granted authority to remain silent from August 1 to 15 because frequency monitor cannot be delivered before August 15th; transmitter is being moved and application is being filed to instal new crystal oscillator and automatic temperature oven.
KGEW	City of Ft. Morgan F. Morgan, Colorado	Denied extension of time in which to place order for a frequency monitor as required by Rule 145.

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August 6, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
KWKC	Wilson Duncan Broadcasting Co. Kansas City, Missouri	Renewal of License.
WFIW	W F I W, Inc. Hopkinsville, Kentucky	Renewal of License.
WPRO-WPAW	Cherry & Webb Broadcasting Co. Providence, Rhode Island	Requests C. P. to move transmitter to near Graystone, Rhode Island, change frequency from 1210 to 630 kc, increase power from 100 to 250 watts, install new equipment and new antenna system to be operated directionally at night and non-directionally at daytime.
NEW	James M. Caldwell Goodland, Kansas	Requests C. P. 1310 kc, 100 watts, share with KGFW (Facilities of KGFW).
WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase night power from 250 to 500 watts.
WLEY	The Lexington Air Station Lexington, Massachusetts	C. P. move transmitter from Lexington to Lowell, Massachusetts.
NEW	R. W. and D. P. Lautzenheiser Prescott, Arizona	C. P. new station 1500 kc; 100 watts; unlimited time (Facilities of KPJM).

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications for the reason they did not comply with regulations:

3-PB-2641	A. H. Yeomans Athens, Georgia	NEW	C. P. for a new station on 1450 kc. (Unsatisfactory equipment.)
2-ALB-416	G. F. Schiessler & M. E. Stephens d/b as Home Cut Glass & China Co. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	WNBW	Vol. Assign. of Lic. to WNBW, Inc. Regulations not complied with.
4-PB-2604	Cedar Rapids Broadcast Co. Cedar Rapids, Iowa.	KWCR	Change equipment and increase day power to 250 W. (Rule 6 a & c).
3-PB-2644	William O. Purkins & Merrill Eidson, d/b as Radio Service Co. Temple, Texas	NEW	C. P. for a new station on 1340 kc (Rules 140, 146, 120 and 6.)

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[illegible] during the current week the Commission [illegible] the following [illegible] for hearing:

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Broadcasting Co.	Renewal of [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] W, Inc	[illegible]wal of License
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Requests C. [illegible] move transmitter to near [illegible] change frequency from [illegible] to [illegible] kc, increase [illegible] to [illegible] watts, [illegible] equipment and antenna system to be operated directionally [illegible] night and [illegible]
[illegible]	James M. Caldwell [illegible], Kansas	[illegible] C. P. 1210 kc, 100 watts, [illegible] KGWW (modifies of [illegible])
[illegible]	M. A. Leese [illegible] Corp. [illegible], D. C.	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase power from [illegible] to 500 [illegible]
[illegible]	The Burlington Air Station [illegible], Massachusetts	C. P. move transmitter from Lexington to Lowell, Massachusetts.
[illegible]	R. W. and D. P. Lautenschleiger [illegible], [illegible]	C. P. new station 1500 kc; 100 watts; limited time (modifies of KSWM).

[illegible]TIONS RETURNED

[illegible] the current week the Commission returned the following applications for [illegible] they did not comply with regulations:

[illegible]	[illegible] H. [illegible] [illegible], Georgia	WEW	C. P. for a new station on 1480 kc. (Unsatisfactory equipment.)
15	C. T. Schlueter & M. E. Stephens d/b as Home Over Glass & China Co. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	WWWW	Vol. assign. of Lic. to WWEW, in [illegible]
[illegible]	Cedar Rapids Broadcast Co. Cedar Rapids, Iowa.	KWCR	Change equipment and increase power to 250 W. (Rule [illegible])
44	William O. Furness & Merrill Hagen, d/b as Radio Service Co. Texas	NEW	C. P. for a new station on 1240 kc (Rules 140, 146, 120 and 6.)

August 6, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-PB-2569	NEW	John E. McGoff, Ralph M. Sutcliff & Julius Schaffer, Newport, Rhode Island	C. P. new station on 1280 kc; 250 watts; 8 hours daily, resubmitted; amended as to power and name.

The requested frequency is now assigned in this area to Station WCAP, Asbury Park, New Jersey; WOAX, Trenton, New Jersey; and WCAM, Camden, New Jersey; all licensed to share time with power of 500 watts. The First Zone is over quota; Rhode Island is under quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota.

		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2655	NEW	Herman O. Halstead Hazleton, Pennsylvania	C. P. new station on 1420 kc; 100 W. Share with Station WILM (Facilities of WILM).

The requested facilities are now assigned to Station WILM, Wilmington, Delaware, operating unlimited time on this channel with power of 100 watts and unlimited time. Delaware is in the First Zone. Pennsylvania is in the Second Zone. The First Zone is under quota; Delaware is over quota 0.3 unit. The Second Zone is under quota; Pennsylvania is under quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota

2-PB-2656	WTEL	Foulkrod Radio Engineering Co., Philadelphia, Pa.	C. P. move transmitter to Somerton, Pennsylvania; install new transmitter change frequency to 1170 kc; 5 KW; unlimited time. (Fac. of WCAU).

The applicant at present is licensed to operate with 100 watts on 1370 kc, sharing time with Station WHAT. The granting of this application would increase the quota.

		FOURTH ZONE	
4-PB-2636	KUSD	University of So. Dakota Vermillion, South Dakota	C. P. make changes in equipment and increase power to 1 KW.

At present the applicant is licensed to operate with power of 500 watts on 890 kc, sharing time with Stations KFNF, Shenandoah, Iowa and Station WILL, Urbana, Illinois. The frequency is now listed under Commission regulations as a Canadian Shared channel. The distance to the nearest Canadian Border from Vermillion is approximately 440 miles. Rule 123 of the Regulations reads: "No station will be authorized to operate on any of these frequencies (Canadian Shared Channels) with a power that will cause interference at the boundary between the two countries." The Fourth Zone is over quota; South Dakota is under quota. The granting of this application would increase the quota. The closest station to Vermillion on this frequency is Station KARK, Little Rock, Arkansas, operating unlimited time with 250 watts power and approximately 615 miles distant. Station KSEI, Pocatello, Idaho, with 250 watts power and unlimited time is approximately 790 miles distant from Vermillion. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 1050 miles under similar circumstances.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

4-ALB-448	WEBQ	First Trust & Savings Bank Harrisburg, Illinois	Vol. assign. lic. to Harrisburg Broadcasting Company.

FIFTH ZONE

5-ALB-447	KPJM	A. P. Miller Prescott, Arizona	Vol. assign. lic. to M. B. Scott and Edward C. Sturm d/b as Scott & Sturm.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: WRC, Washington, D. C.; KVL, Seattle, Washington; WWSW, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; WDAY, Fargo, North Dakota; KLS, Oakland, California; WBEN, Buffalo, N. Y.; KIDW, Lamar,Colo.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications requesting authority to make changes in equipment including installation of automatic frequency control devices from the following station: WSMB, New Orleans, Louisiana; WMIL, Brooklyn, N.Y. WBEN, Buffalo, N. Y.

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EXTENSION APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications requesting authority to extend completion datès on previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: WSYB, Rutland, Vermont, (1500 kc); WCOA, Pensacola, Florida, (1340 kc); WHEF, Kosciuskio, Mississippi, (1500 kc).

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RULE 145 EXTENDED

The Commission this week extended until September 1, 1932, the operation of Rule 145, requiring installation of monitoring devices in the case of the following stations, since the licensees have ordered specified equipment, now under test at the Bureau of Standards: KMA, Shenandoah, Iowa; WKBZ, Ludington, Michigan.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits to the following stations: WIOD-WMBF, Miami, Florida; WRBL, Columbus, Georgia; KMBC, Kansas City, Missouri.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C. August 13, 1932
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

COPYRIGHT

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Just as soon as new developments transpire broadcasters will be informed promptly.

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Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly from the Association's headquarters, National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be

August 13, 1932

COMMISSION APPOINTMENT LAGS

Appointment of a Commissioner to take the place of Major General Charles McK. Saltzman, recently resigned, is expected daily.

It was expected that the President would make the appointment before the Madrid delegation sails for Europe next week in order to permit the election of a chairman.

Conflicting rumors as to the appointment have gained wide currency but nothing official can be learned from the White House.

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ELECTRICAL TAX BRIEF FILED

There is no fundamental distinction between broadcasting stations and radio communication companies with respect to the utilization of electrical energy, the National Association of Broadcasters urged in a brief filed with the Internal Revenue Bureau this week in opposition to the imposition of the three per cent power tax provided in the 1932 revenue act.

Under the act only commercial and domestic uses of electrical energy are taxable at the three per cent rate while industrial activities are exempted.

By regulation the Bureau has exempted public utilities, railroad companies, telephone and telegraph companies and radio communication companies. Manufacturing, milling, mining, publishing, and processing companies likewise are exempted by the regulations.

The NAB takes the position that broadcasting stations are entitled to the same classification as radio communication companies insofar as the use of power is concerned. The brief points out that all types of radio stations, whether television, broadcasting, point-to-point, or communication companies utilize raw electrical energy in the same manner. It is pointed out also that all radio stations are licensed by the government in accordance with a single standard of public interest.

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MADRID DELEGATION TO SAIL

The United States delegation to the International Radio telegraph Conference to be held at Madrid in September will sail from New York next Tuesday. Judge Eugene O. Sykes, oldest member of the Commission in point of service, will head up the delegation with Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, chief engineer of the Commission, and Walter Lichtenstein, of Chicago, as members.

The delegation will take with it the recommendations of the NAB for widening of the broadcast band and this subject will be one of the most important to receive consideration at the Madrid meeting.

Arrangements are being made to keep the membership of the NAB informed of developments during the progress of the convention.

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August 13, 1932

HENRY FIELD PAYS VISIT

Henry Field, owner and operator of Station KFNF, Shanandoah, Iowa, called at the NAB office this week.

Field, who defeated Senator Brookhart for the Republican nomination for United States Senator in Iowa recently, called to talk broadcasting and to escape from the round of political conferences which kept him busy while in Washington.

Being a successful broadcaster, Field knows the problems of our industry. He has definite ideas on the subject of radio. He is vigorously opposed to government control of broadcasting and is also opposed to any further restrictions on advertising content in programs.

On the subject of price quotation he said it had always been his belief that price was one of the descriptive elements of an article of sale.

Broadcasters will have a real friend if Henry Field is sent to the United States Senate.

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CHAIRMAN DAVIS IS DEFEATED

Representative Ewin L. Davis (D) of Tennessee, chairman of the House Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries Committee and author of the Davis Amendment to the Radio Act, was defeated for the Democratic nomination in the recent Tennessee primaries. The vote was close and there is a possibility of contest.

Chairman Davis has served in the House for a number of years and has been active on the subject of radio legislation. While he has been outspoken against what he terms over-commercialization of broadcasting he has consistently upheld the American plan of broadcasting.

During the past year his Congressional district was merged with an adjoining district and Representative Mitchell from the merged district was victorious over Chairman Davis.

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PARTY FOR DELEGATES

A group of friends last week gave a dinner at the National Press Club in honor of Judge Eugene O. Sykes and Dr. C. B. Jolliffe who will sail next week as United States delegates to the Madrid radio conference.

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KSL GOES COLUMBIA

Station KSL, Salt Lake City, Utah, will become a fulltime outlet of the Columbia Broadcasting System on September 1, it was announced this week by President William S. Paley of CBS.

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August 13, 1932

DENY BATON ROUGE APPLICATION

The application of the Baton Rouge Broadcasting Co., Baton Rouge, La., to erect a new broadcast station on 1450 kc was denied by the Commission this week. The decision sustained the recommendations of Chief Examiner Yost in Report No. 381. The applicant had requested part of the facilities now assigned to Station KTBS, Shreveport, La., operating unlimited time on the requested frequency. In the same case, the Commission granted the renewal application of the Shreveport station.

Finding some merit in the contention of the applicant that Baton Rouge and the surrounding area are not within the consistent and reliable service range of any existing station, the Commission denied the request on the ground that withdrawing any part of the KTBS facilities would not be in the public interest. It was held the Shreveport outlet has been rendering generally meritorious service. Said the Commission: "It does not appear that there exists such a need for the proposed additional service in the Baton Rouge area as would justify the withdrawal of a portion of the facilities now assigned to Station KTBS."

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COMMISSION DENIES 5 KW ON 940 KC

The Commission this week upheld its regulation limiting night power on regional channels to a maximum of 1000 watts, when it denied the applications of Stations WCSH, Portland, Me., KOIN, Portland, Oreg.; WDAY, Fargo, N. D. and WFIW, Hopkinsville, Ky. all seeking power increases of from 1 to 5 KW on 940 kc, the present assignment of the applicants. Commissioner Harold A. Lafount filed a dissenting opinion in which he set forth his objections to the majority view. This decision of the majority sustained the findings and recommendations of Examiner Pratt in Report No. 376.

A major problem confronting the Commission in the case was the question of the possibility of increased interference on 940 kc, as well as in some instances to stations located in adjacent channels. In this connection, the majority decision states:

"At all points where interference now exists between the applicant stations on 940 kilocycles the proposed increases in power would not alter the ratio of the desired to the undesired signal, inasmuch as whereever the undesired signal is increased the desired signal is increased by the same factor, hence the area of each of the stations now bounded by interference from the other stations on 940 kilocycles would be neither increased nor decreased by the proposed increase in power. Increases in power of this character would have the effect of bringing each station's signal strength, at points outside the present good service area, up to the value of what would be a good signal, but at the same time interference would be created with that new signal and it would be rendered futile at its creation. There would be an increase in signal intensity within the present good service radius of each station and no new interference would be caused in those areas."

Later in the Report, the Commission said interference is and must be considered a limiting factor in any plan of allocation and further horizontal increases in power, such as are requested by these applicants, while resulting in stronger signals in the present good service areas, will not increase those areas."

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COMMISSION DENIES 5 KW ON 940 KC (Continued)

In its grounds for decision, the majority of the Commission concluded that the granting of these applications would cause interference with the operation of Station WBRC, Birmingham, Ala., now assigned to operate on an adjacent frequency to 940 kc. In commenting upon the present plan of allocation, the Commission said any further use of the 940 kc frequency would entail the placing of additional stations on the frequency in under-served areas rather than any grant permitting the present stations on the channel to increase power. Commissioner Lafount in his dissenting opinion said: "All that might be said to stand in the way of the granting of these applications is a strict interpretation and application of two of our regulations." The regulations to which reference is made are Rules 120 and 109 of the Commission Rules and Regulations. In a lengthy opinion, the Commissioner takes issue with the majority decision, expressing the view that the Rules and Regulations in this particular instance should not be applied so strictly and with such severity. The decision of the Commission fails to consider the present stage of advancement in broadcasting. Further, he said, the decision of the Commission does not consider the improved conditions which would result to listeners by the granting of these 5 KW applications on 940 kc. "Since the development of high quality transmitting technique, of newer and more faithful instrumentailities, of high voltage loud speakers, higher signal intensity is absolutely necessary," the Commissioner declared.

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WBT HIGHWAY APPROVED

The highway commissions of South and North Carolina have changed the name of Nation's Ford road to the WBT Highway in honor of Station WBT, Charlotte, N. C., which will go on the air on August 12 with 25 kw. The city of Charlotte will observe a civic holiday on that day.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: WKAQ, San Juan, P. R.; KRMD, Shreveport, La.; WFAS, White Plains, N. Y.; WMC, Memphis, Tenn.; WBT, Charlotte, N. C.,

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CONSOLIDATION BOND SUIT

The New York Supreme Court ruled that the Waltham Watch Company had not shown a sufficient complaint to hold the Federal Broadcasting Company liable for a sum of $25,000 which the latter company had agreed to pay as damages resulting from its failure to consolidate three broadcasting stations. According to the decision the broadcasting company, in consideration of the sum of $25,000 paid to it by the Waltham Watch Company undertook to consolidate three broadcasting stations, to apply for increased power for the consolidated station and to broadcast certain announcements for the plaintiff. A bond was given to guarantee performance of the agreements. The consolidation failed and the plaintiff sought damages for the breach. The court held that the complaint was faulty in that it did not allege that the defendant broadcasting company had omitted to repay. Motion was granted to plaintiff to serve an amended complaint.

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The consideration failed and the plaintiff sought damages [illegible] breach. [illegible] court held that the complaint was faulty in that it did not allege that the [illegible] defendant broadcasting company had omitted to repay. Motion was [illegible] plaintiff.

August 13, 1932

RECOMMENDS KICK MOVE

Chief Examiner Yost this week recommended the granting of the application of Station KICK to change the station location from Red Oak, Iowa to Carter Lake in the same state. (Report No. 403). The application for the removal was originally granted by the Commission without hearing. Under Rules 44 & 45 Stations WOW and WAAW, Omaha, Nebraska, and Station KOIL, Council Bluffs, Iowa, protested the granting of this application and the entire matter was designated for hearing.

The Omaha and Council Bluffs stations contended that the granting of the application would bring another station into an area that is already receiving adequate service and that the proposed service of KICK would not provide needed additional facilities. According to the testimony of the applicant the removal into a larger metropolitan district will permit use of much additional talent not available for broadcasting at Red Oak.

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RECOMMENDS DENIAL WHP FULL TIME

The application of Station WHP, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, for unlimited time on 1430 kc is recommended for denial by Examiner Pratt in Report No. 404. Station WHP at present is licensed to share time with Station WBAK, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, operated by the Pennsylvania State Police.

The Examiner found both stations are rendering meritorious service to listeners in the Harrisburg area. Both stations are broadcasting programs entirely different in nature and according to the Examiner are in the public interest. The contention of the applicant that WHP should have full time to provide unlimited chain program service to Harrisburg listeners, is answered with the statement that the same service is now available in this area from other stations. One of the additional reasons for recommending denial is the conclusion of the Examiner that the State of Pennsylvania has a substantial investment in Station WBAK and it should not be deprived of this "without compelling reasons".

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following applications at the request of the applicant.

NEW	F. N. Blake Realty Co. Dracut, Massachusetts	C. P. for new station; 680 kc; 250 watts; daytime only.
NEW	J. E. Richards Greenville, S. Carolina	C. P. for new station ;590 kc; 250 watts; 500 watts LS; unlimited.

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August 13, 1932

RENEWALS GRANTED

At its sessions during the current week the Commission granted renewal applications for the regular license period to the following stations: WAAF, Chicago, Ill., WBEN, Buffalo, N. Y.; WBSO, Needham, Massachusetts; WCAC, Storrs, Connecticut; WCAJ, Lincoln, Nebraska; WCAO, Baltimore, Maryland; WDAF, Kansas City, Missouri; WEAN, Providence, Rhode Island; WEAO, Columbus, Ohio; WEEI, Boston, Massachusetts; WGBI, Scranton, Pennsylvania; WGR, Buffalo, N. Y.; WICC, Bridgeport, Connecticut; WJAR, Providence, Rhode Island; WJAY, Cleveland, Ohio; WKBN, Youngstown, Ohio; WKY, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; WKZO, Kalamazoo, Michigan; WLBZ, Bangor, Maine; WLIT, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WMAL, Washington, D. C.; WMMN, Fairmont, West Virginia; WOBU, Charleston, West Virginia; WOW, Omaha, Nebraska; WQAM, Miami, Florida;WQAN, Scranton, Pennsylvania; WREC-WOAN, Memphis, Tennessee; WSAZ, Huntington, West Virginia; WSUI, Iowa City, Iowa; WTAR-WPOR, Norfolk, Virginia; WTMJ, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; WWJ, Detroit, Michigan; KFDY, Brookings, South Dakota; KFEL, Denver, Colorado; KFRC, San Francisco, California; KFUO, Clayton, Missouri; KFXF, Denver, Colorado; KFYR, Bismarck, North Dakota; KGKO, Wichita Falls, Texas; KGW, Portland, Oregon; KHJ, Los Angeles, California; KHQ, Spokane, Washington; KLX, Oakland, California; KLZ, Denver, Colorado; KMTR, Los Angeles California; KOAC, Corvallis, Oregon; KOMO, Seattle, Washington; KPOF, Denver, Colorado; KPRC, Houston, Texas; KSAC, Manhattan, Kansas; KSD, St. Louis, Missouri; KSEI, Pocatello Idaho; KTAR, Phoenix, Arizona; KVI, Tacoma, Washington.

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RULE 145 EXTENDED

The operation of Rule 145 of the Commission Rules and Regulations was suspended until September 1st by the Commission this week in the case of the following stations: KOY, Phoenix, Arizona; WOWO, Ft. Wayne, Indiana; WGL, Ft. Wayne, Indiana, WBBC, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WODA, Paterson, Jew Jersey, WPHR, Petersburg, Virginia; KRMD, Shreveport, Louisiana; KXA, Seattle, Washington, WJAK, Elkhart, Indiana; WKBN, Youngstown, Ohio; KRGV, Harlingen, Texas; WMCA, New York City; WLBL, Stevens Point, Wisconsin; KGBX, St. Joseph, Missouri; WIBA, Madison, Wisconsin; KICK, Red Oak, Iowa; WGAL, Lancaster, Pennsylvania; WMBG, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WHBL, Sheboygan, Wisconsin; WAAW, Omaha, Nebraska; WCRW, Chicago, Illinois; WDEL, Wilmington, Delaware, WILM, Wilmington, Delaware; WDAS, Philadelphia, Pa.; WOAI, San Antonio, Texas; WFAA, Dallas, Texas, WMIL, Brooklyn, N.Y.; WJSV, Alexandria, Virginia; KWCR, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; WEHS, Cicero, Illinois; WKBI, Cicero, Illinois; WHFC, Cicero, Illinois; WSBC, Chicago, Illinois; KGCU, Mandan, North Dakota; KFI, Los Angeles, California; KFVS, Cape Girardeau, Missouri; KMPC, Beverly Hills, California; WSUI, Iowa City, Iowa.

WCAJ, Lincoln, Nebraska; KFXF, Denver, Colorado; KVL, Seattle, Washington; KSCO, Sioux Falls, South Dakota; WHA, Madison, Wisconsin; KPPC, Pasadena, California; KMTR, Los Angeles, California; WBEN, Buffalo, N.Y.; WJKS, Gary, Indiana; WIBU, Poynette, Wisconsin; WTAR-WPOR, Norfolk, Virginia; WEVD, New York City; WHBQ, Memphis, Tennessee; KFYR, Bismarck, North Dakota; WEEU, Reading, Pennsylvania; WORC, Worcester, Massachusetts; WQBC, Vicksburg, Mississippi; WPFB, Harriesburg, Mississippi; WRAW, Reading, Pennsylvania; KFOR, Lincoln, Nebraska; KFLV, Rockford, Illinois; WGH, Newport News, Virginia; WQDM, St. Albans, Vermont; KFVD, Los Angeles, California; KDLR, Devils Lake, North Dakota; KTAT, Fort Worth,Texas; WSVS, Buffalo, N. Y.; KPJM, Prescott, Arizona; WFOX, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WQDX, Thomasville, Georgia; WIL, St. Louis, Missouri; WRR, Dallas, Texas.

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August 13, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following application, subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing that proper protest may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
		FIRST ZONE
WSYB	Philip Weiss, tr. as Philip Weiss Music Co., Rutland, Vermont	Granted extension of completion date of C.P. from August 28, 1932 to September 28, 1932.
		SECOND ZONE
WELL	Enquirer News Co. Battle Creek, Michigan	Granted C. P. make changes in equipment and move studio locally.
		THIRD ZONE
KFJF	National Radio Mfg. Co. Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	Granted authority discontinue operation pending action on formal application.
KXYZ	Harris County Brdcstg. Co. Houston, Texas	Granted C. P. make changes in equipment; change frequency from 1420 to 1440 kc and increase power from 100 to 250 watts. (Fac. of KTLC) also authority to consolidate Stations KTLC and KXYZ.
KTLC	Houston Broadcasting Co. Houston, Texas.	Granted cons. vol. assign. lic. to Harris County Broadcast Co.
		FOURTH ZONE
KGDY	The Voice of So. Dakota Huron, So. Dakota	Granted authority remain silent to make repairs.
		FIFTH ZONE
KUJ	KUJ, Inc. Walla Walla, Washington	Granted authority operate from 7:00 to 9:30 p.m. August 16th.
KPJM	Scott & Sturm Prescott, Arizona	Granted authority operate station until September 15, pending action on application for assignment of license.
KLO	Interstate Broadcasting Corp. Ogden, Utah	Granted C. P. to move transmitter from Riverdale Road, near Ogden, to 10 Main St., Salt Lake City, and move studio from Ogden to Vermont Building, Salt Lake City.

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August 13, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

NEW	John E. McGoff Ralph M. Sutcliff & Julius Schaeffer, Newport, R.I.	C. P. new station on 1280 kc; 250 watts; 8 hours daily.
KNOW	KUT Broadcasting Co. Austin, Texas	C. P. install new transmitter
KMLB	Liner's Broadcasting Station Monroe, Louisiana	Mod. Lic. change frequency from 1200 to 1210 kc. Facilities of KRMD.
WCGU	United States Brdcstg. Co. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Application for C. P. to move transmitter from Brooklyn to Long Island City because of protest of Station WWRL, Long Island City.
NEW	Everett Joseph Riley & Joseph Franklin Riley, D/B as Wabash Valley Broadcasting Company Attien, Indiana	Requests C. P. for new station, 1210 kc; 100 watts, unlimited time. (Facilities of WHBF).

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications for the reason they did not comply with regulations:

3-PB-2652	Armand Ralph Gamache Newton, North Carolina	NEW	C. P. for new station on 1500 kc (unsatisfactory transmitter Rules 6 a; 6 b and Rule 121).
3-PB-2572	Carroto Finance Corp. Muskogee, Oklahoma	NEW	C. P. for new station on 1210 kc (Rule 6 c and d).
5-PB-2653	Juneau Broadcasting Co. Juneau, Alaska	NEW	C. P. for new station on 1210 kc (unsatisfactory equipment Rules 139, 140, 146 and 6).
4-MLB-1034	Boone Biblical College Boone, Iowa	KFGQ	Mod. Lic. for change in hours of operation (out of order).

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits to the following stations: WDAY, Fargo, North Dakota; KXL, Portland, Oregon; WSM, Nashville, Tennessee.

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August 13, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the following applications were received at the Commission.

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-MPB-362	WNBX	WNBX Broadcasting Corp. Springfield, Vermont	Mod. C. P. requesting different transmitter location.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-ALB-446	WJMS	Johnson Music Store Ironwood, Michigan	Vol. assign. of license to WJMS, Inc.
2-PB-2659	NEW	The Building Industries Exhibit, Inc., W. B. Campbell, President, Cincinnati, Ohio	C. P. for new station on 900 kc; 250 watts; daytime.

The closest stations to the proposed location on the requested frequency are Station WBEN, Buffalo, N. Y., operating unlimited time with 1 KW and approximately 405 miles distant and Station WJAX, Jacksonville, Florida, with unlimited time and 1 KW, approximately 640 miles distant. The Second Zone is under quota; Ohio is under quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.2 unit.

2-MPB-361	WHAS	The Courier-Journal Co. & The Louisville Times Co. Louisville, Kentucky	Extend completion date on 25 KW C. P. to 10/17/32.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-APB-31	KRMD	Robert M. Dean. Shreveport, Louisiana	Vol. assign. C. P. to Radio Station KRMD, Inc.
3-PB-2629	NEW	The Greenville News Peidmont Co., Greenville, S. C.	C.P.new station amended to request 590 kc; 250 w; 500 w LS; unlimited time instead of 800 kc; 1 KW; limited time.

The closest stations to the proposed location on the requested frequency are Station WGCM, Gulfport, Mississippi, operating with 1 KW on a daytime assignment, approximately 500 miles distant; Station WEEI, Boston, Massachusetts, an unlimited time station with 1000 watts approximately 830 miles distant and Station WOW, Omaha, Nebraska, with 1 KW and approximately 860 miles distant. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 1050 miles in the case of a 1 KW and a 250 watt station operating simultaneously on the same frequency at night. The Third Zone is over quota; South Carolina is under quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0;5 unit.

3-PB-2537	NEW	Peoples Broadcasting Corp. Jacksonville, Florida	C. P. amended request 1370 kc; 100 watts; daytime instead of 1200 kc; 100 watts; unlimited. Still seeks facilities of Station WMBR, Tampa, Florida.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

The closest station to the proposed location on the requested frequency is Station WJTL, Atlanta, Georgia, operating unlimited time with 100 watts and approximately 290 miles distant. The granting of the application would not involve the quota.

3-MPB-364	KVOO	Southwestern Sales Corp. Tulsa, Oklahoma	Extend Completion date of C. P. for 25 KW to 12/17/32.
3-PB-2399	NEW	A. W. Marshall Jr., A. W. Marshall, Sr., & Aaron Malcom La Grange, Georgia	C. P. new station on 1500 kc amendid request specified hours facilities of WRDW, Augusta Georgia and also as to applicant.
3-PB-2657	WGST	Georgia School of Tech. Atlanta, Georgia	C. P. change in equipment; increase power from 250 watts, 500 watts LS to 500 watts and 1 KW LS.

FOURTH ZONE

4-PB-2604	KWCR	Cedar Rapids Broadcast Co. Cedar Rapids, Iowa	C. P. make changes in equipment; increase power from 100 watts to 100 watts and 250 watts LS. (Resubmitted)

The applicant is now licensed to operate unlimited time on 1420 kc. The closest stations to Cedar Rapids on this frequency are Stations KICK, Red Oak, Iowa; WEHS, Evanston, Illinois; WKBI and WHFC, Cicero, Illinois. All are approximately 200 miles distant. The Fourth Zone is over quota; Iowa is over quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota.

4-ALB-450	WISN	Evening Wisconsin Co. Milwaukee, Wisconsin	Vol. assign. lic. to American Radio News Corporation.
4-MPB-363	WOC-WHO	Central Broadcasting Co. Iowa (studio to be determined)	Mod. C. P. to extend completion date to 2/17/33 for 50 KW C. P.

FIFTH ZONE

5-MLB-1035	KTFI	Radio Broadcasting Corp. Twin Falls, Idaho	Mod. Lic. increase day power from 500 to 1000 watts. (Facilities of KGKX, Lewiston, Idaho).

The applicant is now licensed to operate unlimited time on 1240 kc. The closest station to Twin Falls on this frequency is Station KGCU, Mandan, N. D., approximately 735 miles distant. The granting of the application would not involve the quota.

5-PB-2661	NEW	Intermountain Brdcstg. Corp. Ogden, Utah.	C. P. new station on 1400 kc; 500 watts; unlimited time; fac. of KLO, Ogden, Utah.
5-PB-2650	KLO	Interstate Brdcstg. Corp. Ogden, Utah	C. P. move to Salt Lake City amended as to proposed transmitter location.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C. August 20, 1932
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

DURING THE WEEK!

1. Informal conferences between the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers and the National Association of Broadcasters were continued.

2. Four delegates who will represent the United States at the International Radiotelegraph Convention at Madrid sailed from New York.

3. The President spent part of the week fishing and the remainder at his lodge at Rapidan, Va. with the result that no announcement of an appointment to the Federal Radio Commission has been made.

4. The Federal Radio Commission, three members being present, has decided to hold one official meeting weekly until September 6.

5. The Federal Radio Commission announced the dismissal of seven employes at the Grand Island, Neb. monitoring station in accordance with the government's economy program.

6. The Sta-Shine rate case, which the Interstate Commerce Commission now has under consideration, will be appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States, counsel for the Sta-Shine Company announced.

7. Forty-three state legislatures will meet in regular session next year.

August 20, 1932

MADRID DELEGATION SAILS

The delegates who will represent the United States at the forthcoming International Radiotelegraph Conference to be held at Madrid, sailed from New York last Tuesday on the Roosevelt.

The delegation is being headed by Judge Eugene O. Sykes, vice chairman of the Federal Radio Commission. Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, chief engineer of the Commission, and Walter Lichtenstein of Chicago, were originally appointed as members and sailed with Judge Sykes.

An eleventh hour appointment was given to Dr. Irwin Stewart of the Department of State. Dr. Stewart, originally slated to accompany the delegation as an advisor, was named by President Hoover as a full-fledged delegate two days before the date for sailing.

The Conference will convene on September 3, and will remain in session until its work has been concluded.

One of the major problems before the conference is the question of widening the broadcast band. The NAB will be represented by Louis G. Caldwell, chairman of the International Broadcasting Committee, in these discussions and will urge adoption of the resolution approved by the NAB board of directors.

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GERMAN BROADCASTING UNDER REICH

Centralized control of the German broadcasting system will result from recent action under which the Reich assumes full power over broadcasting in that country through the Reich Broadcasting Company. Regional committees, which have had some voice in program composition, are abolished and under the new arrangement the German Reich will control 51 per cent of all stock with the balance held in the German states. Two Commissioners of the Reich will control the new company.

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KDYL JOINS NBC NETWORK

Station KDYL, Salt Lake City, Utah, has joined the network of the National Broadcasting Company. The station has been affiliated with the Columbia Broadcasting System but recently with the announcement that KSL, Salt Lake City, would relinquish its NBC connection in favor of CNS, KDYL changed over to NBC.

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COMMISSION ISSUES CIRCULAR LETTERS

A new method of handling matters involving Commission routine and activities so far as instructions and orders to personnel is concerned, has been instituted. In place of individual typewritten information being furnished, hereafter circular letters may be issued in instances where the instructions are sufficiently important and general in nature.

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SUMMER MEETING SCHEDULE

The Federal Radio Commission on Thursday adopted the following motion relating to meetings from August 18 to September 6:

"On Motion duly made and carried, the Commission directed that during the period from August 18, 1932 to September 6, 1932, when a majority of the Commission is not present, the Commissioner or Commissioners present are hereby directed to act subject to the ratification of the Commission with regard to the following matters:

"1. Applications for licenses or renewal of licenses.

"2. Applications for modification of construction permits.

"3. Applications for consent to voluntary assignments of construction permits or licenses.

"4. Any application or request to meet an emergency

Also to

"1. Direct the filing of applications for renewal of licenses agreeable with Rule 17.

"2. Designate for hearing applications for:

"(a) Construction permits

"(b) Modification of Licenses."

The motion does not provide for any action on examiners' reports or on other matters which would involve changes in station assignments.

Commissioners Lafount, Starbuck and Brown are still in the city.

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PROBLEMS OF EDUCATION BY RADIO

"The classroom teacher occupies an important position in the broadcast teaching-learning situation," Dr. C. M. Koon declared in a published statement in the U. S. Daily. "After all, pupils are possessed of the same abilities to learn and afflicted by the same resistance to instruction when they are taught by radio as when they are taught in any other way."

"If the normal teaching-learning situation is to be established," he further stated, "there must be close cooperation between the broadcasting teacher and the classroom teacher. It is very important that the classroom teachers have an intelligent appreciation of the technique of effective broadcasting. It is equally important that the broadcasting teachers understand the classroom conditions under which the broadcast lessons are received.

"The development of the art of teaching by radio depends upon team-work between the remote teacher at the microphone and the local teacher before her pupils. It is the responsibility of supervision to make sure that cooperative relations are built up."

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The Federal Radio Commission on Thursday adopted the [illegible]ing motion [illegible] meetings from August 15 to September 6:

"On motion duly made and carried, the Commission directed [illegible] the period from August 15, 1932 to [illegible] the Commission is not present, the Commissioner or Commissioners [illegible] directed to act subject to the ratification of the Commission with regard to the following matt[illegible]s:

"1. Applications for licenses or renewal of lice[illegible]

"2. Applications for modification of construction permits.

Applications for consent to voluntary assignments or construction permits or licenses.

"4. Any application or request to meet an emergency

Also to

Direct the filing of applications for renewal of licenses agreeable with Rule [illegible].

Designate for hearing applications for:

"(a) Construction permits

"(b) Modification of [illegible]

The [illegible] not provide for any action on examiners' reports or on other [illegible] would involve changes in station assignments.

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"The development of the art of teaching by radio depends upon team-w[illegible] between the remote teacher at the [illegible] teacher [illegible] the responsibility of supervision to make sure that [illegible] unit up."

FORTY-THREE LEGISLATURES MEET

Forty-three state legislative bodies will meet in regular session during 1933. Here is a list of states in which legislatures will meet in regular session and the dates for convening:

ARIZONA, January 6; ARKANSAS, January 9; CALIFORNIA, January 2; COLORADO, January 4; CONNECTICUT, January 4; DELAWARE, January 3; FLORIDA, April 4; GEORGIA, June 28; IDAHO, January 2; ILLINOIS, January 4; INDIANA, January 5; IOWA, January 9; KANSAS, January 10; MAINE, January 4; MARYLAND, January 4; MASSACHUSETTS, January 4; MICHIGAN, January 4; MINNESOTA, January 3; MISSOURI, January 4; MONTANA, January 2; NEBRASKA, January 3; NEVADA, January 16; NEW HAMPSHIRE, January 4; NEW JERSEY, January 10; NEW MEXICO, January 10; NEW YORK, January 4.

NORTH CAROLINA, January 4; NORTH DAKOTA, January 3; OHIO, January 2; OKLAHOMA, January 3; OREGON, January 9; PENNSYLVANIA, January 3; RHODE ISLAND, January 3; SOUTH CAROLINA, January 10; SOUTH DAKOTA, January 3; TENNESSEE, January 2; TEXAS, January 10; UTAH, January 9; VERMONT, January 4; WASHINGTON, January 9; WEST VIRGINIA, January 11; WISCONSIN, January 11; WYOMING, January 10.

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STA-SHINE CASE UNDECIDED

A decision is expected within the next few weeks in the rate case instituted by the Sta-Shine Products Company against the National Broadcasting Company and Station WGBB, Freeport, L. I. before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Counsel for the Sta-Shine Company served notice this week that the case will be appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States if the decision of the Commission is unfavorable to his client.

The case involves the power of the Commission to fix advertising rates which may be charged by broadcasting companies. After a hearing last December an examiner of the Commission decided that the Commission was without power to fix such rates. The report of the examiner was objected to and the points of law have been argued before the Commission. Only the question of jurisdiction of the Commission is involved in the case which the Commission now has under consideration.

DEMAND FOR MERCHANDISING JUMPS

Cooperative use by commercial organizations throughout the country of the merchandising information service offered by the Department of Commerce as an aid to more profitable business shows an increase of approximately 50 per cent within a period of three months, John Matthews, Jr. Assistant Director of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in charge of marketing research application, stated.

Evidencing the rapidly growing and widespread demand by business men and their organizations for the marketing information supplied by the Department, the total of local groups which have already equipped themselves with the merchandising service now numbers 167 chambers of commerce and other business bodies in leading cities in all sections of the country. The number reported at the last previous count was 112.

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CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS ISSUED

The Federal Trade Commission during the month of July issued cease and desist orders in 16 cases. They are listed as follows:

Acquisition of stock to lessen competition or create a monopoly - (1498) - Arrow-Hart & Hageman, Inc. Hartford, manufacturer of electrical wiring devices.

Distributor claiming to be manufacturer - (1567) - Franklin Paint Company, Cleveland, distributor of paints; (1573) - Madison Paint Company, Cleveland, distributor of paints; (1575) - Progress Paint Company, Cleveland, distributor of paints.

Lottery - (1862) - A. S. Douglis and Company and others, Chicago, distributor of general merchandise.

Misbranding - (1873) - Beacon Manufacturing Company, New Bedford, manufacturer of blankets; (1909) - W. Sheinker and Son and others, New York City, manufacturer of flavoring extracts; (1912) - Limoges China Company, Sebring, Ohio, manufacturer of earthenware and porcelain; (1990) - Blatz Brewing Company, Milwaukee, manufacturer of malt syrups; (2030) - Greenberg and Josefsberg, New York City, importers of wooden rulers; (2043)- Bulova Watch Company, New York City, manufacturer of watches.

Manufacturer representing purchased commodities as commodities manufactured in his own plant - (1929) - Brown Fence and Wire Company, Cleveland, manufacturer and distributor of posts and fencing.

Selling domestic products as and for imported products - (1940) - Elby Extract Company, New York City, manufacturer of flavoring extracts.

False and misleading advertising - (1452) - Inecto, Inc. New York City, manufacturer of a hair dye, uses the trade name "Inecto Rapid Notox", and represents that the product contains no toxic or poisonous ingredients; (1987) - National Railway Instruction Bureau, East St. Louis, engaged in furnishing correspondence courses of instruction in railway training, inserts advertisements in the "Help Wanted" columns implying offers of employment, represents that positions are plentiful and that students will be placed, and quotes the regular price of the course as a special, reduced price.

False and misleading advertising - (1991) - Princess Silk Mills, New York City, distributor of fabrics and women's clothing, uses the words "Satin", "Chiffon", "Pongee" and "Shantung" to designate garments not made of silk, and the word "Linene" to designate merchandise not made of flax, without using conspicuous statements in immediate conjunction therewith, showing the true composition of the materials.

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INTEREST IN RADIO IN JAPAN

Evidence of steadily rising interest in radio in Japan, particularly in the rural districts, is reported to the Commerce Department by Assistant Commercial Attache W. S. Dowd, Tokyo. During the month of April there was a net increase of more than 45,000 receiving sets, making the total number in use throughout the Empire at the end of that month 1,103,548. Private operators in Japan, it is pointed out, pay a monthly fee of 25 cents.

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Federal Trade Commission during the month of July 1 [illegible] cases and dealt [illegible] cases. They are listed as follows:

Combination of stock to lessen competition or create a monopoly - (1[illegible]) - Arrow [illegible] & Hammer, Inc., Hartford, manufacturer of electrical wiring [illegible]

[illegible] distributor claiming to be manufacturer - (1567) - Franklin Paint Company, Cleveland, distributor of paints; (1573) - Madison Paint Company, Cleveland, [illegible] distributor of paints; [illegible] - Progress Paint [illegible], Cleveland, distributor of paints.

Lottery - (1862) - A. S. Donelle and Company and others, Chicago, distributor of general merchandise.

Misbranding - (1573) - Beacon Manufacturing Company, [illegible] manufacturer; (1409) - W. Shinker and Son and others, New York City, manufacturer [illegible] (1912) - Limoges China Company, Sebring, Ohio, manufacturer [illegible] and porcelain; (1990) - Plate Brewing Company, Milwaukee, [illegible] manufacturer of malt syrups; (2030) - Greenberg and Josefsberg, New York City, [illegible] importers of wooden rulers; (2043) - Bulova Watch Company, New [illegible] manufacturer of watches.

[illegible] - (1929) - Brown Fence and Wire Company, Cleveland, manufacturer and distributor of posts and fencing.

Selling domestic products as and for imported products - (1940) - Ellby Extract Company, New York City, manufacturer of flavoring extracts.

False and misleading advertising - (1452) - Insecto, Inc., New York City, manufacturer of a hair dye, uses the trade name "Insecto Rapid Motox", and represents that the product contains no toxic or poisonous ingredients; (1901) - manufacturer [illegible] Railway Instruction Bureau, East St. Louis, engaged in furnishing correspondence courses of instruction in railway training, inserts advertisements in the "Help Wanted" column implying a offers of employment, represents that positions are [illegible] and that study will be placed, and quotes the regular price of the course as a special, reduced price.

[illegible] misleading advertising - (1991) - Princess [illegible] Mistri [illegible] for of fabrics and women's clothing, uses the words "satin", "[illegible]" [illegible] "[illegible]" to designate garments not made of silk, and the word "linene" to designate merchandise not made of flax, without using conspicuous statements in immediate conjunction therewith, showing the true composition of the materials.

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August 20, 1932

SEVEN GRAND ISLAND EMPLOYEES DISMISSED

Continuing its reduction of operating expenses, the Commission this week ordered the dismissal of seven employees now stationed at the Grand Island, Nebraska monitoring station. Four of the discharged personnel are to be removed August 31st. Three others will be discharged at a future date.

As a further economy measure, in its effort to reduce the field force expenses by $35,000 during the coming year, the Commission has ordered all test cars to cease field operations during the remainder of August and all of the month of September.

It is expected that fifteen additional field employees will be dismissed eventually after a thorough investigation of conditions has been made. Employees at Boston, Chicago, New York and Detroit will be involved in these changes.

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FOREIGN STATION LIST AVAILABLE

The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce has just issued a list of foreign broadcast stations available for popular reception. The compilation is divided into four classes: Stations operating in the so-called American broadcast band; stations operating on the long waves; short wave stations; and television stations. Publication of the list was in charge of Lawrence D. Batson Copies may be secured from the Department of Commerce on payment of twenty-five cents.

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GOP PLANS LISTENER SOLICITATION

Joseph R. Nutt, treasurer of the Republican National Committee, announced a plan whereby listeners would pay for the party's radio campaign. The organization is to be known as the National Radio League and will for the "purpose of stimulating interest in listening to the committee's radio programs and also of securing contributions from these supporters who listen in." Family memberships will cost $10.00 and single memberships $5.00, he said.

"The National Committee radio activities cost over $400,000 in 1928," Nutt said. "They will cost less this year. How much less will depend upon the responsiveness of Republican radio listeners."

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ARREST LOG BOOK OPERATORS

Through the prompt action of A. L. McKee, director of Station WHBU, Anderson, Indiana, Robert Broomfield, 27, and Vern Conners, 26, both of Des Moines, Iowa, were arrested and charged with attempting to defraud Anderson merchants with a false radio log advertising proposition.

Some weeks ago the NAB Bulletin published a notice calling attention to the operation of these men and McKee read the notice. Their plan of operation was to use a telephone and offer space to local merchants in a radio log which they claimed was being issued in conjunction with Station WHBU. The price was $2.50 per ad. When McKee heard of the proposition, he informed the police and the men were placed under arrest. The men are also wanted in Bay City, Michigan.

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August 20, 1932

CALIFORNIA TELEVISION DENIED

The Commission this week denied the application of Ray-O-Vision Corporation, Los Angeles, California, requesting authority to erect a new television station on 2800 kc with power of 500 watts. Commissioner Lafount dissented from the findings of the Commission majority. Denial of the application sustained the recommendation of Examiner Elmer Pratt in Report No. 382.

In its grounds for decision, the Commission found the applicant did not show sufficient financial ability to erect and operate the proposed experimental station since the funds necessary were proposed to be secured by the sale of stock in the applicant corporation. A further ground was cited in that the applicant proposed to operate on 2800 kc while the present trend of television experimentation is to utilize the frequencies above 30,000 kilocycles.

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CARBONDALE RENEWAL GRANTED

The Commission this week granted the renewal application of Station WNBW, Carbondale, Pennsylvania, authorizing the station to operate with 10 watts at night and 100 watts during the day hours. The station is licensed to operate on 1200 kc. This decision sustained the recommendation of Chief Examiner Yost (Report No. 385).

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WOC APPLICATION WITHDRAWN

The construction application of Station WOC, Davenport, Iowa, for authority to synchronize on an unlimited time schedule with Station WHO, Des Moines, Iowa, was withdrawn by the applicant this week. The Commission permitted this action by the licensee of the station, The Central Broadcasting Company, on recommendation of Chief Examiner Yost in Report No. 392.

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LICENSE APPLICATION GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted application for license following previously authorized construction permit to the following station: KLS, Oakland, California.

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AVIATION MAP RELEASED

A colored map of the United States, showing the development of commercial aviation radio has been prepared by the Commission. There are 132 ground aviation stations now operating in conjunction with 69 point to point stations. Copies of this map may be secured from the Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., for ten cents.

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August 20, 1932

FAVORS REMOVAL TO E. DUBUQUE

If the Commission sustains the findings of Chief Examiner Yost in Report No. 405 released this week, it will affirm its original decision granting authority to Station WKBB to change location from Joliet to East Dubuque, Illinois. On May 27th, the Commission granted a construction permit to move the station and change frequency from 1310 kc to 1500 kc, at the same time making certain changes in operating schedule. This action was protested subsequently by the publishers of the Dubuque Herald and the Dubuque Times Journal at Dubuque, Iowa. On the issues presented in the protest, the case was heard.

The newspapers protested the action of the Commission on the ground that this decision was a means for the Commission to evade its own rules and regulations; that East Dubuque has satisfactory radio service at the present time; that the community is not large enough to support its own radio station and also that there is not sufficient advertising or talent available to properly operate the station.

The Examiner found that East Dubuque is not itself large enough a community to support a station, but added: "Obviously the purpose of the applicant is to furnish local radio broadcasting service to East Dubuque, Illinois, and Dubuque, Iowa." The Chief Examiner further said the people of Dubuque , Iowa, are entitled to additional radio facilities in the way of radio transmission privileges and such additional facilities cannot be granted under the existing quota situation in Iowa. The Examiner concluded the granting of the removal request would be in public interest and would not be improper, evasive and illegal as claimed by the protestant.

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RECOMMENDS WLBW MOVE TO ERIE

Chief Examiner Yost this week recommended affirmation of the original Commission action, in granting station WLBW permission to move the station from Oil City to Erie, Pennsylvania. This decision was reached after the Examiner had heard the protest of Station WERE of Erie, Pennsylvania. The findings are reported in Examiner's Report No. 406.

It was found the City of Erie and surrounding territory warrant the existence and operation of two radio stations and that the people in that area are entitled to the additional and improved service proposed by Station WLBW. Station WERE had alleged in its grounds for protest that the city and surrounding territory do not warrant the existence of two stations; and that Station WERE is at present giving adequate and satisfactory service to the public.

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SERVICE BULLETIN RELEASED

The Radio Service Bulletin formerly released by the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce, was issued this week by the Commission. The new publication is mimeographed, due to curtailment in the printing appropriation of the Commission for the current year. Miscellaneous corrections and alterations of all classes of radio stations are shown with the larger part of the publication given over to current changes in shipping lists.

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August 20, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45, providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
	FIRST ZONE	
WCDA	Italian Educational Brdcstg. Co. Inc. New York, New York	Granted permission to rebroadcast Arlington time signals in accordance with Rule 177.
WMSG	Madison Square Garden Brdcstg. Corp. New York, New York	Granted authority to rebroadcast Arlington time signals in accordance with Rule 177.
WBNX	Standard Cahill Co., Inc. New York, New York	Granted authority to rebroadcast Arlington time signals in accordance with Rule 177.
	THIRD ZONE	
WHEF	Attala Milling & Produce Co. Kosciusko, Mississippi	Granted modification of C. P. authority to extend commencement date from 4/18/32 to 9/18/32 and extension of completion date of C. P. from 7/18/32 to 12/18/32.
WCOA	Pensacola Broadcasting Company Pensacola, Florida	Granted mod. of C. P. Extension of completion date from 7/28/32 to 9/1/32.
	FOURTH ZONE	
WHO-WOC	Central Broadcasting Co. Inc. Studio location to be determined	Granted modification of construction permit - extension of completion date from 8/17/32 to 2/17/32, also change in equipment.
WISN	The Evening Wisconsin Co. Milwaukee, Wisconsin	Granted vol. assign. of lic. to American Radio News Corporation.

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FREQUENCY GRANTS ISSUED

During the current week the Commission granted authorizations to install automatic frequency control devices to the following stations: KTAB, San Francisco, California; WSMB, New Orleans, Louisiana.

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NAME OF APPLICANT	ACTION OF GRANT
FIRST ZONE	
Italian Educational [illegible], Co., Inc. New York, [illegible]	Granted permission to [illegible] Maintenance time signals in accordance with Rule 177.
[illegible] Italian Broadcasting Corp. New York, New York	Granted authority to rebroadcast [illegible] with Rule 177.
[illegible] Cowhill Co., Inc. New York, New York	Granted authority to rebroadcast [illegible] with Rule 177.
[illegible]	
Attala Milling & Produce Co. Kosciusko, Mississippi	[illegible] modification of C. P. authorization to extend commencement date from 4/1 to 9/15/32 and extension of completion date of C. P. from 7/15/32 to 12/15/32.
Pensacola Auto Boasting Company Pensacola, Fl.	Granted mod. of C. P. Extension of completion date from 7/28/32 to 9/1/32.
FOURTH [illegible]	
Central Broadcasting Co., Inc. Studio location to be determined	[illegible] modification of construction permit - extension of completion date from 8/17/32 to 2/17/33, also change in equipment.
The Evening Wisconsin Co. Wisconsin	Granted vol. assign. of [illegible] Radio News Corporation.

During the our ent week the Commission granted auth[illegible] frequency control devices to the following stations:

WSMB, New Or[illegible], Louisiana.

August 20, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Authorized to operate pursuant to Rule 46.
WMPC	The First Methodist Protestant Church of Lapeer, Michigan	Granted authority to suspend operation from August 22 to August 28, inclusive.
WRBX	Richmond Development Corp. Roanoke, Virginia	Granted request for an additional ten days from August 20 to suspend operation.
WNYC	Department of Plant & Structures New York City.	Granted extension of working of Rule 145 to September 30.
WBT	Station WBT, Inc. Charlotte, North Carolina	Granted authority for a 10 day extension of special authority to test with power of 50 KW between 1 a.m. and 6 a.m. EST.
WESG	W. Neal Parker and Herbert H. Metcalfe, Glens Falls, N. Y.	Granted permission to discontinue operation from August 15 to September 15, 1932.
KGBX	KGBX, Inc. St. Joseph, Missouri	Granted authority to suspend operation during period of moving station to Springfield, Missouri, from midnight, August 13, to 8 p.m., August 27, 1932.
WJDX	Lamar Life Insurance Co. Jackson, Mississippi	Granted authority to remain off the air for approximately 24 hours while making certain changes in transmitting apparatus.

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APPLICATIONS DENIED

During the current week the Commission denied the following applications:

WBCM	Bay City Brdcstg. Association Bay City, Michigan	Denied authority to operate with 1 KW, daytime experimentally for one week to determine daytime field strength.
NEW	Erie Broadcasting Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania	C. P. 800 kc; $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW; daytime. Applicant failed to enter appearance for hearing within specified time.

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August 20, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, August 22, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a. m.

MONDAY, AUGUST 22, 1932.

Docket #1714	WPSG	The Pennsylvania State College State College, Pennsylvania	Ren. Lic. 1230 kc; 500 watts; specified hours.
Docket #1721	WHDF	Upper Michigan Brdcstg. Co. Calumet, Michigan	Ren. Lic. 1370 kc; 100 watts; 250 W. LS; unlimited time.
Docket #1750	NEW	Edward Tomajko, Sr. Greensburg, Pennsylvania	C. P. 620 kc; 250 watts; daytime only.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1932

Docket #1717	WMMN	Holt-Rowe Brdcstg. Co. Fairmont, West Virginia	Mod. Lic. 890 kc; 500 W. exp. 500 W. LS; unlimited time. Present assignment; 890 kc; 250 watts; 500 W. LS; unlimited time.
Docket #1762	WBCM	James E. Davidson Bay City, Michigan	Mod. Lic. 1410 kc; 500 watts; 1 KW LS; unlimited time. Present assignment: 1410 kc; 500 watts unlimited time.

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

NEW	H. Verne Spencer Greensburg, Pennsylvania	C. P. for new station to operate on 590 kc; 250 watts; daytime.
KROW	Educationsl Broadcasting Co. Oakland, California	Request for mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from sharing with KFWI to unlimited time. (Facilities of KFWI).
WFAB	Defenders of Truth Society, Inc. New York, N. Y.	Request for vol. assign. of lic. to Fifth Avenue Broadcasting Corporation.
WMIL	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, N. Y.	C. P. 1300 kc; 1 KW; designated for hearing.

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August 20, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the following applications were received at the Commission:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-ALB-453	WTBO	Associated Brdcstg. Corp. Cumberland, Maryland	Vol. assign. lic. to The Interstate Brdcstg. System, Inc.
1-ALB-454	WSYR-WMAC	Executors of estate of Clive B. Meredith, Syracuse, N.Y.	Involuntary assignment license from Clive B. Meredith to James G. Tracy and Edmund D. Smedburg, executors of the estate of Clive B. Meredith.
1-PB-2669	NEW	Edwin Drillings Middle Village, N. Y.	C. P. erect new station 1500 kc; 100 watts; to share time with Stations WWRL; WMIL; WMBQ.

The proposed location is on Long Island in Queens County, near Flushing. The granting of the application would increase the quota. The application would use the assignment of formerly licensed Station WLBX.

1-MPB-365	WBBC	Brooklyn Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Extend completion date of C. P. for auxiliary transmitter to 10/31/32.
1-MB -300	WOL	American Broadcasting Co. Washington, D. C.	Mod. Lic. amended request 1240 kc instead of 1270 kc, and requests increased power to 250 watts.
1-PB-2662	WOL	American Broadcasting Co. Washington, D. C.	C. P. make changes in equipment; and change from 1310 to 1240 kc; 250 watts.

The applicant at present is licensed to operate unlimited time on 1310 kc with power of 100 watts. The closest station to Washington on the requested frequency is Station WXYZ at Detroit, Michigan, operating with 1 KW. The distance from Washington to Detroit is approximately 405 miles. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 1050 miles under similar circumstances. The First Z one is under quota; the District of Columbia is assigned 1.3 unit and is due 1.35 unit. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.2 unit.

1-PB-2663	NEW	America's Wage Earners Protection Conference, Matthew Woll, President; M. J. Flynn, Exec.-Secretary, Newark, N. J.	C. P. new station on 1100 kc; 5 KW power night; 6-8 p.m. and other specified hours with Station WPG (Facilities of WLWL, New York City.)

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FIRST ZONE (continued)

1-MLB-1037	WLWL	Missionary Society of St. Paul the Apostle, New York City.	Mod. Lic. change from 1100 to 810 kc; change specified hours; operate until 8: 30 p.m. experimentally.

These applications must be considered together. The application for the new station involves a transfer of the facilities of Station WLWL from New York to New Jersey. At present Station WLWL is charged 0.85 unit to the New York quota. The First Zone is under quota; New York is due 35.07 units and is assigned 38.93 units. New Jersey is due 11.26 units and is assigned 11.53 units. The facilities requested by Station WLWL are being used now by Station WPCH at New York City with power of 500 watts; this latter station operates daytime until sunset at Minneapolis. The granting of the WLWL application would be on an experimental basis. The distance from New York City to Minneapolis is approximately 1020 miles. Station WCCO has a construction permit for 50 KW. Present mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division do not provide a recommended separation for a 5 KW and a 50 KW station operating on the same channel after sunset. The recommended separation for daytime operation with two stations of similar power is 660 miles.

SECOND ZONE

2-SAB-20	WOBU	WOBU, Inc. Charleston, West Virginia	Requests authority operate at night experimentally with 500 watts.
2-SAB-21	WSAZ	WSAZ, Inc. Huntington, West Virginia	Requests authority operate at night experimentally with 500 watts.

These applications should be considered together, as both applicants are licensed to share time on 580 kc with night power of 250 watts and 500 watts LS. The frequency is a Canadian Shared Channel. The distance to the closest Canadian Border is approximately 260 miles. The closest stations to Huntington and Charleston on this frequency are Station WIBW, Topeka, Kansas, operating with power of 1 KW, and approximately 720 miles distant; also, Station WTAG, Worcester, Massachusetts, operating unlimited time with 250 watts at night. The distance from Worcester to Charleston is approximately 585 miles. The recommended separation under the mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division in the case of a 1000 watt and 500 watt station on the same frequency at night is 1050 miles; and, in the case of a 250 watt and a 500 watt station the recommended separation is 770 miles. The Second Zone is under quota; West Virginia is 0.01 unit under quota. The granting of these applications would increase the quota.

FOURTH ZONE

4-MLB-1034	KFGQ	Boone Biblical College Boone, Iowa	Mod. Lic. for changes in specified hours.
4-ALB-452	WCBS	Charles H. Messter & Harold L. Dewing, Springfield, Ill.	Vol. assign. lic. to WCBS, Inc.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE

5-MPB-367	KGFL	KGFL, Inc. Raton, New Mexico	Mod. C. P. to move station to Roswell, New Mexico.

The applicant at present has a pending construction permit to operate at Santa Fe, New Mexico, with 100 watts and to share time with Station KICA, Clovis, New Mexico. The granting of the present application would change the location of the station approximately 125 miles in a southeasterly direction. The granting of the application would not involve the quota.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: WHEB, Portsmouth, New Hampshire; WMBH, Joplin, Missouri.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications requesting authority to make changes in equipment including installation of automatic frequency control devices from the following stations: KONO, San Antonio, Texas; KGRS, Amarillo, Texas; KXL, Portland, Oregon; KFOR, Lincoln, Nebraska.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following applications at the request of the applicants:

NEW	George F. Bissell Glens Falls, New York	C. P. 1370 kc; 50 watts; unlimited time.
WMIL	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, N. Y.	Mod. lic. 1500 kc; 100 watts; specified hours (Facilities of WLBX).
WKZO	WKZO, Inc. Kalamazoo, Michigan	Mod. lic. 590 kc; 250 watts; 1 KW LS; unlimited time.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

August 27, 1932

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Confronted by the threat of infringement suits on September 1, on a scale that would wreck the industry, the Board of Directors of the National Association of Broadcasters in a special session in New York City recommended the acceptance of the revised royalty demands of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers.

Under these terms, the new contracts would require the payment of a "sustaining" fee equal to the present license of each station plus -- for the first year -- a "commercial" fee of 3 per cent of its net sales of time facilities. For the second year this "commercial" fee would be increased to 4 per cent, and for the third year to 5 per cent.

In yielding to this demand, however, the National Association of Broadcasters did not abandon its fight to secure fairness for the industry in copyright matters. As an immediate step to protect individual stations against a demand for extortionate fees, under the proposal of the Society, the Board conferred plenary powers upon Oswald F. Schuette to represent the broadcasting industry in the draft of the new license contracts. The Negotiating Committee and the Plenary Committee which had charge of these copyright matters were discharged and their powers given to Mr. Schuette, who now represents the industry in the negotiations.

BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING * * * WASHINGTON, D. C.

COPYRIGHT

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With President Shaw and Managing Director Loucks, Mr. Schuette immediately had a preliminary conference with E. C. Mills, General Manager of the Society. In this conference Mr. Mills expressed a willingness to discuss a revision of the individual sustaining fees, and conferences between Mr. Schuette and Mr. Mills, for this purpose, will begin Tuesday.

Mr. Mills also gave assurances that no infringement suits would be begun September 1 against stations that have expressed a willingness to accept contracts when the final terms have been agreed upon.

Stations with a power of 500 watts or less have already been given extensions to October 1. Most of these stations, said Mr. Mills, would be given reductions and few of them would be asked for increased payments.

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BOARD MEETING

A special meeting of the Board of Directors of the National Association of Broadcasters was held at the Hotel Commodore, New York, N. Y. on Wednesday, August 24.

President Shaw presided. Those present were: Paul W. Morency, M. A. Howlett, Edward Klauber (proxy for H. A. Bellows), Arthur B. Church, F. M. Russell (proxy for Ed Craney), Walter J. Damm, G. A. Richards (proxy for Leo Fitzpatrick), Niles Trammell (proxy for William S. Hedges), Harry Butcher (proxy for Don Lee), George F. McClelland, A. A. Cormier (proxy for A. J. McCosker), A. W. Scharfeld (proxy for Quin Ryan), and the Managing Director.

The following stations were approved as members:

WADC, Akron, Ohio; WBAX, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; WBRE, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; WDZ, Tuscola, Ill.; WEEU, Reading, Pa.; WHEC, Rochester, N. Y.; WIAS, Des Moines, Iowa; WJAY, Cleveland, Ohio; WJDX, Jackson, Miss.; WLOE, Boston, Mass.; WNBF, Binghamton, N. Y.; WOKO, Albany, N. Y.; WPEN, Philadelphia, Pa.; WSAI, Cincinnati, Ohio; KDLR, Devil Lake, N. D.; KFNF, Shenandoah, Iowa; KGFJ, Los Angeles, Calif.; and KGRS, Amarillo, Texas.

The Managing Director reported that the membership now totals 230 members.

The Committee which had been carrying on negotiations with the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers consisting of Paul W. Morency, chairman, Edward Klauber and A. L. Ashby made the following report:

"The Negotiating Committee has reached the following basis of settlement with the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers:

"1. Licenses to be issued for three years starting September 1, 1932.

"2. Each station to pay its present annual license fee as a sustaining fee and in addition to pay to the Society the first year three per cent, the second year four per cent, and the third year five per cent of its net receipts from the sale of time.

"The Committee believes that the foregoing settlement is the most favorable that can be reached and recommends that the Board accept it and recommend its acceptance by the individual stations."

It was explained that net receipts excluded such items as agency commissions, time discounts, bad debts and retroactive discounts.

The Board adopted a motion accepting the report of the Committee with thanks for its efforts and that it be dissolved from further duties.

Scharfeld, Cormier, Church and Richards asked to be reported as not voting.

The Board then adopted a motion dissolving the Plenary Power Committee.

A motion retaining Oswald F. Schuette and investing him with all powers necessary to the successful handling of copyright was then adopted.

A resolution was adopted expressing the thanks of the Board to Major General Charles McK. Saltzman for the public service rendered by him while serving as a member of the Federal Radio Commission.

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STATEMENT BY PRESIDENT SHAW

The following statement by Harry Shaw, President of the National Association of Broadcasters, was announced from the Washington headquarters of the Association:

"The Board of Directors of the National Association of Broadcasters has conferred dictatorial powers on Oswald F. Schuette of Washington, D. C. to cope with the pressing problems confronting the broadcasting industry. His first duty will be to negotiate the details of contracts between individual members of the Association and the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers to carry out the new percentage basis of royalties which was accepted at a special meeting of the Board held at the Hotel Commodore in New York City.

"Mr. Schuette will cooperate with Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director of the National Association of Broadcasters.

"The appointment of Mr. Schuette by the Board of Directors is intended as a vigorous protest on the part of the leaders of the industry against the attempt to levy extortionate royalty fees on the industry at this critical time. We hope, therefore, that the final contracts will be such that the American broadcasting industry can accept them and at the same time continue the high grade of its public service."

Mr. Schuette's radio history began in 1927 when he organized the Radio Protective Association in Chicago and began the fight of the independent radio industry against the so-called "Radio Trust" which resulted in a dissolution suit by the United States Government and a decisive victory for the independents.

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COPYRIGHT DISCUSSION

The report of the Negotiating Committee was presented to the Board by Mr. Klauber following a review of negotiations from April 15 up to the day of the meeting.

A report of the negotiations up to the time of the rejection by the Society of the Board's $1,250,000 offer for a two-year period was sent to all stations some time ago and therefore will not be reviewed here.

With the rejection of the Board's proposal, Mr. Mills announced that an impasse had been reached and that he proposed to put into effect his original plan. Many informal conferences were held between Mr. Mills and the Committee in a successful effort to reopen discussions and negotiations were in progress up to the date of the Board meeting.

The Society, within the last two weeks had offered a deal under which stations would pay, in addition to sustaining fees, two per cent of gross during the first two years, three per cent during the third year and four per cent for the fourth and fifth years. This contract was to be on a five-year basis. Before any action could be taken on this proposal it was withdrawn. It was reported that the withdrawal resulted from a round-robin signed by most of the important music publishers protesting against this offer.

Thereupon the Society announced that the only basis upon which an agreement could be reached was the following:

1. Three per cent on gross receipts for the first year; four per cent for the second year and five per cent for the third year on the basis of three year contracts; and

2. Sustaining fees equivalent to 66-2/3 per cent of the total fees now being produced by the industry.

This proposal called for payment at the key stations of three-four-and-five per cent of gross receipts of all network commercial programs. Stations were to be relieved from payment of fees on revenue derived from network broadcasts.

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a [illegible] program [illegible] the part of the leaders of the industry are [illegible]
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This proposal called for payment at the key stations of three-fourths of five per cent or gross receipts of all network commercial programs. Stations [illegible] relieved from payment of fees on revenue derived from network programs [illegible]

This was then changed to relieve the networks from paying upon their gross receipts (except as it related to stations owned by them) by restoring a 100 per cent sustaining fee and making the percentage chargeable to sums received by affiliated stations from the networks.

Both Mr. Aylesworth, president of the National Broadcasting Company, and Mr. Klauber, vice president of the Columbia Broadcasting System, declared the original demand for the payment upon the entire revenue received by the networks for commercial programs would be ruinous and would make it impossible for them to continue the service they were now rendering. They pointed out that as networks they were subjected to enormous expenses which individual stations were not compelled to incur. They said they were forced to keep on hand at all times large talent and executive staffs, pay heavy line costs, and keep in readiness for such broadcasts as symphony concerts, political conventions, world series, etc. all of which had contributed to the general advancement of broadcasting.

The Board accepted the report of the Negotiating Committee that this proposal represented the best agreement that could be reached under the circumstances.

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SCHUETTE IS APPOINTED

With the motion adopting the Committee's report disposed of, the Board began immediately to look into the future as to the best method to protect the industry against further music difficulties. The whole situation was discussed at length and culminated with the discharge of both the Negotiating and the Plenary Committees and the retention of Oswald F. Schuette, who led the industry's legislative fight during the closing days of the Congress, to assume complete charge. The resolution appointing Mr. Schuette invests in him plenary power to act in all copyright matters.

While his first duty will be to see that individual contracts with stations are closed on the best basis possible within the scope of the agreement, he will begin immediately thereafter to promulgate a constructive program by which stations will be protected in their future music license dealings.

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SCHUETTE SEES MILLS

The morning following the Board meeting, Mr. Schuette in company with President Shaw and the Managing Director, called on Mr. Mills at the Society's offices. Mr. Mills agreed to cooperate with Mr. Schuette in the working out of details of the contracts with individual stations.

Mr. Mills announced during the conference that no attempt would be made to negotiate contracts with stations having power of 500 watts or less until October 1 and that with respect to other stations whose contracts were to become effective on September 1 there would be no infringement suits provided the stations had agreed to sign contracts when finally offered. A conference between Mr. Mills and Mr. Schuette is scheduled for Tuesday of next week.

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August 27, 1932

RMA REELECTS WILLIAMS

A new and vigorous era in the radio industry opened today in reorganization, unanimously and with ambitious plans for promotion of radio sales and merchandising practices, of the Radio Manufacturers Association at a meeting of its membership in Cleveland, Ohio, during the current week. In the RMA reorganization, uniting all industry elements and factions in a solid industrial front, leading receiving set manufacturers took the reins for direction of the industry's programs and policies, being given dominant control.

Mr. Fred D. Williams, Indianapolis, Indiana, was reelected RMA President by unanimous vote of the Association's new board of directors, and comprehensive programs were founded to promote every unit and interest in radio.

The new Board of Directors elected and placed in control of the RMA, comprise twelve leading set manufacturers, three tube manufacturers, two parts and accessory manufacturers, and one director representing sound equipment and amplifier manufacturers.

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CUBA LEVIES TAX

N ew Cuban radio taxes which cover all types of receiving sets are expected to reduce the already small profits of radio dealers in the Republic, according to advices to the Commerce Department from its Havanna office. Under the new law graduated taxes based on the number of tubes range from $3.00 to $10.00 annually.

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KLUGH AND GRIGSBY DELEGATES TO MADRID

Interests of radio manufacturers in the International Radio Conference at Madrid, will be in charge of Paul B. Klugh, Vice President and General Manager of the Zenith Radio Corporation, and B. J. Grigsby, President of the Grigsby-Grunow Company, both of Chicago. These two radio leaders were appointed this week as the representatives of the Radio Manufacturers Association at the conference.

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CLEARMAN OPENS OFFICES

W. J. Clearman, former Chief Investigator of the Commission, announced this week the opening of offices in Washington for the purpose of acting as a radio consultant. Mr. Clearman's experience with radio has qualified him to be of assistance to stations in solving problems of importance. P rior to taking over his duties as Chief Investigator, Clearman was employed as Assistant Secretary of the Commission. He has been connected with the Radio Commission since its formation. He will have offices at 3824 Warren Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

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August 27, 1932

MICHIGAN TELEVISION GRANTED

The application of Sparks-Withington Company, Jackson, Michigan, to erect two television stations was granted by the Commission this week. This decision sustained the recommendations of Examiner Pratt in Report No. 393. The authorization permits experimental operation on the frequency bands 1600-1700; 43000-46000; 48500-50300; 60000-80000 kc, using power of 100 watts. In connection with sound transmission to be used in synchronizing with sight, the use of the 1550 kc band was further authorized.

The Commission stated that the applicant has developed a new type of scanning by means of which considerable success has been attained in transmitting images over wires. It is also said that under the method devised by the applicant transmission of pictures has been accomplished using a band 27 kc in width, without loss in detail. Some experimentation has been done with the scanning and transmission of television images in colors. From results it would be indicated the images show in different intensities of light and with the different shadings of the various colors.

In view of the exhaustive laboratory tests and experiments which have been conducted, the Commission found that further practical use of the results cannot be made, unless there is an opportunity to continue the experiments under actual operating conditions. The applicant was found to be qualified technically as well as financially to erect and operate the proposed stations.

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NEW ZEALAND LIKES AMERICAN SETS

Seventy-five per cent of all radio receivers sold in New Zealand are of American manufacture, according to information made public this week by the Department of Commerce. It is estimated there are approximately 70,000 radio sets now in use in that country. During the year of 1931, 11,000 sets were distributed and it appears from available figures that 1932 will see a larger number of receivers sold.

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IRELANDS RADIO SHOW

The annual Irish radio and phonograph exhibition will be held this year at Dublin from September 19 to 24, according to information received from Vice Consul Edwin J. King of that city. Among the many displays of radio equipment, much attention and consideration will be given to television apparatus. The volume of radio business in the Irish Free State has shown a steady upward trend over the past few years. Reports state there has been considerable increase in the radio imports for the first four months of this year, as compared with a like period in 1931.

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940 KC PETITION DENIED

The Commission this week denied the petition for reconsideration of its refusal to grant 5000 watts power to stations now licensed to operate on 940 kc. Oral argument in the case was also refused. The stations involved were WCSH, Portland, Maine; KOIN, Portland, Oregon; WDAY, Fargo, South Dakota and WFIW, Hopkinsville, Kentucky.

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August 27, 1932

GERMAN SCHOOLS ONE THIRD RADIO EQUIPPED

Commenting upon data made available by the German Central Office for School Radio, Dr. C. M. Koon, specialist in education by radio at the Federal Office of Education said this week that one out of every three schools in Germany is equipped to receive radio programs. Through radio school programs in Germany, it is now possible to reach 2,500,000 pupils and 65,000 teachers in school rooms. Last year there were 2,000 school programs broadcast. Twenty-four per cent of them were devoted to music.

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TO STUDY ECLIPSE RADIO EFFECT

Three radio scientists from the Bureau of Standards in Washington will make a study of the solar eclipse on August 31 in Nova Scotia. It is hoped much valuable information will be made available as to the causes of radio fading and interference since the entire observation will be devoted to the activity of the Kennelly-Heaviside layer during this period.

The tests will cover a six day period, beginning three days prior to the eclipse and for the three days following. Two radio equipped cars will be used during the experiments. One car will send and transmit messages and the other will receive them. Time measurements of the reflected signals against the Kennelly-Heaviside layer will be taken in this manner.

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GENERAL SALTZMAN COMMENDED

The following resolution was adopted by the Board at its New York Meeting:

WHEREAS Maj. Gen. Charles McKinley Saltzman has resigned as a member and as chairman of the Federal Radio Commission;

NOW, THEREFORE, Be It

RESOLVED by the board of directors of the National Association of Broadcasters, on behalf of its 231 members, that this Association sincerely regrets the resignation of Maj. Gen. Saltzman as a member and as chairman of the Federal Radio Commission; gladly testifies to the great public service which he has unselfishly rendered; and gratefully extends to him its thanks and appreciation for his substantial contribution to the radio broadcasting industry. He has served the public interest, convenience and necessity - under his wise administration of his high office, radio broadcasting has come closer to that standard which is its goal.

RESOLVED that the secretary of this Association be, and he hereby is, directed to transmit a certified copy of the foregoing preamble and resolution to Maj. Gen. Saltzman.

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August 27, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WEVD	Debs Memorial Fund New York, N. Y.	Granted right to join in protest against the removal of transmitter of WCGU from Brooklyn to Long Island City, This application was recently set for hearing on protest of WWRL, Long Island City.
WLBW	Broadcasters of Pennsylvania Erie, Pennsylvania	Commission reaffirmed its action of 6/3/32, granting applicant permission to move station from Oil City, Pennsylvania to Erie, following withdrawal of protest of WERE, Erie.
KFBI	Farmers & Bankers Life Ins. Co. Milford Kansas	Authorized suspension of working of Rule 145 provided station strictly complies with Rule 144. (Commission action 8/19/32.)
WJBI	Monmouth Broadcasting Co. Red Bank, New Jersey	Extended temporary license from August 22 to 3 a.m., September 22. (Date of action 8/20/32)
WMBH	Edwin D. Aber Joplin, Missouri	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to W. M. Robertson (Commission action 8/19/32.)
WHAS	The Courier-Journal and the Louisville Times Louisville, Kentucky	Temporary authority granted to test transmitter construction by virtue of authorization 2-MPB-361, with full rated power of 50 KW. Authorization permits power of 25 KW.

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

WOR	Bamberger Broadcasting Service, Inc. Newark, New Jersey	Renewal of License on auxiliary transmitter.
KFPM	Dave Ablowich, tr. as The New Furniture Co., Greenville, Texas	Renewal of License. (Facilities applied for).
WOL	American Broadcasting Co. Washington, D. C.	C. P. to make changes in equipment; frequency from 1310 kc to 1240 kc; increase power from 100 W. to 250 W.
WOL	American Broadcasting Co. Washington, D. C.	Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1310 kc to 1240 kc; increase power from 100 watts to 250 watts.
NEW	Allen Wright Marshall, Jr., Allen Wright Marshall, Sr., & Aaron Malcom LaGrange, Georgia	C. P. 1500 kc; 100 watts; specified hours (facilities WRDW).

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING (continued)

NEW	Peoples Broadcasting Corp. Jacksonville, Florida	C. P. 1370 kc; 100 watts; specified hours. (Facilities of WMBR).

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HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, August 29, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a. m.

MONDAY, AUGUST 29, 1932.

Docket #1728 NEW	Visual Radio Corporation Atlantic City, New Jersey	C. P. 2200-2300 kc; 1 KW; Intermittent hours.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1932.

Docket #1698 WDBO	Orlando Broadcasting Co. Orlando, Florida	Mod. Lic. 580 kc; 250 watts; unlimited time. Present assignment 1120 kc; 250 watts; unlimited time.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1932.

Docket #1729 NEW	Tennessee State Press Co. Knoxville, Tennessee	C. P. 560 kc; 1 KW, 2 KW LS; unlimited time (Facilities of WNOX).
Docket #1744 WNOX	WNOX, Inc. Knoxville, Tennessee	Ren. Lic. 560 kc; 1 KW & 1 KW LS add't experimental. Unlimited time.

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TEXAS APPLICATION DENIED

The Commission this week denied the application of Bernard Hanks, Abilene, Texas, seeking authorization to erect a new station on 1340 kc with power of 100 watts and unlimited time. This action sustained the findings of Examiner Pratt (Report No. 388).

The case was presented entirely in the form of affidavits which contained much information based on opinion that could not be considered as evidence on behalf of the applicant. The decision of the Commission found the applicant was not qualified to erect and operate the proposed station. It was also decided the granting of the request for 100 watts power on a regional frequency would be a violation of the Commission Rules and Regulations. At present the lowest authorized power in this class of service is 250 watts with unlimited time. As a further reason for denial the Commission took notice of the over quota situation in Texas and the Third Zone.

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August 27, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
		FIRST ZONE	
1-PB-2670	WQDM	A. J. St. Antoine & E. J. Regan, St. Albans, Vermont	C. P. make changes in equipment; change frequency to 1340 kc; increase power to 500 watts and make changes in specified hours of operation.

At present, the applicant is licensed to operate under a specified hour schedule on 1370 kc with 100 watts power. The closest station to St. Albans on the requested frequency is WSPD, Toledo, Ohio, with unlimited time and power of 1 KW. The distance is approximately 570 miles. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 1070 miles under similar circumstances. The First Zone is under quota; Vermont is under quota. The granting of this application would increase the quota.

1-PB-2674	WCAC	Conn. Agricultural College Storrs, Connecticut	C. P. make changes in equipment; increase day power to 500 watts.

The applicant is licensed to use 250 watts power both night and day, and shares on a specified hour schedule with Station WICC, Bridgeport, Connecticut, on 600 kc. The Bridgeport station is licensed to use 250 watts at night and 500 watts day. The granting of this application would not be expected to increase day interference on the assignment. The First Zone is under quota; Connecticut is under quota. The granting of this application would increase the quota.

		SECOND ZONE	
2-MLB-1038	WHIS	Daily Telegraph Printing Co. Bluefield, West Virginia	Mod. Lic. change hours from sharing with WRBX to unlimited time. (Facilities of WRBX).

The applicant is licensed to operate on 1410 kc with power of 250 watts. The Second Zone is under quota; Virginia and West Virginia are over quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota of West Virginia 0.2 unit.

2-PB-2673	NEW	Roanoke Broadcasting Co. Roanoke, Virginia	C. P. new station on 1410 kc; 250 watts; share with WHIL (Facilities of WRBX).

The requested facilities are now assigned in this area to Station WRBX, Roanoke, Virginia. The granting of the application would not involve the quota.

2-FB-293	WWVA	West Virginia Brdcstg. Co. Wheeling, West Virginia	Installation of automatic frequency control equipment
2-PB-2671	NEW	Joseph De Palma Jeanette, Pennsylvania	C. P. new station on 590 kc; 100 watts; 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

SECOND ZONE (continued)

The closest stations to the proposed location are Stations WKZO, Kalamazoo, Michigan, a daytime station with 1 KW, approximately 355 miles distant; and Station WEEI, Boston, Massachusetts, operating unlimited time with 1 KW and approximately 465 miles distant. The requested power is considerably less than that usually assigned to stations on a regional assignment. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.2 unit. The Second Zone is under quota; Pennsylvania is under quota.

2-MLB -1039	WJMS	Johnson Music Store Ironwood, Michigan	Mod. Lic. change hours from daytime to unlimited time.

The applicant is licensed to use 100 watts power on 1420 kc. The closest station to Ironwood on this assignment is Station K FIZ, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, operating with power of 100 watts. The distance is approximately 200 miles. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 200 miles for unlimited simultaneous operation under similar circumstances. The Second Zone is under quota; Michigan is under quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.1 unit.

THIRD ZONE

3-MPB -366	KRMD	KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Mod. C. P. for local change in transmitter site.
3-ALB-459	WTSL	G. A. Houseman Shreveport, Louisiana	Vol. assign. lic. to The Southland Radio Corporation.
3-SAB-22	KTHS	Hot Springs Chamber of Commerce, Hot Springs, Arkansas	Special authority operate experimentally 8 hours daytime on 970 kc; share at night with KRLD on 1040 kc.

The requested frequency for experimental operation is now used by Station WCFL Chicago, Illinois, and Station KJR, Seattle, Washington, both stations authorized to operate unlimited time with 5000 watts power. The approximate distance from Chicago to Hot Springs is 595 miles; and from Seattle is approximately 1780 miles. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 430 miles for daytime operation under similar circumstances. The granting of the application would increase the quota. The Third Zone is over quota; Arkansas is under quota.

3-SAB-23	KRLD	KRLD Radio Corporation Dallas, Texas	Special authority permit operate experimentally with unlimited day hours; share night with KTHS on 1040 kc.

FOURTH ZONE

4-P B-2675	KMBC	Midland Brdcstg. Co. Kansas City, Missouri	C. P. to move transmitter outside city limits of Kansas City, Kansas.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

4-APLB-10	WMBH	Edwin D. Aber Joplin, Missouri	Vol. Assign. of Lic. and C. P. 4-PB-2481 for change in equipment and local move to W. M. Robertson.
4-MPB-369	WCFL	Chicago Federation of Labor Chicago, Illinois	Modify C. P. 4-PB-2584, issued 5/27/32 for change location to York Township, Illinois, new equipment, increase in power from 1½ KW to 5 KW and change hours to unlimited, to extend date of completion to 3/27/33.

FIFTH ZONE

5-MPB-368	KMJ	James McClatchy Co. Fresno, California	Modify C. P. 5-PB-2363, issued 7/22/32 for local move, change frequency and power from 1210 kc, 100 watts to 580 kc, 500 watts, changes in equipment; to make further changes in equipment.
5-ALB-456	KFRC	Don Lee, Incorporated San Francisco, California	Vol. assign. of lic. to Don Lee Broadcasting System.
5-ALB457	KGB	Don Lee, Incorporated San Diego, California	Vol. assign. of lic. to Don Lee Broadcasting System.
5-ALB-458	KHJ	Don Lee, Incorporated Los Angeles, California	Vol. assign. of lic. to Don Lee Broadcasting System.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits from the following stations: KGHL, Billings, Montana; KDKA, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; KGCU, Mandan, North Dakota.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits to the following stations: WRC, Washington, D. C.; WBEN, Buffalo, N. Y.; WMBH, Joplin, Missouri.

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August 27, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WSYR-WMAC	James G. Tracy & Edmund M. Smedberg, Executors of estate of Clive B. Meredith, Suracuse, New York.	Granted involuntary assign. of lic. from Clive B. Meredith to James G.Tracy & Edmund M. Smedberg, Executor of estate of Clive B. Meredith.
	SECOND ZONE	
NEW	Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Co., Portable	Granted C. P. (Temporary broadcast pick-up) 1566 kc, 100 watts, Emission: A3 & special high quality telephony.
NEW	Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Co., Portable	Authority granted to use this station August 23 to 26, inclusive, in connection with National Air Races to be held at Cleveland, Ohio.
	THIRD ZONE	
KTSM	W. S. Bledsoe & W. T. Blackwell El Paso, Texas	Granted cons. to vol. assign. of lic. to Tri-State Broadcasting Co., Inc.
WDAH	W. S. Bledsoe & W. T. Blackwell El Paso, Texas	Granted cons. to vol. assign. of lic. to Tri-State Broadcasting Co., Inc.
	FOURTH ZONE	
WEBQ	First Trust & Savings Bank Harrisburg, Illinois	Granted cons. to vol. assign. of lic to Harrisburg Broadcasting Company.

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TEMPORARY LICENSES GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted temporary licenses pending action on the regular applications for renewal licenses now scheduled for hearing, to the following stations: WCOC, Meridian, Mississippi; WKRC, Cincinnati, Ohio; WMT, Waterloo, Iowa; WNAX, Yankton, South Dakota; WNOX, Knoxville, Tennessee.

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RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted licenses for the regular period to the following stations: WFI, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WIBW, Topeka, Kansas; WSYR-WMAC, Syracuse, N. Y.; WLBL, Stevens Point, Wisconsin; WMC, Memphis, Tennessee; WTAG (auxil.) Worcester, Massachusetts; WTAG, Worcester, Massachusetts; WOS, Jefferson City, Missouri; WWNC, Asheville, North Carolina; KFDM, Beaumont, Texas; KFKA, Greeley, Colorado; KFSD, San Diego, Calif.; KUSD, Vermillion, South Dakota; WGST, Atlanta, Georgia; KGFX, Pierre, South Dakota.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

September 3, 1932

COPYRIGHT

Copyright negotiations were resumed in New York this week between Oswald F. Schuette for the broadcasting industry, and E. C. Mills, General Manager of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers. To assure the industry that there would be no discrimination and to safeguard the interests of all broadcasting stations, Mr. Schuette spoke for the members of the National Association of Broadcasters as well as for non-members.

The contracts for the networks and the stations owned or operated by the chains have been practically completed in direct negotiations between Mr. Mills and the attorneys for the National Broadcasting Company and the Columbia Broadcasting System. These forms will serve as the basis for the contracts for the individual stations.

Mr. Schuette and Mr. Mills will confer again next week on the schedule of sustaining fees to be paid by individual stations. To help him in his efforts to secure a downward revision of these fees, Mr. Schuette has asked these stations to send him the necessary information concerning their operations. This information should reach Mr. Schuette at the Washington office of the NAB not later than Tuesday, or at the St. Regis Hotel, New York, not later than Wednesday morning, September 7.

C O P Y R I G H T

Copyright negotiations were resumed in New York this week between Oswald F. Schmitz for the broadcasting industry, and [illegible] Mills, General Manager of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers. To assure the industry that there would be no discrimination and to safeguard the interests of all broadcasting stations, Mr. Schmitz spoke for the members [illegible] national association of broadcasters as well as for non-members.

The contracts for the networks and the stations owned or controlled by them have been practically completed in direct negotiations between Mr. Mills and the attorneys for the National Broadcasting Company [illegible] Broadcasting [illegible]. These forms will serve as the basis for the [illegible] for the individual stations.

Mr. Schmitz and Mr. Mills will confer [illegible] next [illegible] the maximum fees to be paid by [illegible] stations. To help him in his efforts to secure a downward revision of these [illegible], Mr. Schmitz has asked [illegible] stations to send him the necessary [illegible] on concerning their operations. This information should reach [illegible] at the Washington office of the [illegible] not later than Tuesday, or at the St. Regis Hotel, [illegible] not later than Wednesday morning, [illegible].

The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued tentatively each Thursday from the Headquarters in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information [illegible] herein may not be published without express permission.

September 3, 1932

POLITICAL BROADCASTING

Replying to numerous requests from broadcasting station operators for an opinion as to whether they should permit legally qualified candidates for public office to use their facilities, Harold A. Lafount, Acting Chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, issued the following statement:

"The Radio Act permits the broadcaster to refuse the use of his station to any and all candidates, but to adopt such a policy would be short-sighted, in my opinion. The law also provides that if a broadcaster permits one candidate to use his facilities, equal opportunity must be offered to all other candidates for that office. The broadcaster, under the law, has no right of censorship over the material broadcast by political candidates other than to see that no obscene, indecent, profane or defamatory language is used.

"Broadcasters have a wonderful opportunity in the present campaigns for public offices to render a distinct and outstanding public service. They have a rare chance to develop good-will and to popularize their stations by providing a forum whereby candidates can freely and fully discuss paramount issues.

"Of course, all of our people are vitally interested in the election of a President, members of Congress, Governors of many states, and other leading officials. Radio stations should prove a big factor in transmitting speeches calculated to inform voters and to qualify them to vote intelligently. I know of no greater public service to which broadcasting stations could devote themselves at this time than to permit a liberal use of their facilities to candidates. Personally, I hope broadcasters will be as liberal with their facilities as their government has been with them.

"Dispassionate discussion of public questions by candidates, in my judgment, will have a wholesome effect on listeners, arousing their interest in governmental affairs and public questions. The transmission of such intelligence to our people should prove most stimulating and add to the cultural progress of the nation by keeping the electorate fully informed on public matters."

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STILL NO NEW COMMISSIONER

President Hoover has not yet made public his choice for a new Radio Commissioner to succeed General Charles McK. Saltzman, who resigned some weeks ago.

There have been a number of rumours in this connection during the week including one to the effect that the President will not fill the vacancy until after the election. Another states that the President intends to allow the Commission to go into a three-man body after February when Commissioner Sykes terms expires. Neither of these rumours are taken very seriously.

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September 3, 1932

MILEAGE TABLES REVISED

With slight changes in figures now in force, the Engineering Division of the Commission has released new mileage figures recommending separations for various classes of service both day and night effective September 1st. These tables replace those now in use, and it will be found the greater number of adjustments involve daytime operating assignments. The complete tabulations for both day and night services are as follows:

TABLE D
AVERAGE NIGHT SEPARATION BETWEEN BROADCAST STATIONS
RECOMMENDED BY ENGINEERING DIVISION, FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION
BASED ON FREQUENCY MAINTENANCE OF ± 50 CYCLES*
ANALYSIS OF JULY , 1932

CLASS. & POWER	FREQ. DIFF. KC.	Local		Regional			High Power: Regional		Clear			
		50	100	250	500	1KW	5 KW	10KW	5 KW	10 KW	25 KW	50 KW
Local	(0	130	185	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	40	50	82	90	107	180	220	180	220	290	345
50 W	(20	15	18	41	49	57	85	100	130	147	175	197
	(30	9	12	30	38	46	74	89	110	128	155	178
	(40	8	11	28	36	44	72	87	105	123	150	173
	(0	185	185	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	50	53	98	106	114	183	225	220	237	293	350
100 W	(20	18	21	46	54	62	90	105	138	156	183	206
	(30	12	13	32	40	48	76	91	113	131	158	181
	(40	11	11	28	36	44	72	87	106	124	151	174
Regional	(0	-	-	640	800	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	82	98	126	153	185	290	345	290	345	425	495
250 W	(20	41	46	55	65	78	110	145	155	172	200	225
	(30	30	32	35	43	51	79	94	118	136	163	186
	(40	28	28	29	37	45	73	88	108	126	153	176
	(0	-	-	800	800	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	90	106	153	160	190	300	355	300	355	435	505
500 W	(20	49	54	65	74	85	127	150	170	188	215	235
	(30	38	40	43	46	54	82	97	124	142	169	192
	(40	36	36	37	39	47	75	90	110	128	155	178
	(0	-	-	1000	1000	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	107	114	185	190	200	305	360	350	370	440	510
1 KW	(20	57	62	78	85	94	135	160	187	205	232	255
	(30	46	48	51	54	58	86	100	132	150	177	200
	(40	44	44	45	47	48	76	91	113	131	158	181
High Power	(0	-	-	-	-	-	1600	2000	-	-	-	-
Regional	(10	180	183	290	300	305	335	390	480	500	530	550
	(20	85	90	110	127	135	163	187	250	268	295	320
5 KW	(30	74	76	79	82	86	102	117	158	175	205	225
	(40	72	72	73	75	76	83	98	125	143	170	193

MILEAGE TABLES REVISED (continued

TABLE D (continued)

	(0	-	-	-	-	-	2000	2000	-	-	-	-
	(10	220	225	345	355	360	390	405	550	570	595	620
10 KW	(20	100	105	145	150	160	187	203	287	305	325	350
	(30	89	91	94	97	100	117	128	175	192	220	243
	(40	87	87	88	90	91	98	102	133	150	178	200
Clear	(0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	180	220	290	300	350	480	550	480	550	645	730
5 KW	(20	130	138	155	170	187	250	287	250	287	350	400
	(30	110	113	118	124	132	158	175	158	175	205	230
	(40	105	106	108	110	113	125	133	125	143	170	193
	(0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	220	237	345	355	370	500	570	550	570	665	750
10 KW	(20	147	156	172	188	205	268	305	287	305	370	420
	(30	128	131	136	142	150	175	192	175	192	220	247
	(40	123	124	126	128	131	143	150	143	150	178	200
	(0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	290	293	425	435	440	530	595	645	665	695	780
25 KW	(20	175	183	200	215	232	295	325	350	370	395	450
	(30	155	158	163	169	177	205	220	205	220	247	275
	(40	150	151	153	155	158	170	178	170	178	192	215
	(0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	345	350	495	505	510	550	620	730	750	780	800
50 KW	(20	197	206	225	235	255	320	350	400	420	450	470
	(30	178	181	186	192	200	225	243	230	247	275	297
	(40	173	174	176	178	181	193	200	193	200	215	218

* These separations are calculated to minimize objectionable interference in the good service areas of stations about ninety per cent of the time.

September 3, 1932

TABLE E
AVERAGE DAY SEPARATION BETWEEN BROADCAST STATIONS
RECOMMENDED BY ENGINEERING DIVISION, FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION
BASED ON FREQUENCY MAINTENANCE OF ± 50 CYCLES*
ANALYSIS OF JULY , 1932

Class & Power	Freq. Diff. Kc	Local			Regional, limited time and day						Clear			
		50	100	250	250	500	1KW	2.5KW	5KW	10KW	5KW	10KW	25KW	50KW
Local	(0	65	80	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	25	30	38	85	95	108	128	145	163	145	163	190	213
50 W	(20	12	15	20	57	67	80	100	117	135	117	135	162	185
	(30	8	11	16	47	57	70	90	107	125	107	125	152	175
	(40	7	10	15	44	54	67	87	104	122	104	122	149	172
	(0	80	80	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	30	34	41	93	103	116	146	153	171	153	171	198	220
100 W	(20	15	16	21	61	71	84	104	121	139	121	139	166	190
	(30	11	12	17	48	58	71	91	108	126	108	126	153	[illegible]
	(40	10	11	16	44	54	67	87	104	122	104	122	149	[illegible]
	(0	100	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(10	38	41	46	105	115	128	148	165	183	165	183	210	233
250 W	(20	20	21	24	69	79	92	112	129	147	129	147	174	[illegible]
	(30	16	17	18	51	61	74	94	111	129	111	129	156	[illegible]
	(40	15	16	16	45	55	68	88	105	123	105	123	150	[illegible]
Regional,	(0	-	-	-	230	260	300	350	400	450	700	800	900	1000
limited	(10	85	93	105	125	140	153	174	192	212	192	212	240	265
time & day	(20	57	61	69	81	91	104	124	141	159	141	159	186	210
	(30	47	48	51	58	68	81	100	118	136	118	136	163	185
250 W	(40	44	44	45	48	58	71	91	108	126	108	126	153	176
	(0	-	-	-	260	260	300	350	400	450	700	800	900	1000
	(10	95	103	115	140	150	162	185	200	220	200	220	250	277
500 W	(20	67	71	79	91	100	112	132	150	167	150	167	194	217
	(30	57	58	61	68	72	85	105	122	140	122	140	167	190
	(40	54	54	55	58	60	74	94	111	129	111	129	156	179
	(0	-	-	-	300	300	300	350	400	450	700	800	900	1000
	(10	108	116	128	153	162	175	197	215	235	215	235	265	290
1 KW	(20	80	84	92	104	112	120	140	157	175	157	175	200	225
	(30	70	71	74	81	85	91	111	128	146	128	146	173	196
	(40	67	67	68	71	74	76	96	113	131	113	131	158	181

TABLE E (continued)

	(0	-	-	-	350	350	350	350	400	450	700	800	900	1000
	(10	128	146	148	174	185	197	218	235	255	235	255	285	310
2.5 KW	(20	100	104	112	124	132	140	153	170	188	170	188	215	238
	(30	90	91	94	100	105	111	119	136	154	136	154	181	204
	(40	87	87	88	91	94	96	100	119	137	119	137	164	187
	(0	-	-	-	400	400	400	400	400	450	700	800	900	1000
	(10	145	153	165	192	200	215	235	250	270	250	270	300	325
5 KW	(20	117	121	129	141	150	157	170	182	200	182	200	227	250
	(30	107	108	111	118	122	128	136	143	161	143	161	188	211
	(40	104	104	105	108	111	113	119	123	141	123	141	168	191
	(0	-	-	-	450	450	450	450	450	450	700	800	900	1000
	(10	163	171	183	212	220	235	255	270	290	270	290	320	345
10 KW	(20	135	139	147	159	167	175	188	200	213	200	213	240	263
	(30	125	126	129	136	140	146	154	161	170	161	170	196	219
	(40	122	122	123	126	129	131	137	141	147	141	147	174	197
Clear	(0	-	-	-	700	700	700	700	700	700	-	-	-	-
	(10	145	153	165	192	200	215	235	250	270	250	270	300	325
5 KW	(20	117	121	129	141	150	157	170	182	200	182	200	227	250
	(30	107	108	111	118	122	128	136	143	161	143	161	188	211
	(40	104	104	105	108	111	113	119	123	141	123	141	168	191
	(0	-	-	-	800	800	800	800	800	800	-	-	-	-
	(10	163	171	183	212	220	235	255	270	290	270	290	320	345
10 KW	(20	135	139	147	159	167	175	188	200	213	200	213	240	263
	(30	125	126	129	136	140	146	154	161	170	161	170	196	219
	(40	122	122	123	126	129	131	137	141	147	141	147	174	197
	(0	-	-	-	900	900	900	900	900	900	-	-	-	-
	(10	190	198	210	240	250	265	285	300	320	300	320	345	370
25 KW	(20	162	166	174	186	194	200	215	227	240	227	240	260	280
	(30	152	153	156	163	167	173	181	188	196	188	196	208	231
	(40	149	149	150	153	156	158	164	168	174	168	174	182	205
	(0	-	-	-	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	-	-	-	-
	(10	213	220	233	265	277	290	310	325	345	325	345	370	395
50 KW	(20	185	190	197	210	217	225	238	250	263	250	263	280	300
	(30	175	176	179	185	190	196	204	211	219	211	219	231	242
	(40	172	172	173	176	179	181	187	191	197	191	197	205	212

* These separations are calculated to minimize objectionable interference in the good service areas of stations about ninety per cent of the time.

September 3, 1932

STATION FILES APPEAL

An appeal was filed in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia last week by Station KDYL, of Salt Lake City, Utah, against the Radio Commission's order of August 9 granting Station KLO, Ogden, Utah, permission to move to Salt Lake City. The permission was granted without a hearing being held by the Commission.

KDYL asked the court for a stay order. The station took the matter to court without having filed an appeal with the Commission, although it had twenty days in which to do this. The Court is informed in the appeal that the station will protest to the Commission. The Legal Department of the Commission has protested the appeal to the Court, on the ground that the station had not taken all of the steps that it should have under the law before appealing to the Court.

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RADIO REPORT TO BAR ASSOCIATION

Louis G. Caldwell, former chief counsel of the Federal Radio Commission and Chairman of the Committee on Communications of the American Bar Association has made his report to the Association for the year. The other members of the Committee include John W. Guider, John C. Kendall, Robert Stone, and Frank J. Walsh.

The report takes up developments of radio law during the past year, including federal and state legislation, foreign legislation and decisions of the Courts during the year. It takes up also the administration of the law by the Radio Commission and discusses in detail pending radio legislation.

The outstanding portions of the report criticize the administration of the law by the Commission.

"Owners of small stations," says the report, "frequently are required to expend large sums of money wholly out of proportion to their investments and their means, in defending their interests in proceedings before the Commission."

Again the report points out that "great inconvenience and unnecessary expense have been occasioned in the past by requiring attendance of parties at hearings held in Washington, particularly where parties must come from a great distance."

"Important matters which to all intents and purposes are given the effect of regulations" the report continues, "are not embodied in the regulations, and no one can be certain in a particular case whether such matters will or will not be determinative in his case." The report consists of 65 printed pages.

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NO SET FEE FOR GERMAN UNEMPLOYED

Unemployed persons are exempt from paying the German radio tax, according to information received by the Electrical Equipment Division of the Department of Commerce. Other classes exempt from paying the monthly fee are the blind and all war invalids. The total number of radio subscribers in Germany, according to the last tally, is 4,119,531. This shows a decline in set ownership of 1.2 per cent since the last compilation was made.

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September 3, 1932

ASTROLOGY PROGRAMS DOUBTFUL

The Commission this week said the value and propriety of astrological and fortune telling programs is "extremely doubtful", in deciding the application involving the renewal of Station KFWI, San Francisco, Calif. This decision sustained the recommendation of Examiner Hyde in Report No. 391. The same station also had made an application for authority to increase day power from 500 to 1000 watts. The latter request was denied on the ground that sufficient evidence had not been presented to indicate any real need for the additional power. This modification of license was recommended for denial by the Examiner.

In connection with the broadcasts of one "Alburtus" an astrologer, the Commission said: "Although these astrological and fortune telling programs were introduced by an announcement to the effect they were entertainment features, the propriety and value of such broadcasts, considered in the light of public interest, convenience and necessity, is extremely doubtful. It would appear that the practise of engaging in point-to-point communication in answering direct questions of individuals concerning their personal affairs during a broadcast ostensibly presented for the entertainment and enjoyment of the general public could not result in programs of real interest to a substantial number of the radio listeners. Moreover, it is our opinion that such fortune telling programs, advertising the sale of astrological charts, might in many cases constitute a harmful trade upon the susceptibilities and emotions of listeners who may be in serious difficulties." The Commission held that the renewal should be granted since the programs complained of were discontinued before the hearing and the operators of the station have advised the Commission such broadcasts will not be repeated.

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CASE REMANDED TO DOCKET

The application of Station KGGF, South Coffeyville, Okla. to move studios to Coffeyville, Kansas was remanded to the hearing docket this week by the Commission. The action was taken to provide Station KFBI, Milford, Kansas, an opportunity to be heard in the case. Station KGGF is now licensed in the name of Powell & Platz.

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DENY OKLAHOMA APPLICATION

This week the Commission denied a new station application for Tulsa, Okla. The applicant, J. T. Griffin, had requested authority to erect a new station on 1400 kc with power of 250 watts at night and 500 watts daytime, with operating time restricted to those periods when Station KUOA, Fayetteville, Ark. was not broadcasting. This decision sustained the recommendation of Examiner Hyde in Report No. 396.

The action of the Commission was based on the grounds that the applicant had failed to show the need for this additional service in the Tulsa area. The Commission also held that Tulsa and vicinity now receive excellent broadcast service from Station KVOO and several other stations in other localities. With respect to interference that might be created, it was found that this new station would not increase interference to stations now assigned to this frequency, but that the coverage of the proposed station would be severely limited to a much smaller area than what would be expected in similar cases.

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September 3, 1932

STATION WPSC DEFAULTS

Examiner R. H. Hyde, this week handed down his report (No. 409) recommending that the renewal application of Station WPSC, Pennsylvania State College, State College, Pennsylvania, be denied inasmuch as no appearance was made for the applicant station when the case came on for hearing.

The station operates on 1230 kc, 500 watts power at specified hours. "No evidence whatever was offered in support of the application. It is recommended, therefore, that it be denied as in cases of default", says the Examiner.

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RECOMMENDS DENIAL WORC APPLICATION

Denial of the application of Station WORC-WEPS, Worcester, Massachusetts to change frequency from 1200 to 1350 kc and of the application of Louis Reis, of New York City to construct a new station on 1350 was recommended this week by Examiner R. H. Hyde, in Report No. 407.

Stations WAWZ , Zarephath, New Jersey, and WCDA, WNSG and WBNX, of New York City, share time on 1350 kc, and the Examiner in the same report recommended that their renewal applications be granted.

Examiner Hyde states that "the evidence shows that Station WORC is rendering a meritorious service. It does not appear by satisfactory proof, however, that conditions under which the station operates necessitates a change in frequency and power assignment as alleged."

"On the whole", continues the Examiner, "it is not believed that public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by the granting of the WORC application and the deletion of the four respondent stations."

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NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION RECOMMENDED

Recommendation is made by Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost, that the application of Edward Tomajko, Sr., for the erection of a new 250 watt station at Greensburg, Pa.m be granted in his report (No. 408). The applicant asked for daytime use only and a frequency of 620 kc.

The Chief Examiner said: "there is need for the additional radio broadcasting service in the area proposed to be served by the applicant" and found farther that the applicant is "legally, financially and otherwise qualified to construct and operate the proposed station in the public interest."

It is stated also that "the people of Westmoreland County are not at present provided with any radio transmitting privileges," and that "the granting of this application would not cause objectionable interference to any station now operating on the 620 kc channel or on channels adjacent thereto."

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September 3, 1932

RADIO INDUSTRY EMPLOYMENT FALLS

Figures made public by the Bureau of Labot Statistics, Department of Labor, show a falling off in both employment and payrolls in the radio industry in July compared with June.

The Bureau received reports from 42 radio manufacturers who gave their July employment at 16,182, a decrease of 2.2 per cent from June and of 31 per cent from July of last year. The average weekly July payrolls in these same plants were $300,105, a decrease of 11.5 per cent from June and of 43.4 per cent from July of last year.

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WNJ FILES BRIEF

WNJ, Newark, N. J. this week filed a brief in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia charging that the Federal Radio Commission in its decision putting it off the air and giving its time to WHOM, Jersey City, was "inconsistent, arbitrary and capricious." The decision was rendered on October 31, 1931, and the station is operating under a stay order of the Court.

Up to the Summer of 1930, the brief states, the station rendered Newark "good dependable radio service, which the Commission has repeatedly found to be in the public interest." At that time it had mechanical difficulties, states the brief, and there was some difficulty regarding the Commission's regulations. The station began operation in 1923 and is valued at $100,000 says the brief. The station asks that the Court reverse the decision of the Commission.

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INSPECTION TRIP ENDED

James W. Baldwin, secretary of the Federal Radio Commission and V. Ford Greaves, assistant chief engineer have returned from an inspection trip to the Atlanta, Ga. and New Orleans, La. offices of the Radio Commission recently taken over from the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce. The purpose of the trip was to ascertain, what, if any, economies can be worked out in these two offices. Final disposition has not yet been made of the field office problem. It will be taken up shortly.

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COLONEL BROWN AWAY

Colonel Thad H. Brown left Washington on Wednesday for Columbus, Ohio, on a business trip. He is expected to return on Tuesday in time for the weekly meeting of the Radio Commission.

Beginning next week the Commission will render decisions twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays, as was the custom before the recess a couple of weeks ago.

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September 3, 1932

EFFECTIVE DATE RULE 145 EXTENDED

The effective date of Rule 145, which requires stations to keep within 50 cycles of their assigned frequencies, for the following stations was extended to September 30 since the licensees have ordered frequency monitors to be delivered before that date:

WLBZ, Bangor, Maine; WSYB, Rutland, Vermont; WMAS, Watertown, Massachusetts; WCOC, Meridian, Mississippi; WSBT, South Bend, Indiana; WFAM, South Bend, Indiana; WJBO, New Orleans, Louisiana; WCGU, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WSJS, Winston-Salem, North Carolina; WHOM, Jersey City, New Jersey; WTAX, Springfield, Illinois; KMJ, Fresno, California; KGKY, Scottsbluff, Nebraska; KERN, Bakersfield, California; KOH, Reno, Nevada; WEDC, Chicago, Illinois; KFJF, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; KGIX, Las Vegas, Nevada; KGFW, Kearney, Nebr.; WPAD, Paducah, Kentucky; WWAE, Hammond, Indiana; KFXM, San Bernardino, California.

WHBD, Mount Orab, Ohio; KICA, Clovis, New Mexico; WIBX, Utica, N. Y.; WSAN, Allentown, Pa.; KTSM, El Paso, Texas; WDAH, El Paso, Texas; WBAX, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; WCBA, Allentown, Pa.; KWJJ, Portland, Oregon; KVOA, Tucson, Arizona; KGCX, Wolf Point, Montana; KARK, Little Rock, Arkansas; WCOD, Harrisburg, Pa.; KGHF, Pueblo, Colorado; WSYR-WMAC, Syracuse, N. Y.; WAGM, Presque Isle, Maine; KVOS, Bellingham, Washington; KPQ, Wenatchee, Washington; KUOA, Fort Smith, Arkansas; KGBU, Ketchikan, Alaska.

KFQD, Anchorage, Alaska; KNOW, Austin, Texas; WOWO, Fort Wayne, Indiana; WGL, Fort Wayne, Indiana; WPHR, Petersburg, Virginia; KXA, Seattle, Washington; WKBN, Youngstown, Ohio; KRGV, Harlingen, Texas; WLBL, Stevens Point, Wisconsin; WIBA, Madison, Wisconsin; KICK, Red Oak, Iowa; WGAL, Lancaster, Pa.; WJSV, Alexandria, Virginia; WILM, Wilmington, Delaware; WOAI, San Antonio, Texas; WMIL, Brooklyn, N. Y.; KWCR, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; WSBC, Chicago, Illinois; KGCU, Mandan, North Dakota; WCAJ, Lincoln, Nebr.

KVL, Seattle, Washington; WHA, Madison, Wisconsin; KPPC, Pasadena, California; WTAR, Norfolk, Virginia; WEVD, New York, N. Y.; KFYR, Bismarck, North Dakota; WPFB, Hattiesburg, Mississippi; WRAW, Reading, Pa.; KFOR, Lincoln, Nebraska; WGH, Newport News, Virginia; KTAT, Fort Worth, Texas; WSVS, Buffalo, N. Y.; KPJM, Prescott, Arizona; WFOX, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WIL, St. Louis, Missouri; KWSC, Pullman, Washington; WKBZ, Ludington, Michigan; WAWZ, Zarephath, N. J.; WBMS, Hackensack, N. J.; WBTM, Danville, Virginia; WCAL, Northfield, Minnesota; WCAX, Burlington, Vermont.

WCBD, Zion, Illinois; WCBS, Springfield, Illinois; WCOH, Yonkers, N. Y.; WERE, Erie, Pa.; WHBC, Canton, Ohio; WHDL, Tupper Lake, N. Y.; WKBH, La Crosse, Wisconsin; WOCL, Jamestown, N. Y.; WORK, York, Pa.; WRAK, Williamsport, Pa.; WWRL, New York, N.Y.: KCRJ, Jerome, Arizona; KFBL, Everett, Washington; KFEL, Denver, Colorado; KFJM, Grand Forks, North Dakota; KGCR, Watertown, South Dakota; KGEK, Yuma, Colorado; KGEZ, Kalispell, Montana; KGFX, Pierre, South Dakota; KGNF, North Platte, Nebraska; KGVO, Missoula Montana; KMA, Shenandoah, Iowa; KPOF, Denver, Colorado; KSEI, Pocatello, Idaho; KSTP, St. Paul, Minnesota; KTFI, Twin Falls, Idaho.

KUMA, Yuma, Arizona; KWKC, Kansas City, Missouri; KXL, Portland, Oregon; KXO, El Centro, California.

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September 3, 1932.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WBAL	Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co., Baltimore, Maryland	Granted extension of special authority to operate on a synchronized basis with WJZ, New York, experimental, for an additional period of 3 months, beginning Sept. 1, 1932
WNBX	The WNBX Broadcasting Corp. Springfield, Vermont	Granted mod. of C. P. to change location of transmitter from Springfield, Vermont to N.E. of the center of Springfield, Vt.
WBBC	Brooklyn Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Granted mod. of C. P. extension of completion date from 8/23/32 to 10/31/32.
	SECOND ZONE	
WJMS	Johnson Music Store Ironwood, Michigan	Granted authority to operate until 7:15 p.m. CST, during month of September instead of to 6:15 p.m. as authorized by license.
WMMN	Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Co. Fairmont, West Virginia	Granted consent to voluntary assignment of license to A. M. Rowe, Inc.
WHAS	The Courier-Journal Co., & The Louisville Times Co. Louisville, Kentucky	Granted Mod. of C. P. extension of completion date from 8/17/32 to 10/17/32.
	THIRD ZONE	
KRMD	KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted special authority to operate from 1 p.m. to 2 p.m. & from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. CST, on Saturdays only, from 9/3/32 to 3 a.m., EST, 12/1/32. Granted with express understanding that it may be terminated by Commission at any time without prior notice or hearing if in its discretion the need for such action arises.
KVOO	Southwestern Sales Corp. Tulsa, Oklahoma	Granted mod. of C. P. extension of completion date of C. P. from 8/17/32 to 12/17/32
KONO	Mission Broadcasting Co. San Antonio, Texas	Granted installation of automatic frequency control equipment.
KGRS	E. B. Gish (Gish Radio Service) Amarillo, Texas	Granted installation of automatic frequency control equipment.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE

KFGQ	Boone Biblical College Boone, Iowa	Granted special authority to operate from 6 a.m. to 8:30 a.m. CST, on Sundays only, from 9/4/32 to 10/30/32 inclusive, provided WIAS remains silent. Granted with express understanding that it may be terminated by the Commission at any time without prior notice or hearing if in its discretion the need for such action arises.
KFOR	Howard A. Shuman Lincoln, Nebraska	Granted C. P. to move transmitter locally to location to be determined, in order to comply with city zoning ordinance.

FIFTH ZONE

KUJ	KUJ, Inc. Walla Walla, Washington	Granted special authority to operate 6 p.m. to 10 p.m. PST, September 1, 2 & 3, 1932. Granted with express understanding that it may be terminated by the Commission at any time without prior notice or hearing if in its discretion the need for such action arises.
KXL	KXL Broadcasters Portland, Oregon	Granted C. P. to move main transmitter to different room in same building.
KXL	KXL Broadcasters Portland, Oregon	Granted C. P. to move auxiliary transmitter to different room in same building.
W9XA	National Broadcasting Co. Inc. Denver, Colorado	Granted renewal of license (spec. exp.) 830 kc, 12.5 KW.

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RENEWALS GRANTED

The Commission granted the following applications for renewal of broadcast station license: WFAN, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WGBF, Evansville, Indiana; WILL, Urbana, Illinois; WIP, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WJAX, Jacksonville, Florida; KFNF, Shenandoah, Iowa; KFRU, Columbia, Missouri.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized construction permits to the following stations: WFAS, White Plains, N. Y.; WHEB, Portsmouth, New Hampshire; WFLA-WSUN, Clearwater and St. Petersburg, Florida; WMC, Memphis, Tennessee; WBT, Charlotte, North Carolina; KPJM, Prescott, Arizona; KIDW, Lamar, Colorado.

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September 3, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WMBQ	Paul J. Gollhofer Brooklyn, New York	Granted permission to join in protest of removal of transmitter of WCGU from Brooklyn to Long Island City.
KFXJ	Western Slope Brdcstg. Co. Grand Junction, Colorado	Authority to remain silent from 7 p.m. to 8 a.m. 8/29. (Date of action 8/26/32.)
WBT	WBT, Inc. Charlotte, North Carolina	Authority to operate with 50 KW between time Station KMOX signs off & 6 a.m., 8/25/32 to 9/4/32.
WJBY	Gadsden Broadcasting Co. Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	Granted permission to suspend operations from August 20 to September 20 due to inability to obtain necessary equipment.
KUMA	Albert H. Scherman Flagstaff, Arizona	Authority extension of program test 30 days from 8/25/32. (Date of action 8/2[illegible]

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications at the request of the applicants:

3-ALB-410	WTSL	G. A. Houseman Laurel, Mississippi	Vol. assign. to Laurel Broadcasting Co.
3-ALB-425	WTSL	G. A. Houseman Laurel, Mississippi	Vol. assign. to Evangeline Broadcasting Company.

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APPLICATION DENIED

The Commission denied the following application during the current week for the reason appearance was not entered within the time required by Commission Rules & Regulations:

NEW	Tennessee State Press Co. Knoxville, Tennessee	Denied C. P. 560 kc; 1 KW, 2 KW LS; unlimited time (facilities WNOX). Failed to enter appearance within time allowed.

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September 3, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, September 5, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1932

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION SITTING EN BANC

Docket #1600	NEW	Peter Goelet Chester Township, N. Y.	C. P. 1210 kc, 50 watts Specified hours (Facilities of WMRJ).
Docket #1444	WMRJ	Peter J. Prinz Jamaica, N. Y.	Renewal 1210 kc; 100 watts; shares time with WGBB, WJBI and WCOH.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1932

Docket #1721	WHDF	Upper Michigan Brdcstg. Co. Calumet, Michigan	Renewal 1370 kc; 100 W. 250 W. LS Unlimited time.

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

KLRA	Arkansas Broadcasting Co. Little Rock, Arkansas	C. P. to make changes in equipment & to change power from 1 KW to 1 KW night and 2½ KW LS.
KPJM	A. P. Miller Prescott, Arizona	Vol. assign. of lic. to M. B. Scott & Edward C. Sturm, d/b as Scott & Sturm.
KTFI	Radio Broadcasting Corp. Twin Falls, Idaho.	Mod. of lic. to increase daytime power from 500 w. to 1 KW. (facilities of KGKX).
W1XAU	Shortwave & Television Corp. Boston, Massachusetts	Renewal of license - 1550 kc, 500 watts.
W2XV	Radio Engineering Laboratories Inc. Long Island City, New York.	Renewal of license (gen. exp.) 4797.5, 8655, 17310 kc; 500 watts.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following applications at the request of the applicant:

WBCM	James E. Davidson Bay City, Michigan	Mod. of Lic. 1410 kc; 500 w. 1 KW LS, unlimited time.
WLEY	Carl S. Wheeler Lowell, Massachusetts	C. P. 1370 kc; 100 W. 250 W. LS, S.M. request authority to move.

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September 3, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-ML-1040	WILM	Delaware Brdcstg. Co. Wilmington, Delaware	Mod. lic. to change hours of operation from unlimited to specified hours, 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.
1-MLB-1044	WPG	WPG Brdcstg. Corp. Atlantic City, N. J.	Mod. lic. to request additional specified hours of operation (Facilities of WLWL, New York, N. Y.

WPG operates on a frequency of 1100 kc sharing time with WLWL, New York City.

1-MLB-1041	WSYB	Philip Weiss Music Company Rutland, Vermont	Mod. of lic. request change in specified hours of operation; requests one less hour on weekday evenings.
1-PB-2672	NEW	Atlas Brdcstg. Co. Fort Lee, Fort Lee, N. J.	C. P. new station on 1450 kc; 500 watts; limited time to operate 10 hours per day.

The assignment requested is now used in this same area by Stations WHOM, WBMS, and WNJ. The granting of the applications would involve the New Jersey quota.

		THIRD ZONE	
3-PB-2676	New	Arkansas Radio & Recording Company, Little Rock, Ark.	Cons. permit for new station to use 890 kcs; 250 watts night; 500 watts day to local sunset; unlimited hours. Requests the facilities of KARK, Little Rock, Ark.

The requested facilities are now assigned in this area to KARK, Little Rock, Ark. The granting of the application would not involve the quota.

3-PB-2677	New	Carrington Brothers Eagle Pass, Texas	Cons. permit for new station to use 1210 kcs; 150 watts, Daytime only.

The closest station to Eagle Pass on the requested frequency is KASA, Elk City, Okla., using 100 watts power. The distance is approximately 470 miles. The mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 120 miles under similar circumstances. Station WOAI, with 50,000 watts, on 1190 kc, is located

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (Continued)

THIRD ZONE (Continued)

at San Antonio, Texas. The distance is approximately 140 miles, while the Commission Engineering Division tables recommends a separation of 175 miles. The Third Zone is over quota, Texas is over quota. The granting of the application would increase the quota.

3-MLB-1042	S.A.T. Broadcast Company Forth Worth, Texas	KTAT	Modification of license to change name to KTAT Broadcast Company, Inc. in accordance with amended charter.
3-MLB-1045	The Voice of South Carolina Spartanburg, South Carolina	WSPA	Mod. Lic. change frequency to 590 kc and increase power to 250 watts with unlimited time.

The applicant at present is licensed to operate unlimited time on 1420 kc with power of 100 watts and 250 watts day. The closest stations to Spartanburg on the requested frequency are Station WKZO, Kalamazoo, Michigan, with 1 KW day power, approximately 555 miles distant; Station WEEI, Boston, Mass., with 1 KW and unlimited time, approximately 805 miles distant and Station WOW, Omaha, Nebr., with 1 KW, approximately 880 miles distant. The new mileage tables of the Commission Engineering Division recommend a separation of 300 miles in the case of a 250 watt and a 1000 watt station operating daytime on the same frequency and a separation of 1000 miles in similar cases for night operation. The granting of the application would increase the quota 0.1 unit. The Third Zone is over quota; South Carolina is under quota.

FOURTH ZONE

4-MLB-1044	WEBC	Head of the Lakes Brdcstg.Co. Superior, Wisconsin	Mod. Lic. change mod. system of auxil. and operate with 1 KW instead of 500 watts.

FIFTH ZONE

5-MLB-1043	KMTR	K M T R Radio Corporation Los Angeles, California	Modification of license to increase operating power from 500 watts to 1 KW.

At present the applicant is licensed to operate 500 watts on 570 kilocycles. The closest station on the same frequency is KVI, Tacoma, Washington, using 500 watts power. The distance is approximately 985 miles while the Engineering Division mileage tables recommends a separation of 1050 miles. KMJ, Fresno, California recently has been assigned to operate on 580 kc. The distance is approximately 205 miles. Mileage tables of the Engineering Division recommends a separation of 322 miles in similar circumstances.

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PERMIT APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications requesting authority to make changes in equipment, including installation of automatic frequency control devices, from the following stations: WFOX, Brooklyn, N. Y., WEEI, Boston, Mass; KOMA, Oklahoma City, Okla; WREC-WOAN, Memphis, Tenn.

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BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

September 10, 1932

C O P Y R I G H T

The Copyright conferences of Mr. Schuette for the National Association of Broadcasters and Mr. Mills for the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers scheduled for this week were postponed because of Mr. Mills' absence from New York. They will be resumed Monday, September 12.

In the meantime Mr. Mills has submitted the draft of the Society's new copyright contracts. The salient paragraphs of this contract follow:

TEXT OF PROPOSED CONTRACT

1. * * * * *

2. The within license does not extend to or include the public performance by broadcasting or otherwise of any rendition or performance of any opera, operetta, musical comedy, play or like production, as such, in whole or in part.

3. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as authorizing LICENSEE to grant to others any right to reproduce or perform publicly for profit by any means, method or process whatsoever, any of the musical compositions coming within the purview of the within license performed pursuant hereto, or as authorizing any receiver of any such broadcast rendition to publicly perform or reproduce the same for profit by any means, method or process whatsoever.

4. The within license is limited to the separate musical compositions heretofore or hereafter during the term hereof copyrighted or composed by members of SOCIETY, or of which SOCIETY shall have the right to license the performing rights hereinbefore granted, in programs rendered at or from said radio station, or at or from any other place duly licensed by SOCIETY to perform such works (unless the performance originates at a place or

from a source which SOCIETY does not customarily license), from which place rendition of such works is transmitted to said radio station for the purpose of being broadcast from there.

It is understood, however, that LICENSEE shall be guilty of a breach under this Article (No. 4) only in the event that it continues to broadcast a program rendered at such places other than the said station after LICENSEE shall have received notice from SOCIETY that such other places are not licensed by SOCIETY to perform.

5. * * * * *

6. LICENSEE agrees upon request to furnish to SOCIETY during the term of the within license a list of all musical compositions (or, at the option of LICENSEE, a list of all musical compositions heretofore or hereafter during the term hereof copyrighted or composed by members of SOCIETY or of which SOCIETY shall have the right to license the performing rights hereinbefore granted) broadcast from or through the said station, showing the title of each composition and the composer and/or author thereof; provided that LICENSEE shall not be obligated under this Article No. 6 to furnish such a list covering a period or periods in the aggregate during any one calendar year in excess of three months. The lists so furnished by LICENSEE to SOCIETY shall be strictly confidential and SOCIETY covenants that it will make no disclosure thereof or of the contents thereof.

7. SOCIETY agrees during the term hereof to maintain for the service of LICENSEE substantially its present catalogue of compositions heretofore or hereafter during the term hereof copyrighted or composed by members of SOCIETY. SOCIETY reserves the right, however, at any time and from time to time to withdraw from its repertory and from operation of the within license any musical composition or compositions; and upon any such withdrawal, LICENSEE may immediately cancel the within agreement by giving written notice to SOCIETY of its election so to do.

In the event of any such cancellation by LICENSEE, or in the event of a termination of this agreement and the within license pursuant to the provisions of Article No. 5 hereof, or otherwise, SOCIETY shall refund to LICENSEE pro rata license fees, if any, paid for a period beyond the date of such cancellation or termination.

8. Under the terms and conditions hereinabove set forth, LICENSEE agrees to pay to SOCIETY, as compensation for the within license, the sum of _____ Dollars ($_____) per annum, payable in equal monthly installments on or before the 10th of each month during the term hereof, plus

(a) For the first year of the term hereof, a sum equal to three percent (3%) of the net receipts (as hereinafter defined) of the LICENSEE from the sale of its broadcasting facilities; and,

(b) For the second year of the term hereof, a sum equal to four percent (4%) of the net receipts (as hereinafter defined) of the LICENSEE from the sale of its broadcasting facilities; and,

(c) For the third year of the term hereof, a sum equal to five percent (5%) of the net receipts (as hereinafter defined) of the LICENSEE from the sale of its broadcasting facilities.

(d) The term "net receipts" from the sale of its broadcasting facilities shall refer to the full amount charged by and actually paid to LICENSEE for the use of its broadcasting facilities (sometimes known as "time on the air"), after deducting commissions not exceeding fifteen percent (15%), if any, paid to the advertising agent or agency (not employed or owned in whole or in part by LICENSEE).

LICENSEE shall render monthly statements to SOCIETY on or before the 10th of each month covering the period of the preceding calendar month on forms supplied gratis by SOCIETY, and shall include in such statements all net receipts, without exception, during the said month from the sale of the broadcasting facilities ("time on the air") of the said station, which said statement shall be rendered under oath and accompanied by the remittance due SOCIETY under the terms hereof. Any such statement may also include a deduction by or credit to the LICENSEE for any amount reported by it as received during a prior month from the sale of its broadcasting facilities but which it has been compelled to refund as a "time discount." In the event that any such item shall be collected after it has been credited or deducted as aforesaid, it shall then be included again in the net receipts of LICENSEE on the monthly statement next succeeding the date of the actual collection.

9. SOCIETY shall have the right, by its duly authorized representative, at any time during customary business hours, to examine the books and records of account of LICENSEE only to such extent as may be necessary to verify any such monthly statement of accounting as may be rendered pursuant hereto; provided that such examination does not interfere with the usual conduct of business by LICENSEE.

It is understood and agreed that SOCIETY shall consider all data and information coming to its attention as a result of any such examination of books and records as completely and entirely confidential.

10. Upon any breach or default of any terms herein contained, SOCIETY may give LICENSEE thirty (30) days notice in writing to repair or correct such breach or default and in the event that such breach or default has not been repaired or corrected within said thirty (30) days, SOCIETY may then forthwith cancel said license.

11. SOCIETY agrees to indemnify, save and hold LICENSEE harmless, and defend LICENSEE from and against any claim, demands or suits that may be made or brought against the LICENSEE with respect to renditions given during the term hereof in accordance with this license of musical compositions contained in SOCIETY'S repertory heretofore or hereafter during the term hereof copyrighted or composed by members of SOCIETY.

In the event of the service upon LICENSEE of any notice, process, paper or pleading, under which a claim, demand or action is made or begun against LICENSEE on account of any such matter as is hereinabove referred to, LICENSEE shall forthwith give SOCIETY written notice thereof and simultaneously therewith deliver to SOCIETY any such notice, process, paper or pleading, or a copy thereof, and SOCIETY shall have sole and complete charge of the defense of any action or proceeding in which any such notice, process, paper or pleading is served. LICENSEE, however, shall have the right to engage counsel of its own, at its own expense, who may participate in the defense of any such action or proceeding and with whom counsel for SOCIETY shall cooperate. LICENSEE shall cooperate with SOCIETY in every way in the defense of any such action or proceeding, and in any appeals that may be taken from any judgments or orders entered therein, and shall execute all pleadings, bonds or other instruments, but at the sole expense of SOCIETY, that may be required in order properly to defend and resist any such action or proceeding, and properly to prosecute any appeals taken therein.

In the event of the service upon LICENSEE of any notice, process, paper or pleading, under which a claim, demand or action is made, or begun against LICENSEE on account of the rendition of any musical composition contained in the SOCIETY'S repertory but NOT heretofore or hereafter during the term hereof copyrighted or composed by members of SOCIETY, SOCIETY agrees at the request of LICENSEE to cooperate with and assist LICENSEE in the defense of any such action or proceeding, and in any appeals that may be taken from any judgments or orders entered therein.

12. * * * * *

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COSTA RICA SIGNS RADIO CONVENTION

Charles C. Eberhardt, American Minister to Costa Rica has notified the State Department that the President of that country has signed the ratification of the International Radio Convention of Washington, 1927, and that the Costa Rican Charge d'Affaires at Washington has been instructed immediately to deposit provisional document of ratification with the Department of State pending the arrival of the official document.

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EDUCATIONAL RADIO

Cline M. Koon, senior specialist in education by radio of the Office of Education, Interior Department, this week said that "despite the fact that many leading educators say that radio may be used in various ways to help carry the ever increasing burden of education, only a small proportion of public schools have been making systematic use of local broadcasting facilities."

"The responsibility of the radio station manager" he continued, "does not end when he offers the local schools a satisfactory period and tells them to use it in any way they see fit. Without the censorship of the material itself, he should lend the assistance of his staff to make the broadcast program as good as possible. Neither does the responsibility of the superintendent of schools end when he accepts a period for a broadcast series and delegates it to certain schools. He, too, should spare no pains to insure that the school broadcasts are done as well as possible."

AUSTRALIAN VISITOR

The members of the Radio Commission were hosts this week to M. B. Duffy, president of the Australian Federation of Class B Broadcasting Stations at a luncheon.

Mr. Duffy discussed informally with the Commission various general radio problems and informed them that the broadcasters in his country have many problems similar to those in the United States, including that of copyright.

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APPEALS DISMISSED

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has dismissed the appeal of station WHAM, Stromberg-Carlson Company, Rochester, N. Y. against the Commission in its high power decision at the request of the applicant station. The station got 25,000 watts power but asked for 50,000 watts and appealed the decision.

The Supreme Court of the District of Columbia has also dismissed the case of the same station against the Commission in which it obtained a restraining order against the Commission from changing its frequency. The dismissal was the result of a stipulation entered into by both parties.

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STATION GRANTS RECOMMENDED

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in his report No. 410 recommended that the applications of Station WERE, Erie, Pennsylvania, be granted.

The station asked that it be granted a construction permit to install new equipment; that its license be modified to change its corporate name and that renewal license be granted the station. The recommendation is that all of these requests be granted. The corporate name will be changed to the Erie Broadcasting Corporation from the Erie Despatch-Herald Broadcasting Corporation.

The Chief Examiner found that the station "is now serving public interest, convenience and necessity" and "assurance is given that the present public service will be improved".

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KTAB LICENSE RENEWED

Acting on Examiner's Report No. 383, the Commission sustained the Chief Examiner's opinion in which he recommened that the license of Station KTAB, San Francisco, California, be renewed on 560 kilocycles, 1000 watts power and unlimited time.

In its decision the Commission found that the service now rendered by the station in the San Francisco area is generally good.

It was further found that "certain astrological and fortune telling programs that were formerly broadcast over KTAB, the propriety and public value of which was extremely doubtful, have been discontinued and the applicant corporation, through its officers, has given its assurance that programs of this character will not again be presented".

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STATION TO MOVE

The Commission has reversed Examiner R. H. Hyde in his report No. 387 and granted Station WJW, Mansfield, Ohio permission to move from Mansfield to Akron, Ohio using the same facilities, that is 1210 kilocycles, 100 watts unlimited time.

It was found by the Commission that the moving of the station to Akron would extend its service to a much greater population than now receives it at Mansfield.

The Commission further found also that the proposed move would not deprive the Mansfield area of all high grade radio rece ption, good service now being received from at least one other station, and "while good service is also received at present in Akron, there appears to be a need in that area for the service of the applicant station".

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ANOTHER BALDWIN

James W. Baldwin, secretary of the Federal Radio Commission and Mrs. Baldwin, are being congratulated on the birth of a baby girl last Sunday. This is the second girl in the Baldwin family.

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September 10, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WTAG	Worcester Telg. Pub. Company, Inc. Worcester, Massachusetts	Granted authority for direct measurement of antenna input power.
	SECOND ZONE	
WRBX	Richmond Development Corporation Richmond, Virginia	Granted extension of working of Rule 145.
WJSV	Old Dominion Broadcasting Company Alexandria, Virginia	Granted authority to remain silent until November 1, 1932.
	THIRD ZONE	
WKFI	J. Pat Scully Greenville, Mississippi	Granted extension of working of Rule 145.
	FOURTH ZONE	
WCFL	Chicago Federation of Labor Chicago, Illinois	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date to March 27, 1933.
KFBI	Farmers & Bankers Life Ins. Co. Abilene, Kansas	Granted extension of working of Rule 145 until frequency monitor can be repaired.
	FIFTH ZONE	
NEW	Seattle Broadcasting Company Seattle, Washington	Granted Spec. Exp. C. P. to construct portable station, 1270 kc, 100 watts, 1 AM to 6 AM, PST, for period of 1 month, to make field intensity measurements. Also granted 30 day license to cover above.
KMJ	James McClatchy Company Fresno, California	Granted Mod. of C. P. to make changes in eqpt.(Original CP authorized move of transm, locally, changing freq.from 1210 to 580 kc,increasing power from 100 to 500 watts, and installing new eqpt.
KUMA	Albert H. Schermann Yuma, Arizona	Granted authority to operate from 9 PM to 12 Midnight, MST, Sept. 13, 1932.
KFRC KGB KHJ	Don Lee, Inc. San Francisco, California San Diego Los Angeles	Granted consent to Voluntary Assignment of license to Don Lee Broadcasting System.

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

NEW	The Greenville News-Piedmont Co., Greenville, South Carolina	Requests C. P. for new station, 590 kc, 250 watts night, 500 watts LS, unltd. time exp.
WSAZ	WSAZ, Incorporated Huntington, West Virginia	Requests special authorization to increase night power from 250 watts to 250 watts with additional 250 w. experimental.
WOBU	WOBU, Incorporated Charleston, West Virginia	Requests special authorization to increase night power from 250 watts to 250 watts with additional 250 w. experimental.
WHBF	Beardsley Specialty Company Rock Island, Illinois	Renewal of broadcast station license.
KLO	Intermountain Broadcasting Corp. Ogden, Utah	Requests Appl. to move station from Ogden to Salt Lake City. Set for hearing because of protest of KDYL. On August 9, 1932, the Commission granted application subject to Rules 45 and 46.

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MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WNOX	WNOX, Incorporated Knoxville, Tennessee	Application for renewal of license dismissed from hearing docket and granted, because Tennessee State Press Company failed to file an appearance within time allowed.
WREC	WREC, Incorporated Memphis, Tennessee	Granted permission to intervene in application of 31st St. Baptist Church, Indianapolis, for C. P. for broadcasting station, application to be heard Sept.22.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized permits to the following stations:

WWSW, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; KDKA, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; KGCU, Mandan, North Dakota.

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September 10, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, September 12, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a. m.

TUESDAY, September 13, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1720	NEW	Roberto Mendez San Juan, Puerto Rico	C. P.	1370 kc. 100 watts Unlimited time

WEDNESDAY, September 14, 1932

Docket #1557	WTEL	Foulkrod Radio Eng. Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Mod. L. 1310 kc 100 watt Share with WHAT, WTEL & WHAT Not to operate when WCAM is operating (Req.division of time)
Docket #1567	WTEL	Foulkrod Radio Eng. Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Mod. L. 1310 kc 100 watt Share with WHAT, WTEL & WHAT Not to operate when WCAM is operating (Req. increase in hours of operation). Present Assignment: 1310 kc 100 W Divide with WHAT (WHAT & WTEL not to operate when WCAM is operating).
Docket #1626	WCAM	City of Camden Camden, New Jersey	Ren. L. 1280 kc 500 watt Shares time with WOAX & WCAP.
Docket #1629	WHAT	Independent Broadcasting Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Ren. L. 1310 kc 100 Watt Shares with WTEL, WHAT & WTEL Not to operate when WCAM is operating.

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CASE REMANDED TO DOCKET

The Commission this week remanded to the docket the cases involved in Examiner's Report 386 made by Elmer W. Pratt, including the application for a construction permit of the American Legion Department of Missouri Donald Holden Post No. 105, at Albany, Mo., and license renewals asked by stations KFWF and WIL, both of St. Louis.

In these cases Examiner Pratt recommended that the application for license renewal of KFWK be denied, that the license of WIL be renewed. No recommendation was made relative to the construction of the new station which was to have been on the same frequency, 1200 kilocycles.

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ACTS RATIFIED

During the current week the Commission has ratified the following action of Commissioners while in recess:

WJBU	Bucknell University Lewisburg, Pennsylvania	Authorized to suspend operation temporarily due to emergency caused by fire.
W9ALA	Paul E. Black Aledo, Illinois	Authorized to operate station at Mercer Co. Fair Grounds in Aledo, during period of Fair.
WIEX	National Broadcasting Company, Inc. New York, N. Y.	Granted authority to operate station using 1566 and 2390 kc, 50 watts, Sept.8 to 20, aboard DERELICT, in connection with Explorer Beebe descriptive broadcast. (Action taken August 27).
WKAV	Harold E. Wescott, Receiver Laconia, New Hampshire	Authorized to operate station as temporary receiver for additional period of 30 days from September 5.
KSOO	Sioux Falls Brdcast.Assn.Inc. Sioux Falls, South Dakota	Granted authority to take depositions in re its application for renewal of license, scheduled for hearing September 19.
KGFW	Central Neb.Brdcstg.Corporation Kearney, Nebraska	Authorized to change hours of operation from unlimited to specified hours, during month of September.
KRMD	Radio Station KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change equipment and increase power from 50 to 100 watts.
KWEA	Hello World Broadcasting Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Denied request to take depositions.
WENC	Americus Broadcasting Company Americus, Georgia	Authorized to operate each week-day night from August 30 to September 14, until 9 PM.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following applications at the request of the applicant:

WOL	American Broadcasting Company Washington, D. C.	Mod. Lic. 1240 kc, 250 w. unltd. time.
NEW	Steubenville Broadcasting Company Steubenville, Ohio	CP, 1420 kc, 100 watts, spec. hours.

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September 10, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-MP-B-371	WSYB	Philip Weiss Music Company Rutland, Vermont	Mod. of C. P. Change equipment and transmitter locally and extend completion date to November 28, 1932.
1-MP-B-372	WHAM	Stromberg-Carlson Telephone Manufacturing Company Rochester, New York	Mod. of C. P. Extend commencement and completion dates.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-APL-B-11	WNBW	Home Cut Glass & China Co. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Voluntary assignment of cons. permit and license to WNBW, Inc.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-MP-B-370	KASA	E. M. Woody Elk City, Oklahoma	Mod. of C. P. to change equipment and move transmitter and studio locally.
3-AL-B-460	WJBY	Gadsden Broadcasting Co. Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	Voluntary assignment of license to Ingram Broadcasting Company.
3-P-B-2680	NEW	John Tindale Abiline, Texas	C. P. new station to use 1420 kcs; 100 watts; Share time equally with KABC. Requests facilities of KABC, San Antonio, Texas.

KABC, San Antonio, Texas, is an unlimited time, 100 watt station, operating on a frequency of 1420 kilocycles. The Third Zone is over quota and the State of Texas is over quota but the granting of this application would not increase the quota.

		FOURTH ZONE	
4-MP-F-19	W9XAL	First National Television Corp. Kansas City, Missouri	Mod. C. P. extension of completion date to 10-15-32. Exp. visual broadcasting station.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for license covering previously authorized permits from the following stations: KGFI, Corpus Christi, Tex; WCCO, Minneapolis, Minn.; KFQD, Anchorage, Alaska.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

September 17, 1932

ST. LOUIS IN NOVEMBER

The Tenth Annual Convention of the National Association of Broadcasters will be held at the Hotel Chase, St. Louis, Missouri, November 13, 14, 15 and 16, 1932.

Under the direction of Ed Spence, Chairman of the General Convention Committee, plans are now going forward and early indications are that the St. Louis Convention will be the most important meeting of broadcasters ever held.

The copyright situation has demonstrated the necessity for a full, free and frank discussion of all major problems affecting the industry.

Remember that the National Association of Broadcasters is your organization. The organization can be only what the membership collectively makes it. Take part in its activities.

During nineteen months the membership of the Association has climbed from 83 to 230 station members, representing every class of broadcast station licensed by the Government. This membership must be further increased. The NAB must become truly a policy-making body for the broadcasting industry, having a definite program and the determination to carry out the details of that program.

Make your plans now to attend the St. Louis meeting. Come prepared to discuss and to vote on the issue which will be presented for consideration.

The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly from the Association's headquarters in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be published without express permission.

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September 17, 1932

ALABAMA SHOWS THE WAY

Colleges and universities deriving financial support from the State of Alabama will not be permitted to ban broadcasts of athletic contests if a bill introduced in the Alabama House by Representative Green becomes law (H.B. No.313-X). The text of the bill follows:

"Sec. 1. That on and after the passage and approval of this Act any regularly and duly licensed radio broadcasting station or company operating within the State of Alabama -- shall have the right and privilege to broadcast by means of radio, either by direct or remote control, any and all athletic contests or events, including football games, baseball games, basketball games and track meets, staged by or sponsored by or participated in, within the State of Alabama, by any team or teams from any educational institution, school, college or university, located in the State of Alabama and which in any way derives or receives any financial aid, support or contribution from the State of Alabama or any political subdivision or agency thereof.

"Sec. 2. That after the passage and approval of this Act it shall be unlawful for any executive officer or, board of trustees of, or any person acting on behalf of any educational institution, school, college or university located in the State of Alabama and which in any way derives or receives any financial aid, support or contribution from the State of Alabama or any political subdivision or agency thereof to refuse or prohibit to any duly licensed radio broadcasting station or company the right or privilege to broadcast by means of radio, either by direct or remote control, any or all athletic contests or events, including football games, baseball games, basketball games and track meets, staged or sponsored by or participated in within the State of Alabama by any team or teams from such educational institution, school, college or university within the State of Alabama.

"Sec. 3. The invalidity of any portion of this Act shall not affect any other portion thereof which can be given effect without such invalid part.

"Sec. 4. This Act shall take effect upon the approval by the Governor."

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RADIO ADVERTISING STATISTICS

National radio advertising during July amounted to $2,406,000 as compared with $2,996,000 for June of this year and $2,764,000 for July of last year, according to figures just made public by the Department of Commerce. The figures are for cost of facilities only.

Magazine advertising during July amounted to $8,195,000 as compared with $10,888,000 for June of the same year and $12,314,000 for July of last year.

Automotive, drugs and toilet goods, foods, machinery and petroleum products were the classifications which showed increased radio advertising expenditures during July as compared with July of 1931.

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September 17, 1932

ELECTRICAL ENERGY HELD TAXABLE

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has ruled that electrical energy furnished to radio broadcasting stations is taxable under the 1932 revenue act.

The National Association of Broadcasters through its tax committee in oral argument and in an elaborate brief filed with the Bureau held that broadcasting stations were not subject to the tax but were entitled to the same classification as "radio communication companies" which have been held to be industrial rather than commercial users of power and therefore exempted from the tax.

It is likely that the issue will be carried either to the Board of Tax Appeals or into the courts.

The ruling of the Bureau was set forth in the following letter addressed to the Association by Commissioner of Internal Revenue Burnet.

"Reference is made to your communication of August 11, 1932, in which you raise the question as to whether electrical energy consumed by broadcasting companies is subject to the tax imposed by section 616 of the Revenue Act of 1932.

"Section 616(a) of the Revenue Act of 1932 imposes a tax equivalent to 3 per cent of the amount paid for electrical energy for domestic or commercial consumption, to be paid by the person paying for such electrical energy.

"The conclusion has been reached that electrical energy furnished to radio broadcasting stations and offices engaged in commercial advertising through the medium of furnishing entertainment to the public is commercial in its scope and is subject to the tax imposed by section 616 of the Revenue Act of 1932."

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LIFT FOOTBALL BAN

The Eastern Intercollegiate Association has revised its action of several weeks ago banning football broadcasts and will leave to individual members the decision as to whether or not broadcasts of Fall football contests will be permitted. The action of banning football broadcasts drew wide criticism from the followers of college football and from the press.

The original action was aimed at the broadcasting industry generally. The broadcasting companies made no organized protest taking the position that the issue was one between the college athletic departments and the public. The public was quick to decide.

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WCCO GOES TO 50 KILOWATTS

Northwestern Broadcasting Incorporated, Minneapolis, Minn. this week gave a dinner to prominent radio-folk which marked the completion of the 50 KW transmitter of Station WCCO.

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STATUS OF COURT CASES

In the high power cases pending in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia the Court has allowed stations WJZ, WGY, WGN and WMAQ, until September 21 in which to file their briefs.

In the Intermountain Broadcasting Corporation (KDYL) case against the Commission, the latter has just filed a supplemental motion to dismiss.

KOMO, in its appeal against the Commission's decision has filed its brief, as has Station WNJ.

Station WLOE, in its appeal against the Commission has filed a motion with the court asking until November 15 in which to file its brief. No action has yet been taken by the court on this motion.

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STANDARDS FREQUENCY TESTS

In order to provide more adequate reception to owners of more than 20,000,000 radio receiving sets tuned in on the country's 600-odd stations, continuous 24-hour service for the maintenance of wave-frequencies of broadcasting stations is the goal of the Commerce Department's newly-equipped "standard frequency" stations at Meadows and Beltsville, Maryland, functioning under scientists of the Bureau of Standards, according to an announcement.

Not only will the public be the beneficiary of continuous scientific adjustment of radio frequency bands, but also manufacturers of radio sending apparatus, as well as testing laboratories and Governmental departments, it was stated.

While the testing of frequency bands is not a new activity with the Bureau of Standards, such work having been carried on for a number of years in temporary buildings, installation of a new transmitting set in one of the three buildings housing the station on the U. S. Experimental Farm near Beltsville, Maryland, will materially enhance its scope, it was pointed out. In order to overcome the difficulties of mutual interference caused by the radio apparatus and by experimental apparatus in some of the Bureau laboratories in Washington, the Bureau was given funds in 1931 to establish two permanent field stations. Necessary construction has been completed, and now equipment is about to be installed.

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GOVERNMENT ANTITRUST CASE

Judge Warren Olney, Jr., of San Francisco, special assistant to the Attorney General in the government's case against the Radio Corporation and others, said this week that the government intends to go ahead with the case in the United States District Court, Wilmington, Delaware, on October 10.

This case which has been dragging along for a long time was held up while the defendants made an effort to reach an agreement with the government. The agreement has not been consumated. In addition to the Radio Corporation the other defendants include; American Telephone & Telegraph Co.,General Electric Co.;Westinghouse Elec. & Manufacturing Co.,General Motors Corporation, RCA Communications, Inc.,International General Electric Company and the National Broadcasting Company. The last three named defendants were added in a supplemental petition.

September 17, 1932

SALES DATA FROM DISTRIBUTION CENSUS

The means by which a retailer, wholesaler or manufacturer may determine the approximate sales of any commodity for any area from the Retail Distribution Census data are outlined in a brochure just published by the Census Bureau entitled "How to Use Commodity Sales Data."

Because not more than 15 per cent of retail stores in the United States keep records in such detail that they can report their sales by commodities or minor commodity groups, the retail census cannot show dollars of commodity sales completely. These figures were not sought from all stores because it was known in advance that they could not be obtained. Reports were secured in detail on commodity sales, however, from stores in cities of more than 10,000 population that had annual sales of at least $60,000. To show the significance of these figures and to facilitate the application of the partial coverage to the entire census is the purpose of the recently published pamphlet.

The commodity data presented in the retail census, it is pointed out, may be regarded as substantial samples, covering the entire country, obtained through the cooperation of progressive retailers who kept adequate commodity records. In the state reports they are expressed in percentage form so that they may be applied to the full amount of sales. In some kinds of stores the commodity coverage is practically or actually 100 per cent, while in others there are no commodity data sufficiently complete to present.

Illustrations are given of the ways in which manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers can use these figures. Manufacturers may ascertain the kinds of stores to which their commodities could be sold thereby broadening the fields of prospects open to their salesmen, obtain an appraisal of these stores in relation to their importance as outlets for the commodity, and measure the potential conditional market for a commodity in any given kind of store. The figures offer, also, a basis for revising sales territories and advertising plans.

Retailers can learn, from the commodity tables, what their kind of store is selling in their community and other communities. By listing every kind of store which sells the commodities regarded as primary lines by a retailer it is possible for him to determine the nature and extent of his local competition in the sale of that commodity. A retailer can also learn from these tables what related lines of merchandise are sold by his direct competitors.

Other uses are suggested and the ways of applying these figures are discussed in the report, which is available free from the Publications Division, Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.

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SEND IN INVOICE FORMS, PLEASE

Different stations use different forms for billing radio advertising clients. Several members are proposing changes in the invoice forms they are now using and have asked for assistance. It would be helpful if members would send to NAB headquarters bill forms they are now using so these could be combined in the form of an exhibit and sent to stations desiring help. The exhibit would be kept intact and available to all members who are interested in forms now in use. Will you please instruct your secretary to mail toNAB headquarters a copy of your current bill form?

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September 17, 1932

STANDARD FREQUENCIES

The Bureau of Standards transmits standard frequencies from its station WWV, Washington, D. C., every Tuesday. The transmissions are on 5000 kilocycles. Beginning October 1, the schedule will be changed. The transmissions will be given continuously from 10 A. M. to 12 noon, and from 8:00 to 10:00 P. M., Eastern Standard Time. (From April to September, 1932, the schedule was from 2 to 4 P. M., and from 10 P. M. to midnight). The service may be used by transmitting stations in adjusting their transmitters to exact frequency, and by the public in calibrating frequency standards, and transmitting and receiving apparatus. The transmissions can be heard and utilized by stations equipped for continuous-wave reception through the United States, although not with certainty in some places. The accuracy of the frequency is at all times better than one cycle (one in five million).

From the 5000 kilocycles any frequency may be checked by the method of harmonics. Information on how to receive and utilize the signals is given in a pamphlet obtainable on request addressed to Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.

The transmissions consist mainly of continuous, unkeyed carrier frequency, giving a continuous whistle in the phones when received with an oscillatory receiving set. For the first five minutes there are transmitted the general call (CQ de WWV) and announcement of the frequency. The frequency and the call letters of the station (WWV) are given every ten minutes thereafter.

Supplementary experimental transmissions are made at other times. Some of these are made with modulated waves, at various modulation frequencies. Information regarding proposed supplementary transmissions is given by radio during the regular transmissions, and also announced in the newspapers.

The Bureau desires to receive reports on the transmissions, especially because radio transmission phenomena change with the season of the year. The data desired are approximate field intensity, fading characteristics, and the suitability of the transmissions for frequency measurements. It is suggested that in reporting on intensities, the following designations be used where field intensity measurement apparatus is not used: (1) hardly perceptible, unreadable; (2) weak, readable now and then; (3) fairly good, readable with difficulty; (4) good, readable; (5) very good, perfectly readable. A statement as to whether fading is present or not is desired, and if so, its characteristics, such as time between peaks of signal intensity. Statements as to type of receiving set and type of antenna used are also desired. The Bureau would also appreciate reports on the use of the transmissions for purposes of frequency measurement or control.

All reports and letters regarding the transmissions should be addressed Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.

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RADIO BULLETIN

The regular monthly Radio Service Bulletin for the month of August has just been issued by the Commission. This is the bulletin which the Commission inherited from the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce which used to print it. The bulletin is now put out in mimeograph form, this being only the second issue in that form. Many routine matters and changes are reported in the bulletin particularly relative to short wave matters.

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September 17, 1932

UNLIMITED TIME TO WSMK RECOMMENDED

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost, in report No. 412 recommended that Station KQV, Pittsburgh be denied unlimited time but station WSMK, Dayton, Ohio which also asked for unlimited time be granted its application. Both stations operate on a frequency of 1380 kilocycles. KQV uses 500 watts and WSMK, 200 watts. The two stations shared time. He recommended further that the renewal licenses of both stations be granted.

The Chief Examiner stated that the people of Pittsburgh and vicinity now received better radio service than do the people of Dayton, and that the public need for unlimited time operation is greater in Dayton than in Pittsburgh.

"The people of Dayton", he states, "are entitled to the increased and improved radio service, both of transmission and reception, which the unlimited time operation of Station WSMK should provide."

The Examiner further points out that "inasmuch as the record discloses no evidence of objectionable interference from the limited nighttime operation of Station WSMK, at Dayton, on the 1380 kilocycle frequency with output of 200 watts, the Examiner assumes no objectionable interference would result from the unlimited time operation of this station at Dayton on the same frequency and with the same power output."

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KICK GETS PERMISSION TO MOVE

The Radio Commission this week upheld Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost, in his report No. 1678 by granting Station KICK permission to move from Red Oak to Carter Lake, Iowa.

The Commission states that the removal "would enable the station to render service to a population many times larger than now receives service from this station and would not deprive the Red Oak area of all good broadcast reception, service including programs of both national networks, now being received therein from a number of stations located elsewhere."

It was found further by the Commission in upholding the Examiner in his decision that "it does not appear from this record that the operation of KICK at Carter Lake would so affect the interests and advertising revenues of any of the respondent stations as would necessitate any curtailment of either the quality or quantity of the service now rendered by them to the listening public."

Opposition to the move was filed with the Commission by stations WIW, KOIL and WAAW.

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AMENDS RULE

Rule 24 was amended by the Commission this week so as to require licensees receiving notice of "off frequency" operation to submit their replies direct to the Commission instead of through the Supervisors of radio as heretofore.

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September 17, 1932

WILL NOT INCREASE POWER

Examiner Elmer W. Pratt's decision in report No. 1534 denying the application of Station WAAB, Boston to increase its power from 500 to 1000 watts, was upheld this week by the Commission. The station operates unlimited time on a frequency of 1410 kilocycles.

In denying the increase of power to the station the Commission found that "although the operation of Station WAAB with 1 kilowatt power would extend the present generally meritorious service of this station over certain sections of the metropolitan area of Boston that do not now receive satisfactory service from WAAB, the Boston area now receives abundant broadcast service from three other stations located therein and at least four stations situated nearby, and it does not appear that there is a need for additional service in this area."

The Commission states further as reasons for its denial that "although Massachussetts is now assigned somewhat less than its share of broadcast facilities, approximately 85 per cent of the total facilities in use within the entire state are concentrated in and around the city of Boston and it would appear that any assignment of additional facilities should be under served sections of the state."

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NEW CONSTRUCTION PERMIT GRANTED

Harold H. Hanseth was granted permission this week by the Commission to erect a new broadcasting station at Eureka, California, using 100 watts power, and operating on a frequency of 1210 kilocycles. The hours of operation will be from daylight to 12 midnight. In granting this permit the Commission upheld Examiner Elmer W. Pratt in his report No. 1625.

The Commission granted the permit "upon the condition that a suitable transmitter site shall be selected by applicant and approved by the Commission before the construction authorized by this order shall be commenced."

In its grounds for decision the Commission found that "Eureka and vicinity do not receive daytime service from any established station and the operation of the proposed new station during daytime hours would satisfy the need which appears to exist in that area for such service."

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COMPLAINTS AGAINST MEXICAN STATIONS

A number of complaints have been received by the Federal Radio Commission recently from listeners in connection with the use of Mexican stations broadcasting lotteries and fortune telling schemes.

The latest of these is from Charles H. Trapp, of Topeka, Kansas. The Commission is advising Mr. Trapp that it has no jurisdiction over what any foreign station puts on the air even if it reaches listeners in this country.

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September 17, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WDBO	Orlando Broadcasting Company, Inc. Orlando, Florida	Granted special authorization to operate temporarily on 580 kc, with 250 watts on experimental basis. This authorization is granted subject to termination at any time without hearing or prior notice if the need arises; also subject to Commission's decision on application for Mod. of Lic.
KUJ	KUJ, Incorporated Walla Walla, Washington	Authorized to operate unlimited time November 8 and to operate after midnight on said date.
KPJM	A. P. Miller Prescott, Arizona	Reconsidered action of August 30 in granting license to A. P. Miller and designated application for hearing. License to be recalled and temporary lic. issued to M. B. Scott and Ed. C. Sturm to be extended pending outcome of hearing, when R. W. and D. P. Lautzenheiser's application for facilities of this station will be considered.
WKFI	J. Pat Scully Greenville, Mississippi	Granted extension of program test period for 30 days pending action on lic. appl.
WDEV	Harry C. Whitehill Waterbury, Vermont	Authorized to change Sunday hours of operation from 2:30 P. M. to 4 P. M., to 10:30 A. M. to 12:30 P. M. EST, for period not later than November 29, 1932.
KNX	Western Broadcast Company Hollywood, California	Granted permission to take depositions in re application of KFBI, Milford, Kans. to be used at hearing October 10, 1932.
KGNO	Dodge City Broadcasting Co., Inc. Dodge City, Kansas	Granted permission to take depositions in behalf of its application to change frequency from 1210 kc to 1340 kc, which is set for hearing December 15, 1932.
WTBO	Association Broadcasting Corp., Cumberland, Maryland	Granted permission to assign license to the Interstate Broadcasting System, Inc.
WCOA	Pensacola Broadcasting Company Pensacola, Florida	Authorized to conduct eqpt. tests for additional 5 days in accordance with Rule 164.
KGDA	Mitchell Broadcasting Corporation Mitchell, South Dakota	Granted leave to intervene in the matter of the application of John B. Taylor to erect a new station at Aberdeen, S. D.

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September 17, 1932

HEARINGS SET

During the current week the Commission set the following cases for hearing.

KXL	KXL Broadcasters Portland, Oregon	Requests C. P. to change equipment; change frequency from 1420 to 1410 kc; change power from 100 watts to 250 watts, and change hours of operation from sharing with KBPS to unlimited. (Facilities of KTBR).
WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corporation Brooklyn, New York	Requests authority to use transmitter of WLTH in Brooklyn, for a period of 3 weeks while installing automatic frequency control.
NEW	W. B. Neal Gallipolis, Ohio	Requests C. P. for special exp. service 1500 2000 kc, time of operation Tuesday, 2 until 4 P. M.; Thursday and Friday 10 P. M. until 1 A. M.

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ORAL ARGUMENTS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following oral arguments.

Ex. Rep. No. 405 WKBB	Sanders Brothers Joliet, Illinois	Oral argument granted - October 5, 1932. Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost recommended that conditional grant made May 27, 1932, for removal of station to East Dubuque, for a change in frequency from 1310 to 1500 kc, and change in hours of operation from sharing with WCLS to specified hours, be affirmed.
Ex. Rep. No. 395 WRHM WCAL KFMX WLB- WGMS	Minn. Broadcasting Corporation Minneapolis, Minnesota Northfield, Minnesota Northfield, Minnesota Minneapolis, Minnesota	Oral arguments were granted in these cases to be heard October 5. WRHM which now shares time with the other stations applied for unlimited time. Examiner Ralph L. Walker recommended a denial of the application.

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COMMISSION MEETINGS

The Radio Commission has made a change in its regular weekly meetings. On Tuesdays and Fridays regular meetings will be held at which time decisions will be rendered and all matters before it. Before a short summer recess the Commission met on every day in the week except Wednesdays and Saturdays, each day devoted to specific matters. This routine has been changed at least for the time being.

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September 17, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, September, 19, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 A. M.

TUESDAY, September 20, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1501	WMIL	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, New York	Mod. Lic.	1300 kc 100 watts Share with WEVD, WBBR, WHAZ (Facilities of WFAB)
			Present Assignment:	1500 kc 100 W Shares with WWRL, WIBX, WMBQ.
Docket #1784	WMIL	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, New York	C. P.	1300 kc 1 KW Shares with WEVD, WBBR, WHAZ. (Facilities of WFAB)
Docket #1538	WFAB	Defenders of Truth Society, Inc. New York, N. Y.	Renewal	1300 kc 1 KW Shares with WEVD, WBBR, WHAZ.
Docket #1785	WFAB	Defenders of Truth Society, Inc. New York, N. Y.	Assgt. of License	1300 kc 1 KW Shares with WEVD, WBBR, and WHAZ.
Docket #1742	WWRL	Long Island Broadcasting Corp. Woodside, L. I., New York	Mod. Lic.	1500 kc 100 W Half time sharing with WMIL and WMBQ.
			Present Assignment:	1500 kc 100 W Shares with WMIL, WMBQ, WLBX.
Docket #1743	WMBQ	Paul J. Gollhofer Brooklyn, New York	Mod. Lic.	1500 kc 100 W Shares with WMIL & WWRL & WLBX. (Req. 9 additional hrs.)
			Present Assignment:	1500 kc 100 W Shares with WMIL, WWRL & WLBX.
Docket #1727	WMIL	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, New York	Renewal	1500 kc 100 w Shares with WWRL, WLBX & WMBQ One fourth time each.
Docket #1735	WWRL	Long Island Brdcstg. Corp. Woodside, L. I., New York	Renewal	1500 kc 100 W Shares with WMIL, WMBQ and WLBX, $\frac{1}{4}$ time each.
Docket #1753	WMBQ	Paul J. Gollhofer Brooklyn, New York	Renewal	1500 kc 100 W Shares with WWRL, WMIL and WLBX, $\frac{1}{4}$ time each.

HEARING CALENDAR (Continued)

WEDNESDAY, September 21, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1716	NEW	James M. Caldwell Goodland, Kansas	C. P.	1310 kc 100 W Share with KGFW
Docket #1737	WHEF	J. Niles Boyd Wholsale Grocery Company, J. O. Ashworth, J. R. Smithson, d/b as Attala Milling & Produce Company, Kosciusko, Miss.	Mod. C. P.	1560 kc 100. 250 W. LS - Unlimited time (Req. authority to change location of station to Jackson, Miss.)

THURSDAY, September 22, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1652	WSBT	The South Bend Tribune South Bend, Indiana	Mod. Lic.	1230 kc 500 W Continuous day operation to 5:30 P. M. Present Assignment: 1230 KC 500 W Specified hours - Day only.
Docket #1636	WFBM	Indianapolis Power & Light Co. Indianapolis, Indiana	Mod. Lic.	1230 KC 1 KW 500 W LS - Unlimited time. Present Assignment: 1230 kc 1 KW Specified hours.
Docket #1700	NEW	Thirty-First St. Baptist Church Morris H. Coers, Pastor Indianapolis, Indiana	C. P.	600 kc 250 W Daytime

FRIDAY, September 23, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1274	NEW	W. H. Allen, Eugene Levy & S. B. Pearce, d/b as W. H. Allen & Co. Alexandria, La.	C. P.	1210 kc 100 W Daytime (Facilities of KWEA)
Docket #1472	KWEA	Hello World Broadcasting Corp., Shreveport, Louisiana	C. P.	1210 kc 100 W Unlimited time. (Requests authority change equipment and move station to Baton Rouge, Louisiana.)
Docket #1295	KWEA	Hello World Broadcasting Corp., Shreveport, Louisiana	Renewal	1210 kc 100 W Unlimited time

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September 17, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WILM	Delaware Broadcasting Company Wilmington, Delaware	Granted Mod. of Lic. to reduce hours from unlimited to specified - 10 A. M. to 9 P. M., EST.
	SECOND ZONE	
NEW	Herman G. Halsted Hazleton, Pennsylvania	Granted C. P. for new station to operate on 1420 kc, 100 watts, share time with WILM. (Facilities of WILM).
WWVA	West Virginia Broadcasting Corp., Wheeling, West Virginia	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
	THIRD ZONE	
KFPM	Dave Ablowich, D/B as The New Furniture Company Greenville, Texas	Granted special authorization to operate from 9 P. M. to 12 midnight, CST, Sept. 30, October 7, 14, 28 and November 4, 1932, and to operate from 3 to 6 P. M., CST, October 21, November 11, 18 and 25, 1932.
KGUB	The New Furniture Company Houston, Texas	Granted Mod. of Lic. to operate transm. unattended by remote control, and change location of transmitter locally.
	FOURTH ZONE	
KFIZ	The Reporter Printing Company Fond Du Lac, Wisconsin	Granted authority to operate unlimited time on the nights of September 20 and November 8.
WEBC	Head of the Lakes Broadcasting Co. Superior, Wisconsin	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change modulation system of auxiliary and to operate same with 1 KW power; for emergency operation while moving main transmitter.
WREC-WOAN	WREC, Incorporated Memphis, Tennessee	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
KTAT	S A T Broadcasting Company Fort Worth, Texas	Granted Mod. of Lic. for change in name to KTAT Broadcast Company, Inc.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (Continued)

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FOURTH ZONE (Continued)
KMBC	Midland Broadcasting Company Kansas City, Missouri	Granted C. P. to move transmitter from Independence, Missouri to Belinder Blvd. & Swarzel Avenue out of city limits of Kansas City, Kansas.
W9XAL	First National Television Corp., Kansas City, Missouri	Granted extension of completion date of C. P. to October 15, 1932.
		FIFTH ZONE
KGUR	Aeronautical Radio Inc., Burbank, California	Granted Mod. of C. P. for local change in transmitter and authority to operate with remote control with operator at control point only.

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LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted license renewals for the regular period to the following stations:

WACO, Waco, Texas; WASH, Grand Rapids, Michigan; WBRC, Birmingham, Alabama; WCAE, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; WCSH, Portland, Maine; WDAE, Tampa, Florida; WDAY, Fargo, North Dakota; WDBJ, Roanoke, Virginia; WDEL, Wilmington, Delaware; WDOD, Chattanooga, Tennessee; WDSU, New Orleans; WEAI, Ithaca, N. Y.; WEBC, Superior, Wisconsin; WEBC (Auxiliary), Superior, Wisconsin; WFBM, Indianapolis, Ind.

WFBM (Auxiliary), Indianapolis, Indiana; WFBR, Baltimore; WHAD, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; WIBA, Madison, Wisconsin; WJDX, Jackson, Miss.; WLBW, Oil City, Pa.; WNAC-WBIS, Boston, Mass.; WNBZ, Saranac Lake, N. Y.; WOOD, Grand Rapids, Mich.; WREN, Lawrence, Kansas; WRR, Dallas, Texas; WSBT, South Bend, Indiana; WTAW, College Station, Texas; WTOC, Savannah, Georgia; WXYZ, Detroit, Michigan.

KDYL, Salt Lake City; KFIO, Spokane, Washington; KFKU, Lawrence, Kansas; KFQD, Anchorage, Alaska; KFSG, Los Angeles; KFUL, Galveston, Texas; KFWB, Hollywood, California; KGBZ, York, Nebraska; KGCA, Decorah, Iowa; KGGF, South Coffeyville, Oklahoma; KGGM, Albuquerque, New Mexico; KLPM, Minot North Dakota; KMA, Shenandoah, Iowa; KMBC, Kansas City, Mo; KOIL, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

KOIN, Portland, Oregon; KOL, Seattle; KQW, San Jose, California; KRSC, Seattle; KTAT, Fort Worth, Texas; KTFI, Twin Falls, Idaho; KTRH, Houston, Texas; KTSA, San Antonio,; KVOR, Colorado Springs, Colorado; KWLC, Decorah, Iowa, and KYA, San Francisco, California; WKFI, Greenville, Miss.; WOAI, San Antonia, Texas; KUMA, Yuma, Arizona; KGEZ, Kalispell, Montana.

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September 17, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-MP-B-373	WDEV	Harry C. Whitehill Waterbury, Vermont	Modification of construction permit issued 7-29-32 changes in equipment and extend date of completion.
1-P-B-2682	WOR	Bamberger Broadcasting Service Newark, New Jersey	Construction permit to move transmitter to Shore Road, Tremley, N. J., change equipment and increase operating power from 5 KW to 50 KW.
1-ML-B-1053	WMIL	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, New York	Modification of license to increase hours of operation. Requests 1/3 time formerly used by WLBX now deleted.

Should the hours of operation of WMIL be increased as applied for it would increase the quota for the State of New York which is already over quota by 0.05 unit.

1-AL-B-455	WESG	W. Neal Parker and Herbert H. Metcalfe Glens Falls, New York	Voluntary assignment of license to O. T. Griffin and G. F. Bissell.
1-P-B-2668	WESG	O. T. Griffin and G. F. Bissell Hudson Falls, New York	Construction permit to move station from Glenns Falls, N.Y. to Hudson Falls, N. Y., and install new equipment.

Removal of this station would not cause any additional interference owing to the close proximity of Glens Falls and Hudson Falls.

1-ML-B-1046	WAGM	Aroostook Broadcasting Corp., Presque Isle, Maine	Modification of license for change in specified hours of operation.
1-ML-B-1054	WABI	First Universalist Society of Bangor, Maine Bangor, Maine	Modification of license for change in specified hours of operation.
1-SA-B-24	WMCA	Knickerbocker Broadcasting Company, Inc. New York, N. Y.	Special temporary authority to use auxiliary at 1697 Broadway, New York, until main transmitter has been completed.

the current week the Commission receiv

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	
WDEV	C. Whitehill Vermont	permit issued Vermont Broadcaster in equipment and extend date of completion.
WOR	Bamberger Broadcasting Service New Jersey	Construction permit to move transmitter to Shore Road, N. J., change equipment and increase operating power from 5 KW to 50
	Arthur Lane Brooklyn, New York	Modification of license to increase hours of operation. Requests 1/3 time formerly used by WLEX now delayed.

Should the hours of operation of WMIL be increased as applied for it would in[illegible] for the State of New York which is already over quota.

	West Parker and Herbert Glens Falls, New York	Voluntary assignment of license to O. T. Griffith and G. E.
[illegible]	O. T. Griffith and G. E. Hudson Falls, New	Construction permit to move station from Glens Falls, N. Y. to Hudson Falls, N. Y. Install new equipment.

[illegible] of this station would not cause any additi[illegible] interf[illegible] close[illegible] of Glens Falls and Hudson Falls.

[illegible]-B-10	WAGM Aroostook Broadcasting Corp., Presque Isle, Maine	Modification of [illegible] in specified hours of operation.
	WAXI First Universalist Society of Bangor, Maine Bangor, Maine	Modification of license to change in specified hours of operation.
[illegible]A-B-2	Knickerbocker Broadcasting Inc. New York,	Special temporary authority to use auxiliary at 1027 Broadway New York, until [illegible] has been complete[illegible]

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (Continued)

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2681	WFIW	WFIW, Incorporated Hopkinsville, Kentucky	Construction permit to change location of transmitter and Main Studio to Louisville, Ky., exact location to be determined by tests.

WFIW is a 1,000 watt station operating on a frequency of 940 kilocycles, unlimited time. Louisville is 905 actual miles from WCSH, Portland, Maine. The Engineering Division recommends a separation of 1,000 miles. The move would not change the state or zone quota.

2-AL-B-462	WEEU	Raymond A. Gaul, Harold O. Landis and H. S. Craumer, d/b as Berks Broadcasting Co. Reading, Pennsylvania	Voluntary assignment of license to Berks Broadcasting Company, a corporation.
2-PB-2686	WLVA	Lynchburg Broadcasting Corp., Lynchburg, Virginia	Construction permit for changes in equipment, frequency, power and hours of operation from 1370 kcs.,100 watts, Shares with WBTM to 1500 kcs.,100 watts night, 250 watts day, unlimited hours. Requests facilities of WRBX, Roanoke, Virginia.

The nearest station on the same frequency is WOPI, Bristol, Virginia, using 100 watts power. The actual mileage is 177 miles. The Engineering tables recommend a separation of 185 miles.

		THIRD ZONE	
3-ML-B-1049	WCSC	South Carolina Broadcasting Company, Inc. Charleston, South Carolina	Modification of license to change frequency and power from 1360 kcs, 500 watts to 1450 kcs, 500 watts night, 1 KW day. Requests exchange of frequency with WTFI, facilities of WTFI, Athens, Ga.
3-PB-2683	WTFI	Liberty Broadcasting Company Athens, Georgia	Construction permit to change location of transmitter and Main Studio to Greenville, S. C., new equipment, change frequency and power from 1450 kcs, 500 watts to 1360 kcs, 500 watts night, 1 KW day. Requests exchange of frequency with WCSC, facilities of WCSC, Charleston, South Carolina.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (Continued)

THIRD ZONE (Continued)

These two applications should be considered together. Should WTFI be allowed to move as requested, then WCSC could take over the frequency of WTFI without any interference.

WTFI, located at Greenville, South Carolina, would be 690 miles from WFBL, Syracuse, New York, operating on 1360 kilocycles. The Engineers table of the Commission recommends a separation of 1,000 miles. WJKS, Gary, Indiana, operating on the same frequency, is 560 miles away. The proposed site of the station would also bring it within 580 miles of WGES, Chicago, on the same frequency. The application of WCSC for increased power would increase the quota but the State is now under quota.

3-PB-2667-A KOMA	National Radio Manufacturing Co., Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	Construction permit amended to give exact location of proposed transmitter as 7 1/2 miles N. E. of Oklahoma City on U. S. Highway No. 66 and additional data on proposed equipment.
3-PB-2629 NEW	The Greenville News-Piedmont Co. Greenville, South Carolina	Construction permit for new station to use 590 kcs, 250 watts night, 500 watts day amended to give exact location as 3½ miles N.W. of Greenville, S. C. for transmitter.
3-PB-2687 NEW	John S. Pitts, III, Tuscaloosa, Alabama	Construction permit for new station to use 1370 kcs, 100 watts, unlimited hours. Requests facilities of WAMC, Anniston, Alabama.

The nearest station on the same frequency, 1370 kilocycles is WPFB, Hattiesburg, Mississippi, using 100 watts power. The actual mileage is 160 miles. The Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles.

FOURTH ZONE

4-ML-B-1051 KFNF	Henry Field Company Shenandoah, Iowa	Modification of License to change hours to Share with KUSD and WILL To remove time clause from license.
4-ML-B-1052 WILL	University of Illinois Urbana, Illinois	Modification of license to change hours to Share with KFNF and KUSD To remove time clause from license.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (Continued)

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FOURTH ZONE (Continued)	
4-ML-B-1050	KUSD	University of South Dakota Vermillion, South Dakota	Modification of license to change hours to Share with KFNF and WILL. To remove time clause from license.

These three applications should be considered together. The stations share time on a frequency of 890 kilocycles. If the hours of KFNF were increased the zone and State of Iowa quota would be increased.

		FIFTH ZONE	
5-AL-B-461	KTBR	M. E. Brown Portland, Oregon	Voluntary assignment of license to KALE, Incorporated.
5-MP-B-374	KGKX	Sandpoint Broadcasting Co., Lewiston, Idaho	Modification of construction permit issued 5-10-32 (to move station from Sandpoint, Idaho and make changes in equipment.) To extend date of commencement and date of completion.
5-PB-2685	KPCB	Queen City Broadcasting Co., Seattle, Washington	Construction permit for changes in equipment and increase operating power from 100 to 250 watts.

The nearest station to KPCB that might cause interference is KGW, Portland, Oregon, operating on 620 kilocycles, with 1000 watts power. KPCB operates on 650 kilocycles, there being only 30 kilocycles separation. The actual mileage is 60 miles while the recommended separation is 51 miles.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for license covering previously authorized permits from the following stations:

KFYO, Lubbock, Texas; KFBB, Great Falls, Montana; WMAS, Springfield, Massachusset KRMD, Shreveport, Louisiana.

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FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION
Washington, D. C.

Report No. 499. September 16, 1932.

DAILY REPORT OF BROADCASTING APPLICATIONS RECEIVED.

File No.	Name and studio location	Call Letters	Nature of application
1-SA-B-25	Knickerbocker Broadcasting Co., Inc., New York, N. Y.	WMCA	Special authorization to increase power from 500 watts to 500 watts with an additional 500 watts experimentally.
2-P-B-2688	Emory and Henry College, Emory, Va.	WEHC	Construction permit to move transmitter and studio to Charlottesville, Va.
5-L-B-885	Marion A. Mulrony & Advertiser Publishing Company, Ltd., Honolulu, Hawaii.	KGU	License to cover cons. permit issued 2-16-32 for changes in equipment, increase power to $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW, limited hours.

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FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION
Washington, D.C.

Report No. 509 September 16, 1932.

REPORT OF APPLICATIONS RECEIVED
(Other than Broadcasting)

File No.	Name and Transmitter Location	Call Letters	Nature of Application
1-R-H-6026	Radiomarine Corporation of America, Buffalo, N.Y.	WBL	Renewal of Pt. to Pt. telegraph license for 177 kc. 750 watts.
1-R-H-6027	Radiomarine Corporation of America, Duluth, Minn.	WRL	Renewal of Pt. to Pt. telegraph license for 177 kc. 1 KW.
2-R-H-6028	Radiomarine Corporation of America, Chicago, Ill.	WGO	Renewal of Pt. to Pt. telegraph license for 177 kc. 750 watts.
2-R-H-6029	Radiomarine Corporation of America, West Dover, Ohio.	WCY	Renewal of Pt. to Pt. telegraph license for 177 kc. 750 watts.
4-A-L-L-134	Boeing Air Transport, Inc., NC-725-W	KHBXC	Assignment of aircraft license to National Air Transport, Inc.
4-A-L-L-135	Boeing Air Transport, Inc., NC-10225-M	KHBZA	Assignment of aircraft license to National Air Transport, Inc.
2-L-P-81	City of Lexington, Police Dept., Lexington, Ky.	WPET	License covering construction permit for 1712 kc. 200 watts. Municipal Police station.
1-L-L-707	Pan American Airways, Inc., NC-664-M		License for 333,500,2870,3082.5, 5692.5,8220,12330,16440,1708 kc. 12 watts. Aircraft.
5-R-E-3385	Vickerson Radio Laboratories San Francisco, Calif.	W6XAD	Renewal of general experimental license for 2398,3492.5,4797.5, 8655 kc. 1 KW.

There were also received 371 applications for Amateur station licenses.

BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

September 24, 1932

COPYRIGHT AND THE CONVENTION

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Broadcasters generally are far from happy over the "percentage-of-gross-plus-sustaining-fee" proposal offered by the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, ratified by the NAB Board under threat of infringement suits. Even aside from the increased payments which stations will be compelled to make for the use of music of the American Society, broadcasters do not see in the proposal the basis for permanent stability in this important phase of the broadcasting business.

While the licenses are to be issued for a period of three years, broadcasters are looking beyond that term in their present consideration of the subject. They feel that the future security of their industry is dependent upon a sound and constructive solution of this problem.

The development of a plan which will bring to the industry this future stability and at the same time insure and encourage a steady flow of new musical compositions will occupy an important position on the convention program.

The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly from the Association's headquarters in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be published without express permission.

BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
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PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

September 24, 1932

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TO DISCUSS TAX RULING

A court test of the recent ruling of the Bureau of Internal Revenue holding that broadcasting stations were liable for a tax of three per cent on electrical power consumption will probably follow a conference to be held in Washington next week among members of the NAB tax committee. E. M. Elkin, chairman of the Committee, has called the conference for the purpose of determining which of several courses of action shall be followed by the Association.

The ruling was announced by the Bureau following a number of conferences between Mr. Elkin and Bureau officials during which Mr. Elkin protested that the Revenue Act of 1932 did not contemplate taxing of power used by broadcasting stations. The Bureau had specifically exempted radio communication companies from the tax and broadcasting companies were entitled to a similar classification, it was argued. Following the conferences, the NAB filed a brief, setting forth arguments against the proposed ruling. The ruling of the Bureau had been promulgated shortly after the passage of the law but was suspended to give the NAB an opportunity to show why it should not be promulgated. The adverse ruling was rendered two weeks ago.

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LIBEL INSURANCE OFFERED

The Employers Reinsurance Corporation, Kansas City, Mo. has announced that it has available to broadcasting stations forms of policies insuring against civil liability for radio libel and slander. The insurance company has prepared a pamphlet entitled "Radio Libel and Slander" which discusses generally the basic law of defamation of character as it relates to radio.

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TREND TOWARD RADIO ADVERTISING

Radio is growing in importance as an advertising medium throughout the world, it is revealed in "Radio Markets of the World - 1932", the sixth of a series of publications issued by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

The publication contains an able discussion of the various broadcasting systems now in operation throughout the world and was prepared by Lawrence D. Batson, chief of the Electrical Equipment Division of the Department of Commerce.

"Radio has continued to grow in importance as a medium for advertising," Mr. Batson writes. "Most countries now have some advertising by radio, whether other means of radio support are provided or not. That it is effective is evidenced by its popularity with advertisers and by the fact that the per capita development of broadcasting facilities in each country is, in general, in direct ratio to the freedom of broadcasters to undertake advertising. "Methods vary considerably by countries, for several reasons. Sales promotion of any type must be adjusted to national characteristics, but in radio there is the added effect of legislation and regulation dealing with publicity. Limitations as to time consumed, the number of words, or the character of the advertisement are common. In Germany only German firms can use radio for this purpose. Spain limits publicity to five minutes of each hour, and the proposed national Canadian chain will use only 5 per cent of the program time -- three minutes during each hour." (Copies of the publication may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Washintgon, D. C. at ten cents per copy.

THE CURTAIN RISES

The professional agitators are returning to their typewriters after a rather quiet summer. The fall crop of anti-commercial radio propaganda bids fair to exceed that of last year if early mimeograph production can be taken as a fair criterion.

From far off Madrid where the International Radio-telegraph Convention is in progress, Armstrong Perry, director of the National Committee on Radio in Education, has gone into action with a blast against American broadcasting which received circulation from his Washington Office. It gives some very vague facts about the Japanese system.

The American Photo-Engravers Association has given circulation to the American Radio Audience League idea originated by Harris K. Randall who "knows the ins and outs of the situation". The Association urges its members to contribute to Mr. Randall's league to help stop the "racket -- for such as it is" which will "drive you and others out of business."

Then S. Howard Evans, New York representative of the Ventura Free Press, in an address before the New York State Publishers Association, took occasion to attack radio advertising and to demand a revision in the government's radio policy. The fundamental basis of radio broadcasting governmental regulation is wrong and makes broadcasting an unfair competitor of the newspaper, he argued.

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HALF OF WORLDS STATIONS IN U. S.

That radio broadcasting has become a thoroughly established world institution, with standardized methods and clearly defined problems, is revealed in a study of world radio markets just issued by the Commerce Department. Theoretical opinions of earlier days, it is pointed out, have given way to accurate knowledge, a development which has served to place the radio industry on a much more solid foundation.

At the beginning of the current year, it is estimated there were in use throughout the world between 30 and 40 million receiving sets, more than half of which were in the United States. This country also possesses about 50 per cent of the 1300 broadcasting stations in the world.

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EDUCATORS WANT COMMISSIONERSHIP

It is understood that a group of educators who have been active in denouncing commercial radio have requested President Hoover to name one of their group to the Federal Radio Commission post vacated by General Charles McK. Saltzman. The President has not yet decided upon a nominee for the vacant post and in the meantime rumors are being circulated that he may decline to make the appointment with a view to eventually reducing the body to a three-man Commission. This rumor has been discredited in informed quarters where it is explained that the President simply intends to take his time in naming a successor to Chairman Saltzman. In the meantime the number of applicants is increasing.

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September 24, 1932

PROPOSES "BOARD OF STRATEGY"

O. H. Caldwell, former member of the Radio Commission, writing in Radio Retailing, of which he is the editor, has offered a novel proposal in the form of a "National Board of Strategy" for radio.

"At the present time, the broadcasters operate wholly without consideration of the set makers, while the men who build and sell radio sets carry on their business without regard to the broadcasting service which is the very lifeblood of radio," Mr. Caldwell points out. "Each group can aid the other with its particular problems. And working together, a stronger, more prosperous situation can be created for all.

"There is need, he says, for setting up a National Board of Strategy for Radio, whose limited membership of five to nine, will include representatives of the set makers, radio trade, broadcasters and national chains. Such a top steering body is badly needed to coordinate into mutually helpful channels, the activities of the broadcasters and radio set industry."

Mr. Caldwell outlined a number of problems which should be included in the program of the proposed board.

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NYU HAS RADIO COURSE

A course in radio speaking has been inaugurated by New York University. The course includes composition and delivery of radio talks, the use of the voice in radio speaking, the standards of pronunciation, microphone technique, and all of the finer points of difference between radio and platform speaking. The course will be taught by Professor Wilke.

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CHANGE IN FILING APPLICATIONS

Attention of the NAB membership again is called to the ruling of the Commission, adopted August 23, which provides that applications for renewal of license must be mailed direct to the Commission in Washington instead of to the District Supervisor which was previously the rule. Two copies of the renewal application must be sent.

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STAY ORDER GRANTED

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia granted a stay order this week to Stations WAAW and WOW, Omaha, Nebraska, and KOIL, Council Bluffs, Iowa, against the Radio Commission in connection with its decision made last week granting Station KICK permission to move from Red Oak to Carter Lake, Iowa. The three stations had protested the Examiner's decision allowing this move.

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RECOMMENDS AGAINST WNAX REQUEST

Examiner R. H. Hyde, in his report No. 414, made this week, recommends that the application of Station WNAX, at Yankton, S. D. for more power be denied; that the application of Station KGDA, Mitchell, S. D. for license renewal be granted, and that the application of the same station for another frequency be denied.

WNAX operating on 570 kc with 1000 watts power unlimited time asked that it be allowed 1000 watts night and 2500 watts local sunset; KGDA operating with 100 watts power, unlimited time, on 1370 kc asked that its frequency be changed to 1420 kc. It also asked a license renewal. The three cases were consolidated into one report.

Examiner Hyde found that the granting of the application of Station WNAX would require the elimination of Station KGDA. "Moreover," he states," it would result in the allocation of approximately 42 per cent of the facilities of the entire state of South Dakota in Yankton, a community of approximately 6,000 people." He continues further that "the applicant has not shown that the service of station WNAX is such as to justify this action or that there are clear and sound reasons of public policy that would support it."

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RECOMMENDS NEW STATION FOR PUERTO RICO

Recommendation was made this week to the Commission by Chief Examiner Yost, Report No. 416, that Roberto Mendez be granted a construction permit for a new station at San Juan, Puerto Rico, to use a frequency of 1370 kc, with 100 watts power and unlimited time on the air.

The Examiner states that the people of San Juan and vicinity are not now receiving full time broadcasting service and "no objectionable interference is expected to result from the operation of the proposed station." Mr. Yost finds further that the equipment proposed to be used conforms to the technical requirements of the Commission and the granting of the application would serve public interest.

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COMMISSION DENIES STATION PERMIT

Gustav A. Jenkins of Antonito, Colo. was denied a construction permit by the Commission in reversing a decision of Chief Examiner Yost, report No. 397. License renewals were granted Stations KGEK, Yuma, Colo. and KGEW, Fort Morgan, Colo. in the same decision of the Commission upholding the Examiner.

In connection with the construction permit for the new station denied by the Commission, the report states that "the operation of the proposed station at Antonito would result in objectionable interference between its service and that of Station KOB at Albuquerque, New Mex. limiting the service of the Antonito station. Moreover, it appears that the transmitter site selected by the applicant is unsatisfactory and would cause blanketing in Antonito, destroying most of the nighttime service now received therein from a number of clear channel stations."

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RMA HAVING BUSY TIME

General headquarters of the RMA are now established at 307 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The former New York office of the RMA at 22 East 40th Street has been closed, and the Chicago office is in charge of Bond Geddes, Executive Vice President and General Manager of the Association.

Following recent reorganization of the RMA there has been a sharp increase in interest, enthusiasm and, more important, actual work of the Association's divisional groups and committees. The increased impetus and also results are already substantial. President Fred D. Williams of the RMA has traveled literally thousands of miles in the last few weeks in connection with the Association's reorganization, and the RMA activities now have the active effort of the presidents and highest officials of all leading manufacturers. Chairman Arthur T. Murray of the Set Division, Chairman S. W. Muldown of the Tube Division, Chairman Leslie F. Muter of the Parts, Cabinet and Accessory Division, and Chairman Richard A. O'Connor of the Amplifier and Sound Equipment Division, and their group personnel are already pressing many varied enterprises in behalf of all industry elements, including jobbers and dealers. Meetings of all four divisions will be held within the next few weeks to formulate comprehensive programs for the coming year and also on matters imminent at this season. General reports received are that radio is sharing in the recent improvement in business and that automobile radio sets, especially in demand during the past summer, promise to continue strongly in favor this Fall and early Winter.

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DELETION OF TWO STATIONS RECOMMENDED

In his report No. 413 this week Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost recommends the deletion of two California stations from the air, KELW, Burbank and KTM, Los Angeles for not operating in the public interest. The two stations share time on 780 kilocycles and both were asking for unlimited time on the air. They use 500 and 1,000 watts, respectively.

The examiner states that in the cases of both stations they "failed to establish by competent evidence that the continued operation would serve public interest, convenience or necessity."

"It appears from the record that broadcasting time over KELW has frequently been given or exchanged for merchandise, laundry service, garage service and other forms of service, rights and privileges," the report states. "For a considerable period of time requests have been broadcast over KELW that letters be written to the Federal Radio Commission urging that KELW be given unlimited time on the air. It appears in some cases that small prizes were given or promised and time on the air donated as a reward for the writing of such letters."

KTM, states the report, used Zandra and Zenda, astrologers, but the station no longer puts them on the air and will not permit programs of that type in the future, it is further stated.

"The deletion of Stations KELW and KTM," states the Examiner, "would reduce the present quota of the State of California from .38 of a unit over quota to .34 of a unit under quota, and reduce the present over quota status of the Fifth Zone by .72 of a unit."

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September 24, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, September 26, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 A. M.

TUESDAY, September 27, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1623	NEW	Maurice L. Barrett East St. Louis, Illinois	C. P.	1500 kc (Req. facilities of WKBS)	100 W Unlimited time.
Docket #1713	NEW	Samuel E. Yaste & Burrel Barash Galesburg, Illinois	C. P.	1310 kc (Req. facilities of WKBS)	100 W Unlimited time.
Docket #1640	WKBS	Permil N. Nelson Galesburg, Illinois	Renewal	1310 kc	100 W Unlimited time.
Docket #1608	WKBS	Permil N. Nelson Galesburg, Illinois	License	1310 kc	100 W Unlimited time.

WEDNESDAY, September 28, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1736	NEW	J. B. Taylor Aberdeen, South Dakota	C. P.	920 kc Daytime only - (Req. facilities of KSOO)	500 W
Docket #1768	KSOO	Sioux Falls Broadcast Ass'n. Incorporated Sioux Falls, South Dakota	Renewal	1110 kc	$2\frac{1}{2}$ KW Limited time.

THURSDAY, September 29, 1932

BROADCASTING

Docket #1756	KFSD	Airfan Radio Corporation, Ltd. San Diego, California	Mod. Lic.	600 kc	1 KW Unlimited time.

Present Assignment: 600 kc 500 W 1 KW LS Unlimited time.

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September 24, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

KFH	Radio Station KFH Company Wichita, Kansas	Denied authority to operate simultaneously with Station WOQ during world baseball series from 2 to 3 p.m., CST, each day with 500 watts power.
WKAV	Harold E. Wescott, Temporary Receiver, Laconia, N. H.	Dismissed application for Consent to Vol. assign. of Lic. from the Laconia Radio Club to Harold E. Wescott, temporary receiver. Mr. Wescott has been dismissed by the court as receiver for WKAV and John H. Dolan has posted bond for the Laconia Radio Club for payment of creditors of the station.
KICK	Red Oak Rakio Corp. Red Oak, Iowa	The Commission directed that its action of September 13, granting C. P. to move station KICK from Red Oak to Carter Lake, Iowa, be held in abeyance, because of Stay Order issued by the Court of Appeals dated Sept. 17 to determine the issues raised by the appeal.
KGNO	Dodge City Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Dodge City, Kansas	Granted authority to take depositions in re its application for Mod. of Lic. set for hearing December 15.
KNX	Western Broadcast Co. Hollywood, California	Granted authority to take depositions in re applications of the Farmers & Bankers Life Insurance Co. of Milford, Kansas, hearing on which is set for October 10.
WTMJ	The Journal Co. Milwaukee, Wisconsin	Granted authority to take depositions in re application of KTAR Broadcasting Co., Phoenix hearing set for October 17.
WHP	WHP, Inc. Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	Denied request to waive rule relating to announcement of mechanical reproductions during one program when numbers would be played from transcription and by artists in person.
KTAT	SAT Broadcast Co. Fort Worth, Texas	Reconsidered grant of renewal of application effective October 1, and granted temporary license to KTAT Broadcast Co., Inc., pending filing of renewal application by KTAT, in keeping with amendment to charter changing name of applicant from S. A. T. to KTAT Broadcasting Company.

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION (continued)

WIBW	Topeka Broadcasting Association Inc., Topeka, Kansas	Set for hearing application for renewal of license to operate on 500 kc, with 1000 watts because of protests of WSAZ, Huntington, West Virginia, and WCBU, Charleston, West Virginia, which share time on 500 kc.
KRLD	KRLD Radio Corp. Dallas, Texas	Authorized to operate on 1040 kc, unlimited daytime hours from September 28 to conclusion of world series baseball games.
KTHS	Hot Springs Chamber of Commerce Hot Springs, Arkansas	Authorized to operate on 970 kc during daytime only, 10 KW, from September 28 to conclusion of World Series.
WCCO	Northwestern Brdcstg. Inc. Minneapolis, Minnesota	Authorized extension of program test period of 30 days.
WJBI	Monmouth Brdcstg. Co. Red Bank, New Jersey	Authorized extension of temporary license to November 13, 1932.
WWL	Loyola University New Orleans, Louisiana	Authorized extension of equipment test period for 10 days.
KGHL	Northwestern Auto Supply Co. Inc., Billings, Montana	Authorized to extend program tests for period of 15 days pending action of application.

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

NEW	J. E. Richards, James J. Hart Arthur Taubman, d/b as Roanoke Brdcstg. Co., Roanoke, Va.	Requests C. P. for new station to operate on 1410 kc, 250 watts, share with WHIS. (Facilities of WRBX).
WHIS	Daily Telegraph Printing Co. Bluefield, West Virginia	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from sharing with WRBX to unlimited facilities of WRBX.
NEW	Intermountain Brdcstg. Corp. Ogden, Utah	Requests C. P. for new station to operate on 1400 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time, facilities of KLO.
WCAC	Connecticut Agricultural College Storrs, Connecticut	Requests C. P. to change equipment and increase day power from 250 to 500 watts.
NEW	The Greenville News Piedmont Co. Greenville, South Carolina	Requests C. P. 590 kc, 250 watts night, 500 watts LS, unlimited time, Exp. (This application was formerly set for hearing and amended to give exact location of transmitter and request for authority to install directional type antenna.

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September 24, 1932

APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

The Commission during the current week denied the following applications which were set for hearing because the applicants failed to enter their appearance within the time allowed:

NEW	A. F. Crissalli Long Island City, New York	C. P. 1500 kc, 100 w. share with WMIL, WWRL, WMBQ.
NEW	John E. McGoff, R. M. Sutcliff & Julius Schaffer, Newport, R.I.	C. P. 1280 kc, 250 watts, 8 hours per day.
KLRA	Arkansas Brdcstg. Co. Little Rock, Arkansas	C. P. 1390 kc, 1 KW, 2½ KW LS. To change equipemnt and day power increase. (Dismissed at request of applicant).
WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Request to use transmitter of WLTH, Brooklyn, for period of 2 or 3 weeks. (Dismissed at request of applicant).

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NEW STATION GRANTED PERMIT

The Commission in ruling on Report No. 401 handed down by Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost, overruled his recommendation and granted a construction permit to the Cannon System, Ltd., for the erection of a new station at Glendale, California, to use 850 kc with 100 watts power and daytime hours of operation.

The Commission upheld the recommendation of the Chief Examiner in the same case renewing the license of KGIX, Las Vegas, Nevada. The Commission, however, designated certain hours of operation from unlimited time.

"Although the Glendale area", says the Commission, "now receives service from a number of stations situated elsewhere, there appears to be a need in that city for the purely local service, largely civic and educational in character, proposed to be rendered by the applicant."

It was found also by the Commission that while Station KGIX has not been consistently maintained in the best condition that the "licensee has assured the Commission that the station equipment will be placed in an efficient condition and an additional licensed operator will be employed to insure the station's proper future operation".

POWEL CROSLEY, SR. DIES

Powel Crosley, Sr. prominent Cincinnati, Ohio, attorney and father of Powel Crosley, Jr. president of the Crosley Radio Corporation, died in the Christ Hospital, Cincinnati, Ohio, on September 13. He was eighty-two years old.

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September 24, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WTAG	Worcester Telegram Publishing Co., Inc., Worcester, Mass.	Granted special authorization to operate with day power of 500 watts for period beginning October 1, and ending March 1, 1933 subject to termination by the Commission at any time without notice or hearing if the need arises.
WSYB	Philip Weiss Music Co. Rutland, Vermont	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from Sept. 28 to Nov. 28, 1932.
WSYB	Philip Weiss Music Co. Rutland, Vermont	Granted Mod. of Lic. to reduce specified hours of operation to - daily except Sunday, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 5 to 9 p.m.; Sunday, 10 to 11 a.m., E.S.T.
	SECOND ZONE	
WJMS	Johnson Music Store Ironwood, Michigan	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from daytime only to unlimited.
	THIRD ZONE	
WNAD	University of Oklahoma Norman, Oklahoma	Granted temporary license subject to Commission's decision as a result of an investigation now being conducted as to whether transmitter is being operated in accordance with the Radio Act.
KOMA	National Radio Manufacturing Co., Oklahoma City, Okla.	Granted C. P. to move transmitter locally from East of Oklahoma City to N. E. of city on U. S. Highway 66 and install new equipment.
KASA	E. M. Woody Elk City, Oklahoma	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change type of equipment and move transmitter and studio locally.
	FOURTH ZONE	
WEBC	Head of the Lakes Brdcstg. Co. Superior, Wisconsin	Granted extension of authority to operate auxiliary transmitter unlimited time while moving main transmitter, from October 1, to 21, 1932.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

WIAS	Iowa Broadcasting Co. Ottumwa, Iowa	Granted Mod. of Lic. to increase hours of operation from specified to unlimited. (Facilities of KSO in terms of quota units.
KFGQ	Boone Biblical College Boone, Iowa	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change specified hours of operation to - daily 6 to 7:30 a.m.;9:30 to 10 a.m.; 12 noon to 1 p.m.; Sunday 7:30 to 9 a.m.; 10:30 to 11:30 a.m. 2:30 to 4 p.m.
KWCR	Cedar Rapids Broadcast Co. Cedar Rapids, Iowa	Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase daytime power from 100 watts to 250 watts.

FIFTH ZONE

KMPC	R. S. MacMillan Beverly Hills, California	Approved agreement with Station WOR, which in effect grants an additional hour between 8 and 9 p.m., PST, (11 and 12 EST) on nights of Sept. 26 to Oct. 1, inclusive.
KGHL	Northwestern Auto Supply Co. Billings, Montana	Granted C. P. authorizing move of studio locally, installing new equipment and increasing daytime power; 950 kc, 1 KW night $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW LS, unlimited.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for license covering previously authorized permits to the following stations: WCSC, Charleston, South Carolina; WEEI, Boston, Massachusetts; KGFI, Corpus Christi, Texas; KVL, Seattle, Washington.

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LICENSE RENEWALS

During the current week the Commission granted the following regular license renewals: WAAM, Newark, N. J.; WAAT, Jersey City, N. J.; WGCP, Newark, N.J.; WJAS, Pittsburgh, Pa.; KFOX, Long Beach, California; KGHL, Billings, Montana; KRKD, Los Angeles, California; KROW, Oakland, California; WCAP, Asbury Park, N. J.; WIS, Columbia, South Carolina; WKAQ, San Juan, Porto Rico; WRC, Washington, D. C.; and auxiliary WRC; KFBB, Great Falls, Montana; KGCU, Mandan, North Dakota; KRGV, Harlingen, Texas; KWWG, Brownsville, Texas.

The following stations were granted renewals on a temporary basis subject to action of the Commission on licensees' pending applications for renewals: WCAL, Northfield, Minnesota; WCAM, Camden, N.J.; WFIW, Hopkinsville, Ky.; WHN, New York City; WIBG, Glenside, Pa.; WLB-WGMS, Minneapolis, Minn.; WQAO-WPAP, New York City; WREM, Minneapolis, Minn.; WRNY, New York City, and KFMX, Northfield, Minnesota.

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September 24, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-SA-B-25	WMCA	Knickerbocker Brdcstg. Co. New York, N. Y.	Special authorization to increase power from 500 watts to 500 watts with an additional 500 watts experimentally.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2688	WEHC	Emory and Henry College Emory, Virginia	Construction permit to move transmitter and studio to Charlottesville, Virginia.

WEHC, using 500 watts operates on a frequency of 1350 kilocycles. Charlottesville, Virginia, is 380 miles from Zarephath, New Jersey, where WAWZ operates on the same frequency with 250 watts power. The Engineering table of the Commission recommends a separation of 260 miles. The change would not change the state or zone quota.

2-F-B-296	WCAE	WCAE, Incorporated Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Authority to install automatic frequency control in auxiliary transmitter.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-PB-2689	WFDV	Rome Broadcasting Corp., Rome, Georgia	Construction permit to make changes in equipment, change frequency, power and hours from 1500 kc-100 watts spec. hours, to 1120 kc-250 watts-unlimited hours. Requests fac. of WTFI, Athens, Ga., in terms of quota units.

The nearest station to WFDV if it were allowed to go on 1120 kilocycles is WDBO, Orlando, Florida, using 500 watts power. The actual mileage between Rome and Orlando is 340 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. The latest quota figures show that Georgia has all of the facilities it is entitled to while the third zone is over quota.

3-PB-2696	KLCN	Charles Leo Lintzenich Blytheville, Arkansas	Construction permit make changes in equipment, change location of transmitter locally; change frequency, power and hours from 1290 kc-50 watts daytime to 1500 kc-100 watts unlimited hours.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (Continued)

THIRD ZONE (Continued)

The nearest station on the same frequency is WHEF which is 205 miles away while the engineering tables recommend a separation of 185 miles. The Third Zone is over quota but the State of Arkansas is under quota.

3-PB-2694	NEW	J. E. Richards Pine Bluff, Arkansas	Construction permit for new station to use 1340 kc-250 watts daytime.

The nearest station to Pine Bluff on the same frequency is WCOA, Pensacola, Florida, using 500 watts power. It is 390 miles away while the engineering table recommends a separation of 260 miles. The Third Zone is over quota but the State of Arkansas is under quota.

3-AL-B-424	KMAC	W. W. McAllister San Antonio, Texas	Voluntary assignment of lic. to Walmac Company, Inc.

FOURTH ZONE

4-PB-2691	KGFK	Red River Brdcstg.Co.Inc., Moorhead, Minnesota	Construction permit to change transmitter and increase operating power from 50 to 100 watts.

KGFK operates on a frequency of 1500 kilocycles with 50 watts power. The nearest station on the same frequency is KGIZ, 100 watts, at Grant City, Missouri, which is 460 miles from KGFK. The tables of the Engineering Division of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the State of Minnesota and the Fourth Zone are now over quota.

4-ML-B-1033	WIAS	Iowa Broadcasting Company Ottumwa, Iowa	Modification of license amended to request facilities of KSO, Clarinda, Iowa.
4-ML-B-1034	KFGQ	Boone Biblical College Boone, Iowa	Modification of license amended to request facilities of KSO, Clarinda, Iowa.
4-PB-2604	KWCR	Cedar Rapids Broadcast Co. Cedar Rapids, Iowa	Construction permit/amended to request facilities of KSO, Clarinda, Ia.

These three applications should be considered together inasmuch as they all ask for the facilities of KSO, Clarinda, Iowa, using 500 watts power and a frequency of 1380 kilocycles.

The nearest station on the same frequency is WKBH, using 1000 watts power. The engineering tables of the Commission recommend a separation of 300 miles. WIAS is only 210 miles from WKBH; KFGQ is 190 miles from WKBH; and KWCR is 130 miles from WKBH. In all cases therefore the actual mileage is less than that recommended by the tables of the Commission. None of these changes would change the state or zone quota.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (Continued)

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIFTH ZONE	
5-PB-2690	NEW	R. E. Warmack and A. E. Waterman Oroville, California	Construction permit for new station to use 1370 kc - 15 watts - Daytime - 4 hours per day.

The nearest station to the proposed new station at Oroville on 1370 kilocycles is KRE, Berkeley, California, using 100 watts power and operating unlimited time. The actual mileage between the proposed station and KRE is 120 miles while the tables of the Engineers recommends a separation of 80 miles. The Fifth Zone is over quota but the State of California is under quota.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for licenses covering previously authorized permits from the following stations: WCOA, Pensacola, Florida; WCAT, Rapid City, South Dakota; KGU, Honolulu, Hawaii; WCAU, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WALR, Zanesville, Ohio; KXYZ, Houston, Texas.

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STATION SUPPLEMENT AVAILABLE

The Radio Commission this week issued supplement No. 4 to its station list. This contains alterations and corrections to the edition dated January 1, 1932, and supplements Nos. 1-3.

The stations affected are arranged by call letters in alphabetical order. The list is available by request either to the secretary of the Commission or to NAB Headquarters.

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ASKS MORE TIME FOR BRIEFS

The Radio Commission this week asked the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia for an additional 30 days in which to file its brief in the appeal of WOQ, Kansas City, Missouri.

KJR, Seattle, Washington, also asked the court for an additional 30 days in which to file its brief in connection with the KOMO, Seattle, Washington, case. The Commission joined in the request.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

October 1, 1932

REVIEW OF THE WEEK

1. Mr. Schuette for the NAB and Mr. Mills for the Ascap continued their conferences on provisions of the new music copyright license agreements, a report of which appears on the next page.

2. The NAB Committee conferred with the Bureau of Internal Revenue with the result that the Bureau has agreed to reconsider its recent regulation imposing a three per cent tax on electrical energy used for broadcasting.

3. Reports from Madrid indicate that movement for widening broadcast band is gaining in favor at the International Radiotelegraph Convention.

4. Plans for the Tenth Annual Convention of the NAB, to be held at the Hotel Chase, St. Louis, Mo. November 13, 14, 15 and 16, are going forward as a result of conferences.

5. Federal Radio Commission agrees to consider a proposal by Commissioner Lafount to extend broadcast licenses from six months to one year terms at a meeting next week.

6. Defamation by radio is to be discussed at a meeting of the American Bar Association Communications Committee to be held at the Hotel Mayflower, Washington, D. C. on October 10.

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October 1, 1932

CONFIDENTIAL COPYRIGHT BULLETIN

The following confidential Bulletin is from Mr. Schuette:

"Most of this week's conferences were devoted to checking over the schedule of sustaining fee figures prepared by Mr. Mills' accountants, in an effort to secure further revisions for individual stations.

"We also discussed the question of double commissions. Mr. Mills still insists that he will allow a deduction for only one 15% commission, although there is an increasing complaint from stations all over the country who maintain that they are not able to get the business needed to operate their stations unless they pay extra commissions. I am still trying to convince Mr. Mills that a more liberal interpretation of this clause of the contract will be necessary to make it equitable on this point.

"Another question which has been raised by many members is the necessity for a deduction for salesmen's commissions in cases where there are no agency commissions. This seems a fair request and I am hopeful that Mr. Mills will consent.

"Probably the most important point in our conferences has centered around the complaint from a continually increasing list of members that they do not consider it fair or businesslike to pay a royalty percentage on time which does not include music copyrighted by the American Society. This question goes to the heart of the whole relations of the broadcasting industry to the American Society. Mr. Mills has now consented to discuss a basic revision of this feature of the contract whenever there is a real unanimity in the industry concerning this point. The letters which I have received indicate a widespread feeling in the industry that the percentage figures should be based exclusively on revenue from time in which the Society's music is used, even though the percentage figures were increased in such an agreement. I am continuing the discussions on this point in the hope that we can reach some conclusion which will be acceptable to the industry as a whole.

"In the meantime Mr. Mills assures me that the signatures of individual stations on the contract will not in any way prevent continuation of discussions of specific interpretations, of individual sustaining fees, or even of a basic revision of the contract, if a different type of contract proves more satisfactory to all parties.

"The conferences will be resumed next week."

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MAKING CONVENTION PLANS

Plans for the St. Louis Convention, November 13, 14, 15 and 16, 1932 are going forward. The Managing Director met with Ed Spence, chairman of the General Convention Committee, at Atlantic City last week and spent a day going over every detail of the general plans. A conference in New York and another in Washington on details of problems to be discussed at the meeting were also held during the week and a third meeting with H. K. Carpenter on the Commercial Section's part of the program is being held over the weekend. Convention preparations and copyright negotiations coupled with unusually heavy routine work is making the NAB Headquarters one of the busiest spots in Washington.

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October 1, 1932

COMPLAINTS BEFORE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Formal complaints charging corporations, partnerships, and persons engaged in commerce with violations of the laws over which the Commission has jurisdiction were made public in nine cases during August. These cases are listed as follows:

Alleged representation of dealer as manufacturer - (2055) - Heller Manufacturing Company, Cleveland, Ohio, engaged in the sale of staples.

Alleged false and misleading advertising - (2056) - Miracul Wax Company, St.Louis, Mo. manufacturer of a liquid floor polish, uses the words "Liquid Wax" to describe the product, which is designated "Dri-Brite" and which consists of wax and substantial quantities of various other products. (2063 - Saks and Company, New York City department store, issues a warning to women, through advertisements, to the effect that New York is flooded with "pasted" shoes, presenting the same appearance as the "sewn" shoes sold by respondent, but manufactured by an inferior, cheap, slap-stick method, which produces an unhealthful, uncomfortable shoe possessing poor wearing qualities.

Alleged misrepresentation of quantity and purported gratuities, and alleged representation of dealer as manufacturer - (2057) - Ben Migdall and others, Chicago, Ill. dealer in dress goods and other fabrics.

Alleged misbranding - (2058) - Altoona Malt Co. and others, Altoona, Pa. engaged in the sale of malt syrups designated "Canadian Imperial" and "Royal Canadian." (2060) - Weiss & Klau Company, New York, dealer in window shades.

Alleged misrepresentation of therapeutic value - (2059) Walker Medicine Company, Atlanta, Ga. engaged in the compounding and sale of a product designated "Walker's Old Indian Health Tonic."

Alleged sale of reconditioned hats as and for new hats - (2061) Max Rothman, New York, engaged in the purchase, renovation, and sale of used felt hats for men.

Alleged sale of ready-to-wear clothing as and for custom-made clothing - (2062)- Sinclair Manufacturing Company and others, Terre Haute, dealers in ready-to-wear shirts.

CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

After a formal complaint has been tried, the Federal Trade Commission considers all the facts in the case and decides whether to order the respondent to cease and desist from the practices charged or dismiss the complaint. Orders to cease and desist were made public in two cases in August. They are listed as follows:

False and Misleading Advertising - (1371) - Perpetual Encyclopedia Corporation and others, Chicago, engaged in the sale of reference works, sold one set of reference works under three different names, represented as gratuities articles included in the charge for the original purchase, misrepresented prices, used misleading contract forms, represented as members of consulting staff, or as contributors or revisors, persons who do not serve in such capacities, used misleading copyright dates and represented books as "up-todate" and intimidated and coerced through fictitious collection agencies.
Misrepresentation of therapeutic value - (1885) - Radium-Active Remedies Company, Pittsburgh, manufacturer of alleged radium-active remedies.

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October 1, 1932

URGES ONE YEAR LICENSES

Commissioner Harold A. Lafount on Friday proposed to the Commission that broadcasting licenses in the future be issued for a term of one year. His proposal was made the subject for consideration and action for the October 7 meeting of the Commission.

Commissioner Lafount also is proposing that amateur licenses be issued for a period of three years and that communication licenses be issued for two years.

The NAB has actively urged that broadcasting licenses be issued for longer terms but the Commission in the past has held strictly to its rule of issuing such licenses for six-months terms.

Under the present law broadcasting licenses can be issued for three-year terms, the limitation to six months having been removed by Congress nearly a year ago.

The short term license has been responsible for much of the trouble which broadcasters have experienced in the past. Because of the brevity of the term many stations have been continually harassed with applications involving their assignments, being forced in a large majority of cases to incur the expense and go through useless hearings. Under the regulations of the Commission many of these applications could not be granted but the same regulations force existing stations to spend time and money which would be well used in program and station development.

Furthermore, short term licenses stand in the way of stability in the broadcasting industry. Until broadcasters are given some degree of security with respect to their assignments the business cannot go forward on a sound basis. Issuing short term licenses, which has no affirmative support under the law, involves an administrative expense which can be eliminated in the interest of economy.

Congress has declared in the law that it is in the public interest to grant licenses for terms of three years and more than a score of reasons can be cited why the broadcasters and the listening public would be benefitted by longer license terms.

The industry views Commissioner Lafount's proposal as a step in the right direction.

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THE MADRID CONFERENCE

Progress toward widening of the broadcast band is reported from Madrid by Louis G. Caldwell, the official representative of the National Association of Broadcasters at the International Radiotelegraph Convention. Early reports show hope for some action which will relieve congested conditions in the broadcast bands throughout the world and Mr. Caldwell has been active in advocating the position of the NAB.

A complete review of the situation, up to date, will be sent to NAB members at an early date. This review, as well as subsequent reports on the Madrid Convention, must be kept strictly confidential under the rules of the Convention.

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October 1, 1932

NATIONAL ADVERTISING

Advertising is an important feature of distribution in the United States, says the Department of Commerce in its annual Yearbook just issued, especially in relation to branded products of nationwide consumption.

Expenditures from 1925 to 1931 are given in a table which indicates for the media shown in the table that almost $450,000,000 was spent in 1931 and more than $500,000,000 in 1930.

"There has been," says the Department, "some shifting in importance of media shown. Radio broadcast advertising has been growing very rapidly, while the outdoor and car card sections of the industry have been declining in relative importance." Decline is shown by the figures in all but radio advertising.

For newspaper advertising the table shown by the Department gives: 1925, $220,000,000; 1926, $240,000,000; 1927, $225,000,000; 1928, $235,000,000; 1929, $260,000,000; 1930, $230,000,000; and 1931, $205,000,000.

National magazine advertising: 1925, $154,000,000; 1926, $177,000,000; 1927, $191,000,000; 1928, $185,000,000; 1929, $204,000,000; 1930, $202,000,000 and 1931, $167,000,000.

Radio broadcast (this includes chain broadcast over the two networks only and does not include cost of talent). No figures are given for 1925 and 1926. In 1927 on the National Broadcasting Company, the total is given at $4,000,000; 1928, $10,000,000; 1929, $19,000,000; 1930, $27,000,000; and 1931, $36,000,000.

Outdoor advertising for 1925, $60,000,000; 1926, $70,000,000; 1927, $75,-000,000; 1928,$75,000,000; 1929, $60,000,000; 1930, $45,000,000; and 1931, $30,000,000.

Car cards advertising for 1925, $12,000,000; 1926, $13,000,000; 1927, $12,000,000; 1928, $11,000,000; 1929, $10,000,000; 1930, $7,000,000; and 1931, $5,000,000.

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BAR ASSOCIATION COMMITTEE TO MEET

The Committee on Communications of the American Bar Association will hold an open meeting at the Mayflower Hotel on Monday, October 10, at ten o'clock A.M. An invitation to be present at this open meeting has been extended to all members of the NAB. The primary purpose of the meeting is to invite comment and discussion upon the report of the committee which will be presented to the Annual Meeting of the American Bar Association on October 14. Several prominent speakers will appear on the program. Among other subjects to be discussed will be the question of liability of the owner of a broadcasting station for libelous utterances from the Station.

In the absence of the chairman, Louis G. Caldwell, the meeting as well as the other activities of the committee will be under the direction of John W. Guider as acting chairman.

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October 1, 1932

STUDY OF BROADCASTING PROPOSED

The Federal Government should give more attention to the educational uses of radio, Commissioner Harold A. Lafount stated in a story published this week in the U. S. Daily.

The Government has devoted itself principally to the technical aspects of broadcasting rather than programs, he stated.

"Through the United States Office of Education a system of coordination with states and localities might be developed," he is quoted as saying. "All the forces could be brought together and something tangible worked out as educational and the method of presenting set forth.

"Commercial stations have taken care of entertainment and they have sponsored many educational programs of inestimable value. They are usually cooperative in broadcasting some educational programs, but few know what is in the public interest and how to present it. If some person could devote attention to the character of programs, then the solution of this increasing problem would be near."

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WHAT THE EDITORS THINK

The National Broadcasting Company, the Columbia Broadcasting System and the Yankee Network announced that price quoting would be permitted, under certain restrictions, in commercial programs.

"Hardly a dissenting note from the public has been heard," says BROADCASTING editorially. "Not even from the arch-critics of radio. This should be gratifying alike to the advertisers, the agencies and the station managers. Nor has anyone objected to the restrictions placed around these price announcements by the networks, which retained the right to reject what they regard as objectionable use of the privilege. The limitations are simple and fair: in a word, only a certain number of price mentions per period and no competitive price-quoting."

"Executives of leading advertising agencies believe that Columbia's new policy may achieve the very thing sought by Mr. Paley - the elimination of long statements in which the advertisers tries to tell the price of his article in a round-about way," says NATIONAL BROADCAST REPORTER.

"The change," says ADVERTISING AND SELLING, "apparently radical, will produce no more objection from the listener than the removal of the restriction on sample offers and, indeed, that radical step which preceded it - the direct selling announcement."

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NAVAL AUTHORITIES COMPLAIN

The Naval Research Laboratory, near Anacostia, D. C. has filed a complaint with the Federal Radio Commission against the erection of the new WJSV transmitter by the Columbia Broadcasting Company between Washington and Alexandria. The new station is a mile from the Research Laboratory.

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October 1, 1932

NEW NBC VICE PRESIDENT

Richard C. Patterson, Jr. who has been Commissioner of Correction for New York City, during the past five years, has been appointed as executive vice president of the National Broadcasting Company. Announcement of the appointment was made by Merlin H. Aylesworth, president of the Company this week following Mr. Patterson's resignation from his commissionership.

At the same time Mr. Aylesworth announced that George F. McClelland had been promoted to the post of assistant to the president of the National Broadcasting Company.

Mayor McKee, in accepting Mr. Patterson's resignation, praised his service to the city describing him as one of New York's "most capable, efficient and industrious officials."

Mr. Aylesworth stated that Mr. Patterson, in his new position would be "in charge of the operation of the company." "While I shall retain the active presidency of the National Broadcasting Company," he stated, "my new duties as president of Radio-Keith-Orpheum Corporation make it necessary for me to divide my time between the two organizations, and I have asked Vice President McClelland to become assistant to the president of the National Broadcasting Company. Mr. McClelland has accepted his new responsibilities and will immediately assume his duties as assistant to the president."

Mr. Patterson was born in Omaha and was graduated from the Columbia School of Mines in 1911. He served during the war and was administrative officer of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace in Paris. Prior to his appointment as Commissioner of Correction he filled several minor city posts and was employed as an engineer and was an official of numerous private companies.

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RECONSIDERS POWER TAX

The Bureau of Internal Revenue will reconsider its regulation imposing a three per cent tax on electrical energy used by broadcasting stations, it was stated following a conference between a committee of the NAB and officials of the Bureau.

The Bureau recently promulgated an order holding that electrical power used by broadcasting stations was subject to the three per cent tax on power included in the Revenue Act of 1932. The NAB argued that broadcasting companies were exempt as were radio communication companies and other companies operating under similar conditions.

A final ruling will not be forthcoming for a week or two.

The NAB Committee which conferred with the Bureau consisted of E. M. Elkin, chairman of the NAB Tax Committee; Arthur Scharfeld, WGN; P. J. Hennessy, Jr. National Broadcasting Company and the Managing Director. Prior to the conference the committee considered ways and means of testing out the question in the courts in the event the Bureau refuses to modify its regulation. In the meantime some stations, where the power companies are insisting upon payment, are paying the tax under protest.

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October 1, 1932

NEW STATION AUTHORIZED

The Commission sustained the decision of Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost (Report No. 380) granting a construction permit for a new station to Peter Goelet, at Chester, New York, and denying a license renewal to Station WMRJ, Jamaica, New York.

In its statement of facts the Commission says that while good broadcast service is now received in Chester from a number of clear channel stations located in New York City, "there appears to be need in that area for such a purely local and community service as is proposed to be rendered therein, by the applicant, Peter Goelet." It is further stated that the operation of the proposed station would not result in any objectionable interference with the services of established stations.

In refusing Peter Prinz, owner of Station W M R J, for a license renewal the Commission says that he "has made false and misleading statements under oath to the Commission in an endeavor to show extenuating circumstances in the improper operation of Station WMRJ as revealed by official inspections." The Commission states also that the programs of the station have been poor.

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APPROVE KSO MOVE

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost was upheld by the Commission (Report No. 398) in which he granted KSO, permission to move from Clarinda, Iowa, to Des Moines using the same facilities that it now has.

In making this grant the Commission says that the move "would enable the station to render service to a population many times larger than now receive the service of Clarinda."

Attention is called to the fact that Des Moines now receives a combined full time good service from two stations and intermittent service from a number of stations located elsewhere, but, says the Commission, "there appears to be a need in that area for the local service that is proposed to be rendered by the applicant."

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STATUS OF COURT CASES

In the case pending in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia of KOMO against the Radio Commission, both the Commission and the intervenor have been allowed until October 24 in which to file briefs.

The Commission has also been allowed until the same date on which to file its brief in the case of WOQ against the Commission.

Station WLOE in its case against the Commission has been allowed until November 15 in which to file its brief.

The Commission this week filed its briefs in the cases of Stations WNJ and WMBA against the Commission.

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has set October 3 on which to hear the appeals of broadcasting Stations WNJ and WMBA against decisions of the Radio Commission.

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October 1, 1932

MUST HAVE MONITORING EQUIPMENT

The Commission has given the following stations until October 31 in which to install new monitoring equipment to comply with Rule No. 145: KCRJ, Enid, Oklahoma; KFBL, Everett, Washington; KGCR, Watertown, South Dakota; KGEK, Yuma, Colorado; KGFX, Pierre, South Dakota; KGVO, Missoula, Montana; KMA, Shenandoah, Iowa; KSEI, Pocatello Idaho, KTFI, Twin Falls, Idaho, KUMA, Yuma, Arizona; KWKC, Kansas City, Missouri; KXL, Portland, Oregon; KXO, El Centro, California; WBMS, Hackensack, New Jersey; WBTM, Danville, Virginia; WCBD, Zion, Illinois; WCBS, Springfield, Illinois; WHDL, Tupper Lake, New York.

WKBH, La Crosse, Wisconsin; WRAK, Williamsport, Pennsylvania; WAWZ, Zarephath, New Jersey; KPOF, Denver, Colorado; WWRL, Woodside, New York; KFEL, Denver, Colorado; KGEZ, Kalispell, Montana; KGNF, North Platte, Nebraska; WCAX, Burlington, Vermont; WERE, Erie, Pennsylvania; WFAS, Yonkers, New York; WHBC, Canton, Ohio; WOCL, Jamestown, New York; WORK, York, Pennsylvania; KFJM, Grand Forks, North Dakota; KSTP, St. Paul, Minnesota; WCAL, Northfield, Minnesota.

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COMMISSION APPROVES MONITORING EQUIPMENT

The Commission has announced that the following frequency monitors have been tested and approved to date for use of broadcasting stations for the purpose of complying with Rule No. 145:

MANUFACTURER'S NAME	TYPE	APPROVAL NUMBER
DeForest Radio Company	ABM-106 Model A.	1451
General Radio Company	Oscillator Type 575-D Deviation Meter Type 581-A Quartz Plate Type 376-J	1452
Western Electric Company	1-A Oscillator 700-A modified	1453
RCA Victor Company	EX-4180	1454
Doolittle & Falknor	FD-1	1455
Bremer Broadcasting Corp.	A.	1456
International Broadcasting Equipment Company	Type 60	1457
Piezo Electric Laboratories	PM-125-A	1458
Pillar of Fire	A.	1459

In approving the monitors the Commission expects that this auxiliary equipment will be used by all broadcast licensees and will not accept as satisfactory explanations of any frequency deviation which occur simply on the basis that it was not indicated by the monitor.

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October 1, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, October 3, 1932. All hearings and arguments commence at 10 a. m.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1932.

BROADCASTING

Docket #1683	WPRO-WPAW	Cherry & Webb Brdcstg. Co. Providence, Rhode Island	C. P.	630 kc 250 watts Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	1210 kc 100 watts Unlimited time
Docket #1769	WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	Mod. Lic.	630 kc 500 watts Unlimited time
			Present Assignment:	630 kc 250 W. 500 WLS Unlimited time.

COMMERCIAL

Docket #1571	W1XAL	Shortwave Brdcstg. Corp. Boston, Massachusetts	License	6040, 11790, 5 KW 15250, 21460 kc Unlimited time.
			Present Assignment:	6040, 11800, 15250 21460 kc, 5 KW, Unlimited Time.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1932.

BROADCASTING

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1693 4-PB-2512	WKBB	Sanders Bros. Radio Station Joliet, Illinois	C. P.	1500 kc; 100 watts; one-half time (specified hours) (Requests authority to move station to East Dubuque, Ill.
			Present Assignment:	1310 kc; 100 watts; sharing with WCLS
Docket #1250 4-MB-656	WRHM	Minnesota Brdcstg. Corp. Minneapolis, Minnesota	Mod. Lic.	1250 kc; 1 KW; Unlimited time
Docket #1398 4-RB-666	WRHM	Minnesota Brdcstg. Corp. Minneapolis, Minnesota	Ren. Lic.	1250 kc; 1 KW; Shares with WCAL, KFMX, WLB.
Docket #1563 4-MLB-959	WCAL	St. Olaf College Northfield, Minnesota	Mod. Lic.	1250 kc; 1 KW; Shares with KFMX and WLB

HEARING CALENDAR (continued)

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1932.

(continued)

Docket #1275 4-RB-671	WCAL	St. Olaf College Northfield, Minnesota	Ren. Lic. 1250 kc; 1 KW Shares with WRHM, KFMX, WLB
Docket #1562 4-MLB-954	KFMX	Carleton College Northfield, Minnesota	Mod. Lic. 1250 kc; 1 KW Shares with WCAL and WLB
Docket #1276 4-SB-670	KFMX	Carleton College Northfield, Minnesota	Ren. Lic. 1250 kc; 1 KW Shares with WRHM, WCAL, WLB
Docket #1565 4-MLB-946	WLB- WGMS	University of Minnesota Minneapolis, Minnesota	Mod. Lic. 1250 kc; 1 KW Share with WCAL & KFMX
Docket #1447 4-RB-667	WLB- WGMS	University of Minnesota Minneapolis, Minnesota	Ren. Lic. 1250 kc; 1 KW Shares with WRHM, WCAL, KFMX

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COLLEGE STATION DEFAULTS

The Commission upheld Examiner R. H. Hyde in his report No. 409 in which he recommended that Station WPSC, State College, Pennsylvania be taken off the air. The applicant failed to appear at a hearing when it was set for renewal license.

"This application", says the Commission, "for renewal of license set down for hearing because of failure of applicant to provide equipment conforming to requirements of Commission regulations. No evidence offered in support of application."

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ARKANSAS STATION DENIED

In acting on Report No. 399 in the case of three Arkansas stations, the Commission upheld Examiner R. H. Hyde in denying a construction permit for a new station to Edmund G. Hilger, at Little Rock and in granting a license renewal to Station KARK at Little Rock. The Commission reversed the Examiner by denying a construction permit to put new equipment in KARK and increasing its daytime power from 250 to 500 watts.

The Commission states that there is very little evidence in support of the application of Mr. Hilger for a station license. He has not sufficient funds for the erection of the station, the Commission finds.

It was found also by the Commission that there has been a marked improvement in the service of Station KARK since the operation was taken over by the present owner. The Commission found no reason for increasing the power of the station.

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October 1, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

KTHS	Hot Springs Chamber of Commerce Hot Springs National Park, Ark.	Requests special authority to change frequency from 1040 to 970 kc during daytime only, and to operate a maximum of 8 hours during that period from 6 a.m., CST, to local sunset on experimental basis; share with KRLD at night.
KRLD	KRLD Radio Corporation Dallas, Texas	Requests special authority to increase hours of operation experimentally, from sharing with KTHS to unlimited daytime, and sharing with KTHS at night.
WFIW	WFIW, Inc. Hopkinsville, Kentucky	Requests C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Louisville, Kentucky.
KLCN	Charles Leo Lintzenich Blytheville, Arkansas	Application for Ren. of Lic. set for hearing and authority granted to remain silent until application is heard.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following applications to applicants:

2-PB-2671	NEW	Joseph De Palma Jeannette, Pennsylvania	C. P. for new station on 590 kc. (Violation Rule 120)
1-MLB-1044	WPG	WPG Broadcasting Corp. Atlantic City, New Jersey	Mod. of Lic. for additional specified hours of operation. (Rule 43--Violation Rule 6.)
3-PB-2677	NEW	H.D. & V. L. Carrington d/b as Carrington Brothers Eagle Pass, Texas	C. P. for new station on 1210 kc. (Violation Rule 6.)
1-PB-2663	NEW	America's Wage Earners Protective Conference by Matthew Woll, President, M. J. Flynn, Executive Sec. Newark, New Jersey	C. P. for new station on 1100 kc. (Violation Rule 6.)

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LICENSE RENEWALS

During the current week the Commission granted the following regular license renewals: WOAX, Trenton, New Jersey; WODA, Paterson, New Jersey; WHA, Madison, Wisconsin; WISN, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; KWSC, Pullman, Washington.

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October 1, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WWAE	Hammond-Calument Brdcstg. Corp. Hammond, Indiana	Denied authority to operate simultaneously from 7 to 9 p.m., CST, each night during political campaign.
KFBI	Farmers & Bankers Life Insurance Co., Abilene, Kansas	Application for additional time, heretofore set for hearing, was withdrawn at request of applicant, without prejudice.
WHAS	Courier-Journal Co. & The Louisville Times Co. Louisville, Ky.	Granted 10 day extension to test equipment.
WIBX	WIBX, Inc. Utica, New York	Denied request to use 950 kc with 250 watts both day and night from September 24 to November 10 inclusive.
KMBC	Midland Broadcasting Co. Kansas City, Missouri	Authority heretofore granted to move transmitter from Independence, Missouri to Kansas City, Kansas, suspended, and application set for hearing, because of protest filed by WIBW, Topeka, Kansas.
KGW	Oregonian Publishing Company Portland, Oregon	Denied request to direct Station KTAR to operate 2 weeks from September 25, from 12 midnight to 3 a.m.
WWVA	West Virginia Brdcstg. Corp. Wheeling, West Virginia	Granted ren. of lic. for auxiliary, on a temporary basis subject to such action as the Commission may take on licensee's pending application for renewal.
KFWI	Radio Entertainments, Ltd. San Francisco, California	Granted temporary renewal of license, and designated application for hearing.
KVOA	Robert M. Riculfi Tucson, Arizona	Granted temporary renewal of license, and designated application for hearing.
KTW	First Presbyterian Church of Seattle, Washington	Granted temporary license for 30 days pending investigation.
WCAD	St. Lawrence University Canton, New York	Granted temporary license for 30 days.
KDG	Press Wireless Inc. Chicago, Illinois	Application for Mod. of Lic. requesting additional frequency of 19340 kc, was dismissed at request of applicant.

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October 1, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE
WMIL	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, New York	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
WESG	W. Neal Parker & Herbert M. Metcalfe Glens Falls, New York	Granted 60 day extension of special authority to suspend operation, which expired September 15.
WACM	Aroostook Broadcasting Corp., Presque Isle, Maine	Granted special authorization to operate from 2 to 3 PM, EST, September 28, and subsequent days on which world series are played; also to operate from 7 PM to 12 midnight, November 8.
WAGM	Aroostook Broadcasting Corp., Presque Isle, Maine	Granted modification of license to change specified hours of operation to as follows: 10 AM to 1 PM; 4:30 to 9 PM.
		SECOND ZONE
WLVA	Lynchburg Broadcasting Corp., Lynchburg, Virginia	Granted authority to operate simultaneously with Station WBTM at Danville, Va., every PM during world series.
WBTM	Piedmont Broadcasting Corp., Danville, Virginia	Granted authority to operate simultaneously with WLVA at Lynchburg, every PM during world series.
WHBD	F. P. Moler Mt. Orab, Ohio	Granted authority to remain silent for period of 45 days pending filing of application for voluntary assignment of lic. to the Southern Ohio Broadcasting Corp. and arrangement of the estate of Clarence J. Hayes, deceased.
WGCM	Lake Superior Broadcasting Co. Inc. Marquette, Michigan	Granted authority to resume operation October 1 and to reduce hours of operation temporarily from 7:30 to 9:30 AM; 11:30 AM to 1:30 PM; 4:30 to 7:30 PM daily; 9 AM to 2 PM Sunday, CST, to 11:30 AM to 1:15 PM; 4:30 to 7:15 PM daily, 9 AM to 1:30 PM, CST.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (Continued)

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		THIRD ZONE
KOCW	Oklahoma College for Women Chickasha, Oklahoma	Granted authority to remain silent pending action on application being submitted to install new equipment.
WNAD	University of Oklahoma Norman, Oklahoma	Granted authority to operate from 1:45 to 5 PM, CST, October 22, November 5 and November 19, provided Station KGGF remains silent.
WJBY	Gadsden Broadcasting Co., Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	Granted extension to December 1 of spec. authority for station to remain silent.
		FOURTH ZONE
KSOO	Sioux Falls Broadcasting Assn. Sioux Falls, South Dakota	Granted authority to operate simultaneously with WRVA, Richmond, Va., on 1110 kc, with 2500 watts from 9 to 10 PM, Oct. 3, CST; 7 to 7:30 PM, November 5, CST; 9 to 9:30 PM, November 7, CST, in order to broadcast speeches by Governor Olson by remote control from Station KSTP, St. Paul, Minnesota, 200 miles distant.
KFYR	Meyer Broadcasting Company Bismarck, North Dakota	Granted special authorization to operate from 1:15 to 2 PM, CST, October 1 and 3, provided Station KFDY remains silent.
		FIFTH ZONE
KGU	Marion A. Mulrony & Advertiser Publishing Company, Ltd. Honolulu, T. H.	Granted authority to operate 2½ hours additional on nights of October 1 and November 8 in order to broadcast election returns.
KUMA	Albert H. Schermann Yuma, Arizona	Granted special authorization to operate from 9 PM to 12 midnight, MST, November 1 and 8.

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MEXICAN STATION SOON READY

Unofficial reports current here are to the effect that Station XENT being constructed in Mexico near the United States border will soon go on the air. The station, which is to be operated under the direction of Norman Baker, formerly owner of KTNT, Muscatine, Iowa, will operate with high power on a frequency said to be 1115 kilocycles.

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October 1, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications.

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-ZB-62	WMAS	Albert S. Moffat Springfield, Massachusetts	Direct measurement of antenna power.
1-PB-2697	WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corporation Washington, D. C.	C. P. to install auxiliary transmitter.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2679	WPAD	Paducah Broadcasting Co. Inc. Paducah, Kentucky	C. P. for changes in equipment, change frequency and power from 1420 kc, 100 W. to 1120 kc, 250 W.

The nearest station to WPAD on the proposed channel of 1120 kilocycles is WHAD, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, using 250 watts power. It is 420 miles from Paducah while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 640 miles. Also KMOX, on 1090 kilocycles, at St. Louis is 142 miles from Paducah while the engineers recommend a separation of 185 miles.

2-PB-2692	NEW	Herman Radner Lansing, Michigan	C. P. for new station to use 880 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
2-PB-2671	NEW	Joseph De Palma Jeannette, Pennsylvania	C. P. for new station resubmitted to request 590 kc, 250 W. daytime hours and changes in equipment.

The nearest station on the proposed frequency of the new station is WKZO, Kalamazoo, Michigan, using 1000 watts power. The actual mileage between WKZO and the proposed station is 340 miles while the Commission's engineers recommend a separation of 300 miles. The Zone and the State of Pennsylvania are both under quota. The assignment would increase the quota.

		THIRD ZONE	
3-FB-297	KCMC	North Mississippi Brdcstg. Corp. Texarkana, Arkansas	Install automatic frequency control.
		FOURTH ZONE	
4-PB-2698	WLBC	Donald A. Burton Muncie, Indiana	C. P. to move transmitter locally.
4-PB-2693	WTRC	The Truth Publishing Co. Inc. Elkhart, Indiana	C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase operating power from 50 to 100 watts.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

WTRC operates on 1310 kilocycles. The nearest stations on the same frequency are WCLS and WKBB, at Joliet, Illinois. The distance between the stations is 110 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 183 miles. The Fourth Zone is over quota but the State of Indiana is under quota. The granting of the application would increase both State and Zone quota.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2699	KGGM	New Mexico Brdcstg. Co. Albuquerque, New Mexico	C. P. to change transmitter to different part of same building and changes in equipment.
5-MLB-1056	KUJ	K U J, Incorporated Walla Walla, Washington	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from daytime to unlimited.

The nearest station on frequency 1370 kilocycles used by KUJ is KVL, Seattle, Washington, using 100 watts power. The distance between the two stations is 230 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the State of Washington and the Fifth Zone are over quota and if this station were allowed unlimited time it would increase the quota by 0.1 units.

5-MLB-1057	KECA	Earle C. Anthony, Inc. Los Angeles, California	Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1430 to 780 kc. Requests facilities of KTM, Los Angeles, California, and KELW, Burbank, California.

The nearest station on the proposed new frequency is WMC, at Memphis, Tennessee, using 500 watts power. It is 1600 miles away from Los Angeles, while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1000 miles. Granting of the application would not change the State or Zone quota.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for licenses covering previously authorized permits from the following stations: WSAJ, Grove City, Pennsylvania; WSEI, Pocatello, Idaho.

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RADIO IN THE PHILIPPINES

The rapid progress of radio sales in the Philippine Islands is shown by the fact that the number of registered sets increased from 734 in 1927 to more than 10,000 on July 1, of this year according to a report to the Department of Commerce from Trade Commissioner E. D. Hester at Manila.

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WKBC operates on 1210 kilocycles. The nearest stations on the same [illegible] are WCLS and WKBB, at Joliet, Illinois. The [illegible] between the [illegible] miles while the engineers of [illegible] The Fourth Zone is over quota but the state of Indiana is under quota. The granting of the application would increase both State and Zone quotas.

ZONE

[illegible]	New Mexico Broadcasting Co. Albuquerque, New Mexico	C. P. to change transmitter to different part of same building [illegible] changes in equipment.
[illegible]-MP-1056	KUL	K U L, Incorporated Walla [illegible], Wash.	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from daytime to [illegible] limited.

[illegible] at station on frequency 1370 kilocycles used by KUL is a CL, non-[illegible] using 100 watts power. The distance between the two stations is 250 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 [illegible] the State of Washington and the Fifth Zone are over quota and if this were allowed unlimited time it would increase the quota by 0.1 units.

[illegible]	KMCA	Merle C. Anthony, Los Angeles, California	Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1430 to 750 kc., [illegible] facilities of KTM, Los Angeles California, and KMIW, Burbank, California.

The nearest station on the proposed new frequency is W[illegible] at Memphis, Tennessee [illegible] 500 watts power. It is 1500 miles away from Los Angeles. While the [illegible] of the Commission [illegible] a separation of 1000 miles. Granting of the application would not change the State or Zone quota.

LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

October 8, 1932

COPYRIGHT

The copyright situation has been complicated during the past week by the disclosure of the terms of the agreement which E. C. Mills, general manager of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers has offered to the newspaper-owned stations.

The final agreement with the newspaper stations changed the basis on which the royalty percentage was to be levied. Instead of paying on their receipts from the sale of all of their time, as in the case of the other stations, Mr. Mills agreed to permit the newspapers to pay a royalty only on the time actually using the Society's music.

As a result, there has been an increased reluctance on the part of the non-newspaper stations to send in their contracts. There has also been considerable difficulty over the interpretation of other paragraphs in the contract -- particularly that which seems to prohibit the payment of more than 15% commission. Most of the stations are insisting that the percentage should be levied on their actual receipts and that the payment of extra commissions should be deducted before this percentage is computed.

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The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly from the Association headquarters in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be published without express permission.

As a result of the difficulties which have been raised by the newspaper contract, Mr. Mills and Oswald F. Schuette, in charge of the copyright activities of the National Association of Broadcasters, are to have another conference next week. From the beginning of the negotiations, it has been apparent that the chief difficulty with the contract offered by ASCAP lies in the fact that a levy of royalty on time in which no ASCAP music is used -- or in which no music at all is used -- is fundamentally wrong. The broadcasters have not objected to paying for the use of ASCAP music, but they feel that they should not pay ASCAP for the use of music belonging to other copyright owners or in the public domain, or on programs that use no music at all.

This difficulty has been particularly emphasized during the present campaign because so much of the time on every station is being devoted to political addresses. Attempts to persuade political candidates to pay a three per cent copyright fee on their time has been met with the complaint: "Do these people in New York think they have a copyright on my speech."

If as a result of the negotiations in New York, a new contract is to be offered to the industry in which the royalties would be based purely on ASCAP music time, Mr. Mills has assured Mr. Schuette that the benefit of this contract would be extended to all stations whether they have signed the present contract or not.

The copyright situation has now become the most important question immediately before the broadcasters and, therefore, will doubtless prove the most important subject at the St. Louis Convention. It is because of this fact largely that the National Association of Broadcasters is determined to make the St. Louis Convention a convention of the industry rather than of the members of the NAB alone. The discussions of the copyright

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problem will take place at an open session to which all broadcasters will be invited. The executive sessions of the NAB of course will be limited to members and some confidential phases of the copyright problem relative particularly to station operation will have to be discussed in these meetings.

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WOULD FORM MUSIC COMPANY

Evan Georgeoff of a music publishing company bearing his name located in Cleveland, Ohio, has written to all members of the NAB soliciting their aid in forming a music corporation. Mr. Georgeoff has been in communication with NAB headquarters and has been promised, as others similarly situated have been promised, a fair and impartial hearing of his proposal. No such proposal has been submitted as yet.

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JUSTICE ON TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

In a brief filed by the Department of Justice in the recently decided anti-monopoly case against the Appalachian Coals Inc. the position of the Government respecting trade associations is summed up in the following language:

"The ordinary activities of trade associations, such as the exchange of statistics, cash prices, costs, credit information, etc. and the promotion of advertising and research, do not conflict with the free operation of economic laws but rather make their operation more effective."

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DELAY ACTION LONGER LICENSES

The Federal Radio Commission this week postponed action on the proposal of Commissioner Lafount to grant broadcasting stations licenses for one year terms. The proposal was offered last week with the understanding that it would come up for consideration this week. The matter was referred to the legal division for an opinion but definite action was postponed until a later date.

The present act permits licenses for three year periods and the NAB has consistently advocated longer license terms as a necessary pre-requisite to greater stability in the industry. It is hoped that the Lafount motion will not remain long in the pigeon hole.

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October 8, 1932

NAB PROTESTS MEXICAN INTERFERENCE

The following letter was addressed to the Department of State on Friday protesting against the continued construction of high power stations across the Mexican border:

"The attention of the National Association of Broadcasters has been directed to the recent action of the Mexican Government authorizing the construction of a broadcasting station at Villa Acuna, Mexico, to operate with power of 500,000 watts on a frequency of either 655 kc or 735 kc.

"The construction and operation of this station with such superpower will destroy the effective service tothe public now being rendered by many stations of all classifications licensed by the United States Government. There is no necessity to discuss in any detail here the engineering questions involved. It is undisputed that the use of superpower in Mexico on the precise frequencies or adjoining frequencies assigned to stations in the United States will cause such ruinous interference as to make reception conditions intolerable.

"More than a year ago a committee of this Association called formally upon the Department of State and advised it of the contemplated construction and operation of high powered stations in Mexico. Since that time the construction of one station of 75,000 watts and another of 150,000 watts have been authorized and one of them is already in operation.

"The present broadcasting structure of the United States has been developed over a period of years at great expense to our broadcasting companies and individual citizens. While the Federal Radio Commission has done all that it can to stabilize broadcasting, it is unable to exercise its powers beyond the territorial limits of the United States. Its contructive efforts at regulation are now being undermined by interference conditions beyond its control.

"Due to the fact that there does not now exist an understanding between our Government and the Mexican Government with respect to the allocation and use of broadcasting frequencies, stations licensed by the Commission have been helpless in the rapid encroachment upon licensed rights resulting from the construction of new stations and the continued increases in power of existing stations in Mexico.

"The Association feels that the continuance of this situation is not only ill-advised from the standpoint of international good-will but tends to aggravate actual differences existing between these two nations. Indeed, if it is continued there will result a condition which will make a constructive solution of the problem extremely difficult if not entirely impossible.

"In view of the foregoing, we respectfully call upon the Department of State to take whatever steps are necessary to maintain the status quo with respect to the assignment of frequencies, increases in power, and new construction of stations in Mexico so as not to prejudice a future solution of the problem, since the matters under consideration at the International Radiotelegraph Conference now in progress at Madrid should furnish the basis for such solution."

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Director Tellez addressed to the Department of State on [illegible] protest the construction of high power broadcasting stations [illegible] Mexican frequency.

[illegible] transition of the National Association of Broadcasters has [illegible] to the recent action of the Mexican Government authorizing the construction of [illegible] station at Villa Acuna, Mexico, to operate with [illegible] of 500,000 watts on a frequency of either 995 kc or 725 kc.

Instruction and operation of this station with such power will [illegible] the effective service today now being rendered by many standard broadcasting stations licensed by the United States Government. There is [illegible] to discuss in detail here the engineering questions involved [illegible] assuming that the use of a superpower in Mexico on the proposed frequencies or adjacent frequencies assigned to stations in the United States will [illegible] such numerous interferences as to make reception conditions intolerable.

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October 8, 1932

COURT HEARD WNJ ARGUMENT

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia heard the argument this week in the appeal of Station WNJ, Newark, N. J. (No. 5546) from a decision of the Radio Commission denying the station's renewal license. Station WNJ was ordered to cease operating and its facilities were awarded to Station WHOM, Jersey City. The station has been operating under a stay order. The court received briefs of the argument in the case of L J. Beebe (No. 5555) who appealed from a decision of the Commission removing Station WMBA, Newport, R. I. from the air.

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RCA CASE POSTPONED

The Department of Justice this week made the following statement relative to the postponement of the RCA case in the Delaware courts:

"In regard to the case of United States v. Radio Corporation of America, et al, set for trial beginning October 10th, in the United States District Court for Delaware, the Department is in receipt of a telegram from the Clerk of the Court as follows:

> 'Judge Nields indisposed. Trial of United States against Radio Corporation postponed. New date will be fixed at earliest opportunity.'

The Department has no further information on the subject but its representatives will attend court on Monday and then ascertain what disposition of the case the Court intends to make."

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COURT REFUSES TO VACATE ORDER

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has refused to vacate a stay order which it issued several weeks ago in the case of KICK, Red Oak, Iowa.

The Radio Commission granted KICK permission to move from Red Oak to Carter Lake, Iowa. Stations WAAW and WOW, Omaha, Neb. and KOIL, Council Bluffs, Iowa, objected to the move and obtained a stay order from the Court. KICK filed a motion asking the Court to vacate this order which it has now refused to do. In the meantime the Commission has granted the station (which has already been moved) permission to remain silent until "such time as the Court of Appeals vacates its stay order or further disposition is made of the issues involved."

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LOCAL CONVENTION COMMITTEE MEETS

Ed Spence, Chairman of the General Convention Committee, and the Managing Director, will meet with chairmen of local committees in St. Louis over the week-end to complete plans for the Tenth Annual Convention of the NAB to be held at the Hotel Chase, November 13, 14, 15 and 16. The local committee chairmen are: Thomas Patrick Convey, KWK; William H. West, KMOX; L. A. Benson, WIL; and Wm F. Ludgate, KSD.

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[illegible] ARGUMENT

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia heard the argument this week in the appeal of Station WNJ, Newark, N. J. (No. 5944) from a decision of the Radio Commission denying the station's renewal [illegible]. Station [illegible] was ordered to cease operating and its facilities [illegible] awarded to [illegible] WHOM, Jersey City. The station has been operating under a stay order. The [illegible] of the argument in the case of L. J. Beebe (No. [illegible]) who appealed from [illegible] decision of the Commission removing Station WMBA, [illegible] L. from the air.

[illegible] CASE [illegible]

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COURT REFUSES [illegible] VACATE ORDER

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has refused to vacate a order which it issued several weeks ago in the case of KICK, Red Oak, Iowa.

The Radio Commission granted KICK permission to move from Red Oak to Carter Lake, Iowa. Stations WAAW and WOW, Omaha, Neb. and KOIL, Council Bluffs, [illegible] objected to the move and obtained a stay order from the Court. KICK filed a motion asking the Court to vacate this order which it has now refused to do. In the meantime the Commission has granted the station (which has already been moved) permission to remain silent until "such time as the Court of Appeals vacates its stay order or further disposition is made of the issues involved."

Ed Spence, Chairman of the G[illegible]al Convention Committee, and the Managing Director, will meet with chairmen [illegible] local committees in St. Louis over the week-end to complete plans for the [illegible]th Annual Convention of the NAB to be held at the Hotel Chase, November [illegible] 16. The [illegible] committees are: Thomas Patrick Conve[illegible] KWK; William H. West, KMOX; L. [illegible]

October 8, 1932

COST OF ADVERTISING STUDY

Following a series of conversations between advertisers, publishers and advertising agencies concerning their joint interest in all factors relating to the cost of advertising, a program of investigation of certain of these factors has been formulated. A joint committee to direct this investigation has been formed, consisting of R. R. Deupree, President, The Proctor & Gamble Company, representing acvertisers, Lee W. Maxwell, President, The Crowell Publishing Company, representing publishers, and A. W. Erickson, Chairman of the Board, McCann-Erickson, Inc. representing advertising agencies.

This committee has appointed James W. Young, Professor of Business History in the School of Business, University of Chicagoo to make an independent, impartial investigation and report on the subjects under consideration. Mr. Young's first study will be of advertising agency compensation.

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VOTE TO PASS ON TAX

Broadcasting stations of northern California held a meeting on September 19 at which it was unanimously agreed that the three per cent music license tax should be added to all advertising contracts and clearly shown as same.

The meeting voted to indicate this sentiment to the National Association of Broadcasters in the hope that a uniform practice might be worked out.

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BAR GROUP TO DISCUSS RADIO

As announced last week, the Communications Committee of the American Bar Association will hold an Open Meeting at the Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D. C. at 10 A.M. Monday, October 10th. An invitation to be present has been extended to all members of the NAB. Several prominent speakers will address the meeting on subjects of current interest in the field of radio law. There will also be a discussion of the report which will be presented by the committee to the American Bar Association at its annual meeting later in the week.

Judge Ira E. Robinson, formerly chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, will discuss "The Public Utility Aspects of Radio." A discussion will also be held of the recent decision of the Supreme Court of Nebraska holding broadcasters liable for defamation spoken from a radio station in the course of a political broadcast.

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CHIEF TEWANNA

The NAB office has information about a "Chief Tewanna" who is seeking employment among broadcasting stations as a producer of children's programs.

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COST OF ADVERTISING STUDY

Following a series of conferences between advertisers, publishers and [illegible] concerning their joint interest in all factors [illegible] the cost of advertising, a program of [illegible] of certain of [illegible] been formulated. A joint committee to direct this investigation has been formed, consisting of R. R. Deupree, President, The P[illegible] [illegible]y, representing advertisers, Lee W. Maxwell, President, The [illegible] Publications Company, representing publishers, and A. W. Erickson, Chairman of [illegible] Mc Cann-Erickson, Inc., representing advertising agencies.

[illegible] committee has appointed James W. Young, Professor of Business History [illegible] School of Business, [illegible] ersity of Chicago to make an independent [illegible] investigation and report on the subjects under consideration. [illegible] study will [illegible] of advertising agency compensation.

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UP

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[illegible] MAB office has information about [illegible] "Quiet [illegible]" who [illegible] among broadcasters. [illegible] stations as [illegible] pioneer of [illegible]

October 8, 1932

RADIO ADVERTISING IMPROVES

"Radio advertising schedules show some signs of improvement after a comparatively poor summer," it is reported in the "Survey of Current Business" published this week by the U. S. Department of Commerce. "Excepting the two latest months, however, radio expenditures were considerably in excess of a year ago."

"Magazine advertising lineage for the month of August fell below July and reached the lowest point of the present decline,"says the publication. "Preliminary reports from agencies anticipate some betterment in fall expenditures. Newspaper lineage was well maintained in August and moved upward during the early weeks of September."

The Department reports cost of broadcasting facilities for August of this year as $2,279,000 as compared with $2,527,000 the same month a year ago. Comparative figures for May, June and July of this year were $3,632,000, $2,996,000 and $2,414,000, respectively. Automotive, drugs, foods and petroleum products classifications were responsible for the increases during last August. All other classifications showed decreases in expenditures.

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JOINT NAB AND AAAA MEETING

A joint meeting of the Radio Committee of the American Association of Advertising Agencies and the chairmen of the Commercial Section of the National Association of Broadcasters will be held in the library of the AAAA headquarters in New York, at 10:30 a.m. Monday, October 17. Among the topics for discussion will be the standard order blank and standard rate cards.

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NO DECISION ON POWER TAX

The Bureau of Internal Revenue has not yet reached a conclusion with respect to the electrical energy tax question. The Bureau several weeks ago promulgated a ruling holding that broadcasting companies were commercial users of electrical energy and therefore subject to the three per cent tax provided in the 1932 revenue act. The NAB opposed the tax on the ground that the ruling was contrary to the intent of the law. A brief has been filed and the points raised argued before the Bureau. Following the conference of two weeks ago the Bureau agreed to reconsider its ruling.

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NO ACTION ON COMMISSIONERSHIP

There have been no new developments of any importance in connection with the appointment of a member of the Federal Radio Commission to fill the Fourth Zone vacancy caused by the resignation of Major General Charles McK. Saltzman. In the meantime Commissioners Lafount, Starbuck and Brown are handling all business of the Commission, Commissioner Sykes being abroad as head of the American Delegation to the Madrid Conference.

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October 8, 1932

NO PUERTO RICO STATION

Roberto Mendez was denied his application for the erection of a new broadcasting station at San Juan, Puerto Rico by the Commission this week in reversing the report (No. 416) of Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost.

The Commission states that good broadcast service is now received in San Juan and vicinity from a station "located therein and it is not shown that there is any real need in that area for the additional service proposed to be rendered by the applicant".

It is further stated by the Commission that the applicant did not make a satisfactory showing and he is not "either financially or technically qualified to engage in the construction and operation of the proposed station." In its statement of facts the Commission says also that "there are but a very small number of radio receiving sets within the entire San Juan area, and it is extremely doubtful that sufficient financial support could be obtained to insure either the proper maintenance and operation of the proposed station or the presentation of interesting programs.

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MANUFACTURES CENSUS OF RADIO FOR 1931

The value of radio apparatus and phonographs made in the United States last year amounted to $194,313,602 (at f. o. b. factory prices) a decrease of 59.8 per cent compared with $476,041,054 reported for 1929 according to a preliminary tabulation of data collected in the Census of Manufactures as made public this week by the Bureau of the Census.

The more important items which contributed to the total for 1931 are as follows: Radio receiving sets for the home (excluding batteries), except combination radio and phonograph units, 3,647,499 valued at $113,214,421; all other receiving sets (including automobile and aircraft sets) valued at $4,347,637; combination radio and phonograph units, 73,603, valued at $6,310,442 receiving tubes for initial equipment, 24,944,796 valued at $13,263,520; receiving tubes for replacement, 24,317,552, valued at $13,712,552; phonographs, not including dictating machines, 48,276, valued at $1,674,010; records and blanks, valued at $7,946,355.

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RADIO EMPLOYMENT INCREASE

Reports received by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor from 40 radio manufacturers gave their August employment at 15,705, an increase of .9 per cent over July but a decrease of 36.4 per cent from August of last year.

The average weekly payrolls for August in these plants was $274,075 a decrease of 6.1 per cent from July and of 51.6 per cent from August of last year.

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[illegible] 665 was denied his application for [illegible] station at San Juan, Puerto Rico by [illegible] the report (No. 416) of Chief [illegible]

The Commission states that good broadcast service is now received in San [illegible] and vicinity from a station "located therein and it is not shown [illegible] there is any real need in that area for the additional service proposed to [illegible] considered by the applicant.

[illegible] further stated by the Commission that the applicant did not make a satisfactory [illegible] and he is not "either financially or technically qualified to engage in the construction and operation of the proposed station." The [illegible] ment of facts the [illegible] station says also that "there is but a very small [illegible] of radio receiving [illegible] within the service area [illegible] and [illegible] that sufficient financial support could be obtained to [illegible] either the proper maintenance [illegible] operation of the proposed station or the presentation of interesting programs.

[illegible] OF RADIO FOR 1931

[illegible] value of radio apparatus and phono[illegible] last year amounted to $194,372,602 (at f[illegible] with $476,[illegible] 664 reports [illegible] seen in the Census [illegible] public this week by the Bureau of the Census.

The more important items which contributed to the total [illegible] Each receiving set [illegible] (excluding [illegible]) [illegible] transmission radio [illegible] phonograph units, [illegible] 447,492 [illegible] receiving sets, including automobile and portable [illegible] combined radio and phonograph units [illegible] value $30,[illegible] receiving tubes for initial equipment, 24,944,79[illegible] valued at [illegible] 32,[illegible] carrying tubes for replacement, 24,[illegible] valued at [illegible] dot indicating dictating machines, 43,276, valued at [illegible] 1,120; records and blanks, valued at $7,940,356.

RADIO EMPLOYMENT INCREASE

Reports received by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of [illegible] from 40 radio manufacturers have their August employment at 73,708, an increase of 2.9 per cent over July but a decrease of 36.4 per cent from August of [illegible] year.

The average weekly payrolls for August in these plants was $2[illegible], [illegible] 6.1 per cent from July and of 31.[illegible] per cent from August

October 8, 1932

RECOMMENDS 580 KC FOR WDBO

Chief Examiner, Ellis A. Yost, in a report (No.417) rendered this week recommends that Station WDBO, Orlando, Florida be allowed to change its frequency from 1120 to 580 kilocycles. The station has been operating with 250 watts power unlimited time and asked for the same power on the new channel.

Pending the outcome of this hearing, by temporary authority, the station has been operating on 580 kilocycles.

The Chief Examiner states that the regional channel of 580 kilocycles is not available for assignment to any State in the Third Zone for unlimited time operation except to the State of Florida. He also calls attention to the fact that there are no applications pending for the Third Zone for this frequency.

Mr. Yost further finds that "the unlimited time operation of Station WDBO at Orlando, Florida, on the 580 kilocycle frequency with power of 250 watts would result in less interference than the operation of this station with the same power on the 1120 kilocycle frequency at Orlando. The granting of this application would not affect the quota of the state. He recommends that it be granted.

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RECOMMENDS CUT IN TIME

In report No. 418 this week Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost recommended that Station WHDF, Calumet, Michigan, be allowed to operate on 1370 kc limited instead of unlimited time.

The station came before the Commission for license renewal on the ground that it violated Rule 151 of the Commission by not operating two-thirds of the daily hours of operation authorized.

Examiner Yost found that the station has been violating the rule in that it has operated but 7 hours daily, whereas it is authorized to operate unlimited time. Otherwise, the Examiner found that the "applicant is financially, technically, legally and otherwise qualified to operate Station WHDF". The present quota charge of the station is .3 of a unit. The operating hours recommended by the Examiner would reduce this quota charge to .11 of a unit, or a reduction of .19 of a unit.

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NO HEARINGS NEXT WEEK

With the exception of a few weeks during the past Summer, the Radio Commission has had hearings on its calendar ever since the present system has been in force. Next week no hearings are to be held. Two were scheduled but they have been continued to a later date.

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October 8, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

KLX	Tribune Publishing Co. Oakland, California	Granted authority to take depositions in re hearing scheduled for October 18.
NEW	Allen Wright Marshall Sr. & Allen Wright Marshall Jr. LaGrange, Georgia	Granted authority to take depositions in re hearing scheduled for October 25.
WSUI	State University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa	Granted special authority to operate from 10 p.m. to 12 midnight, CST, October 21 and 22.
KNOW	KUT Broadcasting Co. Austin, Texas	Granted application for renewal of license to operate on 1500 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time. Commission reconsidered its recent action remanding case to docket, and also reconsidered its action in designating for hearing application to install new equipment and granted it.

(Q.C. Taylor of Austin, Texas, recently withdrew his application for a new station asking for the facilities of Station KNOW. Examiner's Report No. 384 was retired to the files.)

KFPY	Symons Broadcasting Co. Spokane, Washington	Cancelled C. P. granted September 22, 1931, to move transmitter from Symons Building to one mile North of Spokane, since 30 days has elapsed since expiration of last extension of completion date - April 15, 1932. Also dismissed from the hearing docket application for Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1340 to 1260 kc.
KGFX	Dana McNeil Pierre, South Dakota	Denied authority to operate until 6:30 p.m. CST, during months of October, November, December and January. (Station is operating during daytime only on 630 kc, 200 watts).
KGW	Oregonian Publishing Co. Portland, Oregon	Granted permission to take depositions in re application for Mod. of Lic. Station KTAR, Phoenix, Arizona, scheduled for hearing October 31, 1932.
WSBT	South Bend Tribune South Bend, Indiana	Granted order to take depositions in re application for Mod. of Lic., Station WSBT and Mod. of Lic. application station WFBM, scheduled for hearing.

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION (continued)

WSM	National Life & Accident Ins. Co. Nashville, Tennessee	Authorized to use transmitter formerly licensed as main transmitter for auxiliary purposes 650 kc, 5 KW.
WIEK WIEL	Atlantic Broadcasting Corp. New York, N. Y.	Authorized to use Stations WIEK and WIEL, 1542 and 2478 kc, 50 watts, October 3 to 15 inclusive, to broadcast races at Jamaica.
WJW	Mansfield Broadcasting Assn. Mansfield, Ohio	Authorized to discontinue operation October 6, while station is being moved to Akron, and modifying antenna system.
KUJ	KUJ, Inc. Walla Walla, Washington	Granted special authority to operate unlimited time on October 6, 12, 13, 20, 27 and November 3.
WLBW	Broadcasters of Pa., Inc. Erie, Pennsylvania	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change location of transmitter and studio locally to Hershey & Robertson Roads, Erie, and Reed Hotel, Erie, respectively; extend completion date of C. P. to 16 days after this date, and cease operation at Oil City immediately.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for licenses covering previously authorized permits from the following stations: WCGU, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WHAS, Louisville, Kentucky; WWL, New Orleans, Louisiana; WKBZ, Ludington, Michigan; WSVS, Buffalo, New York.

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CALL LETTERS ASSIGNED

During the current week the Commission has announced the assignment of the following call letters for broadcasting:

NAME OF STATION	CALL SIGNAL	LICENSEE AND/OR OWNER	RADIO DISTRICT
Glendale, California	K I E V	Cannon System, Ltd.	6
Ithaca, New York	W E S G (changed from WEAI)	Cornell University	8
Glens Falls, New York	W G L C (changed from WESG)	W. Neal Parker & Herbert H. Metcalfe	8

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October 8, 1932

LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission has received the following renewal applications:

WCKY	L. B. Wilson, Inc. Covington, Kentucky	1490 kc, 5 KW, Unlimited hours,
KGNO	The Dodge City Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Dodge City, Kansas	1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours.
WTJS	The Sun Publishing Co. Inc. Jackson, Tennessee	1310 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts day, unlimited time.
WGCM	Great Southern Land Company Mississippi City, Mississippi	1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
KGB	Don Lee Broadcasting System San Diego, California	1330 kc, 1 KW, unlimited hours.
KGCX	First State Bank of Vida Wold Point, Montana	1310 kc, 100 watts, 250 watts LS, specified hours.
KOCW	Oklahoma College for Women Chickasha, Oklahoma	1400 kc, 250 watts, 500 watts LS, unlimited hours.
WJBI	Monmouth Broadcasting Co. Red Bank, New Jersey	1210 kc, 100 watts, shares with WGBB, WFAS and WMRJ.
WMBO	WMBO, Inc. Auburn, New York	1310 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours.
WQDX	Stevens Luke Thomasville, Georgia	1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.

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ORAL ARGUMENTS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following oral arguments:

Ex. Rep. No. 410 WERE	Erie Dispatch-Herald Brdcstg. Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania	Granted oral argument to be held October 19, 10 a.m.
Ex. Rep. No. 404 WHP	WHP, Inc. Harrisburgh, Pennsylvania -and-	Granted oral argument to be held October 19, 10 a.m.
WBAK	Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Harrisburgh, Pennsylvania	Granted oral argument to be held October 19, 10 a.m.

October 8, 1932

ORAL ARGUMENTS GRANTED (continued)

Ex. Rep. No. 407		
WORC-WEPS	Alfred F. Kleindienst Worcester, Massachusetts	Granted oral argument to be held October 19, 10 a.m.
WCDA	Louis Reis Italian Educational Brdcstg. Co. New York, N. Y.	Granted oral argument to be held October 19, 10 a.m.
WNBX	Standard Cahill Company New York, N. Y.	Granted oral argument to be held October 19, 10 a.m.
WAWZ	Pillar of Fire Zarephath, New Jersey	Granted oral argument to be held October 19, 10 a.m.

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HEARINGS SET

The Commission, during the current week, set the following cases for hearing:

WGST	Georgia School of Tech. Atlanta, Georgia	Requests C. P. to increase power from 250 W. night, 500 W. LS, to 500 W. night and 1 KW LS, (Facilities of WTFI)
WTFI	Liberty Broadcasting Co. Athens, Georgia	Renewal of license, 1450 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.
WJBY	Gadsden Broadcasting Co. Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	Requests consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Ingram Broadcasting Co. (W. M. Ingram, sole owner).

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following applications, without prejudice, at the request of the applicants:

WMMN	Holt-Rowe Broadcasting Co. Fairmont, West Virginia	Mod. Lic. to increase night power to 500 watts on exp. basis.
NEW	Roanoke Broadcasting Company Roanoke, Virginia	C. P. 1410 kc, 250 watts, share with WHIS (facilities of WRBX).

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[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Fa.

[illegible] Worcester, Massachusetts — [illegible] oral argument to be held [illegible] October 18, 10 a.m.

[illegible] Louis Reis
Italian Educational Broadcasting Co.
York, N. Y. — Granted oral argument to be held October 19, 10 a.m.

[illegible] Standard Cabill
New York, N. Y. — Granted oral argument to be [illegible] October [illegible], 10 [illegible]

Pillar of [illegible]
Zarephath, New Jersey — Granted oral argument to be held October 19, 10 a.m.

[illegible]ARINGS SET

[illegible] The Commission, during the [illegible] week, set the following cases for h[illegible]:

[illegible]ST Georgia School of [illegible]
Atlanta, Georgia — [illegible]ate C. P. to increase power from 250 night, 500 W. D. to 500 W. night and [illegible] WTWI)

[illegible]TT Liberty Broadcasting Co.
Athens, Georgia — Renewal of license, 1450 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.

[illegible]adeen Broadcasting Co., Inc.
Alabama — Requests consent to vol. assign. [illegible] to Ingram Broadcasting Co. ([illegible] M. Ingram [illegible] sole owner).

[illegible]PLICATIONS [illegible] SEED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the foll[illegible] case [illegible] without prejudice, at the request of the applicants:

[illegible] Holt-Howe Broadcasting Co.
Belmont, West Virginia — Mod. Lic. to increase [illegible] 500 watts on exp.

[illegible] Roanoke Broadcasting Company
Roanoke, [illegible] — C. P. 1410 kc [illegible] facilities of WRNX.

October 8, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of the action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WMAS	Albert S. Moffat Watertown, Massachusetts	Program test period extended 30 days.
WMAS	Albert S. Moffat Springfield, Massachusetts	Granted license covering erection of new station to operate on 1420 kc, 100 watts unlimited time.
WABI	First Universalist Society of Bangor, Maine	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change specified hours of operation to as follows: 9 a.m. to 2 p.m., 6 to 10 p.m., EST; station operates on 1200 kc, 100 watts.
WFOX	Paramount Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
	SECOND ZONE	
WNBW	Schiessler & Stephens, d/b as Home Cut Glass & China Co. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Granted consent to Vol. assign. of C. P. and Lic. to WNBW, Inc.
WJMS	Johnson Music Store Ironwood, Michigan	Granted consent to Vol. assign. of Lic. to WJMS, Inc.
WNBW	Schiessler & Stephens, d/b as Home Cut Glass & China Co. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Granted extension of authority to suspend operation from October 1, to December 18, 1932.
WSAJ	Grove City College Grove City, Pennsylvania	Granted special authorization to operate from 2 to 4:30 p.m., EST, October 8, 15, 29, and November 5 and 19, 1932.
	THIRD ZONE	
KRMD	Radio Station KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted license covering local move of station, installation of new equipment and increasing power; 1310 kc, 100 watts, specified hours.
KWEA	Hello World Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted extension of special authority to remain silent pending action on applications for C. P.'s pending before Commission.

Current week the Commission granted the [illegible] provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing proper protests may be filed within [illegible] from the date of the action.

NAME OF APPLICANT	[illegible] OF APPLICATION
FIRST ZONE	
Albert S. [illegible] [illegible]town, [illegible]	[illegible] extension [illegible]
Albert S. Moffat Springfield, Massachusetts	Granted license covering operation of station to operate on 1420 kc. 100 [illegible] unlimited time.
First Universal [illegible] Society Bangor, Maine	Granted Mod. of lic. to change specified hours of operation to as follows: 9 [illegible] to 2 p.m., 6 to 10 p.m., EST; station operates [illegible] 1200 kc, 100 [illegible]
Paramount Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
SECOND ZONE	
[illegible]easler & Stephens, d/b as Home Out Glass & China Co. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Granted consent to Vol. assign. of [illegible] and lic. to WMBW, Inc.
Johnson Music Store Ironwood, Michigan	[illegible]d consent to Vol. assign. of lic. to WGMS, Inc.
Schlessler & Stephens, d/b as Home Out Glass & China Co. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Granted extension of authority to suspend operation from October 1, to December 18, 1932.
Grove City College Grove City, Pennsylvania	Granted special authorization to operate from 2 to 4:30 p.m., EST, October 2, 16, 23, and November 5 and 19, 1932.
THIRD ZONE	
[illegible]io station KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted license covering local move of station, installation of new equipment and 1 [illegible] power; 1210 kc, 100 watts, [illegible]ted hours.
Radio World Broadcg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted extension of special authority to remain silent pending action on appl[illegible] for C. P.'s pending before Commission.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

WCOA	Pensacola Broadcasting Co. Pensacola, Florida	Granted license covering installation of new equipment and move of station locally; 1340 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.

FOURTH ZONE

KFNF	Henry Field Co. Shenandoah, Iowa	Granted authority to operate additional period ending October 31, using time assigned but not used by Stations WILL and KUSD.
WREN	Jenny Wren Company Lawrence, Kansas	Granted authority to intervene, together with Station WIBW, in the hearing of KMBC requesting authority to move station from Independence, Missouri, to Kansas City, Kansas, which authority was heretofore granted by the Commission but suspended and case set for hearing because of protests from above stations.
KICK	Red Oak Radio Corp. Red Oak, Iowa	Granted authority to remain silent to 1/1/33 until such time as the Court of Appeals vacates Stay Orders, or further disposition is made of the issues involved.
W9XAL	First National Television Corp. Kansas City, Missouri	Granted Exp. Visual broadcasting license, 2200-2300 kc, 500 watts.

FIFTH ZONE

KOL	Seattle Broadcasting Co. Seattle, Washington	Granted extension to November 6, of special authority to make field measurements to locate a transmitter site.
KFBB	Buttery Broadcast Inc. Great Falls, Montana	Granted license covering changes in equipment 1280 kc, 1 KW night, $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW day, unlimited time.
KALE	M. E. Brown Portland, Oregon	Granted consent of Vol. assign. of lic. to KALE, Inc. Also granted renewal of license, 1300 kc, 500 watts, specified hours.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following application to applicant:

2-MLB-1023	WEAO	Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio	Authority to use former main transmitter as auxiliary. (request of applicant).

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October 8, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-MLB-1058	WESG	Cornell University Ithaca, New York	Mod. of Lic. to change location of Main Studio to Elmira, N. Y.

WESG, Ithaca, N. Y., operates on a frequency of 1370 kilocycles. The nearest station to Elmira, N. Y., on the same frequency is WQDM, St. Albans, Vermont, using 100 watts power. The actual mileage between the proposed site and St. Albans is 140 miles. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. The granting of the application would not change the State or Zone quota.

1-PB-2669	NEW	Edwin Drillings Middle Village, New York	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 100 watts, share with WWRL, WMIL and WMBQ, resubmitted changing street address of transmitter location and to request facilities formerly used by WLBX, Long Island City, N. Y.

The nearest station on the proposed channel is WNBF, Binghamton, N. Y., using 100 watts power and operating unlimited time. The actual distance is 100 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. The First Zone is under quota but New York State is over quota.

1-PB-2541	WPRO-WPAW	Cherry & Webb Brdcstg. Co. Providence, Rhode Island	C. P. to move transmitter to near Graystone, R. I., change frequency and power from 1210 kc, 100 watts to 630 kc, 250 watts--amended to request 1260 kc instead of 630 kc and change in antenna system.

The nearest station on 1260 kc is WNBX, Springfield, Vermont, which has a construction permit to go on that frequency. It will use 250 watts power. The actual mileage is 110 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 230 miles. Both the First Zone and the State of Rhode Island are under quota.

		SECOND ZONE	
2-ALB-464	WFBG	The William F. Gable Co. Altoona, Pennsylvania	Vol. assign. of lic. to The Gable Broadcasting Company.
2-PB-2701	NEW	A. D. Shiffer & A. H. Bennett d/b as Lansing Brdcstg. Co. Lansing, Michigan	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc. 100 watts, unlimited hours.

The nearest stations on 1210 kilocycles are WSBC, WEDC, and WCRW, all located at Chicago and all using 100 watts power. The actual mileage between Lansing and Chicago is 170 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. The Second Zone is under quota and so is the State of Michigan. Granting of the application would increase both quotas.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

SECOND ZONE (continued)

2-ZB-63	WHAS	The Courier-Journal Co. & The Louisville Times Co. Louisville, Kentucky	Determine power by direct antenna measurement.
2-MLB-1059	WJAY	Cleveland Radio Broadcasting Corp. Cleveland, Ohio	Mod. of lic. to change frequency, power and hours from 610 kc, 500 watts, daytime to 590 kc, 250 watts night, 500 watts day, unlimited time.

The nearest station on 590 kilocycles, the proposed new frequency, is WKZO, Kalamazoo, Michigan, using 1000 watts power. The actual mileage is 210 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 300 miles. Both Zone 2 and the State of Ohio are under quota. Granting of the application would increase the quota.

2-PB-2688	WEHC	Emory & Henry College Emory, Virginia	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Charlottesville, Va.--amended to give exact location of transmitter as two miles from business center of Charlottesville, Virginia.

The nearest station on the same frequency, 1350 kc, is WAWZ, Zarephath, N. J., using 250 watts. The actual mileage is 280 miles while the Commission's engineers recommend a separation of 260 miles.

2-PB-2704	NEW	Lancaster Brdcstg. Service Inc. Lancaster, Pennsylvania	C. P. for new station to use 1230 kc, 500 watts, daytime.

The nearest station on the proposed channel of 1230 kc is WPSC, State College, Pennsylvania, using 500 watts. The actual mileage between Lancaster and State College is 90 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 260 miles. Both the Second Zone and the State of Pennsylvania are under quota.

2-PB-2705	NEW	The WNPD Company New Philadelphia, Ohio	C. P. for new station to use 850 kc, 50 watts, daytime. (9s.m. to local sunset).

The Commission does not put 50 watt stations on clear channels.

2-MPB-380	WLBW	Broadcasters of Pa., Inc. Erie, Pennsylvania	Mod. of C. P. issued 8-23-32 to move station to Erie, Pa., gives exact transmitter location, change location of Main Studio and extend date of completion.

[illegible] RECEIVED

ZONE (continued)

The Courier-Journal Co. & The [illegible]e Times Co. Louisville	Determine power by direct ante[illegible]
[illegible] and Radio Broadcasting [illegible]ore, Cleveland, Ohio	Mod. o[illegible] to [illegible] power and [illegible] from [illegible] kc, [illegible] watts [illegible] 500 watts day, un[illegible]

[illegible] station on 550 kilocycles. The proposed new frequency, [illegible], Michigan, using 1000 watts power. The application [illegible] is 710 [illegible] [illegible]ers of the Commission recommend [illegible] operation of 500 [illegible] Both [illegible] Ohio are under cover. [illegible] application [illegible]

[illegible]mory [illegible]	[illegible], to move transmitter [illegible] to Ostrolteeryville, [illegible] [illegible]ded to give exact location [illegible] transmitter as [illegible] [illegible] business center of Ontario. [illegible], Vivrant.

[illegible] on the same [illegible], is [illegible], Zarephath, N. [illegible] [illegible] is 540 [illegible] [illegible]aron's [illegible] [illegible] a separ[illegible]

Lan[illegible]er Broadcast Service Inc. [illegible] Lancaster, Pennsylvania	[illegible] for new station to use 1250 kc. 500 [illegible]

[illegible]er station on the [illegible]posed channel of [illegible] kc is WPSO, Stato [illegible] [illegible]ia, [illegible] [illegible] The actual mileage between Lancaster and State [illegible] [illegible] while the engineers of the Co[illegible]sion recommend a separation [illegible] [illegible]. Both [illegible] Zare and the State of Pen[illegible]nia are under cover.

The WKPG Company [illegible] Philadelphia, Pa.	C. P. for new station to [illegible] kc, 50 watts. Daytime. (E[illegible] local sunset).

Commission does not put S[illegible] stations on clear channels.

WLEV Broadcasters of Pa., Inc. Erie, Pennsylvania	[illegible] of C. P. issued [illegible] station to Erie, Pa. [illegible] exact transmitter location [illegible] change location of Main Stu[illegible] and extend date of completio[illegible]

October 8, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE

3-SAB-23	KRLD	KRLD Radio Corporation Dallas, Texas	Special authorization to use unlimited day hours experimentally, share night hours with KTHS amended to request six hours daytime; share night with KTHS.
3-LB-895	WHET	Joe K. Jernigan, Cyril W. Reddoch, Julian C. Smith & John T. Hubbard, d/b as Troy Brdcstg. Co., Troy, Alabama	License to cover C. P. issued 5-24-32 for new station on 1210 kc, 100 watts, daytime.
3-ALB-465	KOCW	Oklahoma College for Women Chickasha, Oklahoma	Vol. assign. of lic. to J. T. Griffin.
3-LB-898	WSM	National Life & Accident Insurance Co., Nashville, Tenn.	License to cover old WE transmitter as auxiliary at former location.
3-MPB-377	WROL	Stuart Broadcasting Corp. Knoxville, Tennessee	Mod. of C. P. to request changes in equipment and extension of completion and commencement dates.

FOURTH ZONE

4-MLB-1055	KMBC	Midland Broadcasting Co. Kansas City, Missouri	Mod. of lic. to use old transmitter as auxiliary transmitter.
4-MPB-376	WHA	University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin	Mod. of C. P. issued 5-13-32 to extend date of completion to 11-13-32.
4-ALB-466	WHBY	St. Norbert College Green Bay, Wisconsin	Vol. assign. of lic. to WHBY, Incorporated.
4-MPB-378	KSO	Iowa Broadcasting Co. Des Moines, Iowa	Mod. of C. P. issued 9-30-32 to give exact location of transmitter and studio as 715 Locust Street, Des Moines, Iowa, changes in equipment.
4-SAB-26	WILL	University of Illinois Urbana, Illinois	Special authorization to increase operating power from 250 watts night, 500 watts day to 500 watts night experimentally and 1 KW day. Requests facilities of WKBS, Galesburg, Illinois, terms of 0.2 quota units.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

WKBS, Joliet, Illinois, whose frequency WILL asks for uses 100 watts power and operates on a frequency of 1310 kc. That is a local channel and in accordance with the Commission's rules WILL would not be allowed to use either 500 or 1000 watts on this frequency.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2700	KRKD	Dalton's Incorporated Los Angeles, California	C. P. to move transmitter locally to Radio Station KFSG's transmitter location.
5-PB-2653	NEW	P.H. Pigg & S. A. Harvey d/b as Juneau Broadcasting Co., Juneau, Alaska	C. P. for new station resubmitted to request 1310 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours.

The nearest station on the proposed frequency of 1310 kc is KXRO, Aberdeen, Washington, using 100 watts power and operating unlimited time. The mileage between KXRO, and the proposed new station is 900 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. The Fifth Zone is over quota and so is Alaska. Granting of this application would increase both quotas.

5-ALB-467	KREG	J. S. Edwards Santa Ana, California	Vol. assign. of lic. to The Voice of the Orange Empire, Inc. Ltd.
5-MLB-1060	KUMA	Albert H. Schermann Yuma, Arizona	Mod. of lic. for change in specified hours of operation.
5-MPB-379	KGFL	KGFL, Inc. Santa Fe, New Mexico	Mod. of C. P. issued 5-17-32 to extend date of completion to 11-17-32.
5-ALB-468	KIDW	The Southwest Brdcstg. Co. Lamar, Colorado	Vol. assign. of lic. to The Lamar Broadcasting Company.
5-MLB-1061	KDYL	Intermountain Brdcstg. Corp. Salt Lake City, Utah	Mod. of lic. to change frequency from 1290 kc to 780 kc; requests facilities of KELW, Burbank, California and KTM, Los Angeles, California.

The nearest station on the proposed frequency of 780 kilocycles is KELW, Burbank, California, using 500 watts power. The distance is 570 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1000 miles. The Fifth Z one is over quota and so is the State of Utah.

5-MLB-1062	KGCX	First State Bank of Vica Wolf Point, Montana	Mod. of lic. for change in specified hours of operation.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

October 15, 1932

COMPLICATED NEGOTIATIONS

Negotiations of individual license agreements has not been a simple task. It has not been simple for the broadcasters; it has not been simple for the American Society. The provision compelling percentage payments on the sale of all "time on the air" is the principal disturbing factor. Stations generally are objecting to this provision. They take the position that the American Society is not entitled to receive the stipulated percentage on receipts derived from programs in which no music of the Society is used. They are willing to pay a fair price for the use of American Society music when such music is used in commercial programs but they cannot understand why this group should receive compensation from the sale of non-musical programs or from the sale of programs which are made up wholly either of music not owned by the Society or of non-copyrighted music.

The reluctance of broadcasting stations to sign the contracts submitted by the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers was complicated during the current week by the issuance from the office of E. C. Mills, General Manager, of a statement announcing a waiver of royalties on political addresses.

(continued)

BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING • • • WASHINGTON, D. C.

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(Co[illegible])

The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly [illegible] the Associated
in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be published with[illegible]

CONTRACT REVISION DEMANDED

This statement by Mr. Mills was particularly significant because it seemed an admission by the composers of the validity of the broadcasters' contention that the royalties paid should be limited to a percentage of the time actually using the Society's compositions. It therefore gave new impetus to a demand which has been growing for the immediate revision of the contract, to place the burden of the royalty on the revenues of stations derived from the actual performance of ASCAP music.

This situation had previously been complicated by the offer of Mr. Mills to put this limitation on the royalties of newspaper stations. This fact created an apparent discrimination against the non-newspaper stations and resulted in a conference in New York on Wednesday between Mr. Mills and Oswald F. Schuette, in charge of the copyright activities of the National Association of Broadcasters. After this conference, Mr. Schuette reported from New York that definite progress had been made toward the writing of a new contract in the hope that it would be ready for presentation to the St. Louis Convention. Mr. Schuette also reported that he had Mr. Mills' assurance that if such a new contract were completed that it would be made available to all stations, whether they had signed the present contract or not.

POLITICANS NOT TAXED

In the meantime, letters received from broadcasters throughout the country indicated the seriousness of this growing opposition to the attempt of the Society to collect a percentage of all the advertising revenues of the stations. It was this opposition which has led in no small way to the yielding, by the American Society, on the question of political addresses. Many of the stations had taken this point up with their Congressmen and had attempted to pass on to the political candidate the three pre cent charge on all political meetings -- as if the Society had a valid copyright claim against the speeches of candidates.

If there is no revision of the basic terms of the copyright contract, the American Society doubtless will be faced by new demands for further concessions on the basis provided by Mr. Mills' own announcement of the new attitude on "political programs". In that announcement Mr. Mills said: "the Society had made the concession, believing that a substantial public service is rendered to the Nation by the various political candidates in their discussions through radio of problems which confront the Government, and desiring to support in every consistent manner the dissemination of such information and to contribute our bit toward the service of the people."

It will probably be pointed out to Mr. Mills that similar "public service" is rendered by many of the other programs which are offered to the public and in which no music of the American Society is used. There is no reason why the American Society should not similarly waive its attempt to collect copyright fees on these programs.

(continued)

TAX ON COMMISSIONS OPPOSED

Every station which has written to the Association has objected strenuously to the refusal of the Society to allow deduction of the 15 per cent brokerage commission or recording fee. The smaller stations particularly object to paying the three per cent upon the 15 per cent commission allowed to brokers for getting business. They argue that the payment upon receipts which they never actually get is carrying the matter entirely too far.

Some representatives of the Society are claiming that line, talent, and other similar charges, other than mere "broadcasting facilities" must bear the three per cent. In some instances both stations and musicians are protesting against this claim. Where a station sells its time and a portion of the money goes to pay for a union orchestra, for example, if the whole amount thus received must bear the three per cent the musicians, it would seem, have a legitimate complaint. The Society, obviously, is not entitled to a percentage of the money received from advertisers to pay the musicians. Certainly stations are not in a position to pass this charge on to the musicians in the form of reduced wages.

Again, stations point out that line facilities are made available to advertisers at the rates imposed by telephone companies. No profit is derived from such service and stations do not believe the Society is entitled to a percentage of the sums which are simply collected by the station and handed over to the telephone company.

EXEMPTION SETS PRECEDENT

Time signals, weather forecasts, dramatic skits, news flashes, market reports, sport events, civic gatherings, and the like, where no music is used, should not bear the percentage payments, stations argue.

It should be said in fairness to the Society that the correctness of the stations' position has been recognized by the announcement by the Society this week of the exemption of political broadcasts. But this exemption has only served to further complicate the situation. Stations argue that the only basis for the exemption must be the fact that the Society does not have a copyright in the speech or proceedings and they are unable to understand why a discrimination should be made in the case of political speeches and not in the case of other non-musical material.

Newspaper-owned stations were offered a different contract from that offered to non-newspaper stations. It was supposed to be a concession on the part of the Society. Many newspaper-owned stations are now complaining that this "favorable" contract, accepted by the newspaper committee, is even more objectionable than the general contract. They point out that under this contract they must guarantee to the Society at least a 100 per cent increase over their present fees.

The meeting of a group of newspaper-owned stations which had been called for October 10 in Chicago has been postponed to Wednesday, October 19.

Mr. Mills has promised Mr. Schuette that in the event general revision of the contract is agreed upon, all stations, whether or not the contracts have been executed, will be given the benefits which may flow from such revision. On the advice of their attorneys many stations are endeavoring to get such a promise written into the body of their contracts.

Many of the questions which have arisen out of negotiations were not forseen during earlier negotiations. As Mr. Schuette and Mr. Mills go deeper into the working of the agreement it is becoming more and more apparent that important revisions must be made in order to make the contract applicable to actual conditions.

Small stations are already finding that the costs of keeping records for the purpose of the contract fall disproportionately heavy upon them. The Society undoubtedly will find that its cost of bookkeeping in these cases also is out of proportion to the amount of revenue received from these stations. In addition to this the Society must maintain auditors in the field at great expense. It would not be surprising, therefore, if an agreement would be reached under which these stations would be granted blanket licenses at reasonable flat rates.

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MAKE RESERVATIONS EARLY

More than a score of reservations have already been made at the Hotel Chase, St. Louis, Mo. headquarters for the NAB Convention next month. These early registrations indicate an unusually large attendance at the meeting.

Members of the NAB are urged to make their hotel reservations early and the management of Hotel Chase has sent to all stations a list of rates and cards for making reservations.

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BETTER GET IN TRIM, JOHN!

The St. Louis Convention of the NAB will be opened on Sunday, November 13 with a golf tournament at one of the leading St. Louis country clubs.

Last year at Detroit John Shepart III head of the Yankee Network romped away with the Broadcasters' Golf Championship.

The defending champ will have his hands full this year. It is no secret that a number of defeated players of last year's tournament are busy improving their game with a view to wresting the crown from the champ.

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October 15, 1932

BAR ASSOCIATION CONDEMNS COURT BROADCASTS

Without any discussion and without either adopting or failing to adopt the report of the Communications Committee, the American Bar Association at its Fifty-Fifth Annual Convention, on Friday "accepted and filed" it. The report was submitted by John W. Guider, of Washington, D. C. as acting chairman of the Communications Committee in the absence of Louis G. Caldwell, who is in Madrid attending the International Radio Conference. Extracts from the report, which severely criticised the Radio Commission in many of its activities, have already been published in this Bulletin.

At the same time the Association dopted a resolution presented by Thomas F. Howe, on behalf of the Committee on Professional Ethics and Grievances, condemning broadcasting from the court rooms of murder and other trials.

In presenting the Communications Committee report Mr. Guider said:

"That radio and its control are vital elements in the development of the cultural, spiritual and political life of our country is self-evident. That even a low powered radio station may send its signals beyond the border of the State in which it is located, and thus create interference with the stations of another state is a fact which has been recognized by the courts and from which flows a now definite and universal view that radio regulation must be centered in the Federal Government. Involving as it does considerations of legal and technical character, this nation-wide control must be entrusted to an administrative agency with wide discretionary powers. In an art that is subject to such speedy and far-reaching developments it is inconceivable that proper regulation could be effected by inflexible statutes.

"The authority thus reposed in a central administrative agency with quasi-judicial powers is in many respects a greater power than is generally recognized. The rules and regulations adopted by this administrative agency, the principles and policies established by it, the distribution of the inadequate number of available facilities to the various sections of the country, the protection afforded to the private enterprise which is the alpha and omega of broadcasting service as we know it -- these considerations justify the interest which this Association has taken in the development of the system of Federal control that will best serve the needs of all the people and will protect for the citizens of this country the proper use of what has been described as the greatest agency for either good or evil the world has ever known.

"It will interest you to know that the actual private investment in broadcasting stations in the United States totals nearly fifty millions of dollars. During 1931 the gross expenditures of broadcasting stations reached a total of almost seventy-eight millions of dollars. There are six hundred and seven broadcasting stations in the United States, of which all but about forty are privately owned and operated. The exceptions are stations directly or indirectly owned by States or Municipalities. These sums have been invested or expended to bring to broadcast listeners in this country, without cost, the most expensive, the most entertaining, the most instructive and the highest quality of broadcast reception that human ingenuity has been able to provide.

ASSOCIATION COMMENDS COM

Without any discussion and without either adoption or [illegible] to adopt the report of the Communications Committee [illegible] as its Fifty-Fifth Annual Convention [illegible]. The report was submitted by John [illegible] Butler, [illegible] as acting chairman of the Communications Committee in the absence of Louis G. Caldwell. Also in Washington for the International Radio Conference. Mr. [illegible] from the report, which severely criticized the Radio Commission in many of its activities already been published in this Bulletin.

At the same time the association [illegible] a resolution presented by Thomas F. [illegible], counsel of the Committee on Federal Radio Relations, commending broadcasting from the [illegible] rooms of Congress and their [illegible] in presenting the communications [illegible].

"That radio and its [illegible] are vital elements in the development of the cultural, spiritual and political life of our country. [illegible] even a low powered radio station may send its signals beyond the [illegible] the State in which it is [illegible], and thus [illegible] stations of another state is a fact which has been recognized by the courts and which follows now definite and unyielding [illegible] that radio [illegible] federal government [illegible] radio control must be [illegible] to an administrative agency with wide discretionary [illegible]. To an [illegible] such speedy and far-reaching developments in the concerning [illegible] broadcasting could be effected by infinite [illegible] [illegible]

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"It will interest you to know that the actual [illegible] investment in broadcasting stations in the United States totals more [illegible] millions of dollars. During 1931 the gross [illegible] broadcasting [illegible] one [illegible] almost seventy-eight [illegible] millions of dollars. There are six hundred and seven broadcasting stations in the United States, of which all but [illegible] are privately owned and operated. The [illegible] stations are [illegible] or institutionally owned by States or Municipalities. [illegible] investors or [illegible] pendent to bring to broadcaster listeners in [illegible] [illegible] important [illegible] most [illegible] and the [illegible]

"Abroad, the cost of broadcasting is largely borne by a tax upon radio receiving sets. It is generally conceded that foreign programs provide neither the variety or quality of broadcast service which is generally available in this country.

"In view of these considerations, it may interest you to know that these great sums of money have been expended, and are each year being expended, without the benefit of any real certainty that the owners of broadcasting stations will be permitted from one six-month period to the next to retain their licenses. Our report explains in detail the reasons for this conclusion, but it may safely be stated that never in this country has any industry had imposed upon it so much uncertainty as to its continued existence, or as to the protection of its investment, or so great an expense because of Government regulation, as has the broadcasting industry.

"There is pending in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia at this time an appeal from a decision of the Commission, which terminated the existence of two broadcasting stations with substantial investments solely because they were located in a region where, in the Commission's view, there was an excess of broadcasting service, and in order that the facilities thus released might be transferred to another State which, in the Commission's opinion, was entitled to additional service.

"Notwithstanding the obvious merit of the Commission's effort to fairly and equally distribute broadcasting facilities so far as it is possible to do so among the States, it is nevertheless a highly disturbing realization to the broadcaster with a substantial investment that without compensation he may be forced to discontinue the only use which gives to the investment its value, and that this action may be taken not because his station is any better or any worse than any other station located in his State, but merely because he is so unfortunate as to be in a locality where there is considered to be an excess of broadcasting facilities.

"Your Committee in its efforts is seeking to aid in the elimination of such uncertainties and in the accomplishment of such other development of the law as will insure to the people of the United States the maximum benefits to be derived from radio, not only in the broadcasting band, but throughout the other parts of the radio spectrum in which are located the other characters of service."

Earlier in the week the Communications Committee held an open meeting in connection with its report to the Association. Members of the Association and others were invited to attend.

There was considerable discussion of the report, especially those parts relating to criticism of the Radio Commission. Mr. Guider presided and was the only member of the Committee present. Judge Ira E. Robinson, former chairman of the Radio Commission led the fight against those parts of the report in which the Radio Commission was criticised. Judge Robinson also spoke on radio and public utilities.

The meeting asked Mr. Guider to inform the executive committee of the Bar Association that those attending the meeting were not in sympathy with those parts of the report criticizing the Commission.

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October 15, 1932

ECKERSLEY LAUDS AMERICAN SYSTEM

Captain Peter P. Eckersley, former chief engineer of the British Broadcasting Company, is convinced that the American broadcasting system is superior to that of Great Britain.

"When last I visited your shores, five years ago," he said, "I considered broadcasting on this side of the water distinctly inferior to the British system. But I must admit that the pendulum has swung around in the intervening years. I have become an enthusiastic convert to the American idea, which as nearly approaches the ideal as I have encountered in my travels.

"This marked improvement is noticeable not only in the perfection of transmission but in the high standard of programs. I do not hesitate to say that American programs are the most amusing, most varied, most interesting, the most diverting and educational of all. I am, above all, fascinated with their lively, intimate, warm, exploring idea.

"Commercialized sponsorship seemed to me -- and I was not alone -- the wrong solution to the problem of building better programs. But the results achieved here in the last five years prove that the American system of commercial programs is infinitely superior to any other that has been attempted."

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EDUCATIONAL STATIONS BUDGETS CUT

Some educational broadcasting stations have inaugurated a policy of selling time on the air as a means of defraying expenses according to Dr. C. M. Koon, senior specialist in Education by Radio of the Office of Education, Department of the Interior. These stations, he said, are confronted by curtailed budgets. Dr. Koon stated that there are now 46 stations owned and operated by schools, colleges, universities, and municipal, State and Federal agencies and other organizations of an educational nature. The great problems these stations face, he continued, is that of adequate funds to carry on their programs.

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COMMISSION STATEMENT ON RULE 145

During the current week the Commission issued the following statement in connection with Rule 145:

"The Commission decided not to extend further the working of Rule 145 in case of broadcast stations that have installed approved frequency monitors but that have not obtained a satisfactory check of the calibration. All stations in this class should proceed immediately to obtain the necessary check. This must be done before it can be considered that the frequency monitor is in all details operating according to the requirements of Rule 145. However, if an approved monitor is installed and due diligence is being exercised in obtaining a check and the required calibration, Rule 145 may be considered satisfied."

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October 15, 1932

CONFERENCE ON CONVENTION PLANS

Ed Spence, WPG, Atlantic City, N. J. chairman of the NAB Convention Committee and Philip G. Loucks, managing director of the NAB met with Thomas Patrick Convey, KWK; Clarence Cosby, KWK; Bill West, KMOX; L. A. Benson, WIL; James L. Spencer, KSD; and George Hamlin, KSD, in St. Louis last Saturday night to go over plans for the Tenth Annual Convention of the NAB to be held at the Hotel Chase, St. Louis, Mo. November 13, 14, 15 and 16.

As a result of the conference the program is nearly complete and it is hoped that a tentative program will be ready for distribution within the next week or ten days.

The St. Louis stations are cooperating to the fullest extent to make this year's meeting the best ever held by the Association.

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WILL DISCUSS STANDARD FORMS

A joint meeting of the Commercial Section Chairmen of the NAB and the Radio Committee of the AAAA will be held in the Library of AAAA headquarters on Monday, October 17, at 10 a.m. Standardization of order forms and rate cards are among the topics listed for discussion at the meeting.

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JUSTICE DEPARTMENT ON RADIO CASES

The Department of Justice has issued the following statement in connection with suits under the Radio Act and other federal statutes:

"It is noted in a summary prepared in the Antitrust division of the Department of Justice, which has charge of such litigation, that, under the Radio Act of Congress of 1927, two cases were brought to test the constitutionality of the Act, which cases were instituted during the preceding fiscal year, and reached a final conclusion during the last fiscal year. One of these was the American Bond & Mortgage Co. and Trianon, Inc. v. United States, and the other Clinton R. White v. George E. Q. Johnson, and H. D. Hayes. During the year the former case was appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals and decided in favor of the Government. The Supreme Court of the United States declined to review the former case upon petition for writ of certiorari and following this decision the case of Clinton R. White v. George E. Q. Johnson and H. D. Hayes was voluntarily dismissed.

"The criminal provisions of the Radio Act of 1927 are enforced through the agencies of the Department of Justice, and complaints of violation of the Act are investigated by the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce and the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice. Six criminal cases arising under the Act were disposed of during the year, in five of which sentences were imposed. Nine such cases were pending in the courts at the close of the year."

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October 15, 1932

PROGRAM TO SPAIN

An international two-way radio program between the United States and Spain was broadcast on Columbus day over the Columbia Broadcasting System.

Harold A. LaFount, acting chairman of the Radio Commission during the course of the program said in part:

"Broadcasting is generally considered a source of entertainment. If this were the only service rendered, it would occupy an important place in our national social life because of its ability to penetrate simultaneously the homes of the rich and poor, the city mansion and the humblest farm cottage. However, broadcasting is more than a new form of entertainment, it is an effective means of creating a well informed public. It renders numerous specific public services, the newest of which is perhaps the exchange of international programs by which the whole world becomes a single community, and creates an international understanding the benefits of which are incalculable.

"Radio has gained the enthusiastic support of the civilized world, consequently we all profoundly appreciate the importance and magnitude of the work now being undertaken by the International Radio Telegraph Conference in session at Madrid. We greatly appreciate your reception of and many courtesies extended to the American delegation, who are thoroughly enjoying their visit and work in Madrid."

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B. B. C. TELEVISION EXPERIMENTS

First television transmissions were sent out by the British Broadcasting Company recently in a two-year contractural series, according to a report to the Commerce Department by Trade Commissioner F. E. Sullivan, London. British press reports stated that only the broad effect of color and movement were reproduced well.
The program consisted of songs, dances and conjuring tricks. Previously, television programs were provided by the Baird Company, mainly from its own studio. However, the British Broadcasting Company has now entered into a two-year contract with the Baird company for a series of experimental transmissions. At the present time it appears that the Baird process will continue to be the basis of the experiments.

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RCA HEARING NOVEMBER 15

Word has been received here that Judge Nields has entered an order in the United States District Court at Wilmington fixing November 15 as the date for the trial of the government's anti-trust case against the Radio Corporation of America and others. The case was postponed from October 10.

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October 15, 1932

EXAMINER FAVORS WHK APPLICATION

Recommendation was made this week in Report 420 by Examiner R. H. Hyde, that Station WHK, Cleveland be allowed to increase its daytime operating power from 1000 to 2500 watts "subject to the condition that the power of the station may be reduced to 1000 watts if any substantial interference results from the use of 2500 watts."

The station operates on a frequency of 1390 kilocycles unlimited time and now is authorized to use 1000 watts power, day and night.

The Examiner in his recommendations states that "the quota of the State of Ohio would be exceeded slightly by the granting of this application but no more, it would seem, than may be permitted under the provisions of Commission Regulations, Par. 6(g)".

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TRADE COMMISSION RADIO CASE

A corporation operating a large broadcasting station permitting the vendor of an electric magnetic coil to make representations concerning such appliance which were alleged to be false and misleading, has entered into a stipulation with the Federal Trade Commission to waive its rights as a joint respondent and has agreed to be bound by the Commission's action against the advertiser. The name of the station was not revealed.

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"POSILIPO" ADVERTISING BANNED

L. Fatato, Inc., Brooklyn wholesale grocery dealer, has been ordered by the Federal Trade Commission to cease using, in the sale of tomato paste, the word "Posilipo" on brands, labels, containers or packages or in advertisements.

According to the order, the company is also not to use words, phrases, pictures, designs or vignettes implying that the tomato paste is made in or imported from Italy or other foreign country, or made from tomatoes grown in such countries, when this is not true.

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STATUS OF COURT CASES

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has allowed stations WJZ, KGO, WGN and WMAQ, until November 15 in which to file briefs in the high power cases. This is the second time the Court has extended the time of filing briefs in these cases. The docket numbers are 5567, 5568, 5569 and 5571 respectively.

The transcript of the record in docket No. 5695 which is the case of Station WNYC, New York City, against the Commission has been filed with the Court. This appeal involves a decision of the Commission refusing to grant the station additional time.

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WHK

tion was made this week in Report 420 by Examiner R. H. Hyde, tion WHK, Cleveland be allowed to increase its daytime operating power from 1000 to 5000 watts, but for nighttime conditions that the power of the station may be reduced to watts if any substantial interference results from the use of 2500 watts.

The station operates on a frequency of 1390 kilocycles unlimited time and now authorized to use 1000 watts power, day and

The Examiner in his recommendations states that "the grants of the State of Ohio would be exceeded slightly by the granting of this application but no more, it would seem, than may be permitted under the provisions of Commission Regulations.

COMMISSION RADIO CASE

A corporation operating a large broadcasting station permitting the vendor of an electric magnetic coil to make representations concerning such appliance which were alleged to be false and misleading, has entered into a stipulation with the Federal Commission to waive its rights as a joint respondent and has agreed to be bound by the Commission's action against the advertiser. The name of the station was not revealed.

"POSILIPO" ADVERTISING BANNED

L. Pasto, Inc., Brooklyn wholesale grocery dealer, has been ordered by the Federal Trade Commission to cease using, in the sale of tomato paste, the word "Posilipo" on brands, labels, containers or packages or in advertisements.

According to the order, the company is also not to use words, phrases, pictures, or vignettes implying that the tomato paste is made in or imported from Italy or other foreign country, or made from tomatoes grown in such countries, when this is not true.

STATUS OF COURT CASES

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has allowed stations WIZ, KGO, WHK and WMAQ, until November 15 in which to file briefs in the high power cases. This is the second time the Court has extended the time of filing briefs in these cases. The docket numbers are 5587, 5588, 5589 and 5571 respectively.

The transcript of the record in docket No. 5595 which is the case of Station WCLE, New York City, against the Commission has been filed with the Court. This appeal involves a decision of the Commission refusing to grant the station additional time.

October 15, 1932

OPPOSES WMIL APPLICATION

Ellis A. Yost, Chief Examiner handed down his recommendations this week in Report No. 421 dealing with various applications of Stations WMIL, Brooklyn, N. Y., and WFAB, New York City.

The Chief Examiner recommended that the application of WMIL for the operating time of WFAB on 1300 kilocycles be denied and also that the application of the same station to operate on 1300 kilocycles and to increase its power from 100 to 1000 watts be denied.

Recommendation was also made that the application of WFAB for license renewal be granted and that the application of the same station for a voluntary assignment of license from the Defenders of Truth Society, Inc., to the Fifth Avenue Broadcasting Corporation be granted.

Mr. Yost states that if WMIL were permitted to operate on a frequency of 1300 kc it would mean the deletion of WFAB and "the record does not warrant a finding that Station WMIL would render a more meritorious service if assigned the operating time of Station WFAB on a frequency of 1300 kilocycles, than is now being rendered by Station WFAB on that frequency."

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RECOMMENDS MORE POWER FOR WGAR

Examiner R. H. Hyde in Report No. 1619 this week recommends that the application of Station WGAR, Cleveland asking for 1000 watts power, daytime be granted. The station now uses 500 watts both night and day. It operates on a frequency of 1450 kilocycles unlimited time.

The Examiner in his report states that "the evidence in this case shows that the applicant is rendering a meritorious broadcast service; that the quality of this service with particular reference to signal strength would be improved by the use of the additional daytime power requested, and further, that no interference or other impairment in any other service would result from the use of the additional power requested."

Attention is called to the fact that the granting of the facilities requested would raise the quota of Ohio .2 of a unit. The State is due a quota of 19.07 units and is assigned 18.84 units. The Second Zone is due 80 units and is assigned 72.97 units.

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SERVICE BULLETIN OUT

The Radio Service Bulletin for September, now issued monthly by the Federal Radio Commission was off the press this week. Copies are available either at the offices of the Association or through the office of the Secretary of the Commission.

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October 15, 1932

COMMISSION HEARING DOCKET

No hearings are on the schedule of the Commission for next week beginning, Monday, October 17 but the Commission will hear argument in three pending cases. Several hearings were set for the week but they have been continued.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1932

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC.

Docket #1612	WHP	WHP, Inc. Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	Mod. Lic. 1430 kc, 500 W. 1 KW LS; simultaneous day operation with WCAH, sharing at night (facilities of WBAK).
			Present Assignment: 1430 kc, 500 W, 1 KW LS, Simultaneous daytime operation with WBAK, sharing with WBAK & WCAH at night.
Docket #1633	WBAK	Commonwealth of Pa. Pennsylvania State Police Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	Ren. Lic. 1430 kc, 500 W. 1 KW LS; shares with WHP daytime, [illegible] with WCAH nighttime.
Docket #1516	WORC-WEPS	Alfred Frank Kliendienst Worcester, Massachusetts	C. P. 1350 kc, 250 W., unlimited time. (Requests facilities of WAWZ, WMSG, WBNX, WCDA).
			Present Assignment: 1200 kc, 100 W. unlimited time.
Docket #1513	WAWZ	Pillar of Fire Zarephath, New Jersey	Ren. Lic. 1350 kc 250 watts, shares with WCDA, WBNX & WMSG.
Docket #1547	WCDA	Italian Educational Brdcstg. Co. New York City.	Ren. Lic. 1350 kc, 250 W., shares with WBNX, WMSG & WAWZ.
Docket #1602	WMSG	Madison Square Garden Brdcstg. Corp. New York City.	Ren. Lic. 1350 kc, 250 W., shares with WAWZ, WBNX & WCDA.
Docket #1603	WBNX	Standard Cahill Co. Inc. New York City.	Ren. Lic. 1350 kc, 250 W. shares with WCDA, WMSG & WAWZ.
Docket #1718	WERE	Erie Dispatch Herald Brdcstg. Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania	C. P. 1420 kc, 100 W., unltd. time. (Requests authority to install new transmitter.)
Docket #1719	WERE	Erie Dispatch Herald Brdcstg. Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania	Mod. Lic. 1420 kc, 100 W., unlimited time. (Requests approval of change in Corporate name.)
Docket #1734	WERE	Erie Dispatch Herald Brdcstg. Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania	Ren. Lic. 1420 kc, 100 W., unlimited time.

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[illegible]

No hearings are on the schedule of the Commission for next week beginning, Mon-[illegible], October 17 but the Commission will hear argument in three pending cases. [illegible] were set for the week but they have been continued.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1932

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION

[illegible] WHP, Inc., [illegible], Pennsylvania — Mod. Lic. 1450 kc. 500 W. 1 KW LS; simultaneous day operation with WGAH, sharing at night. [illegible]

[illegible] Assignment: 1450 kc. 500 W. 1 KW LS. Simultaneous daytime operation with WGAH. sharing with WBAK & WGAH at night.

[illegible] #1526 WHAK Commonwealth of Pa. Pennsylvania State Police Harrisburg, Pennsylvania — Lic. 1450 kc. 500 W. 1 KW LS; shares with WHP daytime, with WGAH nighttime.

[illegible] #1516 WORC-WMPS Alfred Frank Kilendient Worcester, Massachusetts — C. P. 1350 kc. 250 W., unlimited time. (Requests facilities WMSG, WBNX, WODA).

[illegible] Assignment: 1200 kc. 100 W. unlimited [illegible]

[illegible] #1513 WAWZ Pillar of Fire Zarephath, New Jersey — Ren. Lic. 1350 kc. 250 watts shares with WODA, WBNX & WMSG.

[illegible] WODA Italian Educational Bridge Co. New York City, — Ren. Lic. 1350 kc. 250 W., shares with WBNX, WMSG & WAWZ.

[illegible] #1602 WMSG Madison Square Garden Broadcast Corp. New York City. — Ren. Lic. 1350 kc. 250 W., shares with WAWZ, WBNX & WODA.

[illegible] #1603 WBNX Standard Cahill Co. Inc. New York City. — Ren. 1350 kc. 250 W. shares with WODA, WMSG & WAWZ.

[illegible] WEBE Erie Dispatch Herald Broadcast Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania — C. P. 1420 kc. 100 W., unlimited time. (Requests authority to install new transmitter.)

[illegible] #1719 WEBE [illegible] Dispatch Herald [illegible] Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania — Mod. Lic. 1420 kc. 100 W., unlimited time. (Requests approval of change in corporate name.)

[illegible] WEBE Erie Dispatch Herald [illegible] Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania — Lic. 1420 kc. 100 W., unlimited time.

October 15, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WSPA	Virgil V. Evans Spartanburg, South Carolina	Application submitted June 14, 1930, subsequently amended, to move transmitter locally, install new equipment and change frequency from 1420 to 1190 kc, and increase power from 250 watts day, 100 watts night to 5 KW, was retired to files for want of prosecution.
	H. Verne Spencer Jeanette, Pennsylvania	Denied application of his attorney to take depositions in re application for new station. Case heard by Examiner September 30, 1932.
WOR	Bamberger Brdcstg. Service Inc. Newark, New Jersey	Renewal of license application heretofore set for hearing October 28, continued to December 15.
WMIL	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, New York.	Denied authority to operate Tuesday, November 8 from 12 noon to 1 p.m., and from 10 p.m. to 1 a.m.
WWL	Loyola University New Orleans, Louisiana	License to cover C. P. issued 12/4/31 change location and increase power.

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REGULAR LICENSE RENEWALS

During the current week the Commission granted the following renewal of licenses for the regular period: WAAB, Boston, Massachusetts; WADC, Tallmadge, Ohio; WBAA, West Lafayette, Indiana; WBCM, Bay City,Michigan; WBIG, Greensboro, North Carolina; WCBA, Allentown, Pennsylvania; and auxiliary; WCMA, Culver, Indiana; WDRC, Hartford, Connecticut; WEHC, Emory, Virginia; WFBL, Syracuse, New York; WGAR, Cleveland, Ohio; WHK, Cleveland, Ohio; WKBW, Buffalo, New York; WLAC, Nashville, Tennessee; WNBR-WGBC, Memphis, Tennessee; WODX, Mobile, Alabama; WSAI, Cincinnait, Ohio; WSAR, Fall River, Massachusetts.

WSFA, Montgomery, Alabama; WGMB, New Orleans, Louisiana; WSPD, Toledo, Ohio; WTAD, Quincy, Illinois; KDFN, Casper, Wyoming; KFAC, Los Angeles, California; KFJR, Portland, Oregon; KFPY, Spokane, Washington; KGIR, Butte, Montana; KGNF, North Platte, Nebraska; KGRS, Amarillo, Texas; KLS, Oakland, California; KOMA, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; KOY, Phoenix, Arizona; KSTP, St. Paul, Minnesota; KTBS, Shreveport, Louisiana; KWK, St. Louis, Missouri.

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October 15, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

The Commission, during the current week, set the following cases for hearing:

WQDM	A. J. St. Antoine & E. J. Regan St. Albans, Vermont	Requests C. P. to make changes in equipment, change frequency from 1370 to 1340 kc; move transmitter locally, increase power from 100 to 500 watts and change specified hours of operation to as follows: Daily 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.; 5 to 6 p.m.; Sunday 12 noon to 2 p.m., EST.
NEW	Atlas Broadcasting Corp. Palisade Park, N. J. (Studio in Jersey City of Fort Lee, N. J.	Requests C. P. 1450 kc, 500 watts, limited time, 10 hours per day.
NEW	Arkansas Radio & Recording Co. Little Rock, Arkansas	Requests C. P. 890 kc, 250 watts night, 500 watts LS, unlimited time. (Facilities of KARK).
KTHS	Hot Springs Chamber of Commerce Hot Springs, Arkansas	Requests special experimental authority to change frequency from 1040 to 970 kc during daytime only, and to operate a maximum of 8 hours during period from 6 a.m. CST, to local sunset.
KRLD	KRLD Radio Corporation Dallas, Texas	Requests special experimental authority to operate 6 hours daytime, with authority to select the specified hours, and to share with KTHS at night. No change in frequency of power.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received renewal applications from the following stations: KFXR, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; WBAX, Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania; WJBW, New Orleans, Louisiana; WHBC, Canton, Ohio; WNBW, Carbondale, Pennsylvania; KRMD, Shreveport, Louisiana; KFXD, Nampa, Idaho; KGEZ, Kalispell, Montana; KCRJ, Jerome, Arizona; WIBU, Poynette, Wisconsin; WSBC, Chicago, Illinois; WCOA, Pensacola, Florida and KID, Idaho Falls, Idaho.

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ADVERTISING AGENCIES CONSOLIDATE

The membership of Albert Frank & Company in the American Association of Advertising Agencies has been continued in the name of the newly combined agency, Albert Frank-Guenther Law, Inc., according to the announcement made by Frederic R. Gamble, Executive Secretary of the Association. The combined organization is the result of a recent merger of Albert Frank & Company and Rudolph Guenther-Russell Law, Inc.

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October 15, 1932

APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following applications, other than renewals:

3-MLB-1045	WSPA	Virgil V. Evans, d/b as The Voice of South Carolina Spartanburg, South Carolina	Mod. of lic. to change frequency and power from 1420 kc, 100 watts night 250 watts day to 590 kc, 250 watts. (Rule 6 a and b).
3-MLB-1049	WCSC	The S. Carolina Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Charleston, S. Carolina	Mod. of lic. to change frequency and power from 1360 kc, 500 watts to 1450 kc (facilities WTFI) 500 watts night, 1 KW day (Rule 6b).
3-PB-2680	NEW	John Tindale San Antonio, Texas	C. P. new station to use 1420 kc, 100 watts, share KABC, KABC facilities (equipment unsatisfactory).
3-PB-2683	WTFI	Liberty Broadcasting Co. Athens, Georgia	C. P. to change location of transmitter and studio to Greenville, South Carolina, change equipment, frequency and power from 1450 kc, 500 watts to 1360 kc (facilities WCSC) 500 watts night, 1 KW day (Rule 6 b).
1-SAB-25	WMCA	Knickerbocker Broadcasting Co., Inc., New York City	Special authority to increase power from 500 watts to 500 watts with an additional 500 watts experimentally (Rule 6 c and d).
5-PB-2685	KPCB	Queen City Brdcstg. Co. Seattle, Washington	C. P. to change equipment and increase power from 100 to 250 watts (Rule 6 a, b, c and d.)

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following renewal applications to applicants because they were not submitted in proper form: KFXM, San Bernadino, California; KPPC, Pasadena, California; KTSM, El Paso, Texas; WCOD, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; WDAH, El Paso, Texas; WEBQ, Harrisburg, Illinois; WFDF, Flint, Michigan; WKJC, Lancaster, Pennsylvania; WHBC, Canton, Ohio; WKBB, Joliet, Illinois; KGDE, Fergus Falls, Minnesota and KWG, Stockton, California.

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October 15, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
	None	
	SECOND ZONE	
	None	
	THIRD ZONE	
	None	
	FOURTH ZONE	
KGFW	Central Nebraska Brdcstg. Corp. Kearney, Nebraska	Granted authority to temporarily reduce hours of operation beginning October 3, from unlimited to as follows: 7 to 10 a.m. 11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m., 6 to 9 p.m., pending decision on application requesting one-half of facilities of Station KGFW.
WNAX	The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, South Dakota	Granted authority to take depositions in re its application for renewal of license set for hearing October 31.
	FIFTH ZONE	
KFAC	Los Angeles Brdcstg. Company Los Angeles, California	Granted special authority to operate unlimited time, subject to immediate cancellation upon final determination of the issues in the Court of Appeals in the case of KGEF, Trinity Methodist Church So. Los Angeles, but no later than May 1, 1933.
KGKX	Sandpoint Broadcasting Co. Lewiston, Idaho	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending commencement date from June 10 to September 15, and completion date from September 10 to November 20, 1932. Also granted temporary renewal of license and designated application for hearing; 1420 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.

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October 15, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
1-PB-2707	WRC	National Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Washington, D. C.	C. P. to make changes in auxiliary transmitter.
1-PB-2668	WGLC	O. T. Griffin & G. F. Bissell Glens Falls, New York	C. P. to move station to Hudson Falls, N. Y. and install new equipment amended as to equipment and increase in operating power from 50 watts to 50 watts night, 100 watts day.

The call letters of the applicant WGLC, were formerly WESG. The station operates on a frequency of 1370 kilocycles and the nearest station on the same frequency is WQDM, St. Albans, Vermont, using 100 watts power, daytime. The distance between St. Albans and Hudson Falls, where it is proposed to move the station, is approximately 100 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. New York State is over quota but the First Zone is under quota. Granting of this application would increase the quota.

1-MLB-1069	WGY	General Electric Company Schenectady, New York	Mod. of Lic. to use old 50 KW transmitter as auxiliary at same location as main transmitter.
1-MLB-1070	WICC	Bridgeport Broadcasting Station Inc. Bridgeport, Conn.	Mod. of Lic. to change from specified hours to unlimited hours except for those specified on license of Station WCAC.

Additional time would increase the quota. However, both the State of Connecicut and the First Zone are under quota.

1-PB-2710	WICC	Bridgeport Brdcstg. Station Inc. Bridgeport, Conn.	C. P. to move transmitter to Stratford, Connecticut.

WICC, operating on a frequency of 600 kilocycles asks to move to Stratford, Connecticut. The nearest station on the same frequency is WCAO, Baltimore, Maryland, which is 215 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 640 miles. The change of location would not change the state or zone quota.

1-MPB-382	WJEJ	A. V. Tidmore Hagerstown, Maryland	Mod. of C. P. issued 7/8/32 for new station to give exact transmitter location and change equipment.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

SECOND ZONE

1-PF-136a		Visual Radio Corporation Watsontown, Pennsylvania	C. P. amended to change location from Steel Pier, Atlantic City, New Jersey to Watsontown, Pa., Exp. visual broadcasting station.
2-PB-2706	NEW	The Building Industries Broadcasting Company Cincinnati, Ohio	C. P. for new station to use 900 kc, 250 watts, daytime. This application supersedes application 2-PB-2659 filed in name of The Building Industries Exhibit, Inc.

The nearest station on the proposed frequency of 900 kc is WBEN, Buffalo using 1000 watts power and operating unlimited time. It is 105 miles distant while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 300 miles. Both the State of Ohio and the Second Zone are under quota. Granting of this application would increase the quota.

THIRD ZONE

3-FB-298	WAMC	Raymond C. Hammett Anniston, Alabama	Install automatic frequency control.
3-MLB-1045	WSPA	Virgil V. Evans, d/b as "The Voice of South Carolina" Spartanburg, South Carolina	Mod. of lic. to change frequency and power from 1420 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts LS to 590 kc, 250 watts, resubmitted without change.

The nearest station to Spartanburg, South Carolina, on 590 kc, the proposed frequency, is 560 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1000 miles. The Third Zone is over quota but the State of South Carolina is under quota.

3-MLB-1049a	WCSC	The South Carolina Broadcasting Company, Incorporated Charleston, South Carolina	Mod. of lic. to change frequency and power from 1360 kc, 500 watts, to 1450 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW day, facilities of WTFI resubmitted and amended to request change of frequency only.
3-PB-2683A	WTFI	Liberty Broadcasting Co. Athens, Georgia	C. P. to change location transmitter and studio to Greenville, South Carolina, change equipment, change frequency and power from 1450 kc, 500 watts to 1360 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW day, facilities of WCSC resubmitted and amended to omit request for in-

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

creased power and facilities of WCSC, location to be determined but not more than 5 miles from Greenville, South Carolina, equipment also amended as to antenna system.

These two applications should be considered together. They ask to exchange frequencies and WTFI also asks to move from Athens, Georgia, to Greenville, South Carolina. WTFI asks to go on 1360 kc at Greenville. The nearest station on that frequency is WQBC, at Vicksburg, Mississippi. The mileage is 525 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. The Third Zone is over quota but the State of South Carolina, where WTFI wants to move, is under quota.

WCSC asks to go on 1450 kilocycles from Charleston, South Carolina. The nearest station on the same frequency is KTBS, Shreveport, Louisiana, which is 770 miles distant while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1000 miles.

FOURTH ZONE

4-MLB-1067	WCMA	General Broadcasting Corp. Culver, Indiana	Mod. of lic. to surrender time to Station WKBF.
4-MLB-1068	WKBF	Indianapolis Brdcstg. Inc. Indianapolis, Indiana	Mod. of lic. to change from specified hours to 6/7 time. Share with WBAA, requests all facilities of WCMA, Culver, Ind.

FIFTH ZONE

5-LB-896	KOB	New Mexico College of Agriculture & Mechanic Arts Albuquerque, New Mexico	License to cover C. P. issued 8/5/32 for change location from State College, New Mexico, change equipment and decrease operating power from 20 to 10 KW.
5-PB-2709	KREG	J. S. Edwards Santa Ana, California	C. P. to change equipment.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for licenses covering previously authorized permits from the following stations: KOB, Albuquerque, New Mexico; WMCA, New York City, and WLBW, Erie, Pennsylvania.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

October 22, 1932

-- CONFIDENTIAL BULLETIN --

MORE COPYRIGHT COMPLICATIONS

Although progress was made in the negotiations in New York early this week between Oswald F. Schuette in charge of the copyright activities of the National Association of Broadcasters and E. C. Mills, General Manager of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, the copyright problem was seriously complicated later in the week by two developments:

1. The committee of newspaper-owned stations which had negotiated a special contract with Mr. Mills telegraphed all newspapers not to sign the contract offered them pending further negotiations. with Mr. Mills in New York next week.
2. Local representatives of ASCAP threatened suits for infringement against smaller stations. As a result a protest was made by NAB to Mr. Mills against a step which might complicate the present efforts to reach a friendly solution of the problem.

According to reports from Mr. Schuette in New York, the conference with Mr. Mills made definite progress toward the draft of a new copyright royalty contract to be presented to the Annual Convention of the NAB at St. Louis, November 13-16.

(continued)

October 22, 1932

CONVENTION ATTENDANCE IMPORTANT

Although no final conclusions have been reached in these negotiations, sufficient progress has been made to guarantee that the copyright discussions of the NAB Convention will be of vital importance to every radio station in the United States. It is chiefly for that reason that the NAB has invited all broadcasters, whether they are members or not, to attend the St. Louis Convention. The copyright problem will be discussed in every phase and it is highly important that the attendance of the industry will be such as to make the convention decisions authoritative.

SCHUETTE PRESSES FOR REVISION

The major point in the present discussions is Mr. Schuette's demand that Mr. Mills accept a complete change in the basis of the royalty structure. The fact that the contract now presented to the stations by ASCAP exacts a royalty on revenue from all sources, instead of from the commercial revenue involving ASCAP music, has been the vital difficulty throughout the negotiations. Ever since the new contracts were sent out to stations, protests have been made by broadcasters generally against the levy of the royalty on time in which no ASCAP music was used.

Mr. Mills has acknowledged the weight of this objection. Recently his representatives have even written to individual stations saying that the American Society preferred to levy the royalty on time using ASCAP music. Mr. Mills has also helped to clarify the situation by abandoning the Society's attempt to collect revenue from political addresses. He also offered a special contract to the newspaper-owned stations which would base their royalties solely on revenue derived from the performance of ASCAP music.

ROYALTY COLLECTIONS DIFFICULT

As a result of these concessions, broadcasters are finding it difficult to collect the three per cent royalty from churches and educational institutions - and even from newspapers - as well as from other advertisers whose broadcasts are as greatly in the public interest as are political addresses. Therefore, it would not be surprising if Mr. Mills presently found it necessary to withdraw other classifications from the list of broadcasts on which he demands a royalty revenue.

NAB MEETING MAY GET REVISION

All of these points have had a vital bearing on the negotiations in New York and Mr. Schuette again reported a growing likelihood that a completely revised contract would be available for discussion at St. Louis.

If such a contract is finally written it is likely to include several important definitions that have been incorporated by Mr. Mills in the contract which he is offering to the newspaper-owned stations. The chief of these is

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If such a contract is finally written it is likely to include several important definitions that have been incorporated by Mr. Mills in the contract which he is offering to the newspaper-owned stations. The chief of these is

the limitation of the royalty to a "percentage of the receipts of licensee from the sale of broadcasting facilities for programs in which music copyrighted or composed by members of Society is rendered."

Two further definitions from the newspaper contract are a vital point in the present discussions. These recite:

> "Provided, however, that gross receipts of the Licensee in respect of all commercial (spot) announcements either interpolated between or preceding or following programs containing music copyrighted or composed by members of Society shall be subject to percentage payments as aforesaid.
>
> "Public service announcements such as time announcements, weather and market reports, etc. shall be exempt from such percentage payments, as shall also be broadcasts of political conventions, civic gatherings, parades, public functions and sport events, such as football and baseball games, as to music played thereat by bands attendant at such events."

NEWSPAPER STATIONS DISSATISFIED

The situation in the newspaper field is still a difficult one for Mr. Mills. It now appears that a number of the newspaper stations overlooked the fact that their contracts called for the payment of a minimum equal to twice last year's fees. The general realization that the inclusion of this minimum may raise the rates of most newspaper stations above that which they would have paid under the contract offered other stations has created friction in the relations between the newspapers and ASCAP.

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ST. LOUIS NEXT MONTH

The program for the Tenth Annual Convention of the NAB to be held at the Hotel Chase, St. Louis, Mo. November 13, 14, 15 and 16, is nearly completed. The meeting this year will be a broadcasters' session and all of the issues confronting the industry will be presented in the hope that definite action can be secured.

Foremost on the program is the copyright problem which will call for free discussion in all its phases. Another matter of equal importance is the international allocation problem which will be affected by the results of the Madrid Convention.

It is important that every broadcaster be there and take part in the discussions of all questions coming before the meeting.

The Convention Committee consisting of Edwin M. Spence, WPG, Chairman; Lambdin Kay, WSB; John Henry, KOIL; LeRoy Mark, WOL; and Tom Lyons, WCAO, has been busy with details of the program.

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October 22, 1932

BROWN DEDICATES STATION

Col. Thad H. Brown, commissioner from the Second Zone, was one of the principal speakers at the formal opening of Station WJSV, new Washington outlet of the Columbia Broadcasting System. The formal opening took place on October 20 and Station WMAL on that day relinquished its Columbia affiliation. Stations WRC, WOL and WMAL all participated in the opening of WJSV, originating programs in their respective studios. Each station in turn paid its respects to the new WJSV and cooperated to make the opening program a success. This cooperation drew much favorable comment from Washington listeners.

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SYKES LAUDS MORSE

Judge Eugene O. Sykes, chairman of the American Delegation to the Madrid International Radiotelegraph Convention, was one of the principal speakers on a program dedicated to the honor of Samuel F. B. Morse, who laid the groundwork for telegraphy 100 years ago. The program took place in Madrid, Spain.

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STANDARD ORDER FORM DISCUSSED

A joint meeting of the Radio Committee of the American Association of Advertising Agencies and the Commercial Section Chairmen of the National Association of Broadcasters was held at AAAA headquarters, New York, Monday, Oct. 17. The principal subject for discussion was a standard order blank for radio advertising which was proposed by the agencies several months ago.

The order blank has been discussed at numerous conferences between the two groups and represents many compromises. It was agreed that the contract would be submitted to the boards of the two organizations for approval.

During the Summer months Roy Harlow of Station WNAC, Boston, chairman of the committee on Standard Forms, made an exhaustive survey of contract forms and order blanks in use and the results of this survey were the basis upon which proposals of the NAB were made.

Those who attended the conference were:

John Benson, President of the AAAA,
Fred Gamble, Executive Secretary of the AAAA,
Mrs. L. W. MacKenzie of the AAAA Staff,
C. F. Gannon, Chairman of the AAAA Radio Committee,
Howard Angus and P. W. Pumphrey of the AAAA Committee,
and
Chairmen of the NAB Section - H. K. Carpenter, John Patt,
Roy Harlow and F. A. Meckelenberg, and
Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director of the NAB.

The order blank follows:

[illegible]

[illegible] Thad E. [illegible] bor[illegible] answer from [illegible] Second Zone [illegible] was one of primary [illegible] as the [illegible] opening of Station WLSV, [illegible] Washington [illegible] or [illegible] Ohio in Broadcasting Service. [illegible] Owens [illegible] took [illegible] on October 20 and St[illegible] on [illegible] d [illegible] the Columbia Broadcasting Station WBC, [illegible] WMC [illegible] tripled [illegible] the opening of WLSV, organized [illegible] in their respective [illegible] station in [illegible] position [illegible] respects to the new WLSV and cooperated to make the maiden program a success [illegible] cooperation [illegible] favorable comment from [illegible] administration [illegible]

[illegible] LAUDS MORSE

Judge Emerson O. Bynum, chairman of the American delegation to the International [illegible] Telegraph Convention, was one of the principal speakers on [illegible] dedicated to the honor of Samuel F. B. Morse, who laid the [illegible] work for telegraphy 100 years ago. The program took place in Madrid, Spain.

[illegible] DISC[illegible]

Joint meeting of the Radio Committee of the American Association of Ad[illegible] the Agencies and the Commercial Section [illegible] of the National Association [illegible] Broadcasters [illegible] held at AAAA headquarters, New York, [illegible] subject for discussion was a standard [illegible] for radio [illegible] which was proposed by the [illegible] several [illegible]

[illegible] the order [illegible] made [illegible] as co[illegible] between the [illegible] stations and [illegible] compromises. It was arranged [illegible] the [illegible] be sub[illegible] to the boards of the two [illegible] organizations for [illegible] approval.

During the Summer [illegible] Roy Harlow or [illegible] on WMAQ, [illegible] chairman [illegible] matters on station [illegible], made [illegible] tentative [illegible] or contract forms [illegible] under blanks in use and the results of this [illegible] were the basis [illegible] proposals or [illegible] were made.

[illegible] those who attended the conference were:

[illegible] Benson, President [illegible] the AAAA.
[illegible] Gamble, Executive Secretary [illegible] the AA[illegible]
[illegible] H. MacDonald [illegible] the AAAA Staff.
[illegible] Chairman [illegible] the AAAA Radio Committee.
[illegible] America [illegible] W. [illegible] of the AAAA Co[illegible]

Chairman of the NAB Section - H. K. [illegible]
[illegible] Harlow [illegible]
Philip G. Douglas, [illegible] Director [illegible] the NAB.

The order blank follows:

(Proposed Standard Order Blank for Radio) October 22, 1932

N A M E O F A G E N C Y
ADDRESS
C I T Y

To Management of Station . . . . . Order No. . . . . .

City and State . . . . . Date . . . . . .

Please broadcast advertising of (advertiser) . . . . . .

For (product) . . . . . Name of Program . . . . . .

Length of Broadcast	Hour	Days	Times per Week	Total No. Times
_____	____	____	_____	_____
_____	____	____	_____	_____

Commencement Date . . . . . Expiration Date . . . . . .

Talent arrangements (subject to change by mutual agreement) . . . . . .

. . . . . .

Continuity . . . . . Cue Sheets . . . . . Transcriptions . . . .

Additional Instructions . . . . . .

. . . . . .

Rates:

Per broadcast: Station Charge $_____ Talent $_____ Line Service $_____ Total $__

Total for Broadcasts : " " $_____ " $_____ " " $_____ Grand Total $__

Time Discount:

___%

Less Agency Commission:

On Station Charge - 15%

On Talent Charge - ____%

Cash Discount:

2% of Net Time charge if paid by __th of month following services.

Subject to standard conditions on back hereof.

STANDARD ADVERTISING AGENCY, per . . . . . .

Member of
AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF ADVERTISING AGENCIES

Proposed Standard Conditions
Governing Advertising Contracts
With Radio Stations.

- - - -

1. Payment

(a) The agency agrees to pay, and the broadcasting station agrees to hold the agency solely liable for payment, for the advertising covered by this contract.

(b) The agency agrees to pay for advertising covered by this contract, at the office of the broadcasting station or of its representative, on the last day of the month following that in which the advertising is done unless otherwise stipulated on the face of this contract; or, when cash discount is deducted but payment date not specified, on the fifteenth of the month following.

(c) In all cases where date of payment is material, unless otherwise stipulated, the post mark date on envelope properly addressed to the broadcasting station or to its representative shall be considered the date when payment was made.

(d) Station's invoices for advertising covered by this contract shall be in accordance with the station's log and shall so state on each such invoice.

(e) Invoices must be rendered not less often than monthly but failure to do so shall not constitute breach of contract.

(f) The station reserves the right to cancel the contract at any time upon default by the agency in the payment of bills, or other breach, or in the event of any material violation on the part of the agency of any of the conditions herein named; and upon such cancellation all advertising done hereunder and unpaid shall become immediately due and payable. In case of delinquency in payments the station shall have the right to change the requirements as to terms of payment for further advertising under this contract as it may see fit.

2. Termination

(a) This agreement may be terminated by either party by giving the other two weeks' notice, unless otherwise stipulated on the face of this contract. If the agency terminates the agreement it will pay the station according to the station's published rates for the lesser number of periods, for all services previously rendered by the station. If the station terminates the agreement; either, the agency and the station will agree on a satisfactory substitute day or time at the rates in effect at the time this agreement was made, or, the agency will pay the station according to the rates specified herein, for all services previously rendered by the station; that is, the agency shall have the benefit of the same time discounts which the agency would have earned had it been allowed to complete the contract. In the event of such termination, neither party shall be liable to the other party otherwise than as specified in this paragraph.

3. Inability to Broadcast

(a) Should the station due to public emergency or necessity, legal restriction, Act of God, or at the direction of Federal, State or Municipal authorities or for any other reason beyond the control of the station be unable to broadcast one of the agency's programs at the time specified, the station

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Governing
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Liability to Broadcast

(a) Should the station due to public emergency or necessity, Interstate Act of God, or at the direction of Federal, State or Municipal authorities or for any other reason beyond the control of the station be unable to broadcast one of the agency's programs at the time specified, the station

shall not be liable to the agency for damages but will communicate with the agency as far in advance as possible. The agency will then either agree with the station on a satisfactory substitute time for the broadcast, or, if no such agreement can be reached, the broadcast will be considered as cancelled, without affecting the rate shown on this agreement. In the event of such cancellation or postponement, the station will make, if approved by the agency, a suitable courtesy announcement as to the reason for cancellation or postponement, and as to any substitute time agreed upon.

(b) If interruptions occur during the entertainment portion of the broadcast, credit shall be given by the station at the pro rata rate for such interruptions of one minute or more duration. If interruptions occur during the commercial announcement portion of the broadcast credit shall be given by the station in the same proportion to the total station time charge which the omitted commercial announcement portion bears to the total commercial announcement in the program. If the interruption equals or exceeds 50% of the total program time, the station shall defray a pro rata share of the live talent costs, unless the interruption is due to an Act of God, public emergency or legal restriction.

4. Substitution of Sustaining Program of Public Importance

(a) The station shall have the right to cancel any broadcast covered by this agreement and substitute a sustaining program of such outstanding public importance that failure to broadcast same would work injury alike to the station and the advertiser. In which case, the Station will notify the agency as far in advance as possible, and the Agency and the Station will agree on a satisfactory substitute day or time for the broadcast or if no such agreement can be reached, the broadcast will be considered as cancelled without affecting the rates or rights shown on this agreement. In the event of such cancellation or postponement, the Station will make, if approved by the Agency, a suitable courtesy announcement as to the reason for cancellation or postponement and as to any substituted time agreed upon. In the event of such replacement, when the station notifies the agency less than two weeks in advance of broadcast, the station shall reimburse the agency any non-cancellable cost of live talent and/or any non-cancellable cost of newspaper advertisements prepared specifically to advertise the broadcast in question.

5. Rates

(a) It is agreed that the rate named in this contract is the lowest rate made by the station for like services and that if at any time during the life of this contract the station makes a lower rate for the same services, this contract shall be completed at such lower rate from that date.

(b) All rates shall be published. There shall be no secret rebates or agreements affecting rates. All rates shall be furnished agencies if requested.

(c) If this contract is continued without interruption beyond the time specified, the additional broadcasts shall be considered part of this contract and the same rate shall apply until any lower rate prevailing at the time contract is made shall have been earned; and then this lower rate shall apply to the whole contract. It is agreed, however, that this provision shall not cover a service rendered by the station later than one year from the date of the first broadcast, unless specifically agreed.

6. Programs

(a) The contract for station time includes the services of the technical staff and of a regular staff announcer. Other talent and services are covered by the program charge in this contract which is subject to change by the agency with the consent of the station.

(b) Should the station fail to receive program material seven days in advance of the broadcast it shall so notify the agency. Subsequent to this notification, if the station fails to receive the program material in time for the broadcast, if the programs are transcriptions, the station shall, following first broadcast, repeat a previous program unless otherwise instructed; or unless program is one of a series, in which case the station shall have the right to announce the name, address and business classification of the advertiser, produce a creditable program and make regular charge for station time and reasonable talent charge to the agency. If the programs are produced locally it shall, following first broadcast, repeat the commercial announcement of the preceding broadcast, using the agreed talent unit.

(c) The agency will save the station harmless against all liability for libel or slander; also for the infringement of copyrights by reason of broadcasting programs furnished by agency if delivered to the station less than seven days prior to broadcast, provided the station is properly licensed by A.S.C.A.P.

(d) Programs prepared by the agency are subject to the approval of the station management.

7. General

(a) This agreement is subject to the terms of licenses held by the parties hereto and is also subject to all Federal, State and Municipal laws and regulations now in force, or that may be enacted in the future.

(b) The rights under this agreement shall not be transferable to another advertiser than the one specified in this contract unless the consent of the station has been obtained.

(c) In dealing with agencies, the station shall follow a uniform policy to avoid discrimination.

(d) The failure of the station or of the agency to enforce any of the provisions herein listed with respect to a breach thereof in any one instance shall not be construed as a general relinquishment or waiver under this agreement and the same shall nevertheless be and remain in full force and effect.

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October 22, 1932

USE STANDARD RATE CARDS

Rate cards not prepared in conformity with the standard form prescribed by the AAAA find their way into agencies' waste baskets, according to members of the AAAA Radio Committee who attended the joint meeting of the Committee and NAB Commercial Section Chairmen in New York last Monday. It was pointed out that very few stations adhere to the standard form in supplying rate information and it was agreed that an effort would be made by both bodies to urge use of the standard form.

"The Standard Rate Card, now used generally by all kinds of publications throughout the country, was devised by the American Association of Advertising Agencies as a convenience to publishers, advertisers, and advertising agencies with the object of saving time and promoting economy and efficiency in the transaction of advertising business," it was pointed out by the AAAA.

"Prior to its advent, every imaginable form of rate card was in use. The Standard Rate Card is standard in that it furnishes in logical order the exact information that media owner and advertiser want."

Instructions for preparing rate cards are as follows:

The card should be exactly 6 x 3½ inches in size.

Bristol Board, weight 140 lbs, is recommended for stock.

A single card, like the sample, or a double card can be used. In printing a double card (four pages) allow a strip of blank space, one-quarter inch deep, in the exact location where the fold occurs.

The double form should be printed on a card 6 x 7 inches, and folded across through the middle. The first page should be printed on the lower half of the card, so that the fold appears immediately above the name of the station.

The numbers and letters should always be used to indicate the divisions and sections as illustrated on the sample card. If there is no information to be given under a certain heading, the numbers and letters should not be omitted, but should be inserted and left blank, in order that the arrangement scheme will be preserved.

Promotional and general advertising matter should not be printed on the rate card, but when sent to an agency should be separate.

It is desirable that rate cards prepared under the Standard Rate Card system be serially numbered, the first card issued being Card No. 1, the second card (at some later date) No. 2, etc. This will be an aid to the agency in determining whether it has received all the rate cards as issued.

The type on the back should be placed so as to "tumble," that is, so that when the card is turned bottom over top, the reading will be continuous.

Print in one line across the bottom of the card, in italics, "Prepared in conformity with "Standard Rate Card" of American Association of Advertising Agencies," and have a heavy full length rule immediately above this line of type.

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October 22, 1932

WKBB GRANTED PERMISSION TO MOVE

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost was upheld by the Commission this week in his Report No. 405 granting Station WKBB, of Joliet, Illinois, permission to move from Joliet to near East Dubuque, Illinois, with an operating assignment of 1500 kilocycles 100 watts power, half time. Acting Chairman Harold A. LaFount, filed a dissenting opinion.

The Commission in upholding the Chief Examiner states that "the operation of Station WKBB near East Dubuque would provide that area with a good service not otherwise afforded and would not deprive the Joliet area of any substantial service not now received from one other station located therein and a large number of stations situated thereby."

Commissioner LaFount in his dissent calls attention to the fact that "the state of Iowa is now assigned 57 per cent more than its equitable share of broadcast facilities and under law and regulations is not entitled to additional facilities. The evidence in this case conclusively shows that the actual and practical result of the grant of the present application is a placing of a new broadcast station in Dubuque and the allocation of additional radio facilities to the State of Iowa. That such action is inconsistent with the provision of the Radio Act of 1927, as amended, and amounts to an evasion of our regulations is, in my opinion, obvious."

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KFSD POWER INCREASE RECOMMENDED

In Report No. 424 Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost recommends that the application of Station KFSD, San Diego, California, for an increase of power from 500 watts night and 1000 watts local sunset to 1000 watts unlimited time be granted. The station operates on a frequency of 600 kilocycles.

The Chief Examiner found that the station is financially and otherwise qualified to operate with 1000 watts power and further that it is now rendering a "commendable" service. The granting of this application, he states, "would not cause additional interference with any broadcasting station or stations now licensed" and Mr. Yost further says that "there are no applications pending before the Commission for the facilities requested."

It is further found in the report that "the people residing beyond the present good night time service area and within the area proposed to be served by the applicant if this application is granted are not now being regularly or adequately served by any network station broadcasting the same programs of the National Broadcasting Company, Inc., as applicant station."

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission has granted licenses to the following stations for which permits had already been issued for changes: WCAU, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; KXYZ, Houston, Texas; KGU, Honolulu, T. H.; WSAJ, Grove City, Pennsylvania; KSEI, Pocatello, Idaho.

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October 22, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, October 24, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a.m.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1932

Docket #1715	NEW	Allen Wright Marshall, Sr. Allen Wright Marshall, Jr. La Grange, Georgia	C. P.	1500 kc, 100 watts Specified hours (Request facilities of WRDW)
Docket #1731	WRDW	Musicove, Inc. Augusta, Georgia	Ren. Lic.	1500 kc, 100 watts Unlimited time

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RECOMMENDATIONS ON NEW YORK STATIONS

In Report No. 422 Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost made recommendations in connection with various applications of stations WWRL, Woodside, New York, WMBQ and WMIL, Brooklyn, New York. All of these stations operate on a frequency of 1500 kilocycles, sharing time together.

WWRL, asked to use one-half instead of one-quarter time; WMBQ asked nine hours additional instead of quarter time being part of the time used by WLBX, deleted, which used to share time with the other three stations; WMIL, WWRL and WMBQ all asked for renewal of license sharing time with each other. In connection with these applications the Chief Examiner recommended that licenses be issued with specific time division schedules stated therein.

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RADIO EMPLOYMENT INDEX

The employment index number for September in the radio industry was 68.1 compared with 63.1 for August and 114.1 for September of last year taking 1926 at 100 according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. September payroll index number was 56.1 compared with 44.9 for August and 95.3 for September of last year.

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STATUS OF RADIO COURT CASES

Fred H. Goss, of Boston, in his appeal (No. 5604) to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, filed briefs this week. Goss asked the Commission for a construction permit for a new station in Boston which was refused. He appealed to the Court of Appeals. The Commission has not yet filed its brief.

The Northwest Broadcasting System, Inc., intervenors in the case of KOMO (No.5335) and the Radio Commission against whom the case was brought have been granted until November 30 in which to file briefs.

The Court has denied the motion of KGEF in Docket No. 5561 against the Commission asking for reconsideration of the Court's order denying a stay order.

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[illegible]

[illegible] hearings are scheduled [illegible] for the week commencing Monday, October [illegible] 10 a.m.:

[illegible]: OCTOBER 25.

Docket No. 15 [illegible]	Allen Wright Marshall, Sr., Allen Wright Marshall, Jr.	C.P.	250 kc, 100 [illegible] watts
Docket #175 [illegible]	WDW Westcove, Inc. Atlanta, Georgia		1500 kc, 100 w Unlimited time

[illegible] NEW YORK STATIONS

In Report No. [illegible] Chief Examiner Hilis A. Yost made recommendations in connec- [illegible] with various applications or stations WVNJ, Woodcrest, New York, WMBQ and WMCA, [illegible] Brooklyn, New York. All of these stations operate on a frequency of 1500 [illegible] kc, [illegible]

[illegible] one-half instead of one-quarter time; WMBQ asked nine hours [illegible] additional instead of quarter time being part of the [illegible] used by WLBX, deleted, [illegible] stations; WMCA, WVNJ and WMBQ all [illegible] for renewal of license starting time with each other. In connection with these [illegible] cases as issues with specific time [illegible] stations.

[illegible]

The employment index [illegible] for September [illegible] radio industry was 88.1 com- [illegible] 44.1 for revenue of last year taking 1926 as 100 [illegible] according to the Bureau [illegible] Statistics, Department of Labor. September payroll [illegible] with 44.0 for August and 95.3 for September of last [illegible]

[illegible] CASES [illegible]

Fred K. [illegible], Boston, in his appeal (No. 5504) to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, filed brief this week. Case asked the Commission for a con- [illegible] construction permit for a new station in Boston which was refused. He appealed to the [illegible] Court of Appeals. The Commission has not yet filed its brief.

[illegible] Northwest Broadcasting System, Inc., intervenors in the case of KOMO (U. [illegible] the Radio Commission granted when the case was brought have been granted until [illegible] to file briefs.

The Court has denied the motion of KGMB in Docket No. 5564 against the Commission [illegible] for reconsideration of the Court's order [illegible].

October 22, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

KWKH	Hello World Broadcasting Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted permission to take depositions in its application for ren. of lic. hearing on which is set for November 28.
KTAR	KTAR Broadcasting Company Phoenix, Arizona	Hearing date continued to November 29, 1932.
WTMJ	The Journal Company Milwaukee, Wisconsin	Hearing date continued to November 29, 1932.
WERE	Erie Dispatch-Herald Brdcstg. Corp. Erie, Pennsylvania	Remanded to docket for purpose of hearing applicant concerning financial ability only. Case to be heard by Commission on November 16.
WCCO	Northwestern Broadcasting Inc. Minneapolis, Minnesota	Granted license, 810 kc, 50 KW, unlimited time.
WKBH	WKBH, Inc. La Crosse, Wisconsin	Granted regular renewal of lic. 1380 kc, 1 KW, hours of operation: November and December 6 a.m. to 5 p.m.; 5:30 to 7 p.m. 8 to 9 p.m.; 10 to 11 p.m. January 6a.m. to 5:15 p.m.; 5:35 to 7 p.m.; 8 to 9 p.m. 10 to 11 p.m., CST.

The following stations were granted temporary licenses subject to such action as the Commission may take on their pending applications for renewal of licenses: WAWZ, Zarephath, New Jersey; WKAB, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; WBMS, Hackensack, New Jersey; WBNX, New York City; WCDA, New York City, WFAB, New York City; WMSG, New York City; WSMK, Dayton, Ohio and KQV, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

The following stations were granted temporary licenses, subject to such action as the Commission may take on their applications for renewal, which were designated for hearing: KGER, Long Beach, California and KLO, Ogden, Utah.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following applications without prejudice at the request of the applicants:

NEW	J. B. Sanders Center, Texas	C. P. 1310 kc, 100 watts, specified hours (facilities of KFPM).
NEW	W. B. Neal Gallipolis, Ohio	C. P. 1500-2000 kc, 30 watts, Tuesday, 2-4 p.m., Thursday & Friday 10 p.m. to 1 a.m.

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October 22, 1932

LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Radio Commission has received applications for license renewals from the following stations: WIBX, WOMT, WFAM, WHAZ, WFOX, KFXM, KGDE, KGKY, WKAV, KPPC, WRJN, KWG, WCDA, WMSG, WBNX, WTSL, WABZ, WJBW.

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RADIO SETS CENSUS DETAILS

The Bureau of the Census has announced the tabulations relating to radio sets show the number of families (not including institutions, etc.) having a radio set at the time the census was taken in April, 1930.

"There were 29,904,663 families in the United States in 1930, of which number, 12,048,762, or 40.3 per cent, had a radio set. Distributed by color and nativity of head of family, 44.4 per cent of the native white families had a radio set; 43.6 per cent of the foreign-born white families; and 7.5 per cent of the Negro families," says the Bureau.

"Of the 17,372,524 urban families in the United States, 8,682,176, or 50 per cent had a radio set; of the 6,604,637 rural-farm families, 1,371,073, or 20.8 per cent; of the 5,927,502 rural-nonfarm families, 1,995,513, or 33.7 per cent; and of the total number of farm families (6,668,681), including the small number living in urban territory, 1,399,495, or 21 per cent, had a radio set.

"In the urban population, 56.3 per cent of the native white families had a radio set, 46.2 per cent of the foreign-born white families, and 14.4 per cent of the Negro families; in the farm population, 24.2 per cent of the native white families had a radio set, 32.2 per cent of the foreign-born white families, and only three-tenths of 1 per cent of the Negro families. These differences are to some extent the result of the geographic distribution of the different classes involved."

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GERMAN RADIO EXPORTS DECLINE

For the first time since 1926 German exports of radios and parts declined during the first half of this year according to a report from Vice Consul C. T. Zawadzki, at Berlin. These exports in the first six months of this year totaled 1,844 metric tons as compared with 3,580 tons during the corresponding period of last year.

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MORGAN PROTESTS AGAIN

Joy Elmer Morgan, chairman of the National Committee on Education by Radio, has sent an open letter to Congress demanding that more time be given to discussion of civic questions by candidates for office.

"Are not vital matters of government more important than sales talks on tooth paste and cigarettes which have abundant opportunity to advertise in other ways?" he wrote.

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October 22, 1932

RECOMMENDS CHANGE FOR KGRS

Examiner R. H. Hyde in Report No. 423 this week recommended that broadcasting station KGRS, Amarillo, Texas, be allowed to change its frequency from 1410 to 1340 kilocycles, using the same power (1000 watts) that it now uses and using different specified hours from those it now uses.

In his report, Examiner Hyde states that "the objective sought in the request for a change in the KGRS frequency assignment is a larger effective service area through the elimination of interference."

"The evidence shows", states the Examiner, "that the applicant is rendering a meritorious service; that some improvement and enlargement in this service would be made possible by the granting of this application, and further that no substantial interference in the reception of other stations would be likely to result from the change proposed in the application. Moreover, it does not appear that there is any specific use for which the frequency specified by the applicant should be reserved."

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SUPREME COURT TO REVIEW DUBILIER CASE

A review of the cases of the United States against the Dubilier Condenser Corporation was granted this week by the United States Supreme Court. Three patented inventions relative to the use of residence alternating current in radio receiving sets were perfected by Francis W. Dunmore and Percival D. Lowell, while they were employed at the Bureau of Standards. The government claims that the patents belong to the government. The patents were assigned to the Dubilier Corporation by the inventors. The United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit and the Court below found in favor of the inventors and now the government has taken the case to the Supreme Court and review has been granted.

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REVIEW DENIED RCA

The United States Supreme Court has denied the petition of the Radio Corporation of America for a review of a Circuit Court decision in the case of the corporation against the Hazeltine Corporation. The case involves a controversy over the alleged infringement of the Hazeltine patent relating to radio high vacuum tubes and control of undesired regenerative effects, by means of neutralizing circuits.

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COMMISSION ON MONITORING RULE

During the current week the Commission has made the following official comment in connection with Rule 145: "The Commission, on October 4, decided not to extend further the working of Rule 145 in case of broadcast stations that have installed approved frequency monitors but that have not obtained a satisfactory check of the calibration. All stations in this class should proceed immediately to obtain the necessary check. This must be done before it can be considered that the frequency monitor is in all details operating according to the requirements of Rule 145. However, if an approved monitor is installed and due diligence is being exercised in obtaining a check and the required calibration, Rule 145 may be considered satisfied."

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October 22, 1[illegible]

CHANGE FOR KGRS

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October 22, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

WPRO-WPAW	Cherry & Webb Broadcasting Co. Providence, Rhode Island.	Requests C. P. to move transmitter from Cranston to near Graystone, Rhode Island change frequency from 1210 kc to 1260 kc, increase power from 100 to 250 watts, install new equipment and antenna system.
WHBC	Edward P. Graham Canton, Ohio	Requests C. P. to install new equipment with maximum rated power of 100 watts and to increase power from 10 to 100 watts.
KRMD	Radio Station KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Renewal of license.
NEW	J. E. Richards Pine Bluff, Arkansas	Requests C. P. for new station, 1340 kc, 250 watts daytime operation.

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ORAL ARGUMENTS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following oral arguments to be held November 17.

Ex. Rep. No. 412	KQV Broadcasting Co. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania and Stanley M. Krohn, Jr. Dayton, Ohio	Involving renewal of license and application to operate unlimited time on 1380 kc, 500 watts. (Now shares with WSMK) Involving renewal of license and application to operate unlimited time on 1380 kc, 200 watts. (Now shares with KQV.
Ex. Rep. No. 414	The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, South Dakota	Involving application to increase power from 1 KW to 1 KW night, $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW LS, on 570 kc, unlimited time.
Ex. Rep. No. 414	Mitchell Brdcstg. Corp. Mitchell, South Dakota	Involving renewal of license and authority to remove station KGDA from Mitchell to Aberdeen, South Dakota, reconstruct transmitter and change frequency from 1370 to 1420 kc.

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NEW PLAY BY SIROVICH

A play entitled "Tin Boxes", written by Dr. William I. Sirovich, chairman of the House Patents and Copyrights Committee, is slated to open in New York this winter. The play will be produced by Robert Crawford Productions, Inc. Mr. Crawford is president of De Sylvia, Brown and Henderson.

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October 22, 1932

REGULAR LICENSE RENEWALS

During the current week the Commission granted the following renewal of licenses for the regular period: WBBC, Brooklyn, New York; WCAH, Columbus, Ohio, WCKY, Covington, Kentucky; WCSC, Charleston, South Carolina; WDAG, Amarillo, Texas; WGES, Chicago, Illinois; WHBL, Sheboygan, Wisconsin; WHEC-WABO, Rochester, New York; WHP, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; WIOD-WMBF, Miami, Florida; WJSV, Alexandria, Virginia; WKBF, Indianapolis, Indiana; WLTH, Brooklyn, New York; WMBD, Peoria, Illinois; WOKO, Albany, New York; WQBC, Vicksburg, Mississippi; WSAN, Allentown, Pennsylvania; (and auxiliary) KECA, Los Angeles, California; KFLV, Rockford, Illinois, KOH, Reno, Nevada, KUOA, Fayetteville, Arkansas; WCAO, Baltimore, Maryland (and Auxiliary).

The following stations were designated for hearing because of the request of Station KFBI for facilities of those stations. (KFBI has now withdrawn its application which has been dismissed, without prejudice.) Renewals for the regular period were granted: WJAG, Norfolk, Nebraska; WCRW, Chicago, Illinois; WEDC, Chicago, Illinois; WSBC, Chicago, Illinois and KWKC, Kansas City, Missouri; WCOA, Pensacola, Florida; KGB, San Diego, California; KGHF, Pueblo, Colorado, KLRA, Little Rock, Arkansas; KMO, Tacoma, Washington.

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SPECIAL AUTHORIZATIONS

During the current week the Commission granted the following stations special experimental authorizations for period November 1, 1932 to May 1, 1933, to operate pending decision on hearing of renewal application of Station WBAK and WHP requesting facilities of WBAK:

WCAH	The Commercial Radio Service Co. Columbus, Ohio	Granted special experimental authority to operate unlimited time simultaneously with Stations WHP, WOKO, WHEC-WABO and WFEA.
WFEA	New Hampshire Broadcasting Co. Manchester, New Hampshire	Granted as above to operate simultaneously with WHP, WHEC-WABO, WCAH and WOKO.
WHEC-WABO	WHEC, Inc. Rochester, New York	Granted as above to operate simultaneously with Stations WOKO, WHP, WCAH and WFEA on 1430 kc.
WHP	WHP, Inc. Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	Granted special experimental authority to operate sharing time with WBAK and simultaneous operation with WCAH, WFEA, WOKO and WHEC-WABO.
WOKO	WOKO, Inc. Albany, New York.	Granted special experimental authority to operate unlimited time and simultaneous operation with stations WHP, WCAH, WFEA, and WHEC-WABO on 1430 kc.
WQBC	Delta Broadcasting Co. Inc. Vicksburg, Mississippi	Granted special experimental authority to operate unlimited time on 1360 kc with 500 watts power.

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October 22, 1932

APPLICATIONS DENIED

During the current week the Commission has denied and dismissed the following applications:

KGW	Oregonian Publishing Co. Portland, Oregon	Denied request that Commission reconsider its action of October 6, which denied request of KGW to have station KTAR, Phoenix, operate after midnight, so that interference that might be expected by the increase in power of KTAR from 500 to 1000 watts, might be determined.
WCAH	The Commercial Radio Service Co. Columbus, Ohio	Dismissed request that the application for ren. of lic. for auxiliary transmitter of this station be denied, and that authority be granted to dismantle this transmitter.
NEW	Everett J. Riley & Joseph Franklin Riley, d/b as Wabash Valley Broadcasting Company. Attica, Indiana	Dismissed from hearing docket, without prejudice, at request of applicant, application for C. P. 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
KXL	KXL Broadcasters Portland, Oregon	Dismissed from hearing docket, without prejudice, at request of applicant, application for C. P. 1410 kc, 250 watts, unlimited time.
	Virgil V. Evans Spartanburg, South Carolina	Denied motion filed by his attorney to dismiss application of W. T. Hamilton for C. P. for new station at Greenville, South Carolina, to operate on 1240 kc, 250 watts night, 500 watts day, unlimited time. This application to be heard on November 21, 1932.

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WMT FILES APPEAL

Station WMT, Waterloo, Iowa, this week appealed to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia from a decision of the Radio Commission granting Station KSO authority to move from Clarinda, Iowa to Des Moines, Iowa.

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FOOTBALL BILL OPPOSED

The bill compelling Alabama colleges receiving state funds to allow broadcasts of football games (H 313) which passed the Alabama House on October 6 was adversely reported in the Senate on October 14.

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October 22, 1932

APPLICATIONS RETURNED

The Commission, during the current week, has returned the following applications to the applicants:

3-PB-2687	NEW	John S. Pitts, III Tuscaloosa, Alabama	C. P. for new station to use 1370 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours, facilities of WAMC, Anniston, Alabama. (Unsatisfactory equipment and insufficient information re proposed transmitter location.)
	KGMB	Honolulu Brdcstg. Co. Ltd. Honolulu, Hawaii	1320 kc, 250 watts, unlimited time.
5-PB-2690	NEW	R. E. Warmack & A. E. Waterman Oroville, California	C. P. for new station to use 1370 kc, 15 watts, daytime, 4 hours per day. (Unsatisfactory equipment, Rules 151, 121, 6b).
2-PB-2679	WPAD	Paducah Broadcasting Company Paducah, Kentucky	C. P. change equipment, change frequency and power from 1420 kc, 100 watts to 1120 kc, 250 watts. (Insufficient information re transmitter location and equipment and Rule 6 c and d).
2-PB-2659	NEW	The Building Industries Exhibit, Inc. W. C. Campbell, President, Cincinnati, Ohio.	C. P. for new station to use 900 kc, 250 watts daytime. (Superseded by application filed 10/3/32 in name of The Building Industries Broadcasting Company.)
2-PB-2686	WLVA	Lynchburg Broadcasting Corp. Lynchburg, Virginia	C. P. change equipment, change frequency, power and hours from 1370 kc, 100 watts, shares with WBTM to 1500 kc, 100 watts, night 250 W. LS, unlimited. Facilities WRBX, Roanoke, Va. (Rule 49 a).

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STATION EXHIBITS AT CONVENTION

The Convention Committee has planned for exhibits of station forms, promotion material, etc., at the Chase Hotel, St. Louis, Missouri, during the Tenth Annual NAB Convention to be held there November 13, 14, 15 and 16, 1932. Stations are urged to send material they desire to display to Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director, NAB, Hotel Chase, St. Louis, Missouri.

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October 22, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corporation Washington, D. C.	Granted C. P. to install auxiliary transmitter, maximum power 1 KW.
	SECOND ZONE	
WEEU	R. A. Gaul, H. O. Lardis & H. S. Craumer, d/b as Berks Brdcstg. Co. Reading, Pennsylvania	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Berks Broadcasting Company (A corporation).
	THIRD ZONE	
KVOO WAPI	Southwestern Sales Corporation Tulsa, Oklahoma and WAPI Broadcasting Corporation Birmingham, Alabama	Granted authority to operate simultaneously Tuesday, November 8, from 6 p.m. to midnight, and if desired by either or both stations to continue until 3 a.m. CST, Wednesday, November 9, with 1 KW power, in order to broadcast election returns. (Stations are licensed to share time on clear channel frequency 1140 with 5 KW power).
KOCW	Oklahoma College for Women Chickasha, Oklahoma	Granted temporary renewal of license and set application for renewal for hearing.
KCMC	North Mississippi Brdcstg. Corp. Texarkana, Arkansas	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
	FOURTH ZONE	
WMBH	W. M. Robertson Joplin, Missouri	Granted special authorization to operate from 9:30 p.m., November 8 to 1 a.m., November 9, CST.
KFBJ	Marshall Electric Company, Inc. Marshalltown, Iowa	Granted special authorization to operate from 9 p.m. to 12 midnight, CST, Nov. 8.
KSO	Iowa Broadcasting Co. Des Moines, Iowa	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change type of equipment authorized by C. P, and approval of transmitter and studio location at 715 Locust Street, Des Moines.
WCBS	Charles H. Messter & Harold L. Dewing, Springfield, Illinois	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to WCBS, Inc.

Broadcast Actions

Broadcast Applications

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing proper protests may be filed within thirty days from the date of action.

NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
FIRST ZONE	
M. A. Leese Radio Corporation Washington, D. C.	Granted C. P. to install auxiliary transmitter, maximum power 1 KW.
SECOND ZONE	
E. A. Gaul, H. C. Ziegler & H. S. Gaul, d/b as Berks Broadcast Co. Reading, Pennsylvania	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Berks Broadcasting Company (A [illegible] tion).
THIRD ZONE	
Southwestern Sales Corporation Tulsa, Oklahoma and WAPI Broadcasting Corporation Birmingham, Alabama	Granted authority to operate simultaneously Tuesday, November 8, from 6 p.m. to midnight, and if desired by either or both stations to continue until 3 a.m. CST, Wednesday, November 9, with 1 KW power, in order to broadcast election returns. (Stations are licensed to share time on clear channel frequency 1140 with 5 KW power).
Oklahoma College for Women Chickasha, Oklahoma	Granted temporary renewal of license and application for renewal for hearing.
North Mississippi Broadcg. Corp. Texarkana, Arkansas	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
FOURTH ZONE	
T. M. Robertson Joplin, Missouri	Granted special authorization to operate from 9:30 p.m., November 8 to 1 a.m., November 9, CST.
Marshall Electric Company, Inc. Marshalltown, Iowa	Granted special authorization to operate from 9 p.m. to 12 midnight, CST, Nov. [illegible]
Iowa Broadcasting Co. Des Moines, Iowa	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change type of equipment authorized by C. P. and approval of transmitter and studio location at 715 Locust Street, Des Moines.
Charles H. Meester & Harold B. Dewing, Springfield, Illinois	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to WCBS, Inc.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

KGDA	Mitchell Broadcasting Corp. Mitchell, South Dakota	Granted authority to remain silent October 14, 15 and 17, in order to move main studio from transmitter location to 417 North Main Street, Mitchell.

FIFTH ZONE

KGEW	City of Fort Morgan Fort Morgan, Colorado	Granted authority to discontinue operation until December 1.
KGGM	New Mexico Broadcasting Co. Albuquerque, New Mexico	Granted C. P. to move transmitter within same building and make changes in equipment.

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COMMISSION BARS DES MOINES MOVE

The Commission this week denied the application of Station WMT seeking authority to move from Waterloo to Des Moines, Iowa, upholding the recommendation of Examiner Ralph L. Walker in Report No. 352. At the same time the Commission granted a renewal license to the station permitting it to operate unlimited time with 500 watts power. The station had been operating with 250 watts with an additional 250 watts experimentally. Examiner Walker (Report No. 358) had recommended renewal of license but had held that the power could not be increased.

In the report involving the license renewal, the Commission found that Station WMT "now renders a generally meritorious service in the Waterloo area and the only local service received therein, and the programs broadcast appear to be well diversified, of good quality and adapted to the needs of the area served." This station has been operating with 250 watts power and 250 watts additional experimentally. The Commission has granted a full 500 wattage to the station in its new decision.

Relative to the moving of the station from Waterloo to Des Moines the Commission states, that "it does not appear that there is any substantial need in the Des Moines area for the proposed service of the applicant station. That city and vicinity now receive high grade service from a station located therein, fair to intermittent service from a number of stations situated elsewhere, and will receive additional good local service upon the completion of the recently authorized removal of Station KSO from Clarinda to Des Moines."

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AMERICAN SOCIETY SUES

Gene Buck, as president of the American Society of Composers Authors and Publishers, is suing the Westland Theatres, Inc., Denver, for playing for public performance of "Am I Blue", "What's the Use" and "Making the Best of Each Day". The numbers were parts of movie shorts shown at the theatre.

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October 22, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-FB-300	WCAD	St. Lawrence University Canton, New York	Install automatic frequency control.
1-MLB-1076	WKAV	Laconia Radio Club Laconia, New Hampshire	Mod. of lic. to change specified hours of operation.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-MLB-1074	WCBA	B. Bryan Musselman Allentown, Pennsylvania	Mod. of lic. to increase operating power from 250 to 500 watts.
2-MLB-1075	WSAN	Allentown Call Publishing Co. Inc., Allentown, Pa.	Mod. of lic. to increase operating power from 250 to 500 watts.

These two applications should be considered together. The two stations share time on 1440 kilocycles. The nearest station on the same frequency is 175 miles and is WOKO, Albany, New York. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 500 miles. Both the Second Zone and the State of Pennsylvania are under quota.

		THIRD ZONE	
3-MLB-1072	WWL	Loyola University New Orleans, Louisiana	Mod. of lic. to change hours fro specified to unlimited. Facilities of KWKH, Shreveport, La.
3-MLB-1077	WFDV	Rome Broadcasting Corp. Rome, Georgia	Mod. of lic. to make change in specified hours.
3-PB-2680	NEW	John Tindale Abilene, Texas	C. P. for new station to use 142 kc, 100 watts, share with KABC, facilities of KABC, San Antonio, Texas.

The nearest station on this frequency is KGFF, Shawnee, Oklahoma, using 100 watt power. The distance is 250 miles. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both Texas and the Third Zone are over quota.

FOURTH ZONE

None

		FIFTH ZONE	
5-PB-2714	NEW	Otis Hill Hilo, Territory of Hawaii	C. P. for new station to use 1150 kc, 50 watts, unlimited time.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED(continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

5-PB-2703	KPQ	Wescoast Broadcasting Co. Wenatchee, Washington	C. P. to change equipment and increase operating power from 50 to 100 watts.

KPQ operates on a frequency of 1500 kilocycles. The nearest station on that same frequency is KGKY, Scottsbluff, Nebraska, which is 900 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the Fifth Zone and the State of Washington are over quota. This would increase the quota.

5-MPB-383	KOA	National Broadcasting Co. Inc. Denver, Colorado	Mod. of C. P. to extend date of completion to 5/17/33.
5-MPB-384	KPO	National Broadcasting Co. Inc. San Francisco, California	Mod. of C. P. to extend date of completion to 5/17/33.
5-MPB-386	KGKX	Sandpoint Broadcasting Co. Lewiston, Idaho	Mod. of C. P. issued 5/10/32 gives exact location transmitter; change in equipment.
5-ALB-469	KTM	Pickwick Broadcasting Corp. Los Angeles, California	Vol. assign. of lic. to Evening Herald Publishing Company.
5-ALB-470	KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Vol. assign. of lic. to Evening Herald Publishing Company.
5-PB-2712	NEW	Guy C. Earl, Jr., Sacramento, California	C. P. for new station to use 780 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW LS, unlimited hours. Facilities of KTM, Los Angeles, California and KELW, Burbank, California.

The nearest station on this same frequency is WMC, Memphis, Tennessee, using 500 watts power. The distance is 1760 miles while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. Should the Commission grant this application it would not increase either the State or Zone quota.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for licenses covering previously authorized permits from the following stations: KFLX, Wenatchee, Washington; WEBR, Buffalo, New York; WOOD, Grand Rapids, Michigan; WJSV, Alexandria, Virginia; WJW, Akron, Ohio.

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BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

October 29,

EYES FOCUSED ON ST. LOUIS

The eyes of the radio industry will be focused on St. Louis, Missouri, November 13, 14, 15 and 16, during the Tenth Annual Convention of the National Association of Broadcasters.

Invitations have been sent to every broadcasting station in the United States and already nearly 60 hotel reservations have been made.

In this Bulletin you will read of the developments at Madrid and Washington relating to the proposal to widen the broadcasting band. You will also read of the progress which is being made between Mr. Schuette and Mr. Mills in copyright negotiations and of the possibility that an entirely new copyright contract may be offered to the broadcasters next month.

The solution of the international and copyright problems will rest with the delegates attending the Convention. It is imperative that a definite program be agreed upon and that this program be given the support of a unified industry.

The decision to be reached at the St. Louis meeting will directly affect your interests. Attend and participate in the discussions. Make up your mind now that during the next year you will take a more active part in the activities of the Association. A strong and aggressive NAB is the only hope of perpetuating the present system of broadcasting.

October 29

EYES FOCUSED ON ST. LOUIS

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In this Bulletin you will read of the developments at Madrid and [illegible] relating to the proposal to widen the [illegible]ting band. You will also read of the progress which is [illegible] ng between Mr. Schwerte and Mills in copyright negotiations and of the possibility that a [illegible] new copyright contract may be offered to the broadcasters next month.

The solution of the international and copyright problems will rest with the delegates attending the Convention. It is imperative that [illegible] unity must be agreed upon and that this program be given the support of a united industry.

The decision to be reached at the St. Louis meeting will directly affect your int rests. Attend and participate in the discussions. Make up your mind now that during the next year you will take a more [illegible] the activities of the association. A strong and aggressive NAB is the only hope of perpetuating the present system of [illegible]

The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly from [illegible] National Press Building, [illegible] Washington, D. C.

ASCAP CONSIDERS NAB PROPOSAL

A special meeting of the Board of Directors of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers will be held in New York next week to discuss the formal proposal made by Oswald F. Schuette, director of copyright activities of the National Association of Broadcasters, of a new contract which would limit the royalty payments of broadcasters to a percentage of the commercial revenues of their stations from programs using the Society's music.

This proposal is the result of the discussions between Mr. Schuette and E. C. Mills, General Manager of the Society, which have been going on since September 1. The latter has declared himself in agreement with the main features of the plan but said only the Board of Directors of his organization could give the final sanction necessary to making the proposal the proper basis for discussion at the St. Louis Convention of the NAB.

If the plan is approved by that Board, it will be the main item of discussion in the copyright session of the Convention.

The presentation of such a plan at St. Louis, with the advance approval of the Board of Directors of ASCAP, would make it possible for the stations represented at the Convention to discuss the actual basis for a contract to take the place of the agreement that is now being signed by the stations. If such a contract is available, Mr. Mills has given repeated assurance that it would be offered to all stations, whether they have signed the present contract or not. It is probable that such a contract, if acceptable, would become effective January 1 and replace the present contract.

As a result of events during the last two months, Mr. Mills seems to agree with Mr. Schuette that the present contract, based on a royalty levy upon all revenues, whether earned by the use of ASCAP music or not, is inequitable. Mr. Mills and some of his representatives have written to stations saying that ASCAP prefers a contract limited in its royalty levy to the earnings from its own music. This position has been further emphasized by Mr. Mills' withdrawal of a royalty claim to the revenues earned by political meetings and to his subsequent offer of a contract to newspaper-owned stations based exclusively on revenues earned by the performance of the Society's compositions.

For these reasons, refusal by the Board of Directors of ASCAP to sanction the substitute contract would be difficult to reconcile with Mr. Mills's claim that the American Society desires to cooperate with the broadcasters in providing them with copyrighted music for use on the air.

In either case, the copyright discussions at St. Louis will be vital to the future of the broadcasting industry.

The fact that ASCAP has declined to recede from the minimum clause in the present "newspaper" contract makes it likely that if a new contract is sanctioned at the St. Louis Convention it will become the basic contract for all stations whether controlled by newspapers or not. The question of discrimination by ASCAP in favor of the newspaper stations may be discussed at the copyright session in St. Louis.

These developments make it important that the Convention be sufficiently representative of the industry to be authoritative. It is for this reason that it is important that all stations that can do so send representatives to St. Louis in order to assure a united front for the industry. The discussions

MAD PROPOSAL

A special [illegible] American Society of Composers, Authors and [illegible] next week to [illegible] case the formal proposal made by Owen F. Schmitt, M[illegible] copyrights activities of the National Association of Broadcasters, [illegible] which would limit the royalty payments of broadcasters [illegible] commercial revenues of their stations from programs using the Society's music.

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between Mr. Schuette and Mr. Mills have brought matters to a point where proof of the representative power of the NAB should result promptly in the final draft of a new contract. At the same time such a showing at St. Louis will strengthen the NAB in its future relations with ASCAP to make sure that the interpretation of whatever contract is written will be fair and equitable.

All developments in the last two months emphasize the importance of putting the copyright situation of the broadcasting industry into such shape that the industry need not worry about the future. There are broad fields of music not covered by ASCAP in which it is important that the broadcasting industry should be protected. Even more so, it is vital that the broadcasting industry should be able to work freely toward the creation of music particularly adapted to the needs of radio in harmony with the times. In this connection definite proposals will be submitted by Mr. Schuette to the Convention. In these proposals it will be important to have the advice and the cooperation of the entire industry.

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CONVENTION COMMITTEES

Here for the first time is a complete list of Committees in charge of arrangements for the St. Louis meeting:

General Convention Committee - Edwin M. Spence, WPG, Chairman; LeRoy Mark, WOL; J. Thomas Lyons, WCAO; John Henry, KOIL; and Lambdin Kay, WSB.

Entertainment Committee - Thomas Patrick Convey, KWK, Chairman; Clarence G. Cosby, KWK, Vice-chairman; Wm P. Mackle, Secretary; E. B. Foote, New York; Fred Weber, Chicago; Nelson, KMOX, St. Louis; Leo Fitzpatrick, WJR, Detroit; Thomas Stevenson, Washington, D. C.; Scott Howe Bowen, New York; Martin Codel, Washington, D. C.; A. T. Sears, Chicago; R. B. Robertson, New York; Harold C. Vance, Chicago; Willard Henges, St. Louis; and G. W. McElhiney, Jr. St. Louis.

Reception Committee - A.B. Hendry, WIL; Oscar Hirsch, KFVS; W. F. Ludgate, KSD; and Rev. H. H. Hohenstein, KFUO, and Wm H. WEST, KMOX, Chairman.

Transportation Committee - A. B. Hendry, WIL; Woody Klose, KMOX; Billy Lane, WIL; Harry H. Hutton, WIL; K. A. Crank, WIL; Chal Stoup, WIL; and L. A. BENSON, WIL, Chairman.

PUBLICITY - James L. Spencer, KSD, Chairman.

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October 29, 1932

(C O N F I D E N T I A L)

PROPOSE WIDENING BROADCAST BAND

With subcommittees considering allocation of frequencies from 150 kc to 1500 kc deadlocked at the International Radiotelegraph Conference at Madrid, prospects for widening the broadcast band at this time hang in the balance.

Last week Canada, with Mexico and Cuba joining, submitted a proposal under which the present broadcast band would be widened from 1500 kc to 470 kc on condition that the distress frequency of 500 kc be shifted to 375 kc. The American delegation at Madrid favors the proposal and requested the necessary authority from the State Department to support Canada.

Conferences during the week in Washington revealed that the navy, shipping interests, certain communication companies, the coastguard, Departments of Agriculture and Commerce, and the Shipping Board opposed the proposal.

The Federal Radio Commission recommended that the U. S. Delegates be authorized to support the proposal while RCA and the army took neutral positions.

The National Association of Broadcasters, which has advocated widening the broadcast band for the past year went on record immediately in support of the Canadian proposal in the belief that it offered a sound and logical solution to the North American broadcasting problem. The set manufacturers through the Radio Manufacturers Association are also supporting the proposal.

From Madrid reports, it appears inevitable that the broadcast band will be widened. Failure to agree upon a satisfactory plan under which additional frequencies are made available for broadcasting in Europe will result in a drawn convention.

Under the proposal submitted jointly by Great Britain and Germany, bands between 160 kc and 245 kc, and between 245 kc and 265 kc would be made available for broadcasting. This plan is even more objectionable to American shipping interests and would undoubtedly draw opposition from air interests. Another proposal by the French would permit broadcasting stations to be scattered throughout bands assigned to other services. There is opposition to this proposal.

The NAB, both here and in Madrid, has been active in support of the Canadian proposal. It appears that our country's support, if given promptly, will go far toward breaking the deadlock which now exists.

The position of the NAB has been presented both here and abroad, verbally and in writing, but opponents to the Canadian proposal refuse to consent to definite instructions to our delegates in support of the plan.

The Madrid Conference has been in session since September 3 and up to the present time there has been no agreement in subcommittees with respect to allocations between 160 kc and 550 kc. Each proposal is being studied in detail as it is presented and the broadcasting industry will continue to maintain its

PROPOSE WIDENING BROADCAST BAND

position that the broadcast band should be widened in order to develop a basis for solution of the North American situation. If the Canada-Mexico-Cuba proposal were adopted an early North American conference could be called and the whole problem amicably settled.

At the present time the U. S. Delegation has not been authorized to take a definite stand in favor of the proposal but it is believed that Canada will make every effort to keep it alive until such time as an agreement can be reached.

It appears that any widening of the broadcast band will have to be at the expense of marine services and the Canadian proposal is the least objectionable of all plans proposed.

Meetings both here and Madrid will continue next week in the hope that some basis for agreement can be found.

Acting in Madrid for the NAB is Louis G. Caldwell, official representative, and in Washington is Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director, and Arthur Scharfeld, Chicago Tribune. Frank M. Russell, vice president, has been acting for the National Broadcasting Company, and Harry C. Butcher, director of the Washington Office, for the Columbia Broadcasting System.

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ANNOUNCER PINCH HITS FOR MD

Herluf Provensen, President Hoover's favorite announcer, represented the NAB at the radio session of the American Public Health Association meeting here this week. The Managing Director had been invited to criticize a series of broadcasts sponsored by the health organization but was compelled to turn the job over to Mr. Provensen at the eleventh hour because of a State Department meeting called to consider the Madrid matter.

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PROHIBIT AP BROADCAST

Several stations have been ordered recently by the Associated Press to discontinue the broadcasting of news dispatches furnished newspapers by this organization.

"Property rights in news which we deliver to our members and in the news gathered by them which they are contracted to supply only to the Associated Press is established by decision of the Supreme Court of the United States," the AP states.

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October 29, 1932

ICC DISCLAIMS RATE JURISDICTION

The Interstate Commerce Commission this week held that it has no regulatory jurisdiction over broadcasting rates charged for advertisers in dismissing the complaint filed last June by the Sta-Shine Products Company against the National Broadcasting Company and Station WGBB, Freeport, N. Y.

The complainant had claimed that the rates of the network company and the station were unreasonable and unjustly discriminatory and in violation of Sections 1 and 3 of the Interstate Commerce Act. The defendant companies argued their rates were not subject to the provisions of this act maintaining that they were not common carriers.

The case was the first of its kind to come before the Commission and was limited to the question of jurisdiction. A preliminary hearing was held last December and the presiding examiner rendered a comprehensive report holding that broadcasting companies were not subject to the interstate commerce commission act.

"The provisions of the act are undoubtedly applicable to the transmission of wireless messages by persons or concerns engaged in the transmission of such messages as common carriers for hire, that is, common carriers holding themselves out to transmit for the public at large and deliver such messages to a designated receiver," the Commission said. "But can it be construed as applying to persons or concerns engaged merely in the business of broadcasting as performed by defendants here? We are of the opinion that it can not be so construed.

"In so far as our jurisdiction is concerned the provisions of Section 14 of the Radio Act of 1927 can apply only to the common carriers specified in Section 1(3) of the Act. Therefore, in determining whether the defendants are subject to our jurisdiction, the decisive question is whether they are included among the specified public utilities to which the provisions of the Act now apply. Companies engaged in radio broadcasting are not specifically named therein. In fact, at the time of the passage of the transportation act, radio broadcasting, as now perfected, was unknown. Therefore, it is obvious that if defendants are within those specified therein, it is because they are telephone companies operating by wireless and engaged in transmission as defined in Section 1(3) of the Act. While the method used in broadcasting is technically radio telephony, nevertheless a company engaged in broadcasting falls short of performing the service of a telephone company operating by wireless. Defendants do not provide telephone facilities or service for the public. No one could go to any office or booth maintained by them and make a telephone call. They do not, and under their licenses may not, provide the services which telephone companies perform. Defendants sell "time" to the public, the program is put on the air, and then the broadcaster, having performed his contract, is finished. No service is performed at the receiving end by the broadcasting company, similar to the service performed by common carriers in the general transmission of messages. In passing the Act, Congress made its provisions broad enough to cover telephone and telegraph companies operating by wire or wireless and transmitting messages, communications or other intelligence by radio apparatus, but did not include broadcasting companies or radio broadcasting as now conducted, the formation of which was a later development.

"Can the provisions of Section 1(2) of the Act reading: 'The provisions of this Act shall also apply to such * * * * transmission of intelligence' be construed as meaning that such transmission, whether performed by a telephone company or anybody else, is subject to the Act? The answer seems to be in the negative, for otherwise purely private transmissions, such as are carried on by radio amateurs, would be included. We think the Act is properly construed as covering the transmission of intelligence only when conducted by the common carriers specified in Section 1(3) of the Act.

"As the present method of radio broadcasting was unknown at the time of the passage of the transportation act, by which the transmission of intelligence by wireless operation was included in the Act, we are of the opinion that it was not included in the common carriers over which our jurisdiction extends. The mere fact that the subject-matter in question may be within the literal language of the statute is not sufficient to bring it within its intent.

"There is an additional reason to support our viewpoint herein expressed, and to strengthen our conclusion as to what is and what is not a common carrier of intelligence as defined in Section 1(3) of the Act. In any 'transmission' heretofore considered, and in any probably existing at the time of the passage of the Radio Act of 1927 there seems to be implied the idea of a definite sender and a definite receiver. Going, for analogy, to the transmission of intelligence by wire, we doubt if it would be insisted, or if it could be successfully insisted that the mere clicking off of a message from one or more central stations would constitute a transmission of intelligence, and this is not based simply on the fact that such transmission is ordinarily in Morse code. There is the further element involved that the respective messages are to be delivered to the contemplated receivers of the messages. The boy in the blue uniform who rings the doorbell and who brings the message itself, or his counterpart or substitute, the telephone or mail, has a part in the transmission. Unless one has a radio receiving set properly attuned, he will never get and is not expected to get the intelligence, whether it be instruction, entertainment, or advertising, sent out from the broadcasting station. We do not believe this new art and practice, unknown at the time of the passage of the transportation act, of simply putting on the air or ether this instruction, entertainment, or advertisement, to that part of the public who may, by their receiving sets and antennae, go out to get this matter, was ever meant by Congress to be included in any act conferring express or implied power upon this Commission. It can not be presumed that the Congress was attempting to regulate a mere potential service, one that might or might not be developed, and particularly a service distinct and different in character from the methods of transmission of intelligence then known, i.e. messages by wireless from a definite sender to a definite receiver. This conclusion is supported by Section 1(5) of the Act wherein transmission of intelligence as a message or communication by wire or wireless is divided into day, night, and the other classes of messages."

Commissioners Aitchison and Mahaffie were of the opinion that it "is sufficient for the disposition of this complaint that it appear that (1) the defendant is not a common carrier engaged in the transmission of intelligence or (2) that the service in question is not transmission of intelligence, within the intendment of Section 1(1) and (3) of the Act. That companies engaged

"Our proviso on [illegible] on line of the Act reading: 'The provisions of this Act shall also apply to such * * * transmission of intelligence [illegible] strued as [illegible] ing that such transmission, whether performed by a [illegible] company or anybody else, is subject to the Act?' The answer seems to be in the negative, for otherwise purely private transmissions, such as are carried on by radio amateurs, would be inclusive. We think the Act is properly construed as covering the transmission of intelligence only when conducted by the common carriers specified in section 1(3) of the Act.

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ICC DISCLAIMS RATE JURISDICTION (Continued)

only in broadcasting are not common carriers of the sort within the contemplation of Congress, and that their broadcasting of advertising service is not the kind of 'transmission of intelligence' which the Act sought to regulate, seem clear from the terms of the Section as a whole, under familiar rules of statutory construction as to the limitation of general terms by enumeration of certain classes of persons and acts to be deemed included within the Act."

Chairman Porter dissented from the majority view and filed a separate opinion.

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WOULD RESTRICT RECORDS

Some of the new phonograph record releases are carrying a notice that their use for broadcasting is prohibited. The labels state that these records have not been licensed for broadcasting. The recording companies have contended for some time that records of the ordinary commercial type may not legally be used for broadcasting but that their use must be confined to use in the home. Copyright owners and recording companies have insisted before Congress from time to time that a special copyright should be granted to the manufacturer of a record to protect him against all but private uses. So far as can be learned no phonograph company has ever attempted to litigate its right to prohibit the use of records for broadcasting purposes.

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COMMISSIONER LAFOUNT TO SPEAK

Commissioner Harold A. Lafount, acting chairman of the Radio Commission, will be the principal speaker at the Monday afternoon session of the St. Louis Convention. Commissioner Lafount intends to discuss many problems which the Commission faces in its task of regulating the use of radio.

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RADIO'S FUTURE MAGIC

"Radio's Future Magic" will be the subject of an illustrated address to be delivered at the St. Louis meeting of the NAB by O. H. Caldwell, former radio commissioner, president of the New York Electrical Society and editor of "Electronics" and "Radio Retailing." The remarkable new applications of electronic tubes and the electric eye which are revolutionizing communication, surgery, music, chemistry, geology, power transmission, therapeutics, the printing and engraving arts, factory methods, safety precautions, lighting, motion-pictures, time-keeping, surveying, facsimile transmission, television, etc. will be illustrated in Mr. Caldwell's address.

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October 29, 1932

LOOKOUT FOR THIS FELLOW

The following warning has been sent out by Station WJAG, Norfolk, Nebraska:

"We entered into a contract with a solicitor to put on a "prosperity auction" over WJAG.

"After selling 42 merchants he left town leaving several bad checks. Either he or his assistants made several collections which were not reported to us. Either he or his assistants made promises to merchants contrary to our agreement.

"We have stopped the auction till we can print a new series of money and exchange the old for the new and we will then continue the auction in order that we may fulfill our part of the auction. The solicitor came to us with good recommendations.

"Any station considering putting on an auction of this kind may secure some suggestions based on experience by writing WJAG at Norfolk, Nebraska. The idea is all right if it is properly handled."

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KLUGH RMA LEGISLATIVE CHAIRMAN

Legislative affairs of interest to the radio industry hereafter will be in charge of Paul B. Klugh of Chicago. At the October 21 meeting of the RMA Board of Directors, Mr. Klugh was elected Chairman of the Association's Legislative Committee which has charge of action in connection with legislation by Congress at Washington and in State Legislatures, City Councils, etc. The RMA legislative organization of state chairmen, maintained in nearly all states, will be continued. Mr. Klugh succeeds as legislative chairman Mr. H. B. Richmond of Cambridge, Massachusetts, former president of the RMA.

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ENGLISH BROADCASTING MONOPOLY

Another step in the British program to replace 21 small radio broadcasting stations with eight large ones was taken when negotiations were completed for the erection of a "twin-wave" station at Droitwich, near Brimingham, England, according to a report from the consulate there made public by the Commerce Department. This will be the fourth station of this type in the British Isles. The "twin-wave" stations were developed by the broadcasting monopoly of Great Britain so that one station may broadcast two programs simultaneously. In this way, a national program is sent out from the transmitter on one wave length and a local program sent on another wave length, both of which are within the broadcast band.

According to the plan of the monopoly, the national program is sent out on about 100 watts and the local program at about 70 watts. It has been decided that the entire country may be better served with the eight stations planned than with the existing 21. So far, two of the "twin-wave" stations have been completed. One of these is at London and the other at Manchester. A third is under construction in Scotland. The fourth will be at Droitwich and take the place of the station formerly known as "Daventry 5XX". It will take about two years to complete the new station and place it in operation.

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October 29, 1

COPYRIGHT FOR THIS EDITION

The following warning has been sent out [illegible] WLAG, [illegible]

[illegible] into a contract with a solicitor to put on a "prosperity [illegible]tion" over [illegible]

I am as merchants be left town leaving several bad checks. [illegible] or his assistants made several collections [illegible] not reported to us, [illegible] or his assistants made promises to merchants [illegible]

[illegible] have stopped the auction till we can print a new series of money [illegible] exchange the old for the new and we will then continue the auction in order that we may fulfill our part of the auction. The solicitor came to [illegible] with good recommenda[illegible]

[illegible] in considering purchase on an auction of this kind may secure some suggestions based on experience by writing WLAG at Norfolk, Nebraska. The [illegible] might if it is property [illegible]

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Another step in the British program to replace 21 small radio broadcasting [illegible]tions w[illegible] one case was taken when negotiations were completed for the erec[illegible] of a "twin-wave" station at Droitwich, near Birmingham, England, according to a [illegible]rt from the consulate there made public by the Commerce Department. This [illegible] the fourth station of this type in the British Isles. The [illegible] by the broadcasting monopoly of Great Britain so that one [illegible] from the transmitter on one wave length and a local program sent on another [illegible], both of which are within the broadcast band.

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October 29, 1932

RECOMMENDS EAST ST. LOUIS STATION

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost, in his report No. 425 this week recommended that the application of Station WKBS, Galesburg, Illinois, for license renewal be denied that the application of Maurice L. Barrett, to erect a new station at East St. Louis, Illinois, on 1500 kilocycles be granted and that the applications of Samuel E. Yaste and Burrel Barash to erect a station on 1310 kilocycles at Galesburg, the frequency now used by WKBS, be denied.

The Examiner states that both Permil N. Nelson, owner of WKBS and Samuel E. Yaste and Burrel Barash failed to appear at the hearing and their cases were denied "as in cases of default."

The Chief Examiner recommends that Barrett be allowed to erect his station at East St. Louis using 100 watts power, a frequency of 1500 kilocycles and unlimited time, the time being the facility of WKBS.

It is recommended that "the motion to deny the application of Samuel E. Yaste and Burrel Barash for a construction permit should be sustained because of the default and failure of applicants to appear or offer any evidence whatever in support of said application."

In connection with the refusal of the station license, the report states: "The motion to deny the application of Permil N. Nelson, licensee of radio station WKBS for license and renewal of license to station WKBS should be sustained because of the default and failure to appear or offer any evidence whatever in support of said applications."

It is further stated in regard to the application for a new station at East St. Louis that "no objectionable interference is expected to result from the operation of the proposed station" and "the equipment proposed to be installed by Maurice L. Barrett, conforms to the technical requirements of the Commission."

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NEWSPAPER PROTESTS MOVE

The Telegraph Herald Company, of Dubuque, Iowa, this week filed an appeal in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia against the decision of the Radio Commission granting Station WKBB, permission to move from Joliet, Illinois, to East Dubuque, Illinois.

The newspaper company has no station but wants to obtain one. This is the first time, it is stated, that anyone not owning a station has made an effort to appeal from a decision of the Commission.

Opposition to the stay order asked by the Telegraph Herald Company was filed with the Court on Friday by the Radio Commission claiming that the appellant, "The Telegraph Herald Company is not now and never has been a licensee of any radio broadcasting or other station, and has not now and never has had any application pending before the Commission for a broadcasting station construction permit or license, or other instrument of authorization."

October [illegible]

RECOMMENDS EAST ST. [illegible] AMENDS

[illegible] Examiner [illegible] recommended this week recommended that the application of [illegible] WKBS, Moline, Illinois, for license renewal be [illegible] tion of Murdoch L. Barrett, to erect a [illegible] Illinois, on [illegible] be granted and that the applications of Samuel K. [illegible] and Burrel Barnes to [illegible] station on 1310 kilocycles at Galesburg, the frequency [illegible].

[illegible] Examiner states that both [illegible] Jackson, [illegible] of WKBS and Samuel K. [illegible] and Burrel Barnes failed to appear at the [illegible] and their cases were denied [illegible] in cases of default.

The Chief Examiner [illegible] commends that Barrett be allowed to erect his station at [illegible] Moline with 100 watts power, a frequency of 1500 kilocycles and unlimited time, [illegible] the facility of [illegible].

[illegible] is recommended that "the motion to deny the application of Samuel K. Yeats and Burrel Barnes for a construction permit should be sustained because of the default and failure of applicants to appear or offer any evidence whatever in support of said applications."

In connection with the refusal of the [illegible] case, the report states: "The motion to deny the application of Permit N. Nelson, licensee of radio station WKBS for license and renewal of licenses to station WKBS should be sustained because of the default and failure to appear or offer any evidence whatever in support of said applications."

[illegible] is further stated in regard to the application for a new station at [illegible] Moline that "no objectionable interference is expected to result [illegible] the proposed station" and "the equipment proposed to be [illegible] set, conforms to the technical rules and means of the Commission."

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PROTESTS MOVE

The Telegraph Herald Company, of Dubuque, Iowa, [illegible] the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia against the [illegible] Commission granting Station WKBH [illegible] permission to move from [illegible] Dubuque, Illinois.

[illegible] newspaper company has no [illegible] tion but wants [illegible] to be the [illegible] time. It is stated that anyone now owning a station [illegible] to an [illegible] appeal [illegible] on a decision of the Commission.

Opposition to the stay or [illegible] Telegraph Herald Company was filed [illegible] the Court on Friday by the [illegible] that the appellant, "The [illegible] Telegraph Herald Company is not now a [illegible] broadcasting or other station, and has [illegible] never has had any application [illegible] before the Commission for a [illegible] station construction permit or [illegible] authorization [illegible]

NEWSPAPER PROTESTS MOVE (continued)

It is stated further in the petition of opposition that "on or about November 28, 1931, the Telegraph Herald Company made inquiry of the Commission as to the possibility of establishing a radio broadcasting station in Iowa." The Commission pointed out in a communication to the newspaper company that "in view of the large number of radio stations now licensed to operate and the limited number of channels available for broadcasting purposes, it is doubtful whether the Commission would give favorable consideration to an application for the construction of a new station." No further steps were taken by the company toward establishing a new station in Iowa "so far as the Commission was informed or advised." The Commission asks that the stay order be denied.

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COMMISSION TURNS DOWN NEW STATION

The Radio Commission this week refused to grant Edward Tomajko, Sr., a construction permit for the erection of a new broadcasting station at Greensburg, Pennsylvania thereby reversing Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in his Report No. 408.

It was found by the Commission that "Greensburg and surrounding area now receive fair to good daytime broadcast service from at least three stations located nearby and additional nighttime service from various high powered stations situated elsewhere."

The Commission found further in this case that "satisfactory showing is not made in this record that there is any real need for additional service in the Greensburg area or that the service proposed to be rendered therein by this applicant would be in the main materially different from that now received from a number of established stations."

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CHIMPANZEE - ANNOUNCER - BOXER

The Transportation Committee for the St. Louis Convention has arranged for a number of trips to points of interest in and around St. Louis.

In his report this week, A. B. Hendry, WIL, reported fully upon the plans of this committee. One paragraph of his report is as follows:

"One of the most interesting trips doubtless, which we have arranged, will be to the St. Louis zoo, which is just a few minutes drive from the Hotel Chase. Mr. Vierheller, the Director, at the present time is training a pair of chimpanzees in one of the most unusual radio presentations imagineable. The chimpanzees are being trained to go through some of the supposed gestures of an announcer at the mike, and one of them, believe it or not, will play the piano before the microphone, while the other does a tap dance. There will also be a three-round boxing exhibit between the chimpanzees with a blow by blow broadcast from the ringside."

The same chimpanzees that broadcast will be the boxers - or is it the other way 'round.

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SPAEDER PROTESTS MOVE (continued)

It is stated further in the petition of opposition that "on or about November [illegible] 1951, the Telegraph Herald Company made inquiry of the Commission as to the possibility of establishing a radio broadcast [illegible]. The Commission [illegible] out in a communication to the newspaper company [illegible] "in view of the [illegible] radio stations now licensed to operate and the limited number of channels available [illegible] purposes, it is doubtful whether the Commission would give favorable consideration to an application for the construction of a new station." No further [illegible] were taken by the company toward establishing a new station in Iowa "so far as the Commission was informed [illegible] advised." The [illegible] reason asks that the stay be denied.

COMMISSION TURNS DOWN NEW STATION

The Radio Commission this week refused to grant Edward Tomajko, Sr., a construction permit for the erection of a new broadcasting station at [illegible]burg, Pennsylvania, thereby reversing Chief Examiner Hilis A. Yost in his Report No. 408.

It was found by the Commission that "Greensburg and surrounding area now receive fair to good daytime broadcast service from at least three stations located nearby and additional nighttime service from various high powered stations [illegible]ted elsewhere."

[illegible] also found further in this case that "satisfactory showing is not made in this record that there is any real need for additional service in the Greensburg area or that the service proposed to be rendered therein by this applicant would be in the main materially different from that now received from a number of established stations."

CHIMPANZEE - ANNOUNCER - BOXER

The Transportation Committee for the St. Louis Convention has arranged for a number of trips to points of interest in and around St. Louis.

In his report this week, A. B. Hendry, WIL, [illegible] upon the plans of his committee. One paragraph of his report is as follows:

"One of the most interesting trips doubtless, which we have arranged, will be to the St. Louis zoo, which is just a few minutes drive from the Hotel Chase. Mr. [illegible] the Director, at the present time is training a pair of chimpanzees in one of the most unusual radio presentations imaginable. The chimpanzees are being [illegible] to go through some of the supposed features of an announcer at the mike, and [illegible] or them, believe it or not, will play the piano before the microphone, while the [illegible] does a tap dance. There will also be a three-round boxing exhibit between the chimpanzees with a blow by blow broadcast from the ringside."

The same chimpanzees that broadcast will be the boxers - or is it the same [illegible] round.

October 29, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, October 31, 1932. All hearings commence at 10 a.m.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1932.

Docket #1712	NEW	G. C. Redfield Rapid City, South Dakota	C. P.	570 kc, 1 KW Share time with WNAX
Docket #1745	WNAX	The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, South Dakota	Renewal	570 kc, 1 KW Unlimited time.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1932.

Docket #1587	KLX	The Tribune Publishing Co. Oakland, California	Mod. Lic.	880 kc, 1 KW Unlimited time.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1932

Docket #1728	NEW	Visual Radio Corporation Watsontown, Pennsylvania	C. P.	2200-2300 kc, 1 KW Intermittent hours.

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OCTOBER 31 MONITORING EQUIPMENT DEADLINE

All broadcasting stations of the country, according to the most recent order of the Radio Commission must have their monitoring frequency apparatus operating successfully by Monday, October 31.

Due to the fact that the manufacturers were slow in making some deliveries a number of the broadcasting stations did not have their equipment installed when the order went into effect last June. The time for this installation has been extended for a number of stations from time to time but the Commission has announced that it will not make any further extensions beyond October 31, except for compelling reasons.

While no announcement has been made at the Commission, it is understood that the frequencies of certain stations will be checked and if they are not operating within the 50 cycle allowance they will be cited for hearing by the Commission.

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MORE TIME TO FILE BRIEFS

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has granted Station WNYC, New York City until November 21, in which to file its brief in its appeal from a decision of the Radio Commission in Docket No. 5695. The Court granted Fred H. Goss until December 8, in which to file his brief in his case against the Commission in Docket No. 5804.

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October [illegible], 1932

[illegible] CALENDAR

The following hearings are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, October [illegible], 1932:

MONDAY, OCTOBER [illegible]

Docket [illegible]12	[illegible] C. [illegible] field [illegible] City, South Dakota	570 kc., 1 KW Share [illegible] with WMAX
[illegible]	The House of Gurney, Inc.	Renewal 570 kc., 1 KW Unlimited time

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1932.

[illegible]	The Tribune Publishing Co. Oakland, Calif.	Mod. lic. [illegible] 1 KW Limi[illegible]

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1932

[illegible]	Penal Radio Corporation [illegible]town, Pennsylvania	C. W. 2500-2500 kc., 1 KW Intermittent hours.

[illegible]TORDER 21 MONITORING [illegible]NT DEADLINE

All [illegible] broadcasting stations of the country, according to the most recent order o[illegible] the Commission must have their monitoring frequency apparatus operating succe[illegible]fully by [illegible], October 31.

[illegible] to the fact that the manufacturers were slow in making some deliveries a[illegible] or the broadcasting stations did not have their equipment installed when the [illegible]der went into effect last June. The time for this installation has been extended [illegible] a number of stations from time to time but the Commission has announced that it [illegible] not make any further extensions beyond October 31, except for compelling [illegible].

[illegible] No announcement has been made at the Commission, it is made a[illegible] frequencies or certain stations will be checked and if they are not operating [illegible] the 50 cycle allowance they will be cited for hearing by the Commission.

[illegible] BRIEFS

[illegible] Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has granted Station WMCA, New [illegible] until November 2, in which to file its brief in [illegible] appeal [illegible] a decis[illegible] [illegible] Commission in [illegible] No. [illegible]. The Court granted Fred H. Goss [illegible] until December 8, in which to file his brief in his case against the Commission in [illegible] No. 5804.

October 29, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

KECA	Earl C. Anthony Inc. Los Angeles, California	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1430 to 780 kc (facilities of KTM & KELW).
NEW	Joseph De Palma Jeanette, Pennsylvania	Requests C. P. for new station, 590 kc, 250 watts, daytime.
WTRC	The Truth Publishing Co. Inc. Elkhart, Indiana	Requests C. P. to change equipment and increase operating power from 50 to 100 W.
W5XC	Ozark Radio Corporation Shreveport, Louisiana	Requests renewal of general experimental license.
W5XA	Rev. Lannie W. Stewart Shreveport, Louisiana	Requests renewal of general experimental license.

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APPLICATIONS DENIED

During the current week the Commission denied the following applications because the applicants failed to enter appearances at hearings set in their cases.

NEW	F. C. Carroll Lakewood, Ohio	C. P. 3255, 6425 12850 kc, 5 watts, intermittent hours.
NEW	The Humphrey Company Cleveland, Ohio	C. P. 6040, 12080, kc, 500 watts, 4 hours day, 4 hours night.
NEW	John Brownlee Spriggs Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	C. P. 800 kc, 5 KW, daytime.
KROW	Educational Broadcasting Corp. Richmond, California	Mod. Lic. 930 kc, 500 watts, 1 KW LS, unlimited time.
WENC	Americus Broadcast Company Americus, Georgia	Denied authority to operate experimentally unlimited nighttime, for period of 60 days with 50 watts power, to determine extent of interference which would be caused by operation unlimited time with 50 watts nighttime, 100 watts daytime.

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October

APPLICATIONS SET FOR

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for

Earl C. Anthony Inc. Los Angeles, California	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1450 to 780 (facilities of KTM)
Joseph De Palma Jeanette, Pennsylvania	Requests C. P. for new station, 850 kc, 250 watts, daytime.
The Truth Publishing Co. Inc. Elkhart, Indiana	Requests C. P. to change equipment and increase operating power from 50 to 100 W.
Ozark Radio Corporation Shreveport, Lou[illegible]	[illegible] of general experimental licenses.
Rev. Lennie W. Stewart Shreveport, Louisiana	Requests renewal of [illegible] experimental [illegible]

DENIED

[illegible]ing the current week the Commission denied the following application because the applicants failed to enter appearances at hearings set in their cases.

C. Carroll [illegible], Ohio	C. P. 3265, 6425 1295kc, 5 watts, interhours.
The Humphrey Company Cleveland, Ohio	C. P. 8040, 1208kc, 500 watts, [illegible] hours night.
John Brownlee Spriggs Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	C. P. 600 kc, 5 KW, daytime.
Educational Broadcasting Corp. Richmond, California	Mod. Lic. 930 kc, 500 watts, 1 KW LS, unlimited time.
American Broadcast Company Americus, Georgia	Denied authority to operate experimentally unlimited [illegible] time, for period of 60 days with 50 watts power, to determine extent of interference which would be caused by operation unlimited time with 50 [illegible] time, 100 watts daytime.

October 29, 1932

APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following applications to the applicants.

4-MLB-1065	WKBF	Indianapolis Brdcstg. Inc. Indianapolis, Indiana	Mod. Lic. to change hours from specified to share with WCMA and WBAA (Request superseded by application 4-MLB-1068).
4-MLB-1051	KFNF	Henry Field Company Shenandoah, Iowa	Mod. Lic. to change hours to share with KUSD and WILL to remove time clause (Rule 6 a, c and d).
4-MLB-1050	KUSD	University of South Dakota Vermillion, South Dakota	Mod. Lic. to change hours to share with KFNF and WILL to remove time clause (Was to be considered with KFNF application and returned since KFNF application was returned).
4-MLB-1052	WILL	University of Illinois Urbana, Illinois	Mod. Lic. to change hours to share with KFNF and KUSD to remove time clause (Returned since KFNF application was returned).
5-MLB-1056	KUJ	KUJ, Inc. Walla Walla, Washington	Mod. Lic. to change from daytime to unlimited time. (Rule 6 a, c, d).
	WCAX	The Burlington Daily News, Inc., Burlington, Vermont	Renewal application returned. 1200 kc, 100 watts share with WNBX (not in proper form).
	WABZ	Samuel D. Reeks New Orleans, Louisiana	Renewal application returned.
	WJBW	Charles C. Carlson New Orleans, Louisiana	Renewal Application returned.

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SUPREME COURT REFUSES REVIEW

The United States Supreme Court has refused to review the case (No. 396) of the Dubilier Condenser Corporation against the Radio Corporation of America on the ground that it failed to file its petition for review within the time prescribed by the statute. The Dubilier Corporation claimed patent infringement. The Court also refused to review another case (No. 397) involving patent infringement of Lowell and Dunmore Patent No. 1635117 covering a signal receiving system.

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October 29, 1932

LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following licenses for which construction permits had been issued for changes: WKBZ, Ludington, Michigan; WHAS, Louisville, Kentucky; KFYO, Lubbock, Texas; WHET, Troy, Alabama.

The following stations were granted renewal of licenses for the regular period: KGA, Spokane, Washington; KIDO, Boise, Idaho; WFOX, Brooklyn, New York; WBBR, Brooklyn, New York; WEVD, New York City; WHAZ, Troy, New York, and KID, Idaho Falls, Idaho.

WCGU	United States Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Designated renewal application for hearing and granted temporary license pending decision on renewal application.
WHIS	Daily Telegraph Printing Co. Bluefield, West Virginia	Designated renewal application for hearing and granted temporary license pending decision on renewal application.
WRBX	Richmond Development Corp. Roanoke, Virginia	Designated renewal application for hearing and granted temporary license pending decision on renewal application.
WTAQ	Gillette Rubber Company Eau Claire, Wisconsin	Designated renewal application for hearing and granted temporary license pending decision on renewal application.
KSCJ	Perkins Bros. Co., The Sioux City Journal, Sioux City, Iowa	Granted temporary license, from November 1 to December 1, 1932, pending action on application for renewal of license.
KGMB	Honolulu Broadcasting Co. Ltd. Honolulu, T. H.	Granted temporary license, from November 1 to December 1, 1932, pending action on application for renewal of license.
KTW	The First Presbyterian Church of Seattle, Washington	Granted extension of temporary license to December 1, 1932.
WRAK	Clarence R. Cummins Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Granted temporary license subject to decision of Commission on pending application for renewal; to operate on 1370 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time until the completion of construction of Station WJEQ at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, and beginning program tests of said station, then simultaneous to share with WJEQ.

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PROPOSES TAX ON ANNOUNCERS

Radio stations would be taxed five per cent of their gross business under a bill to be introduced in the Alabama state legislature. The bill would also levy a tax of $100 per year on announcers and $25 a year on engineers.

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[illegible]

During the current week the Commission [illegible] lowing licenses for construction permits had been issued for changes: WKZE, Ludington, Michigan; WHAS, [illegible] Kentucky; KTYO, Lubbock, Texas; WEMP, Troy, Alabama.

[illegible] were granted renewal of licenses for the regular period: [illegible] ston; KIDO, Boise, Idaho; WFOX, Brooklyn, New York; WBEN, Brook[illegible] New [illegible] WKVD, New York City; WHAZ, Troy, New York, and KID, Idaho Falls, Ida[illegible]

[illegible]	Un[illegible]ites Broadc[illegible]ing Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Designated renewal application for hearing and granted temporary licenses pending decision on renewal application.
[illegible]	Daily [illegible]eaman Printing Co. [illegible]	[illegible]nted renewal application for hearing [illegible] temporary license pending decision on [illegible]ication.
[illegible]	Richmond Development Corp. Roanoke, Virginia	Designated renewal application for hearing and granted temporary license pending decision on renewal application.
[illegible]	Millette Rubber Company New Glarus, Wisconsin	Designated renewal application for hearing and granted temporary license pending decision on renewal.
[illegible]	Perkins Bros. Co., The Sioux City Journal, Sioux City, Iowa	Granted temporary license, from November to December 1, 1932, pending action on application for renewal of license.
[illegible]	Honolulu Broadcasting Co. Ltd. Honolulu, T. H.	Granted temporary license, from November to December 1, 1932, pending action on application for renewal of license.
[illegible]	The First Presby[illegible] Church of [illegible]ington	Granted extension of temporary license to December 1, 1932.
[illegible]	Clarence R. Gumm[illegible] Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Granted temporary license subject to decision of Commission [illegible] ing application for renewal; to operate [illegible] 1370 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time until the completion of co[illegible]ruction of station WLMG at Williamsport, [illegible], and beginning program tests of said station [illegible] when simultaneous to share with WJSV.

[illegible]

RADIO TAX ON AMUSEMENTS

Radio stations would be taxed five per cent of their gross business under a bill to be introduced in the Kansas state legislature. The bill would also levy [illegible] or $100 per year on announcers and $25 a year on engineers.

October 29, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WPCH	Eastern Broadcasters Inc. New York City	Granted authority to make move from Hoboken, N. J. to Flushing, N. Y. effective today.
WJEJ	A. V. Tidmore Hagerstown, Maryland	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change type of equipment.
WFAS	Westchester Broadcasting Corp. White Plains, New York	Granted authority to operate Monday, October 31, from 3 to 4 p.m., in order to broadcast a political rally.
WCAD	St. Lawrence University Canton, New York.	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control. Also granted renewal of license 1220 kc, 500 watts, specified hours.
WDEV	Harry C. Whitehill Waterbury, Vermont	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change type of equipment authorized by C. P.
	SECOND ZONE	
WHAS	The Courier Journal Co. & The Louisville Times Company Louisville, Kentucky	Granted authority to determine power of station by antenna measurement.
WORK	York Broadcasting Company York, Pennsylvania	Granted authority to operate from 4:45 p.m., EST, November 8 to 2 a.m., EST, November 9, in order to broadcast election returns.
	THIRD ZONE	
KFPM	Dave Ablowich, d/b as The New Furniture Co., Greenville, Texas	Granted ren. of lic. 1310 kc, 15 watts, specified hours.
WROL	Stuart Broadcasting Corp. Knoxville, Tennessee	Granted Mod. of C. P. to make changes in equipment and change commencement date from August 29 to 10 days after this date and completion date from November 29 to 60 days after this date.

October [illegible]

[illegible]

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 & 45 providing proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action.

NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
FIRST ZONE	
Eastern Broadcasters Inc. York City	Granted authority to make move from Hobokan, N. J. to Hinsdale, N. Y. effective [illegible]
A. V. Tidmore [illegible]ersville, Maryland	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change type of [illegible]
[illegible]ster Broadcasting Corp. White Plains, New York	Granted authority to operate Monday, October 31, from 3 to 4 p.m. in order to broadcast a political rally.
St. Lawrence University Canton, New York.	Granted authority to install [illegible] radio frequency control. Also [illegible] of license 1220 kc, 500 watts, specified hours.
Harry C. Whitehill Waterbury, Vermont	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change type of equipment authorized by C. P.
SECOND ZONE	
The Courier Journal Co. & The Louisville Times Company Louisville, Kentucky	Granted authority to determine power of station by antenna measurement.
York Broadcasting Company York, Pennsylvania	Granted authority to operate from 4:45 p.m., EST, November 8 to 2 a.m., EST, [illegible] D. in order to broadcast election returns.
THIRD ZONE	
Dave Ashlewich, d/b as The New Furniture Co., Greenville, Texas	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change type of equipment and change commencement date from August 20 to 10 days after this date and completion date from November 20 to 60 days after this date.
Stuart Broadcasting Corp. Knoxville, Tennessee	Granted Mod. of C. P. to make changes in equipment and change commencement date from August 20 to 10 days after this date and completion date from November 29 to 60 days after this date.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE

KLPM	John B. Cooley Minot, North Dakota	Granted authority to operate on a basis of sharing-time stations for the period from October 1 to November 7, in lieu of their present authorization for specified hours of operation.
KGCU	Mandan Radio Association Mandan, North Dakota	
KSOO	Sioux Falls Broadcast Assn. Inc. Sioux Falls, South Dakota	Granted authority to operate simultaneously with Station WRVA, on 1110 kc, from 6:30 p.m. to 1 a.m., CST, November 8, in order to broadcast election returns.
WHA	University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from September 13 to November 13, 1932.

FIFTH ZONE

KRKD	Dalton's Inc. Los Angeles, California	Granted C. P. to move transmitter locally in Los Angeles, to same location as that of KFSG, and use KFSG's transmitter during period of the move.
KCRJ	Charles C. Robinson Jerome, Arizona	Granted authority to operate from 8 p.m. until 12 midnight, November 8, in order to broadcast election returns.
KGCX	First State Bank of Vida Wolf Point, Montana	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from daily, 6 to 9 a.m.; noon to 3 p.m.; 6 to 9 p.m. MST, to: daily except Sunday 6:30 to 9 a.m.; 11:30 a.m. to 3 p.m. 6 to 9 p.m., and Sunday, 7 to 9 a.m.; 11a.m. to 3 p.m. and 6 to 9 p.m. (Total day and night hours remain same and no change in quota.)
KGAR	Tucson Motor Service Company. Tucson, Arizona	Granted authority to operate from sunset November 8, to 4 a.m., November 9 with 250 watts power, in order to broadcast election returns.
KUMA	Albert H. Schermann Yuma, Arizona	Granted special authority to operate from 9 p.m. to 12 midnight, MST, October 31 and November 7.

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[illegible] (continued)

FOURTH ZONE

[illegible]	John B. Dooley Milo, North Dakota	Granted authority to operate on a [illegible] or sharing [illegible] as [illegible] the period from October 1 to November 7, in lieu of their [illegible] station for [illegible] fixed hours of operation.
[illegible]	Mandan Radio Association Mandan, North Dakota	
[illegible]	Sioux Falls Broadcast Assn. Inc. Sioux Falls, South Dakota	Granted [illegible] operate [illegible] with station WRVA, on 1110 kc, from [illegible] p.m. to 1 a.m., CST, November 8, in order [illegible] broadcast election returns.
[illegible]	University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin	Granted Mod. of C. P. [illegible] authorizing completion [illegible] from September 13 to November [illegible], 1

ZONE

[illegible]	Dalton's Inc. Los Angeles, California	Granted C. P. to move [illegible] in Los [illegible] same location as that of KFSG, and use KFSG's transmitter during the period of the move.
[illegible]	Charles C. Robi Jerome, Arizona	Granted authority to operate from 8 p.m. until 12 midnight, MST, November 8, in order to broadcast election returns.
[illegible]	First State Bank of Vida Vida, Montana	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from daily, 6 to 9 a.m.; noon to 3 p.m., [illegible] p.m. MST, to: daily except Sunday 6:30 to 9 a.m.; 11:30 a.m. to 3 p.m., 5 to 9 p.m., and Sundays, 7 to 9 a.m.; 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. and 5 to 9 p.m. (Total day and night hours remain same and no change in [illegible]).
[illegible]	Tucson Motor Service Company Tucson, Arizona	Granted authority to operate from sunset [illegible] 8, to 4 a.m., November 9 with 250 watts power, in order to broadcast [illegible] returns.
[illegible]	Albert H. Schermann Yuma, Arizona	[illegible] special authority to operate from [illegible] p.m. to 12 midnight, MST, October [illegible]

October 29, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-MPB-387	WGNY	Peter Goelet Chester Township, N. Y.	Mod. of C. P. issued 9/30/32 to make changes in equipment.
1-PB-2722	WABC-WBOQ	Atlantic Broadcasting Corp. New York, N. Y.	C. P. to move auxiliary formerly licensed, from West of Cross Bay Blvd., L. I., N. Y., to location of main transmitter ½ mile from Wayne, New Jersey.
1-MPB-385	WHDH	Matheson Radio Co., Inc. Boston, Massachusetts	Mod. of C. P. issued 7/15/32 to give exact transmitter location.
1-PB-2726	WLCI	Lutheran Association of Ithaca, New York.	C. P. to make changes in equipment.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2717	WBAX	John H. Stenger, Jr. Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania	C. P. for changes in equipment, change frequency, power and hours from 1210 kc, 100 watts, specified hours to 1230 kc, 250 watts, unlimited hours.

The nearest station on this frequency would be WPSC, State College, Pennsylvania, which has been denied this frequency by the Commission but still has right of appeal. This station is 110 miles distant while the engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 60 miles.

Should this station finally be denied this frequency the nearest other station on the same frequency is WNAC, Boston which is 260 miles distant.

2-MLB-1079	WRBX	Richmond Development Corp. Roanoke, Virginia	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from, shares equally with WHIS, to shares with WHIS, to remove the word "equally" from license.
2-PB-2692A	NEW	Herman Radner Lansing, Michigan	C. P. for new station to use 880 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours amended to request 1210 kc.

The nearest station on this same frequency is CFCO, Chatham, Ontario, which is 130 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the Second Zone and the State are under quota.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

SECOND ZONE (continued)

2-MLB-1074A	WCBA	B. Bryan Musselman Allentown, Pennsylvania	Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 250 to 500 watts; amended to request the authorization be made on experimental basis.
2-MLB-1075A	WSAN	Allentown Call Publishing Co. Inc., Allentown, Pennsylvania	Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 250 to 500 watts; amended to request the authorization be made on experimental basis.

THIRD ZONE

3-FB-301	WACO	Central Texas Broadcasting Co. Inc., Waco, Texas	Install automatic frequency control.
3-MLB-1078	WENC	H. P. Everett, Linwood Morris, R. T. Crabb d/b as Americus Broadcast Company, Americus, Georgia	Mod. of Lic. to change power and hours from 100 watts, daytime to 50 watts night, 100 watts local sunset, unlimited hours.

The nearest station on the same frequency to WENC, 1420 kc is WAMC, Anniston, Alabama, which is 150 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. The Third Zone is over quota but the state has just what it is allowed. Granting of this application would increase the quota.

3-PB-2723	KOCW	J. T. Griffin Chickasha, Oklahoma	C. P. to change transmitter and studio locally and change equipment.
3-ALB-472	KTSA	Lone Star Broadcast Co., Inc. San Antonio, Texas	Vol. assign. of lic. to Southwest Broadcasting Company.

FOURTH ZONE

4-MLB-1080	WKBH	WKBH, Inc. La Crosse, Wisconsin	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from simultaneous day with KSO; divide night with KSO to unlimited.

Granting of this application would increase the quota. The Zone is over quota but the State is under quota.

4-PB-2721	NEW	Harold Bourell & Larry Thomas d/b as The Hutchinson Brdcstg. Corp., Hutchinson, Kansas	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 200 watts, daytime.

Hutchinson is 260 miles from Grant City, Missouri, where station KGIZ, operates on the same frequency and is the nearest station on that frequency. The Commission's engineers recommend a separation of 100 miles. The Fourth Zone is over quota but the State is under quota. Granting of this license would increase the quota.

SECOND ZONE

WCHA	B. Bryan [illegible]man Lentown, Pennsylvania	[illegible] of Lic. to inc[illegible] from 250 to 500 [illegible] request the [illegible]thor[illegible]ti[illegible] on experimental basis.
[illegible]OVSA	Allentown Call Publishing Co. Inc., Allentown, Pennsylvania	Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 250 to 500 [illegible]

THIRD ZONE

WACO	[illegible] Inc., Waco, Texas	[illegible]
WEMC	B. P. Everett, Linwood Morri[illegible] R. T. Cobb d/b as am[illegible]	[illegible] of Lic. to [illegible] [illegible]ure from 100- 50 watts nights

[illegible] share [illegible] station on the same frequency to WEMC, [illegible] as WAMC, [illegible], which is 150 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a [illegible] or [illegible] Third Zone is over quota but the state has just what it owed. Granting of this application would increase the quota.

[illegible]	[illegible] Griffin [illegible]tokmasha, Oklahoma	C. [illegible]. to change transmitter an[illegible] studio locally and change soul[illegible]
[illegible]SA	[illegible] San Antonio, Texas	[illegible] assign. of [illegible]

FOURTH ZONE

[illegible]KBH	[illegible] Inc. [illegible]rosse, Wisconsin	[illegible] operation from simultaneous da[illegible] with KSO; divide night with KS[illegible] [illegible] unlimi[illegible]

Granting of this application would increase the quota. The zone is over quot[illegible] State is under quota.

[illegible]	Harold Bonnell & Larry Thomas d/b as The Hutchinson Bridge[illegible] Corp., Hutchinson, Kansas	C. [illegible] to mo[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]ansas is 260 miles from [illegible] Missouri, where station KGIZ, operates [illegible] same frequency and is the nearest station on that frequency. The [illegible] engineers recommend a separation of [illegible]00 miles. The Fourth Zone is over quota but [illegible] state is under quota. Granting of this license would increase the quota.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

4-PB-2695	NEW	Capitol Radio Transmitting & Detection Corp. Joplin, Missouri	C. P. for new station to use 1420 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours, facilities of WMBH, Joplin, Missouri.

The nearest station on this frequency is KGFF, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, which is 190 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the Z one and State are over quota.

FIFTH ZONE

5-MPB-388	KMJ	James McClatchy Co. Fresno, California	Mod. of C. P. issued 7/22/32 to give exact transmitter location and change in antenna.
5-FB-299	KGFJ	Ben S. McGlashan Los Angeles, California	Install automatic frequency control.
5-FB-302	KLZ	The Reynolds Radio Co., Inc. Denver, Colorado	Install automatic frequency control.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received license renewal applications from the following stations: KREG, Santa Ana, California; WMPC, Lapeer, Michigan; WKBZ, Ludington, Michigan; WJBK, Detroit, Michigan; WSIX, Springfield, Tennessee; KGIZ, Grant City, Missouri; KFVD, Los Angeles, California; WWSW, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; WCAX, Burlington, Vermont; WFBG, Altoona, Pennsylvania; WJAC, Johnstown, Pennsylvania; WGH, Newport News, Virginia; WDAS, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WJTL, Atlanta, Georgia.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for licenses covering previously authorized permits from the following stations: KGBX, Springfield, Missouri; KNX, Los Angeles, California; KASA, Elk City, Oklahoma; KNX, Los Angeles, California.

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NFRA PLANS RADIO "WHO'S WHO"

H. G. Erstrom, executive vice president of the National Federation of Radio and Electrical Associations, has announced that his group is endorsing and promoting a publication to be entitled "Who's Who In Radio".

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FOURTH ZONE (cont)

	Radio Transmitting & Detection Corp. Joplin, Missouri	C. P. for new station to use 1480 kc, 100 watts, unlimited facilities of [illegible], Joplin, Missouri.

The nearest station on this frequency is KGFF, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, which is 150 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1[illegible] miles. Both the Zone and State are over quota.

FIFTH ZONE

[illegible]	[illegible] McGlashan Co. Fresno, California	Mod. of C. P. issued 7/22/32 to give exact transmitter location and change in antenna.
[illegible]-ME-329	Ben S. McGlashan Los Angeles, California	Install automatic frequency control.
	The Reynolds Radio Co., Inc. Denver, Colorado	Install automatic frequency control.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received license renewal applications from the following stations: [illegible], Santa Ana, California; WMPC, Lapeer, Michigan; [illegible], Ludington, Michigan; WJBK, Detroit, Michigan; WSIX, Springfield, Tennessee; [illegible]ury, Missouri; KRVD, Los Angeles, California; WWSW, Pittsburgh, [illegible], Pennsylvania; WJAC, Johnstown, Pennsylvania; [illegible], Newport News, Virginia; WDAS, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WJTL, [illegible]lanta, Georgia.

LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received applications for licenses covering previously authorized permits from the following stations: KOBK, Springfield, Missouri; KMX, Los Angeles, California; KASA, Elk City, Oklahoma; KMX, Los Angeles, California.

RADIO "WHO'S WHO"

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

November 5, 1932

REDUCED RAILROAD RATES

Fare and one-half of the current one way railroad fares on the certificate plan has been authorized for delegates who will attend the Tenth Annual Convention of the National Association of Broadcasters to be held at the Hotel Chase, St. Louis, Missouri, November 13, 14, 15 and 16.

In addition to this reduction in railroad fares, the Convention Committee has cut the registration fee to $10.00 which will not only cover the banquet on Tuesday night, but the smoker on Monday night and luncheons on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Indications are that all attendance records will be broken during the St. Louis meeting. The importance of issues to come before the Convention has stimulated an unprecedented interest among broadcasters in all parts of the country. The copyright and international situations have arrived at a critical stage and call for firm and aggressive action on the part of all broadcasters. Legislative, commercial and program problems likewise demand free and frank discussion.

If you have a real interest in the future of American broadcasting and of your business in particular, pack your grip, buy a ticket and attend the St. Louis Meeting.

November 5,

The Board of Directors of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers at a special meeting held in New York, Wednesday, November 2, refused to sanction the proposal for a revision of the broadcasting copyright contracts, which had been worked out in almost two months of conferences between E. C. Mills, general manager of the Society, and Oswald F. Schmitz for the National Association of Broadcasters.

The basic feature of the new contract upon which Mr. Mills and Mr. Schmitz agreed would have transferred the royalty from the total revenues of broadcasting stations to a percentage of the advertising revenue earned by the use of ASCAP music. Throughout the negotiations, as well as in correspondence with individual broadcasters, Mr. Mills has agreed that it was wrong to levy on programs regardless of their musical content. The Board of Directors with this position but declined to sanction a revision of the contract at this time.

As a result, no new contract will be presented to the St. Louis Convention and Mr. Mills is expected to insist upon speedy signatures of the outstanding contracts, despite the fact that they propose a royalty levy on revenues are not earned by the use of the Society's music. Under the circumstances, it may now be necessary for the stations to sign the proposed contract in order to protect themselves against infringement proceedings. Mr. Mills continues to give the assurance that if any future revision of the contract should be sanctioned by his Board, such revision will inure to all the holders of the present contract.

Individual stations are now in the same position as the Board of Directors of the MAB found themselves last August, when a failure to accept the terms demanded by ASCAP, might have entailed an avalanche of infringement suits which would have wrecked the industry.

At that time, the MAB directors conferred plenary powers upon Mr. Schmitz so far as copyright activities were concerned in the hope that he would be able to obtain a revision of the contract then demanded by ASCAP, so as to remove that contract the arbitrary and unreasonable features. Chief of these was the demand by ASCAP for a royalty upon all the revenues of a station, instead of limiting that royalty to the money earned by programs using the Society's compositions.

In the course of the negotiations, considerable progress was made. First came a downward revision of sustaining fees then came Mr. Mills' withdrawal of the Society's demand for royalty from the revenue obtained from political addresses. This concession was largely the result of complaints by candidates who resented an attempt to levy a "copyright" royalty upon their speeches.

A similar situation has now developed in other fields. Particularly in the case of programs of churches and schools there has been a resentment against an attempt to levy a copyright royalty. No copyright music is used in these programs.

ASCAP BOARD REJECTS REVISION (Continued)

In the meantime, the relations between Mr. Mills and the Committee representing newspaper stations, who undertook to obtain special concessions, have not improved. The Board of Directors of ASCAP has declined to permit any further concessions to newspapers, and particularly has refused to cancel the minimum guarantee of twice last year's fees which was written into the newspaper contract.

The chief difficulty in the present situation is the fact that the Directors of ASCAP have evidenced no desire for friendly cooperation with the NAB. They insisted on a demand for as large a revenue as could be forced from the broadcasters, whether the broadcasters went into bankruptcy or not. They argued that they had succeeded in forcing the broadcasters to accept their terms and would not permit Mr. Mills to yield despite their admission that the contract was on its face unjustifiable.

This attitude of ASCAP will make the copyright discussions at St. Louis more important than ever. In the face of such an attitude, only a vigorous and united broadcasting industry can prevail. It is difficult to believe that ASCAP desires to disrupt friendly relations with the broadcasters, but the broadcasters can meet the situation only by unified action.

For the time being the decision of the Board of Directors of ASCAP has put an end to negotiations between Mr. Schuette and Mr. Mills. Further negotiations concerning the signing of individual contracts will have to be carried on between the stations and the local representatives of ASCAP, or between the stations and Mr. Mills.

When it comes to the interpretation of the contract which the stations have signed, an entirely different situation arises. In that interpretation, Mr. Schuette will continue to represent NAB. Interpretation of the ASCAP contract will determine the royalties paid by stations. Questions pertaining to this interpretation will be discussed in the copyright sessions at St. Louis.

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1932 REGISTRATION FEE A BARGAIN

The registration fee of $10.00 which will be charged to all persons attending the St. Louis Convention will not only include a ticket to the annual banquet, scheduled for Tuesday night, but will also include luncheons to be served at the Hotel Chase on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

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SIGHTSEEING TRIPS ARRANGED

The Transportation Committee has arranged a number of sightseeing trips to points of interest in and around St. Louis on Sunday for those who do not play golf or shoot.

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November 5, 1932

C O N F I D E N T I A L

MADRID CONFERENCE DEADLOCKED

With the allocation committees apparently deadlocked, the International Radiotelegraph Conference now in progress in Madrid has been moving forward slowly.

Failure of the United States to take a definite stand in favor of the proposal offered by Canada and Mexico may mean that the plan, which would have made available to broadcasting channels from 540 to 470 kc, is now dead.

The United States delegation now favors a proposal under which adequate channels would be retained for all mobile interests, without any shift in the distress and calling frequency of 500 kc, but leaving open for regional assignment certain bands between 385 and 550 kc. Mobile interests object to the provision which would leave the way open for regional assignments.

Meetings this week found the broadcasters and mobile group still in disagreement with the broadcasters continuing their support of the delegation and maintaining that the delegates should be given a free hand in working out a satisfactory allocation solution.

Louis G. Caldwell, who has been representing the NAB at Madrid, has left Spain and will return to the United States next week.

European countries are strongly urging widening of the broadcast band and insisting that existing stations on the long waves must not be molested. These countries are far from agreement as to the manner in which European long wave broadcasting stations are to be accommodated.

For many months the NAB has been advocating widening of the broadcast band in the belief that in this way a basis can be found for settling the broadcast difficulties in the North American continent.

At the present time it is impossible to predict the final outcome of the Convention.

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BECK UNABLE TO SPEAK

Hon. James M. Beck, former solicitor general of the United States and now member of Congress from Pennsylvania, will be unable to address the St. Louis meeting. Mr. Beck was expected to speak on the subject of freedom of speech. A previous speaking engagement in the East will make it impossible for Mr. Beck to be present at St. Louis.

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LARGE ATTENDANCE INDICATED

From early reservations received at the Hotel Chase, St. Louis, it is predicted that the St. Louis Convention will be the largest broadcasters meeting ever held.

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BECK WEARER TO SPEAK

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RGK

[illegible] received [illegible] the Hotel [illegible] that the St. Louis [illegible] ever held.

November 5, 1932

REDUCED R.R. FARE TO ST. LOUIS

A reduction of one and one-half for the round-trip on the "Certificate Plan" will apply for delegates (also dependent delegates or their families) attending the meeting of the National Association of Broadcasters to be held at St. Louis, Mo. on November 13 to 16 inclusive.

Be sure when purchasing your going ticket to ask the ticket agent for a "Certificate Receipt." Each delegate should have a separate 'Certificate Receipt" covering ticket he purchases. One receipt for more than one ticket will not be honored or validated. If, however, it is impossible to get a certificate receipt from the local ticket agent, a regular receipt will be satisfactory and should be secured when ticket is purchased. See that the ticket reads to the point where the convention is to be held and no other. See that your "Certificate Receipt" is stamped with the same date as your ticket. Sign your name to the Certificate or Receipt in ink. Show this to the Ticket Agent.

Call at the railroad station for the ticket and certificates at least 30 minutes before departure of the train.

Certificates are not kept at all stations. Ask your home station whether you can procure certificates and through tickets to the place of meeting. If not, buy a local ticket to the nearest point where a certificate and through ticket to place of meeting can be purchased.

Immediately upon your arrival at the meeting, present your Certificate to the endorsing officer - Mr. L. A. Benson - as the reduced fares for the return journey WILL NOT APPLY unless you are properly identified as provided for by the certificate.

Special Agent of the carriers will validate certificates on Nov. 14-16, 1932, inclusive. NO REFUND of fare will be made on account of failure to either obtain a proper certificate, or on account of failure to have the certificate validated.

It must be understood that the reduction for the return journey is not guaranteed but is contingent on an attendance of not less than 100 members of the organization and dependent members of their families at the meeting holding regularly issued certificates from ticket agents at starting points showing payment of normal one-way tariff fare of not less than 67 cents on the going trip.

If necessary minimum of 100 regularly issued certificates are presented to the Special Agent, and your Certificate is validated you will be entitled to a return ticket via the same route as used for the going journey, at one-half the normal one-way tariff fare from place of meeting to point at which your certificate was issued, up to and including November 19, 1932. The final return limit of such return ticket will be thirty (30) days from the date of purchase of the going ticket as indicated by agents stamp on the certificate or receipt.

Return tickets issued at the reduced fare will not be good on any limited train on which such reduced fare transportation is not honored.

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November 5, 1932

NAB GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

A dispatch from Boston states that John Shepard, III, head of the Yankee Network, will be on deck to defend the NAB golf championship at St. Louis, Mo. The golf tournament will be held over the links of the Sunset Country Club on Sunday. Autos will leave the Hotel Chase promptly at 10 o'clock Sunday morning for the Sunset Club.

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CHRYSANTEHMUMS AND CHIMPANZEES

Sunday entertainment at St. Louis will be quite varied.

If you play golf -- there will be the NAB Golf Tournament at 10:00 a.m.

If you are a marksman -- there will be the Trapshooting Tournament at Kirkwood at 2:00 p.m.

If you are neither golfer nor marksman -- you can have your choice between chrysanthemums and chimpanzees. At Shaws Garden, second only to Kew Gardens of London, you will be able to see the most gorgeous exhibit of chrysantehmums in the world. At the St. Louis Zoo you will be able to see two trained chimpanzees in a boxing exhibition and in a specially rehearsed radio program.

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TRAPSHOOTING AT ST. LOUIS

Arrangements have been made for a trapshooting tournament (yes, the outdoor sport) during the St. Louis Convention. The event will take place at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon at Kirkwood, the home of Thomas Patrick Convey of KWK. Guns and ammunition will be available there for participants.

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STATION PROMOTION EXHIBIT

The Station Promotion Committee has arranged for an exhibit of station promotion material at the St. Louis meeting. Stations are urged to send to Mr. John F. Patt, WGAR, Cleveland, Ohio, or his care Hotel Chase, St. Louis, Mo. copies of any promotional literature which has been sent out to the trade or to listeners, pictures of, or any details of any billboard or publication advertising, copies of novelties, blotters, balloons, calendars, etc.

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GANNON ON PROGRAM

Charles F. Gannon, chairman of the Four A's radio committee, is scheduled to speak at Tuesday's meeting. Mr. Gannon will discuss the standard order blank proposed by the Four A's and the necessity for standardization of rate cards.

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November 5, 1932

RECOMMENDS KYW MOVE

Examiner Elmer W. Pratt in Report No. 426, involving the frequency 1020 kilocycles, a Second Zone clear channel which in 1928 was loaned to the Fourth Zone, has recommended that Station KYW, now using that frequency in Chicago, be granted permission to move to Philadelphia; that it remain on its present frequency and that it be authorized to operate with a directional antenna at its new location. Pending the construction of the new station at Philadelphia, the Examiner recommended that KYW be granted a renewal license for the continued operation of its station in Chicago.

In connection with this proposed change, the Examiner made a number of recommendations as follows:

He recommended denial of the application of Kunsky-Trendle Broadcasting station license of Station WXYZ to construct a new 10 KW station at Detroit to use the 1020 kilocycles channel. He further recommended the denial of the application of WJAS, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, for 820 kilocycles as well as the request of that station that the frequency 1020 kilocycles be assigned to Station WHAS at Louisville, Kentucky, in lieu of its present assignment of 820 kilocycles.

Under the Examiner's recommendation, WRAX, now operating on the frequency 1020 kilocycles in Philadelphia, daytime, would be transferred to 920 kilocycles to share time with WPEN. WRAX would receive a temporary renewal license to operate on 1020 kilocycles pending construction of a new transmitter. WPEN, operating with 100 watts power on the frequency of 1500 kilocycles, unlimited time, would receive a change in frequency to 920 kilocycles to share time with WRAX. WIBG would receive an increase in power from 25 to 100 watts and a change in frequency from 930 to 970 kilocycles.

While recommending a grant of the application of KYW to move to Philadelphia the Examiner recommended denial of the application of WFAN, WIP and WCAU, all of Philadelphia, requesting the use of 1020 kilocycles.

The application of WHAS, Louisville, Kentucky, would receive a renewal license to operate on 820 kilocycles under the Examiner's recommendation. Likewise, Stations WORK, York, Pennsylvania, WHN, WQAO-WPAP and WRNY, New York City, sharing time on 1010 kilocycles would each receive a renewal license.

Stations WOWO and WWVA, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and Wheeling, West Virginia, sharing time on 1160 kilocycles, both having applied for full time on that frequency, the Examiner recommended denial of both applications and in addition denial was recommended with reference to the application of WOWO for an increase in power from 10 to 25 KW. The granting of applications for renewal of licenses for these two stations was recommended.

An interesting discussion of the legal status of the 1020 frequency is made in the report by Examiner Pratt who says on this question:

"Charged by Section 9 of the Radio Act of 1927, as amended by Section 5 of the Act of March 28, 1928, with the responsibility of so regulating broadcasting (through an equal distribution of facilities among the five zones defined by the Act and a fair and equitable distribution among the States in each of the zones according to population) as to serve the public interest, convenience and necess-

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"Charged by Section 9 of the Radio Act of 1927, as amended by Section 3 of the Act of March 28, 1928, with the responsibility of so regulating broadcasts (through an equal distribution of facilities among the five zones defined by the Act and a fair and equitable distribution among the States in each of the zones according to population) as to serve the public interest, convenience and necess-

ity, the Commission in the Fall of 1928 enacted General Order No. 40. This regulation designated certain frequencies, forty in number, to be clear channels, eight to be used in each of the five zones. The frequency 1020 kilocycles was designated a clear channel and allocated to the Second Zone.

"Inasmuch as 1020 kilocycles was a clear channel, by General Order No. 40 allocated to the Second Zone, only under this "borrowing clause" could it have been assigned to a station in the Fourth Zone. The temporary license of KYW to use 1020 kilocycles in Chicago has been renewed from time to time under authority of this provision. Although in court proceedings involving this frequency the action of the Commission attempting to change the terms of the license of KYW without notice and hearing was held invalid no decision was made relating to the legal status of the frequency 1020 kilocycles. (Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company v Federal Radio Commission 47 F (2d) 415).

"In Paragraph 116 of the Commission's new Rules and Regulations which became effective February 1, 1932, that part of General Order No. 40, which made 1020 kilocycles a Second Zone clear channel, was reenacted. Thus 1020 kilocycles is still a borrowed channel and subject to return to the Second Zone."

Examiner Pratt in his report in this case also has the following to say in connection with the principles for determining service. He says:

"Inasmuch as broadcasting stations produce their best signals in areas immediately surrounding their transmitters, the quota figures are significant evidence of the service -- transmission and reception -- rendered in any given metropolitan area. They are likewise indicative of any need for additional service.

"Quota figures of the states and zones from which have come the applications for 1020 kilocycles show that the Fourth Zone and the State of Illinois have a vast amount of service more than the Second Zone and the States of Michigan and Pennsylvania therein located and that Pennsylvania is more underquota than Michigan. Service in the Detroit, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Chicago metropolitan areas, is shown in the following table:

	Total Units Per 100,000 Population	Total Units Per 100,000 Receiving Sets	Network Stations Units per 100,000 Population	Network Stations Units per 100,000 Receiving Sets
Detroit	.36	2.63	.29	2.06
Pittsburgh	.41	3.33	.37	3.05
Philadelphia	.26	1.92	.22	1.62
Chicago	.73	4.62	.59	3.75

These figures show that Pittsburgh has considerably less service than Chicago, that Detroit has less service than Pittsburgh and that Philadelphia has less service than Detroit.

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	Total Units per 100,000 Population	Total Units Receiving Sets	Network Stations Units per 100,000 Population	Network Stations Units per 100,000 Receiving Sets
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Pittsburgh	.47	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Philadelphia	.26	1.92	.22	[illegible]
Chicago	.73	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

These figures show that Pittsburgh has considerably less [illegible] than Chicago, that Detroit has less service than Pittsburgh and that Philadelphia has less service than Detroit.

RECOMMENDS KYW MOVE (Concluded)

"Logically, quota alone considered, an underquota zone is entitled to facilities in preference to an overquota zone. Of two underquota states in an underquota zone, the more underquota state is entitled to preference. Of two cities in the more underquota state the city with the less service is entitled to preference. Of a number of applicants from such a city the one making the least objectionable proposal (interference, programs and service, financial and technical qualifications, etc., considered) is entitled to preference."

In connection with the question of priority in the use of the channel Examiner Pratt says in his report:

"(a) While each of the applicants for 1020 kilocycles is financially responsible and otherwise qualified to carry out his proposal, the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, licensee of KYW, has a superior financial standing, greater technical resources, more extensive broadcasting experience, etc. than any of the other applicants. Although there exists in a licensee no property or priority rights in a frequency it has been held that a licensee with a good past record and substantial investment in his station should not be deprived of his license except for compelling reasons. In Chicago Federation of Labor v Federal Radio Commission (41 F (2d) 422) the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia said: 'It is not consistent with true public convenience, interest, or necessity, that meritorious stations * * * should be deprived of broadcasting privileges when once granted to them, which they have at great cost prepared themselves to exercise, unless clear and sound reasons of public policy demand such action. The cause of independent broadcasting in general would be seriously endangered and public interests correspondingly prejudiced, if the licenses of established stations should arbitrarily be withdrawn from them, and appropriated to the use of other stations * * *'

"(b) In view of the application to move KYW to Philadelphia there appears to be no reason for depriving the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company of its license to operate said station."

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POWER INCREASE DENIED WMAL

Station WMAL, Washington, D. C. operating on a frequency of 630 kilocycles with 500 watts daytime and 250 watts night was denied an increase to 500 watts fulltime in a recommendation made in Report No. 428 by Chief Examiner Yost on Friday. The station operates full time.

The Chief Examiner states in his report that the people within the area proposed to be served by WMAL now receive good radio reception locally.

The granting of the request would have brought the District of Columbia over quota by 0.05 of a unit and further the granting of the request "would create additional interference with Station WGBF, Evansville, Ind. operating on the same frequency."

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In connection with the question of priority in the use of the channel Commissioner Prettyman says in his report:

"(a) While each of the applicants for 1020 kilocycles is financially responsible and otherwise qualified to carry out his proposal, the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, licensee of KYW, has a superior financial standing, technical resources, more extensive broadcasting experience.

Then any of the other applicants: Although there exists in a licensee no property or priority rights in a frequency it has been held that a licensee with a good past record and substantial investment in his station should not be deprived of his license except for compelling reasons: In Chicago Federation of Labor Federal Radio Commission [illegible] the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia said: 'It is not consistent with sure public convenience, interest, or necessity, that meritorious stations * * * should be deprived of [illegible] privileges when once granted to them, which they have at great cost procured themselves to exercise, unless clear and sound reasons of public policy demand such action. The cause of independent broadcasting in general would be seriously endangered and public interests correspondingly prejudiced, if the licenses of established stations should [illegible] tarily be withdrawn from them, and appropriated to the use of other stations * * *'

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November 5, 1932

DISTRICT COURT SUSTAINS COMMISSION

The Federal Radio Commission was upheld this week by the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in connection with its decision refusing to renew the license of broadcasting station WMBA, Newport, Rhode Island.

"We find no error", says the Court, "in the Commission's procedure which could have interfered with a full and fair trial of the issues properly presented by the appellant's application. Accordingly the order of the Commission herein appealed from is affirmed with costs."

This case was submitted to the Court on October 3 without argument.

The Station was cited by the Commission for hearing because of its poor and inadequate equipment, operation of the station by an unlicensed operator, a frequency deviation of 6,1000 cycles on February 9, 1931 and programs not in the public interest. Regular hearing was held before an Examiner who decided against a license renewal and this was upheld by the Commission.

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BRITISH COIN-IN-SLOT RADIOS

Due to the success of selling electric refrigerators in the United States with the aid of coin-operated time clocks, the British are taking interest in this form of installment selling not only for refrigerators but also radio sets, according to reports to the Commerce Department from its London office.

The idea for a coin-operated timing device in connection with radio sets is gradually forging ahead in Great Britain, it is pointed out. The use of an appliance of this nature, it is felt, will overcome many of the present difficulties of the installment or hire purchase business, since the money is collected gradually to suit the pockets of the poorer classes.

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RADIO EMPLOYMENT INCREASES

Employment in the radio manufacturing plants of 42 firms totaled 17,621 in September an increase of 8 per cent over August but a decrease of 40.3 per cent compared with September of last year according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. The average weekly payrolls in these plants in September amounted to $353,004 an increase of 25 per cent over August but a decrease of 41.1 per cent compared with September of last year.

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RADIO ADVERTISING INCREASES

Radio advertising expenditures increased from $2,279,000 in August to $2,490,000 in September according to the Survey of Current Business just published by the Department of Commerce. The figures are for national accounts reported by a limited number of companies. Magazine and newspaper advertising likewise showed increases during September.

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November 5, 1932

TAX ON ELECTRICAL TRANSCRIPTIONS

The Bureau of Internal Revenue has issued the following in connection with a tax on electrical transcriptions used for broadcasting purposes.

"Advice is requested concerning the taxability of electrical transcriptions as phonograph records.

"Article 46 of Regulations 46, Revenue Act of 1932, provides that 'all phonograph records are subject to tax regardless of the substance of which made or the manner in which used.'

"Electrical transcriptions used by broadcasting systems are phonograph records and are taxable as such under section 607 of the Revenue Act of 1932, when sold by the manufacturer."

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RADIO EDUCATION MUST COMPETE

"We are learning that educational radio programs must be made so interesting that listeners will hold on in the face of the jazz and detective story competition," Commissioner William John Cooper of the Federal Office of Education said today in announcing the forthcoming economics program of the National Advisory Council on Radio in Education. "We have made some progress toward developing the technique of interest but we have by no means gone all the way. Infinite skill and the best of talent are necessary if we are to succeed. We must think all the time of the listener and ask ourselves constantly if we are holding him. When we feel he is reaching for the dial we are failing."

Current issues of economic and governmental importance will be the theme of a new series of broadcasts to be sponsored by the National Advisory Council on Radio in Education after the presidential election. The presentations, which are scheduled to start on November 12, will be given every Saturday evening from 8:30 to 9 p.m., eastern standard time, and will be carried over a nation-wide network of the National Broadcasting Company.

To manage this series the Economics Committee of the National Advisory Council has selected the Brookings Institution of Washington, D. C., an independent research organization which has gained international reputation for its work in economics and government. It is the plan of the Brookings Institution to link the various broadcasts in this series closely to events of prominence in the public eye, thus securing a combination of timeliness and authoritative interpretation.

A feature of the undertaking is the subordination of formal addresses by individuals to interviews and round table discussions in which specialists in the field of each address and a number of well-known Washington newspaper correspondents will participate.

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November 5, 1932

TAX ON CRITICAL

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November 5, 1932

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

WCBA	B. Bryan Musselman Allentown, Pennsylvania	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 250 watts to 500 watts on experimental basis.
WSAN	Allentown Call Publishing Co. Inc. Allentown, Pennsylvania	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 250 watts to 500 watts on experimental basis.
KOB	New Mexico College of Agriculture & Mechanical Arts, Albuquerque, New Mexico	Renewal of license set for hearing because facilities of Station have been applied for.
WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	License covering move of transmitter from Brooklyn to Long Island City. Designated for hearing because of protests by stations WEVD, WMBQ and WWRL.
NEW	The WNPD Co. New Philadelphia, Ohio	Requests C. P. for new station to operate on 850 kc, 50 watts, daytime. (9 a.m. to local sunset).
KUMA	Albert H. Schermann Yuma, Arizona	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change specified hours of operation to 7 to 9 a.m., 11 a.m. to 2 p.m., 6 to 10 p.m., MST, daily. (Now operates 6 to 9 a.m., 12 noon to 3 p.m., 6 to 9 p.m., daily.)
WSPA	Virgil V. Evans, d/b as The Voice of South Carolina, Spartanburg, S. C.	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1420 to 590 kc, and increase power (night) from 100 to 250 watts.

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MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission has taken the following miscellaneous action:

KUJ	KUJ, Inc. Walla Walla, Washington	Granted special authority to operate unlimited time experimentally during months of November and December 1932.
KARK	Arkansas Radio & Equipment Co. Little Rock, Arkansas	Denied petition to reconsider Commission's decision which refused increase in daytime power to 500 watts.
WHDL	Tupper Lake Broadcasting Co. Tupper Lake, New York.	Denied petition to reconsider Commission's decision in dockets 1319 & 1405.

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November 5, 1932

APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following application to the applicant:

5-FB-283	KOY	Nielsen Radio & Sporting Goods, Co. Phoenix, Arizona	Install automatic frequency control (no reply to letter).

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for licenses to cover permits granted: KOMA, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; WPCH, New York, N. Y.; WMBG, Richmond, Virginia; and WEBC, Superior, Wisconsin.

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APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE RENEWAL

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for license renewal: WGAL, Lancaster, Pennsylvania; WTEL, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WILM, Wilmington, Delaware; KFLX, Galveston, Texas; WSPA, Spartanburg, South Carolina; KGGC, San Francisco, California; KWCR, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; WLBF, Kansas City, Kansas; WIBM, Jackson, Michigan; WLVA, Lynchburg, Virginia; KGIW, Lamar, Colorado; WSYB, Rutland, Vermont; KIDW, Trinidad, Colorado; WMIL, Brooklyn, New York; KORE, Eugene, Oregon; KFJZ, Fort Worth, Texas; WPEN, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; KMAC, San Antonio, Texas; WHFC, Cicero, Illinois; WKBI, Cicero, Illinois; KRE, Berkeley, California.

KICA, Clovis, New Mexico; KFJM, Grand Forks, North Dakota; WJMS, Ironwood, Michigan; KGAR, Tucson, Arizona; KABC, San Antonio, Texas; KCRC, Enid, Oklahoma; WQDM, St. Albans, Vermont; WELL, Battle Creek, Michigan; KONO, San Antonio, Texas; KUJ, Walla Walla, Washington; WCBM, Baltimore, Maryland; WKBV, Connersville, Indiana; KGFG, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; KWKC, Kansas City, Missouri; KICK, Red Oak, Iowa.

WNBF, Binghamton, New York; WJBO, New Orleans, Louisiana; WMBH, Joplin, Missouri; KGFL, Raton, New Mexico; KGHI, Little Rock, Arkansas; WMBC, Detroit, Michigan; WCBS, Springfield, Illinois; KGEK, Yuma, Colorado; WFAM, South Bend, Indiana; WRBL, Columbus, Georgia; WSJS, Winston-Salem, North Carolina; WWAE, Hammond, Indiana; WEHS, Cicero, Illinois; WPAD, Paducah, Kentucky; WRAW, Reading, Pennsylvania; KARK, Little Rock, Arkansas; KDB, Santa Barbara, California; WMPC, Lapeer, Michigan.

WBHS, Huntsville, Alabama; WBTM, Danville, Virginia; WFVD, Rome, Georgia; WHDF, Calumet, Michigan; KFPW, Fort Smith, Arkansas; KGFI, Corpus Christi, Texas; KGIX, Las Vegas, Nevada; KSCJ, Sioux City, Iowa; KVL, Seattle, Washington; KPQ, Wenatchee, Washington; KTBO, Cumberland, Maryland; KPPC, Pasadena, California.

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COURT REFUSES STAY ORDER

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has refused to grant the stay order asked for by the Telegraph Herald Company, of Dubuque, Iowa, against the decision of the Radio Commission granting Station WKBB, permission to move from Joliet, Illinois to East Dubuque, Illinois. The Commission has now asked the Court to dismiss the appeal of the newspaper company on the ground that it has no interest in the case.

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[illegible] Grants

During the current week the Commission has returned the following application to the applicant:

[illegible]-TP-2863 KOY Mishen Radio & Sporting [illegible] Install automatic frequency control. Co., Phoenix. [illegible] trol (no reply to letter).

[illegible]

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for licenses to cover permits granted: KOMA, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; WPGH, New York, N. Y.; WMBG, Richmond, Virginia; and WHBQ, Superior, Wisconsin.

LICENSES RENEWAL

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for license renewal: WGAL, Lancaster, Pennsylvania; WTEL, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; [illegible] Wilmington, Delaware; KFIX, Galveston, Texas; WSPA, Spartanburg, South Carolina; KFRC, San Francisco, California; KWCR, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; WLBF, Kansas City, Kansas; [illegible] Jackson, Michigan; [illegible] Lynchburg, Virginia; KGIW, Lamar, Colorado; [illegible] Burlington, Vermont; KIDW, Trinidad, Colorado; WMIN, Brooklyn, New York; KOKH, Tucson, Arizona; KFJZ, Fort Worth, Texas; WPEM, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; KMAC, San Antonio, Texas; WHFC, Cicero, Illinois; WMBI, Chicago, Illinois; KRE, Berkeley, California.

KICA, Clovis, New Mexico; [illegible], Grand Forks, North Dakota; WLMS, Ironwood, Michigan; KOAR, Tucson, Arizona; KABC, San Antonio, Texas; KORC, Mena, Oklahoma; WQDM, St. Albans, Vermont; WMBL, Battle Creek, Michigan; KONO, San Antonio, Texas; KUZ, Walla Walla, Washington; WCBM, Baltimore, Maryland; WEAV, Commerville, Indiana; KGFF, [illegible] City, Oklahoma; KWKC, Kansas City, Missouri; KICK, Red Oak.

[illegible] Binghamton, New York; WLPO, New Orleans, Louisiana; WMBH, Joplin, Missouri; [illegible] Raton, New Mexico; KOHI, Little Rock, Arkansas; WMZO, Detroit, [illegible]; WOBS, [illegible] Springfield, Illinois; KCMC, Yuma, Colorado; WTAM, South Bend, Indiana; WRBL, Columbus, Georgia; WSLS, Winston-Salem, North Carolina; WMAZ, Hammond, Indiana; WBHS, Chicago, Illinois; WPAD, Paducah, Kentucky; WRAW, Reading, Pennsylvania; KAMC, Little Rock, Arkansas; KDB, Santa Barbara, California; WMPC, Lapeer, Michigan.

WBHS, Huntsville, Alabama; WBTM, Danville, Virginia; WEVD, Rome, [illegible] Belmont, Michigan; KFPW, Fort Smith, Arkansas; KGFI, Corpus Christi, Texas; KGIX, Las Vegas, Nevada; KSCJ, Sioux City, Iowa; KVL, Seattle, Washington; [illegible], Wenatchee, Washington; KTBO, Cumberland, Maryland; KFPC, Pasadena, California.

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November 5, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WESG	Cornell University Ithaca, New York	Granted Mod. of Lic. to move studio to Mark Twain Hotel, Elmira, New York.
WGY	General Electric Company Schenectady, New York	Granted Mod. of Lic. to use equipment formerly licensed as the main transmitter for auxiliary purposes.
WHDH	Matheson Radio Co., Inc. Boston, Massachusetts	Granted Mod. of C. P. approving transmitter location off Salem Turnpike, Saugus, Massachusetts.
WCAX	The Burlington Daily News Inc. Burlington, Vermont	Granted authority to broadcast election returns Tuesday, November 8.
WOR	Bamberger Brdcstg. Service Inc. Newark, New Jersey	Granted Mod. of C. P. approving site for 50 KW transmitter to ½ mile SW of Tremley, New Jersey.
WGNY	Peter Goelet Chester Township, New York	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change type of equipment.
WGLC	O. T. Griffin & G. F. Bissell Glens Falls, New York	Granted C. P. to move station from Glens Falls to Hudson Falls, N. Y., install new equipment and increase day power to 100 watts.
WGLC	W. Neal Parker & Herbert H. Metcalfe Glens Falls, New York	Granted consent to Vol. assign. of lic. to O. T. Griffin & G. F. Bissell.
	SECOND ZONE	
WHBC	C. W. Hayes, Manager Canton, Ohio	Granted authority to operate simultaneously with Station WNBO, November 8, from 9 p.m. to midnight, EST, in order to broadcast election returns.
WBEO	The Lake Superior Brdcstg. Company Marquette, Michigan	Granted special authorization to operate from 10:30 to 11:30 a.m., CST, November 11.
WEAO	Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio	Granted special authority to operate from 11 a.m. to 12 noon, EST, Feb. 1, and 2, 1933, WKBN to remain silent.
WKBN	WKBN Broadcasting Corporation Youngstown, Ohio	Granted special authority to operate from 1 to 3 p.m., EST, November 24, WEAO to remain silent.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

SECOND ZONE (continued)

WSMK	Stanley M. Krohn, Jr. Dayton, Ohio	Granted authority to operate from 7:30 to 10 p.m., November 8, simultaneously with KQV in order to broadcast election returns.
WCAE	WCAE, Inc. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
WEHC	Emory & Henry College Emory, Virginia	Granted C. P. to move transmitter and studio from Emory to Charlottesville, Va.
WJSV	Old Dominion Broadcasting Co. Alexandria, Virginia	Granted 30 day extension of program test period from November 23.
WASH	Kunsky-Trendle Broadcasting Corp. Grand Rapids, Michigan	Granted Mod. of Lic. to use transmitter of Station WOOD at Grand Rapids.

THIRD ZONE

WNAD	University of Oklahoma Norman, Oklahoma	Granted special authority to operate from 8:30 to 10:30 p.m., CST, November 11, KGGF to remain silent.

FOURTH ZONE

KMBC	Midland Broadcasting Company Kansas City, Missouri	Granted Mod. of Lic. to use equipment formerly licensed as main transmitter for auxiliary purposes.
WCMA	General Broadcasting Corporation Culver, Indiana	Granted Mod. of Lic. to surrender time to Station WKBF; station operates on 1400 kc, 500 watts, and specified hours.
WKBF	Indianapolis Broadcasting Inc. Indianapolis, Indiana	Granted Mod. of Lic. for authority to change hours of operation from specified hours to 6/7 time, sharing with WBAA and facilities of WCMA.
WBAA	Purdue University W. Lafayette, Indiana	Granted authority to operate November 19 from 1:45 to 5 p.m., CST, with 1 KW power.

FIFTH ZONE

KGFL	KGFL, Inc. Santa Fe, New Mexico	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from September 17 to Dec. 1.
KOB	New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts Albuquerque, New Mexico	Granted temporary license covering move of station from State College to Albuquerque, 1180 kc, 10 KW, simultaneous day with KEX, share evening hours, KOB one-third, KEX, two-third time.

GRANTED (continued)

(continued)

	Stanley M. Krohn, Jr. Dayton, Ohio	Granted authority to operate from [illegible] to 10 p.m., November 8, simultaneously with KQV in order to broadcast election returns.
WDAE	WDAE, Inc. [illegible], Pennsylvania	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
WHRV	Emory & Henry College Emory, Virginia	Granted C. P. to move transmitter and studio from Emory to Charlottesville.
WSV	Old Dominion Broadcasting Co. Alexandria, Virginia	Granted 30 day extension of program test period from November 25.
	Kunsky-Trendle Broadcasting Corp. Grand Rapids, Michigan	Mod. of Lic. to use [illegible] of Station WOOD at Grand Rapids.

THIRD ZONE

WNAD	University of Oklahoma Norman, Oklahoma	Granted special authority to operate from 8:30 to 10:30 p.m., CST, November 11, KOGT to remain silent.

FOURTH ZONE

WMCO	Midland Broadcasting Company Kansas City, Missouri	Mod. of Lic. to use equipment formerly licensed as main transmitter for auxiliary purposes.
WOMA	General Broadcasting Corporation Gulver, Indiana	Granted Mod. of Lic. to surrender time to Station WKBF; station operates on 1400 kc, 500 watts, and specified hours
WFBM	Indianapolis Broadcasting Inc. Indianapolis, Indiana	Granted Mod. of Lic. for authority to [illegible] hours of operation from specific hours to 6/7 time, sharing with WBAA and facilities of WOMA.
WBAA	Purdue University Lafayette, Indiana	Granted authority to operate November 15 from 1:45 to 5 p.m., CST, with 1 [illegible] power.

FIFTH ZONE

KOMA	KOMA, Inc. Santa Fe, New Mexico	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from September 17 to Dec. 1.
KOB	New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts Albuquerque, New Mexico	Granted temporary license covering move of station from State College to Albuquerque, 1180 kc, 10 KW, simultaneous day with KMX, share evening hours. KOB one-third, KMX, two-third time.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

KGY	KGY, Inc. Olympia, Washington	Granted authority to operate from 6 p.m. EST, November 8, to 6 a.m., PST, November 9, in order to broadcast election returns.
KMJ	James McClatchy Company Fresno, California	Granted Mod. of C. P. approving transmitter location to West side of First Avenue, $\frac{1}{4}$ mile south of Shields Ave., Fresno, California; changing frequency to 580 kc, increasing power to 500 watts and installing new equipment.
KPO	National Broadcasting Co., Inc. San Francisco, California	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from 11/17/32 to 5/17/33.
KOA	National Broadcasting Co., Inc. Denver, Colorado	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from 11/17/32 to 5/17/33.
KFXJ	Western Slope Broadcasting Co. Grand Junction, Colorado	Granted special authority to operate from 9 p.m., November 8 to 8 a.m., November 9, MST.

- - -

LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following licenses for which construction permits had been issued for changes: WMCA, New York, N. Y.; WEBR, Buffalo, N.Y.; WCAU, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WLBW, Erie, Pennsylvania; WOOD, Grand Rapids, Michigan; WJW, Akron, Ohio; KFLX, Galveston, Texas; WCAT, Radip City, South Dakota; KGBX, Springfield, Missouri and KNX, Los Angeles, California.

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ILLEGAL STATION OWNERS SENTENCED

The Commission announced this week that it has been advised that the following criminal cases have been disposed of in the eastern district of New York:

U. S. v. Sam Kaplan & Newton Carman: Kaplan and Carman plead guilty to a count in the indictment for illegal operation of an unlicensed radio station. Each was sentenced for one year in jail and fined $100. In each instance the jail sentence was suspended and the parties placed on probation.

U. S. v. Ernest Renner: Indicted for illegal operation of a radio station. Renner plead guilty to the radio count in the indictment and on October 31 was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year and one day and fined $100. The penitentiary sentence, however, was suspended and defendant placed upon probation.

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(continued)

	KXY, Inc. Olympia, Washington	Granted authority to operate from 6 p.m. MST, November 3, to 6 a.m., PST, November 9, in order to broadcast
	James McClatchy Company Fresno, California	Granted Mod. of C. P. approving matter location to West side of Fitch Avenue, ½ mile south of Shields Ave., Fresno, California; changing frequency to 580 kc, increasing power to 500 and installing new equipment.
KPO	National Broadcasting Co., Inc. San Francisco, California	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending commencement date from 11\17\32 to
KOA	National Broadcasting Co., Inc. Denver, Colorado	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from 11\17\32 to 5\17\33.
	Western Slope Broadcasting Co. Grand Junction, Colorado	Granted special authority to operate from 4 p.m., November 8 to 8 a.m., No

LICENSE RENEWALS

During the current week the Commission granted construction permits had been issued for changes: WMCA, New York, N. Y.; WCAU, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WLEW, Erie, Pennsylvania; WOOD, Grand Rapids, Michigan; WJW, Akron, Ohio; KTRX, Galveston, Texas; WCAT, Rapid City, South Dakota; KOKX, Springfield, Missouri and KNX, Los Angeles, California.

STATION OWNERS SENTENCED

The Commission announced this week that it has been advised that the following criminal cases have been disposed of in the eastern district of New York:

U. S. v. Sam Kaplan & Newton Carman: Kaplan and Carman plead guilty to a count in the indictment for illegal operation of an unlicensed radio station. Each was sentenced for one year in jail and fined $100. In each instance the jail sentence was suspended and the parties placed on probation.

[illegible] Renner: Indicted for illegal operation of a radio station. Renner plead guilty to the radio count in the indictment and on October 31 was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year and one day and fined $100. The penitentiary sentence, however, was suspended and defendant placed upon probation.

November 5, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-MLB-1081	WESG	Cornell University Ithaca, New York	Mod. of lic. to change frequency from 1270 to 1040 kc.

The nearest station on the same frequency is WKAR, Lansing, Michigan, which is 370 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 300 miles. The State of New York is now over quota but the First Zone is under quota.

1-SAB-25	WMCA	Knickerbocker Broadcasting Co., Inc., New York, N.Y.	Special authorization to increase power from 500 watts to 500 watts with additional 500 watts experimentally resubmitted without change.
1-MPB-391	WNBX	The WNBX Broadcasting Corp. Springfield, Vermont	Mod. of C. P. issued 7/5/32 to make changes in equipment.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2686A	WLVA	Lynchburg Brdcstg. Corp. Lynchburg, Virginia	C. P. to change equipment, change frequency, power and hours from 1370 kc, 100 watts, shares WBTM to 1500 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts day, unlimited hours. Facilities WRBX, Roanoke, Virginia. Resubmitted and amended to request 1410 kc, 250 watts, ½ time with WHIS, Bluefield, West Virginia. Requests all facilities of WRBX, Roanoke, Virginia.

Granting of this application would not change either the State or Zone quota.

2-PB-2724	NEW	James P. Hart, James P. Hart, Jr., and Donald W. Parsons d/b as the Gateway Brdcstg. Co. Roanoke, Virginia	C. P. for new station to use 1410 kc, 250 watts, share with WHIX, Bluefield, West Virginia. Requests all facilities of WRBX, Roanoke, Virginia.

Inasmuch as this application asks for the facilities of WRBX at the same place there would be no interference nor, if the application were granted, would either the Zone or State quota be changed.

2-MPB-344	WNBO	John Brownlee Spriggs Silver Haven, Pennsylvania	Mod. of C. P. to change location to Monongahela, Pennsylvania. Amended to request unlimited hours instead of specified hours.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

SECOND ZONE (continued)

2-PB-2732	WPHR	WLBG, Inc. Petersburg, Virginia	C. P. to change equipment, change transmitter and studio from Ettrick and Petersburg, Virginia respectively to Richmond, Virginia; change frequency, power and hours from 1200 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts LS, unlimited hours to 1410 kc, 250 watts night 500 W. LS, simultaneous day operation with WHIS, unlimited night hours; requests facilities WREX, Roanoke, Virginia.

The nearest station from Richmond, the proposed new location of WPHR, on the proposed new frequency of 1410 kc is WAAB, Boston which is 490 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. Even if granted the facilities of WRBX the quota would be increased by granting of this application. While the Second Z one is under quota the State of Virginia is over quota.

THIRD ZONE

3-MPB-390	WHBQ	WHBQ, Inc. Memphis, Tennessee	Mod. of C. P. issued 7/26/32 move transmitter locally to extend completion date to 1/26/33.
3-PB-2715	NEW	All Southern Radio Corp. Jacksonville, Florida	C. P. for new station to use 1120 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW LS, unlimited hours. Requests facilities of WRUF, Gainesville, Florida

The nearest station on this same channel is Station WDEL, Wilmington, Delaware, which is 760 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. Both the Third Zone and the State of Florida are over quota.

FOURTH ZONE

4-ALB-471	WHBF	Beardsley Specialty Co. Rock Island, Illinois	Vol. assign. of lic. to Rock Island Broadcasting Company.

FIFTH ZONE

5-MPB-389	KIEM	Harold H. Hanseth Eureka, California	Mod. of C. P. issued 9/13/32 change equipment.
5-PB-2728	NEW	W. L. Gleeson Sacramento, California	C. P. for new station to use 1490 kc, 1 KW, unlimited hours. Requests facilities KTM, Los Angeles, California and KELW, Burbank, California.

The regulations of the Commission do not allow the erection of a 1000 watt station on this channel.

SECOND ZONE (continued)

[illegible]-PB-2762	WPHR	WHBG, Inc. Petersburg, Virginia	C. P. to change equipment, transmitter and studio from Petersburg, Virginia to Richmond, Virginia; change frequency, power and hours from 1200 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts LS, unlimited hours to 1410 kc, 250 watts night 500 W. LS, simultaneous day operation with WHIB, unlimited night hours; requests facilities WREX, Roanoke, Virginia.

The nearest station from Richmond, the proposed new location of WPHR, on the proposed new frequency of 1410 kc is WAAB, Boston which is 490 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. Even if granted the of WREX the quota would be increased by granting of this application. While the Second Z one is under quota the State of Virginia is over quota.

THIRD ZONE

MPB-320	WHBQ	WHBQ, Inc. Memphis, Tennessee	Mod. of C. P. issued 7/26/32 more to extend completion date to 1/26/33.
[illegible]-PB-2715	NEW	All Southern Radio Corp. Jacksonville, Florida	C. P. for new station to use 1120 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW LS, unlimited hours. Requests facilities of WMUF, Gainesville, Florida.

The nearest station on this same channel is Station WDEL, Wilmington, Delaware, which is 760 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. Both the Third Zone and the State of Florida are over quota.

FOURTH ZONE

[illegible]-ALB-471	WEBF	Beardsley Specialty Co. Rock Island, Illinois	Vol. assign. of lic. to Rock Island Broadcasting Company.

FIFTH ZONE

[illegible]-MPB-320	KIEM	Harold H. Hanseth Eureka, California	Mod. of C. P. issued 9/12/32 change equipment.
[illegible]-PB-2728	NEW	W. L. Gleason Sacramento, California	C. P. for new station to use 1440 kc, 1 KW, unlimited hours. Requests facilities KTM, Los [illegible]es, California and KEEW, Bakersfield, California.

The regulations of the Commission do not allow the erection of a 1000 watt station on this channel.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

5-PB-2729	NEW	W. L. Gleeson Salinas, California	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours.

The nearest station on this same frequency is KPPC, Pasadena, California, which is 200 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. The Fifth Zone is over quota but the State of California is slightly under quota.

5-MLB-1082	KFAC	Los Angeles Brdcstg. Co. Los Angeles, California	Mod. of Lic. to change frequency, power and hours from 1300 kc, 1 KW, ½ time to 780 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW LS, unlimited hours. Facilities of KTM, Los Angeles, and KELW, Burbank, California

This station on the proposed new frequency of 780 kilocycles is 1610 miles from WMC, Memphis, Tennessee, the nearest station on the same channel. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. The quota would not be increased by granting of this application.

5-PB-2730	NEW	W. E. Riker Holy City, California	C. P. for new station to use 1350 kc, 300 watts, daytime, Sundays only.

The nearest station on the proposed frequency of 1350 kc from Holy City is KIDO, Boise, Idaho which is 530 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 300 miles. The Fifth Zone is over quota but the State of California is slightly under quota.

5-PB-2731	KQW	Pacific Agricultural Foundation Ltd. San Jose, California	C. P. to make changes in equipment, increase power from 500 watts to 1 KW day and 1 KW night experimentally. Facilities of KTM, Los Angeles, California and KELW, Burbank, California.

This station operates on a frequency of 1010 kc. It is 1370 miles from the nearest station on the same frequency which is WNAD, Norman, Oklahoma. The engineers recommend a separation of 1000 miles. The quota would not be increased if the facilities of KTM and KELW were granted to KQW as requested.

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NO HEARINGS WEEK OF NOVEMBER 7

No hearings are scheduled at the Radio Commission for the week beginning Monday, November 7. Several were expected to be heard but they have all asked for an extension of time.

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MODIFICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE

[illegible]-PB-2729	WEW	L. Gideon Salinas, California	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours.

The nearest station on this same frequency is KFPG, Pasadena, California, which is 200 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. The Fifth Zone is over quota but the State of California is slightly under

[illegible]-1082	KFAC	Los Angeles Broadcg. Co. Los Angeles, California	Mod. of lic. to change frequency, power and hours from 1300 kc, ½ KW, ½ time to 780 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW LS, unlimited hours. Facilities of KTM, Los Angeles, and KEHE, Burbank, California

This station on the proposed new frequency of 780 kilocycles is 1510 miles from Memphis, Tennessee, the nearest station on the same channel. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. The quota would not be increased of this application.

[illegible]-PB-2730	WEW	W. E. Riker Holy City, California	C. P. for new station to use 1350 kc, 500 watts, daytime, sunrise only.

The nearest station on the proposed frequency of 1350 kc from Holy City is KIDO, Boise, Idaho which is 550 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 300 miles. The Fifth Zone is over quota but the State of California is slightly under quota.

[illegible]-PB-2731	KQV	Pacific Agricultural Foundation Ltd. San Jose, California	C. P. to make changes in equipment. Increase power from 500 watts to 1 KW day and 1 KW night experimentally. Facilities of KTM, Los Angeles, California, and KEHE, Burbank, California.

This station operates on a frequency of 1010 kc. It is 1070 miles from the station on the same frequency which is WNAD, Norman, Oklahoma. The engineers recommend a separation of 1000 miles. The quota would not be increased if the facilities of KTM and KEHE were granted to KQV as requested.

NO HEARINGS WEEK OF NOVEMBER 7

No hearings are scheduled at the Radio Commission for the week beginning Monday November 7. Several were expected to be heard but they have all asked for an extension of time.

BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

November 12, 1932

ST LOUIS

All roads lead to St. Louis where the Tenth Annual Convention of the National Association of Broadcasters will be held from Sunday to Wednesday, November 13 to 16, at the Hotel Chase.

Indications are that a record crowd will attend the meeting and participate in the discussion of the copyright and international questions.

There will be golfing and trapshooting on Sunday for those who will arrive early.

Monday night will be the general get-together and smoker and Tuesday night will be the annual banquet - with no speakers. If you have room in your bags, pack the pretty clothes -- they will be optional, of course.

Let's make this Tenth Convention the best in the history of the NAB. Take part in the discussion of the many important questions which will come up during the business sessions. And when the Convention is ended -- let's have a bigger, better and stronger NAB.

BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING * * * WASHINGTON, D. C.
G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

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attendance mark.

The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly twice to a mailing
[illegible] the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be quoted without written permission.

While there will be considerable discussion of radio at the forthcoming session of Congress, there is no indication that anything in the nature of "major" radio legislation will be passed.

The coming session is what is termed the "short" session at which time appropriation bills will be the order of the day with the chances that there will be further discussion of tax legislation.

All of those bills introduced at the last session of Congress are still pending inasmuch as the next session is the second session of the Seventy-Second Congress and not a new Congress. Bills and resolutions pending in both Houses of Congress as the second session begins are as follows:

THE SENATE

S. 4 - FESS RADIO EDUCATIONAL BILL, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 21 - KING COPYRIGHT BILL, pending before Committee on Patents.

S. 176 - HEBERT COPYRIGHT BILL, pending before Committee on Patents.

S. 481 - WHITE OMNIBUS RADIO BILL, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 750 - McNARY BILL to prohibit lotteries, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 1035 - TYDINGS COPYRIGHT BILL, pending Committee on Patents.

S. 1866 - DILL PATENT BILL, pending before Committee on Patents.

S. 2374 - GEORGE BILL to give Savannah, Ga. naval radio station abandoned, pending Committee on Naval Affairs.

S. 3046 - DILL CLEAR CHANNEL BILL, pending Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 3047 - HATFIELD BILL FOR LABOR CLEAR CHANNEL, pending before Sub-committee of Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 3649 - SHIPSTEAD BILL to change allocation, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 3985 - DILL COPYRIGHT BILL, pending Committee on Patents.

S. 4399 - METCALF BILL for education by radio, pending before Committee on Education and Labor.

S. Res. 28 - HOWELL RESOLUTION for investigating possibility of broadcasting from the Senate chamber, pending before Committee on Rules.

S. Res. 58 - DILL BILL to investigate RKO, pending Committee on Audit and Control.

S. Res. 71 - DILL RESOLUTION providing for broadcasting from Senate chamber, pending before Committee on Rules.

While there will be considerable discussion of radio as the fourth
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The coming session is what is termed the "short" session at which t
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S. [illegible] - PRESS RADIO EDUCATIONAL BILL, pending before Committee on Interstate Co[illegible]

S. 21 - [illegible] BILL, pending before Comm[illegible] States.

S. 176 - [illegible] COPYRIGHT BILL, pending before Committee on [illegible]

S. 881 - WHITE OMNIBUS RADIO BILL, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

[illegible] - McNARY BILL to [illegible] lotteries, pending before Committee on In[illegible]rce

S. 1075 - TYDINGS [illegible] on Patents.

S. 1886 - DILL PATENT BILL, pending before Committee on [illegible]

S. 2474 - GEORGE BILL to give Savannah, Ga. naval radio station abandoned, pending Committee on Naval Affairs.

S. [illegible] DILL CLEAR CHANNEL BILL, pending Committee on Interstate Co[illegible]

S. 3047 - HATFIELD BILL FOR LABOR CLEAR CHANNEL [illegible] before sub-commit[illegible] Committee on Interstate [illegible]

S. [illegible] - SHIPSTEAD BILL to change allocation, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. [illegible] - DILL COPYRIGHT BILL, pending Committee on Patents.

[illegible] - MERCALF BILL for education by radio, pending before Committee on Education and Labor.

Res. 28 - HOWELL RESOLUTION for investigat[illegible] as possibility or broadcasting in the Senate chamber, pending before Committee on Rules.

S. [illegible] BILL to invest [illegible] the RFC; [illegible] Committee on Judiciary and Com[illegible]

[illegible] - DILL RESOLUTION providing for broadcasting from Senate chamber, [illegible] ing before Committee on Rules.

PENDING RADIO LEGISLATION (Continued)

S. Res. 163 - DILL RESOLUTION calling on State Department to call a North American broadcasting conference, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

THE HOUSE

H. R. 139 - VESTAL COPYRIGHT BILL, pending Committee on Patents.

H. R. 256 - CHRISTOPHERSON BILL prohibiting radio lotteries, pending before Committee on the Judiciary.

H. R. 410 - FRENCH LOTTERY BILL, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 421 - HOCH BILL to amend I. C. C. Act to define radio as a "common carrier", pending before Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

H. R. 6039 - SIROVICH BILL TO TRANSFER RADIO COMMISSION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 7253 - CONNERY BILL to provide a clear channel for labor, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 7716 - DAVIS RADIO OMNIBUS BILL. Passed by the House and now pending before Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce.

H. R. 8759 - AMLIE BILL prohibiting radio advertising on Sunday, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 12844 - LAGUARDIA BILL establishing fees for patented radio equipment, pending before Committee on Patents.

H. R. 12845 - LAGUARDIA BILL establishing fees for radio advertising, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. Res. 80 - HORR RESOLUTION to investigate Radio Commission and NBC control of Pacific Coast stations, pending before Rules Committee.

H. Res. 110 - AMLIE RESOLUTION on free speech, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 10946 - SIROVICH COPYRIGHT BILL, ON CALENDAR FOR FIRST CALENDAR WEDNESDAY CALL.

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RADIO BULLETIN

The October issue of the Radio Service Bulletin issued monthly by the Federal Radio Commission is just available. Copies may be obtained from the Secretary of the Radio Commission or from the NAB headquarters.

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RECOMMENDATION AGAINST NEW STATIONS

Not sufficient showing was made by H. Verne Spencer, Examiner Elmer W. Pratt found this week in his Report No. 431, for him to recommend that a construction permit be granted for the erection of a new station at Jeanette, Pa. to operate daytime, using 590 kilocycles and operating with 250 watts power.

In recommending the denial of a construction permit the Examiner found that "there is not a sufficient showing of financial responsibility to warrant a finding that public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by granting of applicant's application for construction permit." He found further that while there is no local station serving as a local advertising outlet in Jeanette, this area now has adequate reception from existing broadcasting stations.

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in his report this week, No. 430, recommends that the application of G. C. Redfield, for a construction permit for a new broadcasting station to be erected at Rapid City, S. D. be denied. Redfield failed to make any appearance when the case was called for hearing. He had asked to share time with Station WNAX, Yankton, S. D. using 1,000 watts power and operating on a frequency of 570 kilocycles. WNAX now operates unlimited time. The license of this station is recommended in the report for renewal.

Mr. Yost recommends "that the application of G. C. Redfield, for authority to construct a new radio broadcasting station at Rapid City, S. D. to operate on the 570 kilocycle frequency with power output of 1,000 watts and to share time with Station WNAX, be denied as in cases of default."

In connection with the recommendation of the renewal of the license of WNAX Mr. Yost says that "apparently the application of Station WNAX for renewal of station license was designated for hearing solely because a part of its facilities had been requested by the applicant, G. C. Redfield," and he recommends that the application of WNAX for license renewal "be granted."

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NEW STATION RECOMMENDED

Recommendation is made by Examiner Elmer W. Pratt in his report No. 429 that the application of James M. Caldwell of Goodland, Kansas, for a construction permit for a new broadcasting station at that place sharing time with KGFW, Kearney, Neb. be granted.

The new station would use 100 watts power, a frequency of 1310 kilocycles and share specific time set forth in the report with KGFW. The latter station did not contest the application of Caldwell but statement was made that an agreement had been made subject to the approval of the Commission.

The Examiner found that "Goodland, Kansas, and surrounding community are not now well served, and the community would benefit from the service of a local broadcasting station." He found further that "the operation of the proposed station would not result in objectionable interference with any existing station or service."

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RECOMMENDATION AGAINST NEW STATION

Not sufficient showing was made by [illegible] Verne Boerner, Examiner [illegible] issued this week in his report [illegible] for him to recommend [illegible] permit be granted for the erection [illegible] a new station at [illegible] Kansas, using 590 kilocycles [illegible] to operate with 250 watts power.

[illegible] construction [illegible] the "examiner [illegible] financial responsibility to [illegible] and necessary would be a [illegible] operation [illegible]." He [illegible] advertising as a local advertising [illegible] from existing broadcast stations.

[illegible] his report [illegible] the application of [illegible] for a construction [illegible] existing station to be erected at Rapid City, [illegible] Radio [illegible] same time with station WNAX, [illegible] 1,000 watts power and [illegible] a frequency of 570 kilocycles; WNAX now operates unlimited time. [illegible] license of this station is recommended in the report for renewal.

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In connection with the recommendation of the renewal of the license of WNAX Mr. Yost says that "apparently the application of Station WNAX for renewal of station license was dismissed for hearing solely because a part of its facilities had been requested by the applicant, G. O. Reitfield," and he recommends that the application of WNAX for license renewal "be [illegible]

NEW STATION RECOMMENDED

Recommendation is made by examiner Elmer W. Pratt in his report No. 829 that the application of James M. Caldwell of Goodland, Kansas, for a construction permit for a broadcasting station at that place [illegible] with KGFV, Xenia, Ohio, be granted.

The new station would use 100 [illegible] frequency of 1310 kilocycles and share specific time set forth in the report with KGFV. The letter filed by contest the application of Caldwell [illegible] statement was made that an application had been made subject to the approval [illegible] no Commission.

The Examiner found that "Goodland, Kansas, and surrounding community are not now well served, and the community would benefit from the service of a local broadcasting station." He found further that "the operation of the proposed station would not result in a [illegible] interference with any existing station or service.

November 12, 1932

WHDF GETS LICENSE RENEWAL

The Radio Commission on Friday upheld a decision of Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost, Report No. 418, and granted Station WHDF, Calumet, Mich. a license renewal to operate on its frequency of 1370 kilocycles. The station was called for hearing because it was not operating two-thirds time allowed it by the Commission. The Commission has set forth specific hours of operation for the station.

In its decision in this case the Commission states that the service rendered by the station "is generally meritorious and appears to be well adapted to meet the needs of the area served." It says further that WHDF appears to supply the only satisfactory service in the Calumet area and "it appears that there is a public need in that region for the service of the applicant station."

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FREQUENCY CHANGE GRANTED.

The recommendation of Chief Examiner Yost in his Report No. 417 that station WDBO, Orlando, Fla. be allowed to operate on a frequency of 580 kc was confirmed Friday by action of the Commission.

On July 21 of this year the station by special authority of the Commission was permitted to change its frequency from 1120 to 580 kc pending final action by the Commission. Chief Examiner Yost heard the case and recommended that the change be granted permanently.

The Commission states in its final opinion that "the continued operation of Station WDBO upon the 580 kc channel, as proposed, will enable the station to render a satisfactory service to a much greater population than would receive such service were the station operated upon 1120 kc. It was also stated that the continued operation of the station on 580 kc "will not result in any interference with the services of other stations."

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ATLANTA SUPERVISOR SUSPENDED

W. Van Nostrand, acting radio supervisor of the Atlanta District and Miss Mary L. Bell, his secretary, have been suspended for a period of 90 days, it was stated at the Radio Commission pending an investigation being made by the Department of Justice.

Robert P. Lamont, as Secretary of Commerce, asked the Department of Justice to make an investigation following the filing of charges before the Radio Division of his Department was turned over to the Radio Commission. The Commission has not made public the charges. The Atlanta office has been put in charge temporarily of L. C. Herndon of the Baltimore District.

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November 11, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action:

WNBH	New Bedford Brdcstg. Co. New Bedford, Massachusetts	Denied authority to operate November 24, from 1 to 6 a.m. with 250 watts power, in order to broadcast a DX program.
KFYR	Meyer Broadcasting Co. Bismarck, North Dakota	Granted special authority to operate from 12:30 to 2 p.m., CST, November 24, KFDY to remain silent.
WNBX	WNBX Broadcasting Corp. Springfield, Vermont	Granted authority to operate in accordance with terms of C. P. pending action on application for Mod. of C. P. and submission of proper data on monitor.
KGFW	Central Nebraska Brdcstg. Corp. Kearney, Nebraska	Granted special authority to reduce hours of operation beginning 3 a.m. EST, December 1, from unlimited to as follows: 7 to 10 a.m., 11:30 to 1:30 p.m. and 6 to 9 p.m., CST. This is a temporary grant made subject to Commission's decision on James M. Caldwell's application for facilities of this station.
WSPA	The Voice of South Carolina Spartanburg, South Carolina	Denied motion of WSPA for Order to take depositions in Docket 1621, involving a protest hearing upon the application of WFBC to move from Knoxville, Tennessee, to Greenville, South Carolina.
WPRO-WPAW	Cherry & Webb Broadcasting Co. Providence, Rhode Island	Dismissed, without prejudice from the hearing docket, at applicant's request, application for C. P. 1260 kc, 250 watts, unlimited time.
KVOA	Robert M. Riculfi Tucson, Arizona	Granted request to take depositions in re hearing on his case involving renewal of license. Application set for hearing because of alleged violations of the Radio Act.
NEW	P. H. Pigg & S. A. Harvey d/b as Juneau Broadcasting Co. Juneau, Alaska	Granted C. P. for new broadcasting station to operate on 1310 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
NEW	R. W. & D. P. Lautzenheiser Prescott, Arizona	Application for C. P. for new station at Prescott, Arizona, to operate on 1500 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time (facilities of KPJM, dismissed for want of prosecution).
KPJM	A. P. Miller Prescott, Arizona	License assigned to Scott & Sturn for balance of license period.

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November 11, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, November 14, 1932. They all commence at 10 a.m.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1932.

Docket #1668	WBBM-WJBT	WBBM Broadcasting Corp. Chicago, Illinois	Auto. Freq. Control	770 kc, 25 KW, simultaneous day, sharing night KFAB.
Docket #1669	WBBM-WJBT	WBBM Broadcasting Corp. Chicago, Illinois	Mod. Lic.	770 kc, 25 KW, synchronize with KFAB certain specified night hours (in addition to present license).
			Present Assignment:	770kc, 25 KW, simultaneous day, sharing night KFAB.
Docket #1670	KFAB	KFAB Broadcasting Co. Lincoln, Nebraska	Mod. Lic.	770 kc, 5 KW, synchronize with WBBM-WJBT certain specified night hours (in addition to present license).
			Present Assignment:	770 kc, 5 KW, simultaneous day, sharing night with WBBM-WJBT.
Docket #1671	KFAB	KFAB Broadcasting Co. Lincoln, Nebraska	Auto. Freq.	770 kc, 5 KW, simultaneous day, sharing night with WBBM-WJBT.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1932

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1516	WORC-WEPS	Alfred Frank Kliendienst Worcester, Massachusetts	C. P.	1350 kc, 250 W. unlimited time (Requests facilities of WAWZ, WMSG, WBNX, WCDA).
			Present Assignment:	1200 kc, 100 W. unlimited time.
Docket #1513	WAWZ	Pillar of Fire Zarephath, New Jersey	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. shares with WBNX, WMSG, WCDA.
Docket #1547	WCDA	Italian Educational Broadcasting Co. New York, N.Y.	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. shares with WBNX, WMSG, WAWZ.

HEARING CALENDAR (continued)

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1932 (continued)

Docket #1602	WMSG	Madison Square Garden Broadcasting Co., New York, N.Y.	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. shares with WAWZ, WBNX, WCDA
Docket #1603	WBNX	Standard Cahill Co. Inc. New York, N. Y.	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. shares with WCDA, WMSG, WAWZ.
Docket #1718	WERE	Erie Dispatch Herald Broadcasting Corporation Erie, Pennsylvania	C. P.	1420 kc, 100 W. unlimited time (Requests authority to install new transmitter).
Docket #1719	WERE	Erie Dispatch Herald Broadcasting Corporation Erie, Pennsylvania	Mod. Lic.	1420 kc, 100 W. unlimited time (Requests approval of change in corporate name).
Docket #1734	WERE	Erie Dispatch Herald Broadcasting Corporation Erie, Pennsylvania	Renewal	1420 kc, 100 W. unlimited time.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1932

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1504	KQV	KQV Broadcasting Co. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Mod. Lic.	1380 kc, 500 W. Unlimited time.
			Present Assignment:	1380 kc, 500 W. simultaneous day operation with WSMK, specified hours night.
Docket #1699	KQV	KQV Broadcasting Co. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Renewal	1380 kc, 500 W. simultaneous day operation with WSMK, specified hours night.
Docket #1686	WSMK	Stanley M. Krohn, Jr. Dayton, Ohio	Mod. Lic.	1380 kc, 200 W. Unlimited time.
			Present Assignment:	1380 kc, 200 W. simultaneous day operation with KQV, specified hours night.
Docket #1628	WSMK	Stanley M. Krohn, Jr. Dayton, Ohio	Renewal	1380 kc, 500 W. simultaneous day operation with KQV, specified hours night.

HEARING CALENDAR (concluded)

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1932 (continued)

Docket #1578	WNAX	The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, South Dakota	C. P.	570 kc, 1 KW, 2½ KWLS Unlimited time (Facilities of KGFX, KGDA).
			Present Assignment:	570 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time.
Docket #1642	KGDA	Mitchell Broadcasting Corp. Mitchell, South Dakota	Renewal	1370 kc, 100 W. Unlimited time.
Docket #1613	KGDA	Mitchell Broadcasting Corp. Mitchell, South Dakota	C. P.	1420 kc, 100 W. unlimited time (Requests authority to move station to Aberdeen, S.D.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1932

Docket #1788	NEW	Britt A. Rogers, Jr., Tupelo, Mississippi	C. P.	990 kc, 500 W. daytime

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RETURNED

The Commission during the current week, has returned the following applications for renewal license to the applicant as they are not in proper form for consideration by the Commission: WTJS, Jackson, Tennessee; KGFG, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; WBHS, Huntsville, Alabama; KFPW, Fort Smith, Arkansas; KCRC, Enid, Oklahoma; KFJZ, Fort Worth, Texas; WBBL, Richmond, Virginia; WABI, Bangor, Maine; WBOW, Terre Haute, Indiana; KGFL, Raton, New Mexico; KICA, Clovis, New Mexico; WBTM, Danville, Virginia; KMAC, San Antonio, Texas; KONO, San Antonio, Texas; KUJ, Walla Walla, Washington; and WJBO, New Orleans, Louisiana.

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APPEALS FILED

Broadcasting Station WREC, Memphis, Tennessee, this week filed an appeal in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia against a decision of the Radio Commission of October 21 granting WMT, Waterloo, Iowa a power increase from 250 to 500 watts. The two stations operate on 600 kilocycles. Station WMT also filed an appeal this week in the Court of Appeals against the decision of the Radio Commission of October 21 denying it permission to move from Waterloo, to Des Moines, Iowa.

The Radio Commission has filed its opposition in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia to the motion for reconsideration filed with the Court by the Herald Telegraph Company of Dubuque, Iowa. This company asked the Court to grant a stay order against a decision of the Commission of October 21 granting Station WKBB permission to move from Joliet to East Dubuque, Illinois. The Court refused to grant the order whereat the company filed a motion to reconsider the order denying the stay order. The Commission is now opposing this last move.

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November 11, 1932

LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission has granted license renewals to the following stations for the regular period: WBAX, Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania; WBBZ, Ponca City, Oklahoma; WBRE, Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania; WCLO, Janesville, Wisconsin; WCOD, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; WDAH, El Paso, Texas; WEBQ, Harrisburg, Illinois; WEXL, Royal Oak, Michigan; WFDF, Flint, Michigan; WGCM, Mississippi City, Mississippi; WHBC, Canton, Ohio; WHBU, Anderson, Indiana; WIAS, Ottumwa, Iowa; WIBU, Poynette, Wisconsin; WIBX, Utica, N. Y., (and auxiliary), WJBU, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania; WJW, Akron, Ohio; WKBC, Birmingham, Alabama; WKFI, Greenville, Mississippi; WKJC, Lancaster, Pennsylvania; WLBC, Muncie, Indiana; WMBG, Richmond, Virginia; WNBH, New Bedford, Massachusetts; WNBO, Silver Haven, Pennsylvania; WOCL, Jamestown, N. Y.; WOL, Washington, D. C.; WOMT, Manitowoc, Wisconsin; WORC-WEPS, Worcester, Massachusetts.

WPHR, Petersburg, Virginia; WROL, Knoxville, Tennessee; WSEN, Columbus, Ohio; WSOC, Gastonia, North Carolina; WTAX, Springfield, Illinois; KBTM, Paragould, Arkansas; K CRJ, Jerome, Arizona; KDLR, Devils Lake, North Dakota; KERN, Bakersfield, California; KFBK, Sacramento, California; KFJI, Klamath Falls, Oregon; KFOR, Lincoln, Nebraska; KFPL, Dublin, Texas; KFVS, Cape Girardeau, Missouri; KFXD, Nampa, Idaho; KFXJ, Grand Junction, Colorado; KFXR, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; KGCX,Wolf Point, Montana, KGDY, Huron, South Dakota; KGEZ, Kalispell, Mont.; KGFJ, Los Angeles, Calif.; KGNO, Dodge City, Kansas; KGVO, Missoula, Mont.; KIT, Yakima, WASH.

KMED, Medford, Ore.; KMLB, Momroe, La.; KMJ, Fresno, Calif.; KTSM, El Paso, Tex. KVOS, Bellingham, Wash.; KXRO, Aberdeen, Wash.; WBEO, Marquette, Michigan; WCLS, Joliet, Illinois; WCRW, Chicago, Illinois; WEBR, Buffalo, N. Y.; WFAM, South Bend, Indiana; WFBE, Cincinnati, Ohio; WGH, Newport News, Virginia; WJAC, Johnstown, Pennsylvania; WKBB, Joliet, Illinois; WLAP, Louisville, Kentucky; WNBW, Carbondale,Pennsylvania; WQDX, Thomasville, Georgia; WRBL, Columbus, Georgia; WSBC, Chicago, Illinois; WSIX, Springfield, Tennessee; WSJS, Winston-Salem, North Carolina; WTRC, Elkhart, Indiana; KGED, Fergus Falls, Minnesota; KGEK, Yuma, Colorado, and KWG, Stockton, California.

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SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

NEW	A. D. Shiffer & A. H. Bennett d/b as Lansing Brdcstg. Co. Lansing, Michigan	Requests C. P. for new station, 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
NEW	Lancaster Brdcstg. Service, Inc. Lancaster, Pennsylvania	Requests C. P. for new station, 1230 kc, 500 watts, daytime.
WFDV	Rome Broadcasting Corp. Rome, Georgia	Requests C. P. to change frequency from 1500 to 1120 kc, increase power from 100 to 250 watts, and change hours of operation from specified to unlimited. (part of facilities of WTFI).

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November 11, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WRC	National Broadcasting Co., Inc. Washington, D. C.	Granted C. P. to make changes in auxiliary equipment.
WABC-WBOQ	Atlantic Broadcasting Corp. New York, New York	Granted C. P. for auxiliary purposes only, 860 kc, 5 KW.
WLCI	Luthern Association of Ithaca, New York	Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment.
WSVS	Elmer S. Pierce, Principal Seneca Vocational High School Buffalo, New York	Granted license covering installation of new equipment 1370 kc, 50 watts daytime; hours of operation, daily 8:30 to 10 a.m. and 2 to 3 p.m., EST.
WKAV	Laconia Radio Club Laconia, New Hampshire	Granted temporary renewal of license pending decision of the Commission as a result of investigation now being conducted with respect to improper operating of station.
	SECOND ZONE	
WFBG	The William F. Gable Company Altoona, Pennsylvania	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to the Gable Broadcasting Co. (Lessee)
WCAE	WCAE, Inc. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Granted renewal of license for auxiliary transmitter for term ending 3 a.m., EST, April 1, 1933.
WHK	Radio Air Service Corp. Cleveland, Ohio	Granted ren. of lic. for auxiliary transmitter for term ending 3 a.m. EST, May 1, 1933.
WALR	WALR Broadcasting Corp. Zanesville, Ohio	Granted license covering move of transmitter locally and changing equipment, 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
	THIRD ZONE	
WFDV	Rome Broadcasting Corporation Rome, Georgia	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change part of specified hours as follows: change morning hours from 6 to 9 a.m., to: 7 to 10 am

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

WNAD	University of Oklahoma Norman, Oklahoma	Granted special authority to operate 9:15 to 10:30 P.M. CST, November 15, 17 and 29; December 1, 13 and 15, 1932, and January 10 and 12; February 7, 9, 21 and 23, 1933, provided KGGF remains silent.
WWL	Loyola University New Orleans, Louisiana	Granted license covering local move of transmitter, installation of new equipment and increase in power from 5 to 10 KW; 850 kc; hours daily except Sunday, 8 a.m. to 8:30 p.m.; Sunday 10 a.m. to 7:45 p.m., CST.

FOURTH ZONE

KGFK	Red River Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Moorhead, Minnesota	Granted C. P. to change type of equipment and increase operating power from 50 to 100 watts.
WLBC	Donald A. Burton Muncie, Indiana	Granted C. P. to move transmitter locally in Muncie, Indiana.
WHBF	Beardsley Specialty Co. Rock Island, Illinois	Granted renewal of license, 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time. (Application for WHBF's facilities has been withdrawn).
WCBD	Wilbur Glenn Voliva Zion, Illinois	Granted extension of working of Rule 145 to November 30.
WHBY	St. Norbert College Green Bay, Wisconsin	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of Lic. to WHBY, Inc.
KGFW	Central Nebraska Brdcstg. Corp. Kearney, Nebraska	Granted temporary renewal of license subject to decision of the Commission on application filed by James M. Caldwell, Goodland, Kansas, requesting facilities of KGFW.
WSUI	State University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa	Granted special authority to operate from 10 p.m. to 12 midnight, CST, November 18.

FIFTH ZONE

KFWI	Radio Entertainments, Ltd. San Francisco, California	Granted ren. of lic. 930 kc, 500 watts shares with KROW. (The application for KFWI's facilities requested by KROW has been withdrawn.)
KPQ	Wescoast Broadcasting Company Wenatchee, Washington	Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase power from 50 to 100 watts.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (concluded)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

KREG	J. S. Edwards Santa Ana, California	Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment.
KGVO	Mosby's Inc. Missoula, Montana	Granted extension of working of Rule 145 to November 30.
KLZ	Reynolds Radio Co. Inc. Denver, Colorado	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
KGFJ	Ben S. McGlashan Los Angeles, California	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following applications to the applicants:

3-ALB-424	KMAC	W. W. McAllister San Antonio, Texas	Vol. assign. of lic. to Walcam Co., Inc. (Request of applicant).
5-MLB-1061	KDYL	Intermountain Brdcstg. Corp. Salt Lake City, Utah	Mod. of lic. to change frequency from 1290 to 780 kc, facilities KFWM, Los Angeles and KELW, Burbank, California. (Rule 6 d).

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ORAL ARGUMENT CONTINUED

WORC- WEPS	Alfred Frank Kliendienst Worcester, Massachusetts	Argument before Commission en banc scheduled for November 16, 1932, continued until 10 am November 30, concerning application for facilities of Stations WAWZ, Zarephath, New Jersey, WMSG, WBNX and WCDA all of New York City.

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CANADA INCREASES RADIO SETS

Radio receiving licenses are increasing in number, according to word received from Canada by the Department of Commerce. The Department has been informed that 544,000 licenses were issued for the six months ending September 30 as compared with a total of 598,000 for the whole of the previous fiscal year.

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November 11, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-MLB-1084	WEBR	Howell Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Buffalo, New York	Mod. of lic. for authority to use the new WE 100 watt Auxiliary Transmitter as Main Transmitter at night.
1-PB-2741	WMBO	WMBO, Inc. Auburn, New York	C. P. to rebuild station which was destroyed by fire. Change of street address of transmitter and studio; new equipment.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-MPB-392	WELL	Enquirer-News Co. Battle Creek, Michigan	Mod. of C. P. issued 8/9/32 extend date of completion to 1/9/33.
2-ZB-64	WGAR	WGAR Broadcasting Co., Inc. Cleveland, Ohio	Determine power by direct antenna measurement.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-PB-2723	KOCW	J. T. Griffin Chickasha, Oklahoma	Change transmitter and studio locally, make changes in equipment, amended location of transmitter "to be determined."
3-PB-2644A	NEW	William O. Purkins & Merrill Eidson d/b as Radio Service Co., Temple, Texas	C. P. for new station to use 1340 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts LS, unlimited hours amended to request 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours, change street address of transmitter and studio.

The nearest station on the proposed frequency of 1210 kilocycles is KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana, which is 230 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the State of Texas and the Third Zone are over quota. Granting of this application would increase the quota.

3-PB-2719	NEW	W. E. Dobbins and Maurice C. Coleman d/b as Coleman-Dobbins Company. Atlanta, Georgia	C. P. for new station to use 890 kc, 250 watts night 500 watts LS, unlimited hours. Requests facilities of WGST, Atlanta, Georgia

Inasmuch as this applicant is asking for the facilities of a station located at the same place and for the same facilities, neither would the quota be increased nor would any additional interference be caused than that by the existing station.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

3-PB-2736	NEW	Radio Station WBHS, Inc. Huntsville, Alabama	C. P. for new station to use 1200 kc, 100 watts, share with WFBC, to use 6/7 time. Requests facilities of WBHS, Huntsville, Alabama.

The applicant is asking for facilities now used which would not increase quota or interference.

FOURTH ZONE

4-MLB-1085	WMBH	W. M. Robertson Joplin, Missouri	Mod. of lic. for increase in specified hours of operation.
4-PB-2734	WTAD	Illinois Broadcasting Corp. Quincy, Illinois	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to East St. Louis, Illinois.

East St. Louis, Illinois, where it is proposed to move the station, is 600 miles from WBIG, Greensboro, North Carolina, the nearest station on the same frequency, 1440 kilocycles. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1000 miles. The change would not increase the State of Zone quota.

4-PB-2735	WMBH	W. M. Robertson, Joplin, Missouri	C. P. to install new transmitter and make other changes in equipment.
4-ALB-474	KWLC	Luther College Decorah, Iowa	Vol. assign. of lic. to Telegraph-Herald.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2733	KOIN	KOIN, Inc. Portland, Oregon	C. P. change equipment and change transmitter location 1/10 mile outside City limits, Portland, Ore.
5-MLB-1086	KFXJ	R. G. Howell & Chas, Howell d/b as Western Slope Broadcasting Company Grand Junction, Colorado	Mod. of lic. to change frequency from 1310 to 1200 kc.

The nearest station on the proposed new frequency of 1200 kilocycles is KGEW, at Fort Morgan, Colorado, which is 280 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. The quota of neither the State nor the Zone would be affected by this change.

5-MLB-1087	KCRJ	Charles C. Robinson Jerome, Arizona	Mod. of lic. to change specified hours of operation.
5-LB-906	KGBU	Alaska Radio & Service Co. Ketchikan, Alaska	Lic. to cover C. P. issued 7/15/33 to rebuild station and change in specified hours.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (concluded)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

5-ALB-473	KICA	W. E. Whitmore Clovis, New Mexico	Vol. assign. of lic. to Southwest Broadcasting Company.
5-PB-2728	NEW	W. L. Gleeson Sacramento, California	C. P. for new station, exact location to be determined, to use 1490 kc, 1 KW, unlimited hours, facilities KTM, Los Angeles and KELW, Burbank, California, amended to give exact transmitter location six miles south of City of Sacramento, on Sacramento River; change equipment, change operating power to 5 KW.

This proposed new station near Sacramento would be 1900 miles from the nearest station on the same frequency, WCKY, at Cincinnati, Ohio. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1600 miles.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for licenses to cover permits granted: WJEJ, Hagerstown, Maryland; KSO, Des Moines, Iowa; WHDH, Boston, Massachusetts; WJBI, Red Bank, New Jersey; KGBU, Ketchikan, Alaska.

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APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE RENEWAL

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for license renewal: KFXM, San Bernardino, California; KGY, Olympia, Washington; WPRO-WPAW, Providence, Rhode Island; WHBQ, Memphis, Tennessee; WWRL, Woodside, New York; WENC, Americus, Georgia; WBBL, Richmond, Virginia; WABI, Bangor, Maine; WBOW, Terre Haute, Indiana; WJBL, Decatur, Illinois; KFWF, St. Louis, Missouri; WMBR, Tampa, Florida; WPFB, Hattiesburg, Mississippi; WILM, Wilmington, Delaware; WHDL, Tupper Lake, New York; WLEY, Lexington, Massachusetts; WMT, Waterloo, Iowa; KFGQ, Boone, Iowa; KUMA, Yuma, Arizona; KWCR; Cedar Rapids, Iowa; KXO, El Entro, California; WJBW, New Orleans, Louisiana; WJBC, LaSalle, Illinois; KGMB, Honolulu, Hawaii; WCAT, Rapid City, South Dakota; WHET, Troy, Alabama; KFYO, Lubbock, Texas; KGKL, San Angelo, Texas; and WTIS, Jackson, Tennessee.

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APPLICATION SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following case for hearing:

NEW	John Tindale Abilene, Texas	Requests C. P. 1420 kc, 100 watts, share with KABC equally.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

November 22, 1932

McCOSKER HEADS NAB

Alfred J. McCosker, WOR, Newark, N. J. was elected President of the NAB at the Tenth Annual Convention which recently closed at St. Louis, Mo.

Other officers and directors elected were:

Leo Fitzpatrick, WJR, Detroit, Mich., First Vice President; John Shepard, III, WNAC, Boston, Mass., Second Vice President; and Arthur B. Church, KMBC, Kansas City, Mo., Treasurer. Directors elected were as follows:

For the three year term - J. Thomas Lyons, WCAO, Baltimore, Md; Lambdin Kay, WSB, Atlanta, Ga.; L. B. Tyson, KHJ, Los Angeles, Calif.; I. Z. Buckwalter, WGAL, Lancaster, Pa.; and J. T. Ward, WLAC, Nashville, Tenn.

For the two year term - W. W. Gedge, WMBC, Detroit, Mich.

For the one year term - Donald Flamm, WMCA, New York; and Gardner Cowles, Jr. WIAS, Des Moines, Iowa.

In addition to the Directors elected at the meeting, the following complete the Board: William S. Hedges, WMAQ, Chicago, Ill.; Henry A. Bellows, WCCO, Minneapolis, Minn.; Quin Ryan, WGN, Chicago, Ill.; E. B. Craney, KGIR, Butte, Mont.; H. K. Carpenter, WPTF, Raleigh, N. C.; Walter J. Damm, WTMJ, Milwaukee, Wis.; and George F. McClelland, WEAF, New York, N. Y.

Oswald F. Schuette was given broad authority to represent the broadcasting industry in its copyright activities.

Philip G. Loucks was reappointed as Managing Director by the Board.

MCGOSHER HEADS NAB

Alfred J. McGosher, WOR, Newark, N. J., was elected President NAB at the Tenth Annual Convention which recently closed at St. Louis.

Other officers and directors elected were:

Leo Fitzpatrick, WLW, Cincinnati, First Vice President; John [illegible], WMAQ, Boston, Mass., Second [illegible]ident and Arthur E. [illegible] Kansas City, Mo., Treasurer. [illegible] Directors elected were as follows:

For the three year term - J. Thomas Lyons, WCAO, Baltimore, Md; [illegible] WSB, Atlanta, Ga; [illegible] Tyson, KHJ, Los Angeles, Calif.; L. B. [illegible] walter, WGAL, Lancaster, Pa; [illegible] J. T. W[illegible]

For the two [illegible] W. W. [illegible]

For the one [illegible] Donald [illegible] New York; [illegible] Cowles, Jr. WIAS, Des Moines, Iowa.

In addition to the Directors [illegible] complete the Board: William [illegible] Chicago, Ill.; Henry A. [illegible] WCCO, Minneapolis, Minn.; [illegible] Rhode, Mont.; H. K. [illegible] Miller, WTMJ, Milwaukee, Wis.; and George [illegible] McClell[illegible]

[illegible] was given [illegible] recently to [illegible] casting immensely in its con[illegible] activit[illegible]

[illegible] Louisa was responsi[illegible]

"News Bulletin" is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters, a trade group and is issued semi-monthly at the headquarters in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be published [illegible]

LET'S ALL DIG IN AND HELP

When Harry Shaw turned over to A. J. McCosker the presidential gavel at St. Louis, the NAB had reached the close of its most successful year. The membership was the largest since the founding of the Association and the financial condition was the soundest in years. It was a closely knit, active organization which Mr. Shaw bequeathed to his successor.

But an enthusiastic meeting heaped a large number of new and novel proposals upon the shoulders of President McCosker. He assumes the presidency facing the most elaborate program ever laid down by the industry. This program was not developed behind closed doors or by Committees. It was drafted and discussed at open meetings and was voted upon by all who attended.

In President McCosker the NAB has picked a wise and capable leader. To carry out the program which has been laid out for him he must not only have the cooperation of the Board of Directors but he must have the financial and moral support of every broadcasting station in the country. He will have the wholehearted cooperation of the Managing Director's office.

Every member must remember that the program for the year was the result of action of those who attended the meeting at St. Louis. It is your program and it is up to you to put your shoulder to the wheel and help put it over. If you will cooperate, the program will succeed; if you fail to cooperate, the program cannot possibly succeed.

The reorganized NAB is off to a fine start. Let's all dig in and help!

PROCEEDINGS TO BE PUBLISHED

This Bulletin will give only a few high spots of the Convention. The official report of the meeting has not yet been received and it was thought advisable to await its receipt before giving in detail the official actions of the Convention. Just as soon as the record is received it will be rushed to the printer with a view to having a complete record of the meeting in the hands of each member at the earliest possible date.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Many questions scheduled for discussion at the St. Louis Convention were sidetracked in favor of elections and other more important business. The report of the Commercial Section was presented by H. K. Carpenter, WPTF, Raleigh, N. C. Chairman of the Section, and reports of other committees of the Section were received and filed with instructions that they be published in the proceedings. The report of the Legislative Committee was given by Henry A. Bellows, WCCO, Minneapolis, Minn. and the report of the Copyright Committee was presented by Paul W. Morency, WTIC, Hartford, Conn. Mr. Schuette reported on his copyright activities at the Wednesday meeting.

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NAB'S BUSIEST MEETING

The Tenth NAB meeting which just closed at St. Louis was the most enthusiastic meeting of broadcasters ever held.

During the course of the meeting the Association was reorganized and revitalized and a most ambitious program for the ensuing year was developed.

A total of three hundred and two persons attended the banquet on Tuesday night. Each session was well attended and members and non-members alike took an active part in the proceedings.

The text of the various motions and resolutions adopted at the Convention will be published just as soon as a transcript of the meeting is available. Within a few weeks the proceedings of the meeting will be published in full and these will be available for distribution.

FAVOR DIRECTOR GENERAL FOR RADIO

Among the most important actions taken at the meeting was a motion authorizing the Board of Directors to consider the appointment of a man with national reputation to the newly created post of Director General of broadcasting. The Board, at its reorganization meeting following the closing session of the Convention, began its consideration of this matter and appointed a committee to study details of the project. The Committee was scheduled to meet this week.

SCHUETTE COPYRIGHT DIRECTOR

The broadcasters, members and non-members, voted unanimously to appoint Oswald F. Schuette director of copyright activities for the broadcasters, with broad powers to negotiate a new contract with the American Society of Composers, Authors and Composers, to take whatever legal or legislative action which may be necessary to secure a solution to the industry's music problems.

LINE CHARGES AND TURNTABLES

Frequent reference was made to existing telephone line charges and turntable licenses during the meeting and under a motion adopted in the closing minutes of the Convention the Association was directed to study the telephone rate question.

PROGRAM FOUNDATION OUTLINED

In his report to the meeting, Mr. Schuette outlines plans for the creation of a program foundation enterprise under which the broadcasting industry would, within the next few years, free itself from dependence upon any combination of copyright owners. The matter was referred to the Board of Directors for consideration.

STANDARD ORDER BLANK REFERRED

The standard order blank developed by the American Association of Advertising Agencies in cooperation with the Commercial Section Chairmen of the NAB received brief consideration. Debate over several conditions in the blank was cut short when a motion was adopted referring the whole matter to the Board for disposition. The Board will consider the form at its next meeting.

LAFOUNT ISSUES WARNING

Acting Chairman Harold A. LaFount of the Radio Commission warned against what he termed "overcommercialization of programs" in an address at the opening session and called for a united industry to meet the problems which confront American broadcasting. His address followed an address of welcome by Mayor Miller of St. Louis.

SHAW PLEADS FOR UNITY

Harry Shaw, WMT, Waterloo, Iowa, retiring president of the NAB, called upon the industry for organized action in his address to the meeting. Mr. Shaw, who took an active part in all of the Association's activities during the past year, reviewed the work of the Association and called upon the membership to take a more active part in the work of the organization.

CALDWELL DISCUSSES MADRID CONFERENCE

A detailed review of the problems before the International Radiotelegraph Conference now in progress at Madrid was contained in the report of Louis G. Caldwell, NAB representative at Madrid. The report will be published in full in the proceedings of the Convention.

O. H. CALDWELL SPEAKS

O. H. Caldwell, former radio commissioner and editor of Electronics and Radio Retailing, addressed the Monday session. Other speakers during the Monday meetings were Prof. C. M. Jansky, Jr. consulting radio engineer of Washington; Strickland Gillilan, humorist and writer of Washington, and Joe Chambers, WLW and WSAI, Cincinnati, Ohio, who presented the report of the Engineering Section in the absence of John V. L. Hogan, chairman of the Section.

FRED GAMBLE SPEAKS

Fred Gamble, brilliant executive secretary of the American Association of Advertising Agencies, discussed the standard order blank and also spoke informally on the relationship between agencies and broadcasters.

ORDER

The standard order blank developed by the American Association [illegible] in cooperation with the Commercial Section Chair[illegible] received brief consideration. Debate over several [illegible]itions in [illegible] was cut short when a motion was adopted referring the whole matter [illegible] Board for disposition. The Board will consider the form at its next meeting.

[illegible]

Acting Chairman Harold A. Lafount of the Radio Commission warned against what he termed "overcommercialization or programs" in an address at the open[illegible]ing session and called for a united industry to meet the problems which [illegible] front American broadcasting. His address followed an address of welcome by [illegible] of St. Louis.

SHAW PLEADS FOR UNITY

[illegible], WMT, Waterloo, Iowa, retiring president of the NAB, [illegible] upon the industry for organized action in his address to the meeting. Mr. Shaw, who took an active part in all of the Association's activities [illegible] past year, reviewed the work of the Association and called upon the membership to take a more active part in the work of the organization.

ADDITIONAL DISCUSSES MADRID CONFERENCE

A detailed review of the problems before the International Radio Conference now in progress at Madrid was contained in the report of Lonnie G. Caldwell, NAB representative at Madrid. The report will be published in full in the proceedings of the Convention.

C. H. CALDWELL SPEAKS

C. H. Caldwell, former radio commissioner and editor of Electronics and Radio Retailing, addressed the Monday session. Other speakers during the Monday meetings were Prof. C. M. Jansky, Jr., consulting radio engineer of Washington; Strickland Gillilan, humorist and writer of Washington, and Joe Chambers, WLW and WSAI, Cincinnati, Ohio, who [illegible] read the report of the Engineering Section in the absence of John V. L. Hogan, chairman of the Section.

FRED GAMBLE SPEAKS

Fred Gamble, brilliant executive secretary of the American Association of Advertising Agencies, discussed the [illegible] on outer blank and also spoke informally on the relationship between agencies and broadcasters.

CONVENTION REGISTRATION LIST

The following were in attendance at the St. Louis Meeting:

NAME	STATION or COMPANY	ADDRESS
ADLER, Ben	RCA-Victor Company	Dallas, Texas
ANDREWS, F. L.	KDKA	Pittsburgh, Pa.
ARMSTRONG, R. W.	Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co.	New York, N. Y.
ARNOUX, Campbell	KTHS	Hot Springs, Ark.
BAILEY, Stuart L.	Jansky & Bailey	Washington, D. C.
BAKER, I.R.	RCA-Victor Company	Camden, New Jersey
BELLOWS, H. A.	WABC	New York, N. Y.
BENNETT, Robert W.	KFRU	Columbia, Missouri
BENSON, L. A.	WIL	St. Louis, Missouri
BERKELEY, K. H.	WRC	Washington, D. C.
BIDWELL, Bert	WHB	Kansas City, Missouri
BILL, Edgar L.	WMBD	Peoria, Illinois
BILLINGS, Ford	KSTP	St. Paul, Minnesota
BISBEE, F. C.	Elec. Research Prod. Inc.	New York, N. Y.
BLAIR, F. B.	KMBC	Kansas City, Missouri
BLISS, H. S.	WCLO	Janesville, Wisconsin
BLOSSOM, R. E.	WFBM	Indianapolis, Ind.
BONEBRAKE, Matthew	WKY	Oklahoma City, Okla.
BOWEN, Scott H.	WIBX	Utica, New York
BOWEN, Mrs. Scott H.	WIBX	Utica, New York
BOYNTON, Stanley G.	WJR	Detroit, Michigan
BRENNEN, H. J.	WJAS	Pittsburgh, Pa.
BRICKER, Geo.	WMCA	New York, N. Y.
BRIDGES, W. C.	WEBC	Superior, Wisconsin
BRISBIN, M. M.	RCA-Victor Company	Camden, New Jersey
BUCKWALTER, Isaac Z.	WGAL	Lancaster, Pa.
BURKE, C. G.	WDAY	Fargo, North Dakota
BURKE, Rev. Wallace	WWL	New Orleans, La.
BUSH, James L.	WDZ	Tuscola, Illinois
BUTCHER, Harry C.	WJSV	Washington, D. C.
BUTLER, Burridge D.	WLS	Chicago, Illinois
CALDWELL, Louis G.	WGN	Washington, D. C.
CALLAWAY, Joseph	WKBH	LaCrosse, Wisconsin
CAMPBELL, Martin	WFAA	Dallas, Texas
CARRELL, C. L.	WBBZ	Ponca City, Okla.
CARPENTER, H. K.	WPTF	Raleigh, North Carolina
CHAMBERS, Joe	WLW	Cincinnati, Ohio
CHATTERTON, Charles O.	The Oregonian - KGW	Portland, Oregon
CHERRINGTON, E. M.	KFEQ	St. Joseph, Missouri
CHILTON, A. L.	KRLD	Dallas, Texas
CHURCH, Arthur B.	KMBC	Kansas City, Missouri
COGLEY, E. V.	WLBW	Erie, Pennsylvania
CONVEY, Thomas Patrick	KWK	St. Louis, Missouri
COOK, S. H.	WFBL	Syracuse, New York

The following were in attendance at the St. [illegible]

	STATION OR COMPANY	
ADKINS, Ben	RCA-Victor Company	Dallas, Texas
ANDREWS, [illegible]		[illegible], Pa.
[illegible], H. [illegible]	Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co.	New York, N. Y.
ARNOLDY, Samuel	KMBS	[illegible], Ariz.
BATTEY, Stuart [illegible]	Tansey & Bailey	Washington, D. C.
BAKER, I.M.	RCA-Victor C[illegible]	Camden, New Jersey
[illegible]	[illegible]	New York, N. Y.
BENNETT, Robert W.	[illegible]	Columbia [illegible]
BENSON, [illegible] A.	[illegible]	St. Louis, Missouri
BERNHEIMER, W. [illegible]	[illegible]	Washington, [illegible]
BIGWOOD, Bert	WHB	[illegible] City, Missouri
[illegible]	WMBD	Peoria, Illinois
BILLINGS, Ford	KSTP	St. [illegible]
[illegible]	Elec. Research Prod. Inc.	New York, N. [illegible]
[illegible]	WCAU	Kansas City, Missouri
BLISS, H. S.	KGNO	[illegible]sville, Wisconsin
[illegible] R. [illegible]	[illegible]	Indianapolis, Ind.
BOWERMAN, Matthew	WKY	Oklahoma City, Okla.
BOWEN, Scott H.	WTAX	Utica, New York
[illegible] Mrs. Scott H.	WTAX	Utica, New York
BOYNTON, Stanley G.	WJR	Detroit, Mich.
[illegible]	WJAR	Pittsburgh, [illegible]
BRIDGER, Geo.	[illegible]	New York, N. Y.
[illegible]	WHKC	Superior, Wisconsin
BRISSIN, M. H.	RCA-Victor Company	Camden. [illegible]
BUCKNAMAN, Isaac Z.	[illegible]	Lancaster, [illegible]
BURKE, O. [illegible]	WCAY	[illegible]
BURNS, Rev. Wallace	[illegible]	New Orleans, La.
BUSH, James [illegible]	WDZ	Tuscola, Illinois
BUTCHER, Harry O.	[illegible]	Washington, D. C.
BUTLER, Burridge D.	[illegible]	Illinois
CALDWELL, Louis G.	WGN	Washington, D. C.
CALLAHAN, Joseph	[illegible]	[illegible], Wisconsin
CAMPBELL, Martin	KTAA	Dallas, Texas
CARNELL, O. L.	[illegible]	Ponca [illegible], Okla.
CARPENTER, H. K.	KFTF	[illegible], North Carolina
CHAMBERS, Joe	[illegible]	Cincinnati, Ohio
CHATTERTON, Charles [illegible]	The Oregonian - KGW	[illegible]
CHERRINGTON, B. M.	KFBG	[illegible], Joseph
CLINTON, A. L.	KFRD	Dallas, Texas
CONLEY, Arthur [illegible]	KMBC	Kansas City [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] Virginia
DONLEY, Thomas Patrick	KGK	St. Louis, [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	

NAME	STATION or COMPANY	ADDRESS
CORCORAN, Rev. Chas. T.	WEW	St. Louis, Missouri
CORY, W. A.	Employers Reinsurance Corp.	Kansas City, Missouri
COSBY, Clarence G.	KWK	St. Louis, Missouri
COULSON, W. S.	WHAS	Louisville, Kentucky
COWLES, Jr. Gardner	WIAS	Ottumwa, Iowa
CRAIN, K. C.	"Advertising Age"	Chicago, Illinois
CRANE, Ruth F.	WJR	Detroit, Michigan
CRANEY, E. B.	KGIR	Butte, Montana
CUNNINGHAM, F. W.	Western Electric Company	New York, N. Y.
DAMM, Walter J.	WTMJ	Milwaukee, Wisconsin
DARRAGH, Nelson R.	KMOX	St. Louis, Missouri
DAVIS, Don D.	WHB	Kansas City, Missouri
DAVIS, W. B.	Elec. Research Prod. Inc.	New York, N. Y.
DYER, Gene	WGES	Chicago, Illinois
EARL, Guy	KNX	Los Angeles, Calif.
EAVES. A. J. E.	Graybar Electric Company	New York, N. Y.
EHRESMAN, Ralph	WMBD	Peoria, Illinois
ELLIOTT, Frank W.		Davenport, Iowa
ELLIS, Girard	400 N. Michigan Avenue	Chicago, Illinois
ENGLAND, John A.	KFPW-KUOA	Fort Smith, Arkansas
FELLERS, E. A.	Mantle Lamp Company	Chicago, Illinois
FETZER, John E.	WKZO	Kalamazoo, Michigan
FITSPATRICK, Leo	WJR	Detroit, Michigan
FLAMM, Donald	WMCA	New York, N. Y.
FOELLER, M. F.	Amer. Tel & Tel Co.	St. Louis, Missouri
FONTELIEU, T. J.	WSMB	New Orleans, La.
FOOTE, Ernest B.	World Broadcasting System	New York, N. Y.
FOSTER, A. S.	WWL	New Orleans, La.
FOSTER, R. D.	KGBX	Springfield, Missouri
FOX, J. Leslie	WSM	Nashville, Tennessee
FOX, S. S.	KDYL	Salt Lake City, Utah
FREE, James L.	Free & Sleininger, Inc.	Chicago, Illinois
GAMMONS, E. H.	WCCO	Minneapolis, Minn.
GAVIN, T. W.	WEBC	Duluth, Minnesota
GEDGE, W. Wright	WMBC	Detroit, Michigan
GEDDES, Bond	Radio Manufacturers Assoc.	Chicago, Illinois
GILLIN, John J.	WOW	Omaha, Nebraska
GISH, E. B.	KGRS	Amarillo, Texas
GLADE, Earl J.	KSL	Salt Lake City, Utah
GLEASON, W. J.	KHJ	Los Angeles, Calif.
GLUCK, E. J.	WBT	Charlotte, No. Car.
GOLDENBURG, Henry E.	WHB	Kansas City, Missouri
GOVE, Edw. L.	WHK	Cleveland, Ohio
GRUBB, Al Gayle	WKY	Oklahoma City, Okla.
GUIDER, John W.	KFAC-KFVD	Washington, D. C.
GURNEY, J. C.	WNAX	Yankton, South Dakota
HALLEY, Dr. Geo. E.	KMBC	Kansas City, Missouri
HAMLIN, Edw. V.	KSD	St. Louis, Missouri
HARKNESS, W. E.	Elec. Research Prod. Inc.	New York, N. Y.

NAME	STATION or COMPANY	ADDRESS
HARRISON, A. F.	Consolidated Press	Washington, D. C.
HART, G. A. D.	KWK	St. Louis, Missouri
HEDGES, William S.	WMAQ	Chicago, Illinois
HENGES, W. E.	Graybar Electric Company	St. Louis, Missouri
HENRY, A. B.	WIL	St. Louis, Missouri
HENRY, John	KOIL	Omaha, Nebraska
HIRSCH, Oscar C.	KFVS	Cape Girardeau, Mo.
HOFFMAN, Phil	WIAS-KWCR-KSO	Ottumwa, Iowa
HOHENSTEIN, Rev. H. H.	KFUO	St. Louis, Missouri
HOLLISTER, Herbert	WLBF	Kansas City, Kansas
HOLLIWAY, Harrison	KFRC	San Francisco, Calif.
HOWLETT, E. S.	WAIU	Columbus, Ohio
HOWLETT, M. A.	WHK	Cleveland, Ohio
HUBBARD, Stanley E.	KSTP	St. Paul, Minnesota
HUTCHINSON, W. E.	WAAF	Chicago, Illinois
JANSKY, Jr. C. M.	Jansky & Bailey	Washington, D. C.
JAQUIER, L. L.	WFIW	Hopkinsville, Kentucky
JOHNSON, J. A.	WTAX	Springfield, Illinois
JUNKIN, Geo.	American Broadcasting System	New York, N. Y.
KALETZKI, C. H.	Empire Radio Features Syndicate	Syracuse, New York
KAUFMAN, J. L.	WCAE	Pittsburgh, Pa.
KAY, Lambdin	WSB	Atlanta, Georgia
KENRICK, A. J.	World Broadcasting System	New York, N. Y.
KENDRICK, D. E.	WFIW	Hopkinsville, Kentucky
KING, Gerald	KFWB	Los Angeles, Calif.
KLANER, Fred	Scott Howe Bowen, Inc.	Chicago, Illinois
KORAB, Frank H.	KMMJ	Clay Center, Nebraska
LAFOUNT, Harold	Federal Radio Commission	Washington, D. C.
LAUNDER, Ray S.	Broadcast Reporter	Washington, D. C.
LEVY, I. D.	WCAU	Philadelphia, Pa.
LOCHMAN, Walt	KGBX	Springfield, Missouri
LOFTRIDGE, J. Buryl	KFBI	Abilene, Kansas
LUCY, C. T.	WRVA	Richmond, Virginia
LYONS, J. Thomas	WCAO	Baltimore, Maryland
MacARTHUR, Peter	WOC-WHO	Davenport, Iowa
MALAND, Joe	WOC-WHO	Davenport, Iowa
MARTIN, J. L.	WDAG	Amarillo, Texas
McCORMACK, John C.	KTBS	Shreveport, Louisiana
McCOSKER, Alfred J.	WOR	Newark, New Jersey
McCURY, R. G.	Graybar Electric Company	Kansas City, Missouri
McELHINEY, Jr. G. W.	McElhiney & Associates	St. Louis, Missouri
MEIGHAN, Howard S.	Scott Howe Bowen, Inc.	New York, N. Y.
MELROSE, Grant	WJAY	Cleveland, Ohio
MERQUELIN, J. A.	Western Electric Company	New York, N. Y.
MEYER, P. J.	KFYR	Bismarck, North Dakota
MEYERS, C. J.	WGN	Chicago, Illinois
MORENCY, Paul W.	WTIC	Hartford, Connecticut
MULLEN, Frank E.	National Broadcasting Co.	Chicago, Illinois
MUSSELMAN, B. Bryan	WCBA	Allentown, Pennsylvania

NAME	STATION or COMPANY	ADDRESS
NICKELS, R. W.	KFRU	Columbia, Missouri
NORTHCOTT, Stanley F.	WBCM	Bay City, Michigan
NORTHUP, Mrs. E. D.	WSPD	Toledo, Ohio
NORTHUP, E. D.	WSPD	Toledo, Ohio
O'FALLON, Gene	KFEL	Denver, Colorado
OURY, Paul	WPRO	Providence, Rhode Island
PAPE, W. O.	WAPI	Birmingham, Alabama
PATT, John F.	WGAR	Cleveland, Ohio
PECK, H. M.	WKY	Oklahoma City, Okla.
PETRY, Edward		New York, N. Y.
PHILLIPS, C. F.	WFBL	Syracuse, New York
POWELL, H. J.	KGGF	Coffeyville, Kansas
PRICE, C. U.	KFH	Wichita, Kansas
PYLE, K. W.	KFBI	Abilene, Kansas
QUARTON, Sumner D.	KWCR	Cedar Rapids, Iowa
RAMBEAU, William G.	KMBC	Chicago, Illinois
READ, H. C.	Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co.	New York, N. Y.
REINEKE, E. C.	WDAY	Fargo, North Dakota
RICHARDS, G. A.	WJR	Detroit, Michigan
RIGGINS, Ed S.	KMJ	Fresno, California
ROBERTSON, R. B.	Broadcast Advertising	Chicago, Illinois
ROSELER, Geo.	KFAB	Omaha, Nebraska
RUSSELL, F. M.	WEAF	New York, N. Y.
RYAN, Quin	WGN	Chicago, Illinois
RYAN, J. H.	WSPD	Toledo, Ohio
SCHILLING, John T.	WHB	Kansas City, Missouri
SEARLE, Don	KOIL	Omaha, Nebraska
SEARS, A. T.	A. T. Sears & Sons, Inc.	Chicago, Illinois
SEARS, B. H.	A. T. Sears & Sons, Inc.	Chicago, Illinois
SEGAL, Paul M.	KDYL-KLZ	Salt Lake City, Utah
SHARMAN, Mrs. Olive	WJR	Detroit, Michigan
SHAW, Harry	WMT	Waterloo, Iowa
SHEPARD, III, John	The Yankee Network	Boston, Mass.
SLAVICK, H. W.	WMC	Memphis, Tennessee
SLEININGER, C. L.	Free & Sleininger, Inc.	Chicago, Illinois
SMITH, Geo. S.	KDYL-KLZ	Salt Lake City, Utah
SMITH, Harold E.	WOKO	Albany, New York
SMITH, Mark N.	KMBC	Kansas City, Missouri
SMITH, Vernon H.	WREN	Lawrence, Kansas
SMITS, Norbert J.	WHBY	Green Bay, Wisconsin
SNYDER, Glenn	WLS	Chicago, Illinois
SOULE, R. G.	WFBL	Syracuse, New York
SOUTHARD, Edythe Fern	WJAY	Cleveland, Ohio
SOWELL, Jr. F. C.	WLAC	Nashville, Tennessee
SPENCE, Edwin M.	WPG	Atlantic City, N. J.
SPIES, M. C.	WDZ	Tuscola, Illinois
SPRAGUE, E. S.	WEAF	New York, N. Y.
STAMM, Gus W.	Broadcast Advertising	Chicago, Illinois
STEVENSON, Thomas	Broadcast Reporter	Washington, D. C.

NAME	STATION or COMPANY	ADDRESS
STEWART, Jack	WFBR	Baltimore, Maryland
STINSON, L. W.	KVOO	Tulsa, Oklahoma
STONE, Harry	WSM	Nashville, Tennessee
STOREY, John J.	WTAG	Worcester, Mass.
SUMMERVILLE, W. H.	KRLD	Dallas, Texas
SUTTON, Geo. O.		Washington, D. C.
SWEET, R. W.	WLAC	Nashville, Tennessee
TAYLOR, Inglis M.	WEBQ	Harrisburg, Illinois
TEMPLE, J. M.	KCMC	Texarkana, Arkansas
THOMAS, N. A.	WDOD	Chattanooga, Tennessee
THOMPSON, Robert M.	WJAS	Pittsburgh, Pa.
THOMPSON, Roy	WFBG	Altoona, Pennsylvania
THURSTON, E. W.	Western Electric Company	New York, N. Y.
TYSON, L. B.	KHJ	Los Angeles, Calif.
VANCE, H. C.	RCA-Victor Company	Chicago, Illinois
Van VOLKENBURG, J. L.	KMOX	St. Louis, Missouri
VOYNOW, Edward E.	Scott Howe Bowen, Inc.	Chicago, Illinois
WAGNER, Rev. James A.	WHBY	Green Bay, Wisconsin
WARD, J. T.	WLAC	Nashville, Tennessee
WAY, W. B.	KVOO	Tulsa, Oklahoma
WEBER, Fred	WENR	Chicago, Illinois
WEISS, Lewis Allen	WJR	Detroit, Michigan
WEST, Wm H.	KMOX	St. Louis, Missouri
WHEELAHAN, H.	WSMB	New Orleans, La.
WHEELER, Clarence	WHEC	Rochester, New York
WHITE, J. Andrew	American Broadcasting System	New York, N. Y.
WICK, Bert	KDLR	Devils Lake, No. Dakota
WILLIAMSON, Jr. W. P.	WKBN	Youngstown, Ohio
WILSON, Howard	KFBI-KFEQ	Kansas City, Missouri
WINGER, Earl W.	WDOD	Chattanooga, Tennessee
WINTERS, Emerson	WHO	Des Moines, Iowa
WITHYCOMB, Donald	National Broadcasting Co.	New York, N. Y.
WOOTEN, Hoyt B.	WREC	Memphis, Tennessee
WORDEN, Ralph	WJAY	Cleveland, Ohio
WRIGHT, J. F.	WILL	Urbana, Illinois
YOUNG	WDGY	Minneapolis, Minnesota
ZIMMERMAN, G. E.	KPRC	Houston, Texas
ZIMMERMANN, Geo. H.	WCAH	Columbus, Ohio

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[illegible], Jean	[illegible]	[illegible], Arkansas
[illegible]	KVOO	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Nashville, Tennessee
[illegible], John	WTAG	[illegible]
[illegible], W. H.	KMOD	Dell [illegible]
[illegible] Geo.		Washington, D. C.
[illegible]	KLAC	Nashville. [illegible]
[illegible] Willie H.	WBBG	Harrisburg, Ill. [illegible]
[illegible], J. M.	KGKO	[illegible], Arkansas
[illegible], W. A.	WDOD	Chattanooga [illegible]
[illegible], Robert M.	[illegible] AS	Pittsburgh, Pa.
[illegible], Roy	WKBO	Altoona, Penn. [illegible]
[illegible], E.	Electric Company	[illegible]
[illegible]		Los Angeles, Calif.
[illegible], H.	RCA-Victor Company	Chicago, Illinois
[illegible] VOLKENBURG	KMOX	St. Louis, Missouri
[illegible] Edward	Scott Howe Bowen, Inc	[illegible] Illinois
[illegible], Rev. James A.	[illegible]	[illegible] Bay, Wisconsin
[illegible], J. T.	WDAG	Nashville, Tennessee
[illegible], W. R.	KVOO	Tulsa, Oklahoma
[illegible], Fred	[illegible]	Chicago, Illinois
[illegible], Lewis Allen	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	KMOX	St. Louis, Missouri
[illegible], H.		New [illegible]
[illegible], Clarence	WHBC	Bolivar, New York
[illegible], Andrew	[illegible] Broadcasting System	New York [illegible]
[illegible]	KLZR	Devils Lake, No. Dakota
[illegible], Jr., T. P.	WKBN	Youngstown, Ohio
[illegible], Howard	[illegible]	Kansas City, Missouri
[illegible]	[illegible]	Chattanooga
[illegible], Emerson	WHO	Des Moines, Iowa
[illegible], [illegible]	National Broadcasting Co.	[illegible]
[illegible], Roy	WREC	[illegible]
[illegible]	KLAY	[illegible] Ohio
[illegible], T.	[illegible]	Urbana, Illinois
YOUNG	WCOY	Minneapolis, Minnesota
ZIMMERMAN, G. R.	KFDM	Beaumont, Texas
[illegible]	WGAR	Columbus, Ohio

November 22, 1932

DECREE ENTERED IN RCA CASE

A decree of injunction was granted Monday in the radio trust case by the United States District Court at Wilmington, Del. according to an official announcement made by the Department of Justice.

The decree directed the complete divorcement of the General Electric Company and the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company from the Radio Corporation of America, and enjoined the defendants from attempting to restrain trade by means of patent licenses or similar devices in violation of the Sherman anti-trust laws.

In working out the provisions of the decree which was entered with the consent of the defendants, the officials of the Department of Justice "have proceeded on the principle that the decree must grant substantially all that the Government could reasonably expect to obtain at the end of a trial."

The decree also enjoins the defendants and their subsidiaries from further recognizing or enforcing the exclusive provisions of their patent cross-licensing agreements.

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COURT REJECTS RECONSIDERATION PLEA

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia last week denied the application of the Herald-Telegraph Company, Dubuque, Iowa, for reconsideration of its denial of a stay order in the appeal filed against a decision of the Commission granting Station WKBB permission to move from Joliet to East Dubuque, Ill. At the same time the Commission postponed the motion of the Commission to dismiss the appeal until after a hearing on the merits of the case.

The Court this week also postponed until December 15 the date on which Stations WJZ, KGO, WGN and WMAQ have to file their briefs in the high power appeal case. Dates for the filing of these briefs have been postponed several times by the Court.

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WNJ LOSES COURT FIGHT

On Monday November 21 the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia upheld the Federal Radio Commission in its decision denying WNJ, Newark, N. J. a renewal of license.

In 1930 WNJ applied for a renewal of its license and requested the use of 500 watts power and unlimited hours of operation. This application, in other words, asked for full time operation on 1450 kilocycles to the exclusion of three other stations which were then sharing time with it on that frequency. Following a hearing by an examiner recommendation was made that the station be taken off the air. This recommendation was subsequently upheld by the Commission and an appeal filed. The Monday decision of the Court was answer to this appeal.

"It is unnecessary for us to discuss in detail," says the Court in its decision, "the testimony contained in the record. We have examined it with care and find that the decision of the Commission is supported by substantial evidence and is not arbitrary or capricious. Moreover we find that the record discloses no error of procedure which deprived the appellant of a fair hearing in the case."

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November 22, 1932

RADIO DIVISION REPORT

William D. Terrell, last week made his last annual report to the Secretary of Commerce as director of the Radio Division of that Department for the fiscal year ending June 30 last. The Radio Division is now a part of the Radio Commission. The report deals more with the inspection of radio apparatus on vessels, amateurs, aircraft, etc. than with broadcasting.

During the fiscal year 1932, Mr. Terrell states, 3,352 inspections were made of radio stations including broadcasting. The previous year 2,951 such inspections were made.

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REPORTS ON RADIO ACTIVITIES

Lyman J. Briggs, Acting Director of the Bureau of Standards, which last year spent $85,280 on radio research, has the following to say in his annual report made last week to the Secretary of Commerce in connection with radio experimental work:

"Primary frequency standard - The accuracy of this standard was further increased to 1 part in 10,000,000. Precise studies were made of the functioning of the various elements of the standard. An auxiliary unit was constructed to guard against stoppage of the four original oscillators, and special equipment was installed to protect against failure of the power supply.

"Secondary frequency standards - New piezooscillators were designed and constructed and were found to be remarkably constant in frequency. They are of wide application as standards and as control units for radio transmitters.

"Standard frequency dissemination - The standard frequency service was extended and improved. Regular transmissions were provided on a frequency of 5,000 kilocycles per second for four hours every Tuesday. The accuracy was better than 1 cycle per second (1 part in 5,000,000). Some of the transmissions were controlled, by wire-line transmission of a frequency from the national primary standard.

"Measurement of radio field intensity - Methods and apparatus developed for the automatic recording of field intensities of distant radio stations were applied to a study of effects produced by the synchronization of two pairs of broadcasting stations. Research on the accuracy of measurement of field intensity and on short-distance absorption of radio waves was completed."

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SUPPLEMENTAL BROADCASTING LIST

Radio Broadcast Station Supplement No. 6 was issued last week by the Radio Commission showing recent changes up to November 1st. Copies of the supplement may be obtained at the NAB Headquarters or from the Secretary of the Radio Commission.

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November 19, 1932.

NEW QUOTA FIGURES

During the current week the Radio Commission made public new quota figures as of November 5th. The last figures were made public April 15th, for the quota as of March 20th.

The quotas of all zones have been increased by small percentages except the Fourth Zone and its quota has been decreased from 101.12 in April to 101.09 in November.

The new quotas follow:

FIRST ZONE

STATE	DUE	TOTAL ASSIGNMENT	UNITS	PERCENTAGE
NEW YORK	35.07	37.87	+ 2.80	+ 8
MASSACHUSETTS	11.84	10.46	- 1.38	- 12
NEW JERSEY	11.26	11.53	+ 0.27	+ 2
MARYLAND	4.55	4.20	- 0.35	- 8
CONNECTICUT	4.48	3.55	- 0.93	- 21
PUERTO RICO	4.30	0.50	- 3.80	- 88
MAINE	2.22	2.26	+ 0.04	+ 2
RHODE ISLAND	1.91	1.40	- 0.51	- 27
DIST. OF COLUMBIA	1.35	1.30	- 0.05	- 4
NEW HAMPSHIRE	1.29	0.92	- 0.37	- 29
VERMONT	1.00	0.74	- 0.26	- 26
DELAWARE	0.67	0.62	- 0.05	- 7
VIRGIN ISLANDS	0.06	0.00	- 0.06	-100
TOTAL	80.00	75.35	- 4.65	- 6

SECOND ZONE

PENNSYLVANIA	27.63	20.28	- 7.35	- 27
OHIO	19.07	18.84	- 0.23	- 1
MICHIGAN	13.89	10.83	- 3.06	- 22
KENTUCKY	7.50	8.50	+ 1.00	+ 13
VIRGINIA	6.95	9.50	+ 2.55	+ 37
WEST VIRGINIA	4.96	4.95	- 0.01	- 0
TOTAL	80.00	72.90	- 7.10	- 9

THIRD ZONE

(continued on next page)

November 19, 1932.

NEW QUOTA FIGURES (continued)

THIRD ZONE

STATE	DUE	TOTAL ASSIGNMENT	UNITS	PERCENTAGE
TEXAS	16.22	22.67	+ 6.45	+ 40
NORTH CAROLINA	8.82	8.15	- 0.67	- 8
GEORGIA	8.10	8.10	- 0.00	- 0
ALABAMA	7.37	6.32	- 1.05	- 14
TENNESSEE	7.29	12.83	+ 5.54	+ 76
OKLAHOMA	6.67	8.44	+ 1.77	+ 27
LOUISIANA	5.85	8.39	+ 2.54	+ 43
MISSISSIPPI	5.60	3.11	- 2.49	- 44
ARKANSAS	5.16	4.70	- 0.46	- 9
SOUTH CAROLINA	4.83	1.70	- 3.13	- 65
FLORIDA	4.09	8.45	+ 4.36	+107
TOTAL	80.00	92.86	+12.86	+ 16

FOURTH ZONE

ILLINOIS	22.52	34.38	+11.86	+ 53
MISSOURI	10.71	11.73	+ 1.02	+ 10
INDIANA	9.56	7.50	- 2.06	- 22
WISCONSIN	8.67	7.86	- 0.81	- 9
MINNESOTA	7.57	9.08	+ 1.51	+ 20
IOWA	7.30	11.48	+ 4.18	+ 57
KANSAS	5.55	5.85	+ 0.30	+ 5
NEBRASKA	4.06	7.30	+ 3.24	+ 80
SOUTH DAKOTA	2.05	2.92	+ 0.87	+ 42
NORTH DAKOTA	2.01	2.99	+ 0.98	+ 49
TOTAL	80.00	101.09	+21.09	+ 26

FIFTH ZONE

CALIFORNIA	36.86	37.46	+ 0.60	+ 2
WASHINGTON	10.15	15.46	+ 5.31	+ 52
COLORADO	6.72	9.18	+ 2.46	+ 37
OREGON	6.19	9.22	+ 3.03	+ 49
MONTANA	3.49	3.65	+ 0.16	+ 5
UTAH	3.30	6.60	+ 3.30	+100
IDAHO	2.89	3.00	+ 0.11	+ 4
ARIZONA	2.83	2.35	- 0.48	- 17
NEW MEXICO	2.75	4.03	+ 1.28	+ 47
HAWAII	2.39	1.84	- 0.55	- 23
WYOMING	1.46	0.60	- 0.86	- 59
NEVADA	0.59	0.70	+ 0.11	+ 19
ALASKA	0.38	0.48	+ 0.10	+ 26
TOTAL	80.00	94.57	+14.57	+ 18

November 22, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

Last week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action:

KGER	Cons. Brdcstg. Corp. Ltd. Long Beach, California	Application for renewal of license withdrawn from hearing docket and regular renewal granted.
KGZK	City of Berkeley Berkeley, California	Granted extension to December 15, 1932, of special authority to operate on 2422 kc, 100 watts.
KELW	Magnolia Park Ltd. Burbank, California	Granted oral argument to be held at 10 a.m., December 17, 1932.
KTM	Pickwick Broadcasting Corp. Los Angeles, California	Granted oral argument to be held at 10 a.m., December 17, 1932.

The Commission granted an extension of time to December 24, in which to file exceptions to Examiner's Report in 1020 kc, case.

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NEW GEORGIA STATION OPPOSED

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in a report last week, No. 432, recommended the application of Allen W. Marshall, junior and senior and Guy a. Malcolm, for a construction permit for a new station at La Grange, Georgia, to use 1500 kilocycles and 100 watts power be denied and that the application for license renewal of Station WRDW, Augusta, Georgia, using 1500 kilocycles be granted.

The Chief Examiner found that the record does not warrant a finding that the applicants "are financially qualified to construct and operate the proposed station." The proposed equipment, he states in his report, is satisfactory and no objectionable interference would be caused by the erection of the station at La Grange. However, he states that broadcasting reception "at present provided the people of La Grange and vicinity should be good during nighttime hours, and fairly satisfactory and dependable during daytime hours, outside the business and industrial district." He further found that "the countinued operation of Station WRDW at Augusta, Georgia, would serve public interest, convenience and necessity."

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RADIO EMPLOYMENT UP

The October employment index number for the radio industry was 79.8 compared with 68.1 for September and 111.5 for October of last year taking 1926 at 100 according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. The October payroll index number for these same plants was 62.9 compared with 56.1 for September and 106.7 for October of last year.

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[illegible] the Commission took the following miscellaneous actions:

[illegible]	Cone, Bradsts, Corp. Ltd. [illegible] Beach, California	[illegible] for renewal of license [illegible] grant from hearing docket renewal granted.
[illegible]	City of Berkeley Berkeley, California	Granted extension to December 15, 19[illegible] or special authority to operate on [illegible] [illegible], 100
[illegible]	Magnolia Park Ltd. Burbank, California	Granted oral argument to be held at 10 a.m., December [illegible]
[illegible]	Pioneer Broadcasting Corp. Los Angeles, California	Granted oral argument to be held at 10 a.m., December 17, [illegible]

The Commission granted an extension of time to December [illegible], in which to file [illegible] Examiner's Report in [illegible] case.

[illegible] GEORGIA STATION OPPOSED

Chief Examiner Hilla A. Tent in a report last week, No. 422, recommended the [illegible] location of Allen W. [illegible], junior and senior and Guy a. Malcol[illegible], for a con[illegible] [illegible]tion permit for a new station at [illegible] Georgia, to use 1500 kilocycles, [illegible] power be denied and that the application for license renewal of [illegible] Augusta, Georgia, using 1500 kilocycles be granted.

The Chief Examiner found that the record does not warrant a finding that the applicants "are financially qualified to construct and operate the proposed [illegible] proposed southern, he states in his report, is satisfactory and no objectionable interference would be caused by the erection of the station at La Grange. However, he states that broadcasting reception "at present provided the people of La Grange and vicinity should be good during nighttime hours, and fairly satisfactory and dependable during daytime hours, outside the business and industrial district." He further found that "the continued operation of Station WRDW at Augusta, Georgia, serve public interest, convenience and necessat[illegible]

[illegible] RADIO EMPLOYMENT

The October employment index number for the radio industry was 79.8 compared [illegible] 88.1 for [illegible]ember and 111.5 for October of last year taking 1926 at 100 according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. The October payroll index per for these same plants was 82.0 compared with 86.[illegible] for September and 100 for October of last year.

November 22, 1932

SET FOR HEARING

Last week the Commission set the following cases for hearing:

KGEW	City of Fort Morgan Fort Morgan, Colorado	Renewal of license
NEW	Herman Radner Lansing, Michigan	Requests C. P. 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
WWL	Loyola University New Orleans, Louisiana	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from specified to unlimited. (facilitied of KWKH).
WKBH	WKBH, Inc. La Crosse, Wisconsin	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from simultaneous day with KSO, sharing at night with KSO, to unlimited.
WPHR	WLBG, Inc. St. Petersburg, Virginia	Requests C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Richmond; install new equipment, change frequency from 1200 to 1410 kc; increase power from 100 watts night, 250 watts daytime, to 250 watts night, 500 watts daytime; and change hours of operation from unlimited to unlimited simultaneous operation daytime with WHIS. (It is requested that WHIS be changed to a daytime station) facilities of WRBX.
NEW	W. E. Dobbins & Maurice C. Coleman d/b as Coleman-Dobbins Company Atlanta, Georgia	Requests C. P. 890 kc, 250 watts night, 500 watts day, unlimited time (facilities of WGST).
WMCA	Knickerbocker Brdcstg. Co., Inc. New York, New York	Requests special authority to increase power from 500 watts to 500 watts with additional 500 watts experimentally.
WNBO	John Brownlee Spriggs Silver Haven, Pennsylvania	Requests Mod. of C. P. to move station from Silver Haven to approximately 1½ miles southwest of Monongahela, Pa., and increase hours of operation from specified to unlimited.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

Last week the Commission denied and dismissed the following applications:

W8BQW	Frank John Harrison Painesville, Ohio	Renewal of amateur license, heretofore set for hearing, denied, because applicant failed to enter appearance within time allowed.
WCAC	Connecticut Agricultural College Storrs, Connecticut	C. P. 600 kc, 250 W. 500 W. LS, was dismissed from hearing docket at request of applicant.

[illegible] week the Commission set the following cases for [illegible]

City of Fort Morgan Fort Morgan, Colorado	Renewal of [illegible]
Herman Hadner Lansing, Michigan	Renewals [illegible] kc, 100 watts [illegible] time.
Loyola University New Orleans, Louisiana	Renewals Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from specified to unlimited.
WMBC, Inc. Detroit, Michigan	Renewals Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from sunrise-sunset day [illegible] KSO, sharing at night with KSO, to unlimited.
WLBG, Inc. St. Petersburg, [illegible]	Requests C. P. to move transmitter and [illegible] to Richmond; install new antenna, change frequency from 1200 to 1410 kc; increase power from 100 watts night, 250 watts daytime, to 250 [illegible], 500 watts [illegible]time; and change hours of operation [illegible] limited to unlimited simultaneous [illegible] to daytime with [illegible]. (It is requested that WMLS be changed to a facilities of WBBK.
E. Dobbins & Maurice C. Coleman d/b as Coleman-Dobbins Company Atlanta, Georgia	Renewals [illegible] C. P. 250 kc, 250 watts 500 watts day, unlimited time (Dobbins [illegible] of WGST).
Antoniecker Bradeis [illegible], Inc.	Special authority to increase power from 500 watts to 500 watts with additional 500 watts experimentally
Lake Arrowhead Corp. Silver Haven, Penn	Renewals Mod. of C. P. to move station from Silver Haven to an [illegible] 18 miles southwest of Monroe [illegible], Pa., and increase hours of operation from specified to unlimited.

[illegible] took the Commission denied and dismissed the following applications:

Frank John Barriada Painesville, Ohio	Renewal of amateur license, portable for hearing, denied, because [illegible] failed to appear [illegible] ohio.
[illegible] Agricultural Mechanical College Stores, Connecticut	C. P. 600 kc [illegible], 500 W, [illegible] increased from hearing [illegible]

November 22, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

Last week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WJBI	Monmouth Broadcasting Company Red Bank, New Jersey	Granted assignment of hours to station WJBI, effective November 7, as follows: 7 to 9 p.m., EST, on Mondays only.
WFAS	Westchester Broadcasting Corp. White Plains, New York	Granted assignment of hours to station WJBI, effective November 7, as follows: 7 to 9 p.m., EST, on Mondays only.
WGBB	Harry H. Carman Freeport, New York	Granted assignment of hours to station WJBI, effective November 7, as follows: 7 to 9 p.m., EST, on Mondays only.
WNBX	The WNBX Broadcasting Corporation Springfield, Vermont	Granted Mod. of C. P. to make changes in equipment.
WFAB	Defenders of Truth Society, Inc. New York, N. Y.	Granted special authority to use transmitter of WEVD until repairs are made, but not to exceed 10 days.
WESG	Cornell University Ithaca, New York	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1270 to 1040 kc.
WFAS	Westchester Broadcasting Corporation White Plains, New York	Granted authority to operate Thursday, November 24 from 12 noon to 1:30 p.m., and Saturday, November 19 from 2:30 to 3 p.m., in order to broadcast football game.
WJEJ	A. V. Tidmore Hagerstown, Maryland	Granted license covering erection of new station: 1210 kc, 100 watts, daytime
	SECOND ZONE	
WMBG	Havens & Martin Inc. Richmond, Virginia	Granted license covering installation of new auxiliary and increase in power of auxiliary from 10 to 100 watts, 1210 kc.
	THIRD ZONE	
WHBQ	Broadcasting Station WHBW, Inc. Memphis, Tennessee	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from November 26 to January 26, 1933, covering move of transmitter locally.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

WRAM	Wilmington Radio Association Inc. Wilmington, North Carolina	Directed station to operate from 2 to 3 a.m., EST, on the following days: November 25; December 9 and 23; January 6 and 20, in order to check frequency.
KASA	E. M. Woody Elk City, Oklahoma	Granted license covering erection of new station, 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
KOMA	National Radio Manufacturing Co. Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	Granted license covering move of transmitter locally and installation of new equipment; 1480 kc, 5 KW, unlimited time.
WRAM	Wilmington Radio Association Inc. Wilmington, North Carolina	Granted authority to remain silent for a period of 2 weeks, in order to overhaul equipment.

FOURTH ZONE

WEBC	Head of the Lakes Brdcstg. Co. Superior, Wisconsin	Granted license covering local move of transmitter and changing equipment, 1290 kc, 1 KW, $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW LS, unlimited time.
WSPA	Virgil V. Evans, d/b as The Voice of South Carolina Spartanburg, South Carolina	Granted authority to take depositions in the matter of application of WFBC and the Greenville News-Piedmont Co.
KGGF	Hugh J. Powell & Stanley Platz d/b as Powell & Platz Coffeyville, Kansas	Granted special authority to operate from 8:15 to 9:15 p.m., CST, November 23 and December 28; and from 7:15 to 9:15 p.m., CST, November 24, December 22, 27 and 29, 1932, WNAD to remain silent.
WHBF	Beardsley Specialty Company Rock Island, Illinois	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of Lic. to Rock Island Broadcasting Co.

FIFTH ZONE

KTAR	KTAR Broadcasting Co. Phoenix, Arizona	Granted authority to take depositions in the matter of application of KTAR, Docket 1679
KIEM	Harold H. Hanseth Eureka, California	Granted Mod. of C. P. approving transmitter location at Eureka, and changing type of equipment.

[illegible]

Wilmington Radio Association Inc. Wilmington, Nor[illegible]	Directed station to operate from 2 to [illegible] on [illegible] California days November 2[illegible] [illegible] try 6 and [illegible]. [illegible]
E. M. Woody [illegible], Oklahoma	Granted license covering operation of new station, 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
National Radio Manufacturing Co. Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	Granted license [illegible] of transmitter locally and [illegible] station of new equipment; 1480 kc. [illegible] time.
Wilmington Radio Association Inc. Wilmington, North Carolina	Granted authority to [illegible] with right for period of 3 [illegible], in order to [illegible] new equipment

[illegible]

Head of the Lakes Broadcasting Co. Superior, Wisconsin	Granted license [illegible] to install new transmitter and [illegible] equipment, 1290 kc, [illegible] KW, 2[illegible] [illegible] time.
[illegible] Evans, d/b as [illegible] of Greater Carolina Spartanburg, South Carolina	Granted authority to take depositions in the matter of application of WBCO and the Greenville [illegible] Co.
[illegible] d. Powell & Stanley [illegible] d/b as Powell & [illegible] Coffeyville, Kansas	[illegible] operate experimentally to overcome [illegible] 9:15 p.m., CST, November 22 and December 29; and from [illegible] to 9:15 p.m., CST, November [illegible], December 22, 27 and 29, [illegible] to remain silent
[illegible]ley Specialty Company Rock Island, [illegible]	Granted consent to [illegible] to Rock Island [illegible] Co.

[illegible]

KMAR Broad[illegible]	Granted authority to take depos[illegible] in the matter or application of [illegible] October 1879
Harold H. Hansel Eureka, California	Granted Mod. of [illegible] license

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

KWSC	State College of Washington Pullman, Washington	Granted authority to remain silent from 9:30 p.m., PST, December 17, to 6:45 a.m., PST, January 1, 1933, in order to make repairs and improvements.
KOIN	KOIN, Inc. Portland, Oregon	Granted C. P. to move transmitter locally to Barnes Road, outside city limits of Portland.
KIDW	The Southwest Broadcasting Co. Lamar, Colorado	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of Lic. to the Lamar Broadcasting Company.

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LICENSES GRANTED

Last week the Commission granted the following licenses for which construction permits had already been issued: WJEJ, Hagerstown, Maryland; WMBG, Richmond, Virginia.

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LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

Last week the Commission granted license renewals to the following stations for the regular period: WEDC, Chicago, Illinois; WFAS, White Plains, New York; WGAL, Lancaster, Pennsylvania; WGBB, Freeport, New York; WJBL, Decatur, Illinois; WPRO-WPAW, Providence, Rhode Island; WRAW, Reading, Pennsylvania; WTJS, Jackson, Tennessee; WWAE, Hammond, Indiana; KFPM, Greenville, Texas; KFXM, San Bernardino, California; KPPC, Pasadena, California. KGMB, Honolulu, T. H. granted renewal for term ending May 1, 1933.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

Last week the Commission returned the following application to the applicant:

1-PB-2669	NEW	Edwin Drillings Middle Village, N. Y.	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 100 watts, share with WWRL, WMIL, WMBQ. Facilities of WLBX, Long Island City, N. Y. - now deleted. (Ruly 6 c & d).

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RETURNED

The Commission last week, returned the following applications for renewal license to the applicant as they are not in proper form for consideration by the Commission: WFBG, Altoona, Pennsylvania; WHBY, West De Pere, Wisconsin; KGFI, Corpus Christi, Texas WQDM, St. Albans, Vermont; WPFB, Hattiesburg, Mississippi.

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November 22, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

Last week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-MPB-395	WOR	Bamberger Broadcasting Service Inc., Newark, New Jersey	Mod. of C. P. issued 11/17/31 to extend date of commencement and date of completion.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-ALB-476	WFAN	Keystone Broadcasting Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Vol. assign. of lic. to Pennsylvania Broadcasting Company.
2-PB-2717A	WBAX	John H. Stenger, Jr., Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania	C. P. to change frequency and power and hours from 1210 kc, 100 watts, specified hours to 1230 kc, 250 watts, unlimited hours (to use 4½ hours per day), new equipment, resubmitted and amended to request unlimited hours (12 or more hours per day) and additional information given re equipment as required.

Station WNAC, Boston 270 miles distant is the nearest station to Wilkes-Barre on the proposed new frequency. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1000 miles. Both the State of Pennsylvania and the Second Zone are under quota. Granting of this application would increase the quota.

		THIRD ZONE	
3-PB-2737	NEW	A. H. Wherry Chester, South Carolina	C. P. for new station to use 1120 kc, 50 watts, daytime.

The nearest station on this frequency is WDEL, Wilmington, Delaware, which is 490 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 230 miles. The Third Zone is over quota but the State of South Carolina is under quota.

3-PB-2740	NEW	The National Union Indemnity Association, Shreveport, La.	C. P. for new station to use 850 kc, 10 KW, share time with WWL. Requests all facilities of KWKH, Shreveport, Louisiana.
3-MPB-393	WAPI	WAPI Broadcasting Corp. Birmingham, Alabama	Mod. of C. P. issued 11/17/31 for change location, change equipment and increase operating power from 5 to 25 KW, to extend date of commencement and date of completion.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

3-PB-2560	WJBY	Gadsden Broadcasting Co. Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	C. P. to move transmitter from Anniston Highway to 3rd & Chestnut Street, Gadsden, Alabama, and make changes in equipment, amended to change transmitter and studio to 112 North 8th St., Gadsden, Alabama, and change equipment.
3-MPB-397	KGKB	East Texas Broadcasting Co. Tyler, Texas	Mod. of C. P. issued 5/24/32 for changes in equipment to extend date of completion to 12/24/32.

FOURTH ZONE

4-PB-2738	KWLC	Telegraph-Herald Decorah, Iowa	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Dubuque, Iowa and make changes in equipment.

This station operates on a frequency of 1270 kilocycles. The nearest station on this same frequency from Dubuque where it is proposed to move the station is WASH, Grand Rapids, Michigan, which is 265 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 260 miles. Granting this application would not affect the quota.

4-ALB-475	WIBO	Nelson Brothers Bond & Mortgage Co., Chicago, Illinois	Vol. assign. of lic. to John S. Boyd.
4-FB-303	KFJB	Marshall Electric Co., Inc. Marshalltown, Iowa	Make changes in automatic frequency control equipment.
4-MPB-396	WKBB	Sanders Bros. Radio Station East Dubuque, Illinois	Mod. of C. P. issued 10/21/32 for local change of transmitter location, changes in equipment and increase in specified hours of operation.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2739	NEW	Don Lee Broadcasting System Redlands, California	C. P. for new station to use 780 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW LS, unlimited hours. Exact transmitter location to be determined. Requests facilities of KTM, Los Angeles, California and KELW, Burbank, California.
5-MPB-394	KMJ	James McClatchy Co. Fresno, California	Mod. of C. P. issued 7/22/32 to extend date of completion to 12/22/32.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

5-MLB-1061	KDYL	Intermountain Broadcasting Corp. Salt Lake City, Utah	Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1290 kc to 780 kc. Requests facilities of KTM, Los Angeles, California, and KELW, Burbank, California. Resubmitted without change.

The nearest station on the proposed new frequency is WMC, Memphis, Tennessee, which is 1260 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. Both the Fifth Zone and the State of Utah are over quota.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

The Commission last week received the following applications for licenses for which construction permits have already been granted: WDEV, Waterbury, Vermont; KWCR, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and WBBC, Brooklyn, New York.

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APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE RENEWAL

The Commission last week received the following applications for license renewal: WSAJ, Grove City, Pennsylvania; KGFK, Moorhead, Minnesota; KFBL, Everett, Washington; WBOW, Terre Haute, Indiana; KFPW, Fort Smith, Arizona; WABI, Bangor, Maine; KGGC, San Francisco, California; WCAO, Baltimore, Maryland; WFLA-WSUN, Clearwater and St. Petersburg, Florida; WBBL, Richmond, Virginia; WBTM, Danville, Virginia; WCBM, Baltimore, Maryland; WJBO, New Orleans, Louisiana; KARK, Little Rock, Arkansas; KFJZ, Fort Worth, Texas; KMAC, San Antonio, Texas; and KONO, San Antonio, Texas.

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WFAB GETS LICENSE RENEWAL

The Commission has upheld Report No. 421 of Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in which he recommended that Station WMIL, Brooklyn, N. Y., be denied its application to use 1300 kilocycles and increase its power from 100 to 1,000 watts, that the application of WFAB, Brooklyn, N. Y., for license renewal be granted and that WFAB be assigned from the Defenders of Truth Society, Inc., to the Fifth Avenue Broadcasting Corporation.

It is pointed out by the Commission in its report that the Brooklyn area served by WMIL receives an abundance of high quality broadcast service "from many clear channel regional and local stations situated nearby and it does not appear that there is any need for additional service from WMIL in this area."

It is stated further that the granting of either of the applications filed by WMIL for modification of license and for construction permit "would require the deletion of Station WFAB and no showing is made in this record that would warrant or justify the withdrawal of the facilities now assigned WFAB in order to license the use of the same to Station WMIL.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS

NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.

PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

November 26, 1932

A UNITED INDUSTRY

The National Association of Broadcasters emerged from the St. Louis Convention a stronger and more effective organization.

More than three hundred broadcasters attended the sessions. Members and non-members, representatives of nationwide networks and regional networks, large and small stations were in attendance. The actions of the meeting were those of a united industry.

In no small way the program mapped out at St. Louis constitutes a declaration of independence for the broadcasting industry.

The vigorous action taken on the copyright matter was but one of the steps taken by the industry to serve notice on the world that the broadcasters intend to meet their problems with a determination to solve them and to mobilize all of their resources and power against unfair attacks.

Consideration is now being given to ways and means of financing the program and at the same time plans are being made to greatly increase the Association's membership.

The Association has embarked upon a new era of its existence. It will continue to go forward during the next year and with the support of a united industry its 1933 program cannot fail.

November 26, 1932

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS

Following are the formal resolutions adopted by the NAB at the St. Louis Convention. In addition to these resolutions there were more than a score of motions adopted during the three-day session. These motions cannot be reported until a complete copy of the transcript is available.

RESOLUTION NO. I

RESOLVED, that the National Association of Broadcasters, recognizing the self-sacrificing and devoted service during the past year of its President, Harry Shaw, hereby records its appreciation of his work, the high quality of which is evidenced by the growth of this Association both in membership and in activity during his administration.

RESOLUTION NO. II

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that this Association extend its profound thanks to Commissioner Harold A. LaFount for his splendid address delivered before this organization at the St. Louis meeting.

RESOLUTION NO. III

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that this Association extend its thanks to the Hon. Victor Miller, Mayor of St. Louis, and to the City of St. Louis, for the hospitality extended to the National Association of Broadcasters during its Tenth Annual Convention, November 14 to 16, 1932.

RESOLUTION NO. IV

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that this organization extend its appreciation to Congressman Claiborne for the excellent address delivered before this convention at the Chase Hotel in St. Louis.

RESOLUTION NO. V

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that the thanks of this Association be extended to the radio stations and the radio trade associations of St. Louis and to the officials of the Hotel Chase for the royal entertainment extended to members of this Association upon the occasion of our Tenth Annual Convention held in that city, November 14 to 16, 1932.

RESOLUTION NO. VI

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that

WHEREAS, many changes are clearly necessary in the constitution and by-laws of this Association, the President of the organization is hereby authorized and

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RESOLUTION NO. VI

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that:

WHEREAS, many changes are clearly necessary in the constitution and by-laws of this Association, the President of the organization is hereby authorized and

directed to appoint a committee to devise ways and means of changing such constitution and by-laws and to provide, among other things, for the reorganization of the Board of Directors to allow for equitable geographical representation, and also as to clear channel, regional channel and local station representation, and that the Board of Directors be further directed to prepare plans for revising the scale of dues for members of this Association, said revision to be based on volume of gross business or any other feasible and equitable plan, and to take the steps necessary to put such plan into operation.

RESOLUTION NO. VII

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that since it is necessary that the Managing Director of this organization be conversant with all the problems facing radio broadcasters of the United States, the Managing Director hereby is appointed an ex-officio member of any and all committees and that the power to call meetings of all subcommittees shall reside in the office of the Managing Director.

RESOLUTION NO. VIII

RESOLVED, that pending a revision of the by-laws, the Managing Director be authorized to accept active memberships from stations whose gross business for the preceding twelve months has been less than $30,000 at $60 per annum.

RESOLUTION NO. IX

RESOLVED, by the members of the National Association of Broadcasters, in convention assembled, that we believe the composers and publishers of music are entitled to fair compensation, measured in proportion to the actual use of their compositions, and we hereby pledge ourselves to each other, to the National Association of Broadcasters, and to the broadcasting industry, to make a firm and united effort to obtain a fair and equitable solution for the copyright problem, and to secure for the industry, for the independent composers and the public -- if need be, by legislation, litigation or otherwise -- protection against any organization which may undertake to levy an arbitrary and extortionate tribute upon the users of music under the pretence of a copyright monopoly.

RESOLUTION NO. X

RESOLVED, that the membership of the National Association of Broadcasters authorize the Board of Directors to consider the establishment, under the supervision of the Board of Directors, of a non-profit, cooperative corporation to be known as Radio Program Foundation or some such name, with power to use the name and the authority of the National Association of Broadcasters to obtain subscriptions for the necessary capital therefor; it being expressly provided that the treasury of the National Association of Broadcasters shall assume no financial liabilities in such enterprise.

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November 26, 1932

TEXT OF COPYRIGHT MOTION

The text of the motion presented to the St. Louis meeting by I. D. Levy of Philadelphia, Pa. under which Oswald F. Schuette assumes complete charge of NAB copyright activities, is as follows:

"I move that Mr. Schuette be named director general, or some equivalent name, of the National Association of Broadcasters, with the absolute power, subject only to change by a director general if such person be appointed, of the type of John W. Davis, Al Smith or Newton Baker, with power, first, to negotiate, after advice but with absolute control and decision, a contract with the American Society on behalf of the NAB; second, if, after consideration upon legislative matters, Mr. Schuette decides certain action shall be taken in that direction, he shall have the absolute power, subject, of course, to restriction only by the director general, as I have stated, to go ahead with his legislative program; and, third, to take all necessary legal action to bring about and effect a proper relationship between the American Society and the National Association of Broadcasters, even if it goes to the extent of going to the courts for the dissolution of that organization."

The motion was unanimously adopted by the Convention with the understanding that those voting for it obligate themselves to contribute toward the success of the campaign outlined in the motion.

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BUREAU RULES ON POWER TAX

Sustaining its earlier ruling, the Bureau of Internal Revenue has held that electrical energy consumed by broadcasting stations operated for commercial or entertainment purposes is subject to the three per cent tax imposed under Section 616 of the Revenue Act of 1932. However, the Bureau has ruled, where a broadcasting station is owned and operated by an educational or religious institution and is used exclusively for the purpose of broadcasting educational or religious programs in connection with such institutions, electrical energy consumed in such operations is not subject to the tax.

The letter addressed to the Association from Commissioner David Burnet is as follows:

"Reference is made to your letter of August 11, 1932, and to a conference held in this office relative to the application of Section 616 of the Revenue Act of 1932 on electrical energy consumed by broadcasting companies.

"After a careful consideration of all the evidence submitted, it was held that the electrical energy furnished to radio broadcasting stations and offices engaged in commercial advertising through the medium of furnishing entertainment to the public is commercial in its scope and is subject to the tax imposed by section 616 of the above-mentioned Act.

"The case has been reviewed and this office is still of the opinion the holding that the energy consumed is commercial in its scope and taxable, is in accordance with the law and regulations. The previous decision stated in office letter of September 9, 1932, is therefore reaffirmed."

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November 26, 1932

BETTER RECEPTION REPORTED

Better reception has resulted from the 50-cycle deviation order, the Federal Radio Commission declared in a statement this week. The statement in part follows:

"The Commission is gratified to be able to announce that the general reception of broadcast stations has been materially improved by the new regulations requiring all stations to maintain the frequency within 50 cycles of the assignment. This improvement is apparent to listeners by the absence of audible heterodyne or squeals in the reception of stations on duplicated channels. Before the enactment of the 50-cycle rule, listeners residing within the order of 8 or 10 miles from a 250-watt station may have received objectionable heterodyne or squeals from other stations on that channel but by the new frequency maintenance, this heterodyne or squeal is entirely eliminated permitting the stations to service that area and 12 to 15 miles away very satisfactorily whereas the previous service was unsatisfactory or materially impaired.

"These benefits have been brought about in the broadcast industry, first by Rule 144 which requires all stations to maintain the frequency within 50 cycles of the assignment, and second by Rule 145 which requires an approved frequency monitor to assist in maintaining the station within 50 cycles of the assignment. It is not considered possible that stations could maintain the frequency within the 50-cycle requirement without this separate monitor.

"As of November 15, nearly all of the 615 broadcast stations had installed approved monitors and all except 23 of these had obtained a check of the calibration of the monitor with a reliable standard and determined that its accuracy met the requirements of the Commission. The 51 stations that had not installed monitors by November 15 may be divided into the following classes: Stations that had an extension of the working of Rule 145 to November 30, 1932, on the basis that they had ordered an approved monitor with promise of delivery and installation prior to that date. There are 14 stations in this class.

"The second group consists of stations that have been given an extension of Rule 145 to November 30, 1932, on the basis that they have ordered frequency monitors that have not been approved but are now undergoing test at the Bureau of Standards. Nine stations are in this class.

"The third group consists of the irregularities in cases where suspensions of the working of Rule 145 have been granted due to the renewal of license of the station having been set for hearing, heard, or stations operating under stay orders of the court, also certain of these stations have neither ordered monitors nor have they operated since the Rule became effective. All stations in this class must procure monitors before they may resume operation or upon the decision in cases of litigation before operation may be resumed. In this class there are 28 stations.

"There are 23 stations that have installed approved frequency monitors but have not submitted data to the Commission on a satisfactory check against a standard to show the calibration or accuracy meets with the required specifications of the Commission.

November 26.

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"As of November 15, nearly all of the 615 broadcast stations had installed approved monitors and all except 25 of these had obtained a check of the calibration of the monitor with a reliable standard and determined that its accuracy met the requirements of the Commission. The 51 stations that had not installed monitors by November 15 may be divided into the following classes: Stations that had on extension of the working of Rule 145 to November 30, 1932, on the basis that they had ordered an approved monitor with promise of delivery and installation prior to that date. There are 14 stations in this class.

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"There are 23 stations that have installed approved frequency monitors but have not submitted data to the Commission on a satisfactory check against a standard to show the calibration or accuracy meets with the required specifications of the Commission.

"The records show that many of the monitors drifted in frequency after having once been calibrated and, therefore, a regular routine check of the accuracy or calibration of the monitor is necessary to insure operation within the required limits. In approving the frequency monitors, the Commission realized that after installation many monitors might drift and it is expected that the licensees of all broadcast stations will provide for regular checks of the monitor. There are several ways in which this may be done.

"The simplest way is to arrange a check of the frequency of the station with some commercial standard and set the frequency exactly by the monitor and then have the commercial standard check. This gives an accurate indication of the calibration.

"Another and desirable way is to provide equipment so that the calibration may be made from the standard signals transmitted by WWV of the Bureau of Standards at Washington, D. C. These signals are transmitted on regular schedule for this purpose.

"Heretofore the Commission has permitted its monitoring stations to check for the licensees of broadcast stations, however, due to the limited appropriation and personnel it is necessary to limit this service and monitoring stations will not be permitted to make commercial checks for licensees of broadcast stations except under representation that it is impossible for such stations to obtain a check with any other source. Under such circumstances the Commission will permit its monitoring stations to make the checks.

"It is considered that this check should be made once a week or two weeks until it is definitely determined that there is no drift in the frequency of the monitor, and after such determination the checks of the calibration of the frequency should be made at less frequent intervals.

"There is a pitfall that several deviators have fallen into and that is the monitor becomes defective due to such causes as the heater tube failing or frequency drifting due to other causes and the operator changes frequency of station to agree with the monitor when so far as may be determined there is nothing to indicate that the station is wrong and the monitor right. Under all such circumstances, the suspicion of the operator should immediately be aroused and he should check with an external source to determine which is incorrect, the station monitor or the transmitting equipment before blindly depending upon the monitor's accuracy. This has given rise to many deviations and the Commission cannot continue to accept such explanations unless due precaution is taken to determine that the monitor has not drifted.

"Also, it appears that but few of the stations deviating to a major extent are using the auxiliary aural checks as specified in the Commission's letters announcing approved frequency monitors and as a result such stations have not been able to make satisfactory explanations. This condition cannot continue without further action being taken by the Commission. These Rules have been in effect since June 22, 1932, and heretofore the Commission has been lenient on deviators due to the fact that it has considered that a certain length of time was necessary for the operators to become familiar with the routine of operation, but this time is rapidly drawing to a close.

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November 26, 1932

WMT DISMISSES APPEALS

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia on Saturday dismissed the appeals of the Waterloo Broadcasting Company (WMT) from decisions of the Radio Commission authorizing Station KSO to move into Des Moines and denying the application of Station WMT to move from Waterloo into Des Moines.

Station WNYC was granted additional time by the same Court to file its briefs in its appeal and Station KOMO was granted until December 31 to file its briefs in its appeal.

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PHONOGRAPH RECORD RESTRICTION

Phonograph records bearing the notation "not licensed for radio broadcast" have been put on sale by several manufacturers. As a result numerous inquiries have been received from members as to the validity of this notice under the Copyright Law. To these questions, Oswald F. Schuette, Director of NAB Copyright Activities has replied:

"The manufacturers of phonograph records have no legal right, in my opinion, to impose any such restriction on the use of records, either under the Copyright Law or otherwise. Merely to print the notice, 'not licensed for radio broadcast' on a record can have no binding force on a purchaser of such record."

Stations experiencing any difficulties on this account are asked to communicate with Mr. Schuette.

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ADVERTISERS REPORT INCREASES

One-half of the member companies of the Association of National Advertisers who attended the annual meeting of the Association at Atlantic City last week reported that their total sales in units during the last three months had increased. Sixteen and one-half percent reported a decrease, while about 10 per cent said that their sales volume had remained at the same level. Some of them attributed their advance to seasonal influences. Forty per cent, however, stated that it was due to improved conditions in their particular trades.

Thirty-five per cent of the reporting companies will increase their appropriations for next year over those for the present year, thirty-five per cent expect to spend the same amount and the rest plan to decrease appropriations, it was reported. Representatives of member companies agreed that more than 300 million dollars worth, an increase of some 33 per cent over 1932, will be spent in advertising next year.

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November 26, 1932

PROTESTS NEW WOR LOCATION

The Southern Radio Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, filed a protest this week with the Radio Commission against the locating of the new 50,000 watt transmitter of Station WOR, Newark, N. J. at Tremley, Linden, N. J.

The company states that it now has two stations at that place, WMU and WMV, engaged in "public correspondence" with radio stations in Bolivia and that the locating of the new transmitter there "will interfere with and interrupt the general public radio service now being rendered by said stations WMU and WMV."

Under the rules of the Commission the case automatically goes to hearing. No date has yet been set.

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WRHM GRANTED LICENSE RENEWAL

The Radio Commission this week sustained Examiner Ralph L. Walker in his Report No. 395 in which he recommended that Station WRHM, Minneapolis, Minn. be granted a license renewal. The station operates with 1,000 watts power on frequency 1250 kilocycles. It operates during all hours not allocated for use by stations WCAL, KFMX and WLB-WGMS. The Commission denied the application of the station to operate unlimited time.

The Commission in its opinion, also, granted license renewals to Stations WCAL, KFMX and WLB-WGMS. The opinion states that all four stations are rendering a generally good service but that station WRHM "is precluded from rendering a complete broadcast service, encountering some difficulty in arranging its program schedule, and it is undoubtedly true that the assignment of unlimited time to WRHM would benefit that station." However, the Commission points out that Minneapolis now receives good service from at least three stations other than WRHM "and it does not appear that there is any substantial need in that area for the additional service that might be rendered by that station should its unlimited time operation be authorized, or that such service would be materially different from that now received."

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INSURANCE BROADCASTS ILLEGAL

The Court of General Sessions of New York County this week held that a New York radio station may not broadcast advertising messages for a foreign insurance company not licensed to do business in that state when the purpose of the broadcast is to assist in the solicitation or procurement of insurance from residents of the State. An action was instituted by Attorney General Bennett in behalf of the State Insurance Department against the International Broadcasting Corporation (WOV) for broadcasting advertisements for the Union Mutual Life Company of Des Moines, Iowa, which is not authorized to do business in New York. Violations of the penal law and section 50 of the insurance law were alleged.

The defense of the broadcaster that the State could not interfere with its operation because of the interstate nature of broadcasting was summarily dismissed by Judge Levine. He said he would not permit "a foreign insurance company to enter this State, unless properly qualified, by resorting to the devices of employing as an agency in the transaction of its business in this State."

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November 26, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, November 28, 1932. Hearings and arguments begin at 10 a.m.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1932

Docket #1653	NEW	Peoples Broadcasting Corp. Jacksonville, Florida	C. P.	1370 kc, 100 W. daytime. (Requests half facilities of WMBR).
Docket #1661	WMBR	F. J. Reynolds Tampa, Florida	Renewal	1370 kc, 100 W. unlimited time.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1932

Docket #1879	KTAR	KTAR Broadcasting Co. Phoenix, Arizona	Mod. Lic.	620 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time.
			Present Assignment:	620 kc, 500 W., 1 KW LS, unlimited time.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1932

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1516	WORC-WEPS	Alfred Frank Kliendienst Worcester, Massachusetts	C. P.	1350 kc, 250 W. unlimited time. (Requests facilities of WAWZ, WMSG, WBNX, WCDA).
			Present Assignment:	1200 kc, 100 W., unlimited time.
Docket #1513	WAWZ	Pillar of Fire Zarephath, New Jersey	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. Shares with WCDA, WBNX & WMSG.
Docket #1547	WCDA	Italian Educational Brdcstg. Co., New York, N. Y.	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. Shares with WBNX, WMSG & WAWZ.
Docket #1602	WMSG	Madison Square Garden Broadcasting Co., New York, N.Y.	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. Shares with WAWZ, WBNX & WCDA
Docket #1603	WBNX	Standard Cahill Co., Inc. New York, N. Y.	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. Shares with WCDA, WMSG & WAWZ.

November 26, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR (continued)

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1932

Docket #1530	WKRC	WKRC, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio	Renewal	550 kc, 500 W. 1 KW LS Unlimited time.
Docket #1617	WAAT	Bremer Broadcasting Corp. Jersey City, New Jersey	Mod. Lic.	940 kc, 500 W., daytime to 6 p.m., EST.
			Present Assignment:	940 kc, 300 W., daytime to 6 p.m., EST.
Docket #1618	WAAT	Bremer Broadcasting Corp. Jersey City, New Jersey	C. P.	940 kc, 500 W. daytime to 6 p.m., EST. (Requests authority to install new transmitter

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APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE RENEWAL

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for license renewals: WEBR, Buffalo, New York; KGCR, Watertown, South Dakota; KGEF, Shownee, Oklahoma; KGFI, Corpus Christi, Texas; KICA, Clovis, New Mexico; KUJ, Walla Walla, Washington; WPFB, Hattiesburg, Mississippi; WBHS, Huntsville, Alabama; WCFL, Chicago, Illinois; and WMAS, Springfield, Massachusetts.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission received the following application for license for which construction permit has already been issued: KSL, Salt Lake City, Utah.

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RECOMMENDS WCAM RENEWAL

Examiner R. H. Hyde, this week handed down his report No. 433 dealing with several Philadelphia and Camden, New Jersey, stations.

He recommended that Station WCAM, of the City of Camden, New Jersey, be granted a license renewal. This station operates on a frequency of 1280 kilocycles, and shares time with WOAX and WCAP. He also recommended the renewal of license for Station WHAT, Philadelphia which operates one-third time on a frequency of 1310 kilocycles, sharing with Station WTEL and subject to the further condition that WTEL and WHAT are not to operate while WCAM is operating.

He recommended that the applications of WTEL, Philadelphia be denied. This station asked (1) that certain additional hours not used by WCAM and WHAT be granted to it and (2) a modification of its license to provide a division of time with WCAM and WHAT.

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November 26, 1932.

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action:

WFBC	Virgil V. Evans Knoxville, Tennessee	Action taken April 15, 1932, granting application to move station from Knoxville to Greenville, S. C. made final.
KWKH	Hello World Broadcasting Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted motion for continuance of hearing involving application for renewal of license set for November 28, because of application of WWL for the facilities of KWKH. The new date for the hearing has not been set.
WEHC	Emory & Henry College Emory, Virginia	Application to move from Emory to Charlottesville, Virginia, set for hearing because of protest of WLVA, Lynchburg, Virginia. On November 3 the Commission granted this application subject to rule which provides for hearing in the event a protest is filed within 20 days.
WENC	Americus Broadcast Company Americus, Georgia	Denied request that Commission reconsider previous request to operate unlimited time during night for period of 60 days with 50 watts.

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SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

WMT	Waterloo Broadcasting Company Waterloo, Iowa	Renewal of license set for hearing because facilities have been applied for.
NEW	Jas. P. Hart, Donald W. Parsons, D/B as The Gateway Broadcasting Company, Roanoke, Virginia	Requests C. P. for new station, 1410 kc, 250 watts, share with WHIS. (Facilities of WRBX).
WTFI	Liberty Broadcasting Company Athens, Georgia	Requests C. P. to move transmitter and studio from Athens, Georgia, to Greenville, S. C., change frequency from 1450 to 1360 kc, and make changes in eqpt.
WCSC	The S. C. Broadcasting Co. Inc. Charleston, South Carolina	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1360 to 1450 kc.
NEW	All Southern Radio Corporation Jacksonville, Florida	Requests C. P. for new station, 1120 kc, 500 watts, night, 1 KW, LS, unlimited time. (Facilities of WRUF).
NEW	Otis Hill Hilo, T. H.	Requests C. P. for new station; 1150 kc 50 watts, unlimited time.

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During the current week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action

[illegible] V. [illegible] Knoxville, T[illegible]	[illegible] taken April 15, 1952, granting application to move station from Knox[illegible]v[illegible]le to Greenville, S. C. made [illegible]
[illegible] Hello World Broadcasting Cor[illegible] Shreveport, Louisiana	[illegible]ted motion for continuance of hear[illegible] application for [illegible] or license set for November 28, [illegible] of application of WWK for the facilitie[illegible] or KWKH. The new date for the hearing [illegible] not been [illegible].
Emory & Henry College [illegible] Virginia	Lotteryville, Virginia, set for hearing [illegible] of protest of WVVA, Lynchburg, Virginia. On November [illegible] the commission granted this applicat[illegible] which provides for [illegible]ing in the event a protest is filed within 30 [illegible]
WMMC [illegible] American Broadcast Company Americus, Georgia	Denied request that Commission re[illegible] previous request to o[illegible] unlimited time during night for period of 60 days with 50 watts.

FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for

Waterloo Broadcasting Com[illegible] Waterloo, Iowa	Removal of licenses set for hearing because facilities have been applied for.
Jas. P. Hatt[illegible] Donald W. Parsons. D/B as The [illegible] Broadcasting Company, Roanoke, Virginia	Requests C. P. for new station, [illegible] 860 watts, share with WHIS. (Facil[illegible]
Liberty Broadcasting Company Athens, Geo[illegible]	[illegible]tudio from Athens [illegible] to [illegible]ville, S. C., change frequency [illegible] to 1350 kc, and make changes in [illegible]
WCSC [illegible]ia S. C. Broadcas[illegible] Charleston, South Carolina	Requests Mod. of Lic. [illegible] from 1350 to 14[illegible]
All Southern Radio Corporation Jacksonville, Florida	Requests C. P. for ne[illegible] 500 watts, unlim[illegible], 1 K[illegible] 15, (Facilities of WMOT).
[illegible]	Requests C. P. for [illegible]

November 26, 1932.

APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following applications to the applicants:

3-ML-B-1078	WENC	H. P. Everett, Linwood Morris, R. T. Crabb D/B as Americus Broadcast Company, Americus, Georgia	Modification of license to change power and hours from 100 watts Daytime to 50 watts night, 100 watts local sunset, Unlimited hours (6a & d).
4-PB-2721	NEW	Harold Bourell & Larry Thomas D/B as The Hutchinson Brdcstg. Corporation, Hutchinson, Kans.	Construction permit for new station to use 1500 kc - 200 watts Daytime (6a, c & d).
4-PB-2695	NEW	Capitol Radio Transmitting & Detection Corporation Joplin, Missouri	Construction permit for new station to use 1420 kc - 100 watts - Unlimited time. Requests fac. WMBH, Joplin, Mo. (6a, c & d).

The following applications for renewal have been returned to the applicants as they were not in proper form for Commission consideration.

KGFI Eagle Broadcasting Company, Inc.
Corpus Christi, Texas

KFBL Otto Leese & Robert Leese
D/B as Leese Brothers
Everett, Washington

WRAX WRAX Broadcasting Company, Inc.
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

WMAS Albert S. Moffat
Springfield, Massachusetts

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LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted license renewals for the regular period to the following stations: WABI, Bangor, Maine, WBBL, Richmond, Virginia, WBOW, Terre Haute, Ind., WCAT, Rapid City, S. D., WCBS, Springfield, Ill., WHBY, Green Bay, Wis., WHET, Troy, Ala., WJBC, LaSalle, Ill., KFGQ, Boone, Iowa, KFPW, Fort Smith, Ark., KGBX, Springfield, Mo., and KGY, Olympia, Washington.

The following stations were granted temporary licenses, subject to such action as the Commission may take on their pending applications for renewal: WHAT, Phila. Pa.,WIL, St. Louis, WJBY, Gadsden, Ala.,WMBS, Galesburg, Ill.,KFWF, St. Louis, Mo. KRMD, Shreveport, La., KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana.

WCAX	Burlington Daily News, Inc. Burlington, Vermont	Granted renewal of license, 1200 kc, 100 W. hours of operation: Daily except Sundays: Noon to 1:30 PM, EST,; Monday, Wed. and Friday: 6 to 9 PM, EST.
WJBW	Chas. C. Carlson New Orleans, Louisiana	Granted temporary renewal of license and designated said application for hearing.

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications to the applicants:

[illegible]-MP-B-1078	[illegible], Lilwood Morris, [illegible] T. D/B as American Broadcast [illegible] America, Georgi[illegible]	Modification of license to change power and hours from 100 [illegible] Daytime to 50 watts night. U[illegible] local sunset. [illegible] hours (5a & d).
[illegible] WMW	Harold Bonwell & Larry Thomas [illegible] as The Hutchinson Broadcast[illegible] Corporation, Hutchinson, Kans.	Construction [illegible] tion to use 1500 kc - 500 [illegible] Daytime (6a, c & d).
[illegible] WEW	Capitol Radio Transmitting & Detection Corporation Jopli[illegible], Missouri	Construction permit for new ave[illegible] tion to use 1420 kc - 100 watts - Unlimited time. Requests 1ea. [illegible], Joplin, Mo. (5a, c & d).

The following applications for renewal have been returned to the applicants [illegible] en they were not in proper form for Commission consideration.

KGFI	Eagle Broadcasting Company, [illegible] Corpus Christi, Texas
[illegible]	D/B as Leese Brothers [illegible] Everett, Washington
WEAX	WEAX Broadcasting Company, Inc. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
WEAS	Albert S. [illegible] Springfield, Massachusetts

LICENSES GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted licenses renewals for the [illegible] pertaid to the following stations: WABI, Bangor, Maine, WRDW, Richmond, Virginia, WBOW, Terre Haute, Ind., WCAT, Rapid City, [illegible] WCBS, Springfield, Ill., WHBY, Green Bay, Wis., WHBF, Troy, Ala., WLBC, LaSalle, Ill., KFOO, Boone, Iowa, KFPW, Fort Smith, Ark., KGBX, Springfield, Mo., and KGY, Olympia, Washington.

The following stations were granted temporary licenses, subject to each action as the Commission may take on their pending applications for renewal: WBAE, Philadelphia, [illegible], Ill., St. Louis, WLBY, Gadsden, Ala., WMBS, Galesburg, Ill., KFWF, St. Louis, Mo., KWKD, Shreveport, La., KVKA, Shreveport, Louisiana.

WCAX	Burlington Daily News, Inc. Burlington, Vermont	Granted renewal of license. 1200 [illegible] W. hours of operation: Daily except days: Noon to 1:30 PM, EST; Monday and Friday: 6 to 9 PM. EST.
[illegible]	Carlson [illegible]	Granted temporary renewal of license and

November 26, 1932.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action.

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
	None	
	SECOND ZONE	
	None	
	THIRD ZONE	
KRMD	Radio Station KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted special authority to operate from 4 to 5 PM, CST, daily except Saturday and Sunday to 3 AM, EST, December 1.
	FOURTH ZONE	
	None	
	FIFTH ZONE	
KTW	First Presb. Church of Seattle Seattle, Washington	Granted 3 months renewal of license 1220 kc, 1 KW; hours of operation: Sundays and holidays: Sun. 11 AM to 1 PM; 3 to 4:30 PM; 7 to 9:30 PM.
KTFI	Radio Broadcasting Corporation Twin Falls, Idaho	Authorized to file appearance with Commission not later than Nov. 26, 1932. Copy of appearance must also be in hands of KGKX on said date.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission has dismissed the following applications, at the request of the applicants, heretofore set for hearing:

NEW	Greenville News-Piedmont Company Greenville, South Carolina	C. P. 590 kc, 250 W. 500 W. LS, Unlimited time.
NEW	Wilton E. Hall Anderson, South Carolina	C. P. 1200 kc, 100 W. Unlimited time.

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November 26, 1932.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-PB-2746	WICC	Bridgeport Broadcasting Station, Inc. Bridgeport, Connecticut	Construction permit to move transmitter from Easton to Pleasure Beach, Bridgeport, Conn. This application supersedes 1-PB-2710 cons. permit to move transmitter to Stratford, Connecticut.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-ML-B-1092	WBEO	The Lake Superior Broadcasting Company Marquette, Michigan	Modification of license for change in Specified hours of operation.
2-MP-B-381	WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Modification of construction permit issued 8-18-32 change location transmitter and studio to Scranton Pa., new transmitter, extend dates of commencement & completion.
2-ML-B-1071	WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Modification of license to change Main studio to Hotel Casey, Adams and Lackawanna Avenues, Scranton, Pennsylvania.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-Z-B-65	WSMB	WSMB, Inc. New Orleans, Louisiana	Determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
3-ML-B-1090	WHET	Joe K. Jernigan, Cyril W. Reddoch, Julian C. Smith & John T. Hubbard, D/B as Troy Broadcasting Company, Troy, Alabama	Modification of license to change hours of operation from Daytime to Daytime and 7 P. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays.

Granting of this application would increase the quota. The Third Zone is over quota but the State is under quota.

3-PB-2560A	WJBY	Gadsden Broadcasting Co, Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	Construction permit to change location of studio and transmitter to 112 N. 8th Street and make changes in equipment-Amended to change equipment.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (Continued)

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		THIRD ZONE (Continued)	
3-ML-B-1089	WBAP	Carter Publications, Inc. Fort Worth, Texas	Modification of license to autho. use of WFAA's 50 KW transmitter at Grapevine, Texas, and increase operating power from 10 to 50 KW.

These two stations, WBAP and WFAA share time on the 800 kilocycle clear channel. WFAA already operates with 50,000 watts. WBAP could also use 50,000 watts instead of 10,000 watts as far as interference is concerned.

FOURTH ZONE

None

FIFTH ZONE

5-Z-B-66	KSL	Radio Service Corporation of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah	Determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
5-PB-2745	KFBK	James McClatchy Company Sacramento, California	Construction permit to install new transmitter, change frequency and power from 1310 kc-100 watts to 1430 kc - 1 KW - Request facilities of KTM, Los Angeles and KELW, Burbank, California.

The nearest station on the proposed new frequency of 1430 kilocycles is KECA, Los Angeles, California, which is 390 miles distant. Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1,000 miles. Should the application be granted it would not increase the quota, because the facilities of other California stations are requested.

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ASSOCIATE INSPECTOR SUSPENDED

Pending an investigation of unannounced charges G. C. Llewellyn, associate inspector of the Atlanta, Ga., office of the Radio Commission and Miss Gladys Fagan, his clerk, have been suspended. While admitting the suspension, officials of the Commission refuse to discuss the case. Commission officials emphasized the fact that the complaints may be without foundation which will come to light following an investigation. They have been given 15 days in which to submit a reply after which they will either be reinstated or dismissed.

These suspensions follow those of Inspector Van Nostrand and his secretary in the same office, both of whom were suspended for 90 days. No decision has been reached in this latter case.

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November 26, [illegible]

RECEIVED

[illegible]	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE O[illegible]
		THIRD ZONE (Continued)	
[illegible]	WFAP	Carter Publications, Inc. Fort Worth, Texas	Modification of license to use of WFAA's 50 KW transmitter at Grapevine, [illegible] and i operating [illegible]ter from 10 to 50 KW.

These two stations, WFAP and WFAA share time on the 800 kilocycle clear channel. WFAA [illegible] as with 50,000 watts. WFAP could also use 50,000 watts [illegible] of 10,000 watts as far as interference is concerned.

[illegible]

none

NONE

S-Z-D-55	KSL	Radio Service Corporation of Utah. Salt Lake City, Utah	Determine operating power by antenna measurement.
[illegible]-PB-2245	KFBK	James [illegible]ary Company [illegible] Sacramento, California	Construction permit to install new transmitter, change frequency and power from 1810 kc-100 watts to 1450 kc - 1 KW - Requesting [illegible]ties of KFWM, Los Angeles and KGEW, Burbank, California.

[illegible] nearest station on the proposed new frequency of 1450 kilocycles is KNOA, Los Angeles, California, which is 390 miles distant. Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1,000 miles. Should the application be granted it would not increase the quota, because the facilities of other California stations are requested.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

December 3, 1932

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Nov. 29th, 1932

My Dear Mr. McCosker:

I send you my warmest congratulations on your unanimous election as President of the National Association of Broadcasters at the recent annual convention in St. Louis. It is especially noteworthy that you were chosen from the field of Independent Broadcasters.

In view of the vast scope of radio broadcasting in the United States and the direct impress it makes upon the minds of the people, its possibilities for good in advancing industrial, scientific, cultural and amusement interests, this is a signal honor and a high responsibility, which your character, broad experience and achievements give promise of successful discharge in the public interest. You have my cordial good wishes in this work.

Yours faithfully,

(Signed) Herbert Hoover

Mr. Alfred J. McCosker
Director & General Manager,
Bamberger Broadcasting Service, Inc.
New York Office, 1440 Broadway, N.Y.C.

BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING • • • WASHINGTON, D. C.

G. LUCKS, Managing Director

HOOSE
WASHINGTON , 204

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Yours Faithfully,

Herbert Hoover

Mr. Alfred J. McGonigle
Director & General Manager,
Eastern Broadcasting Service, Inc
New York Office, 1440 Broadway, N.Y.C.

The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly from the headquarters in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be published without express permission.

December 3, 1932

NORTH AMERICAN CONFERENCE LOOMS

A North American radio conference, with Mexico, Canada, the United States, and Cuba participating, looms as a distinct possibility as the International Radiotelegraph Conference at Madrid nears its close.

According to unofficial advices from Madrid the convention concluded leaves to regional solution the broadcast allocation problem. Mexico, Canada and Cuba insisted that provision be made in the convention proper for the assignment of broadcast stations outside the regular broadcast band and the American Delegation likewise favored some extension of the band below 550 kc as a basis for solving the North American broadcasting problem. However, the United States Delegation was prevented from supporting the Canada-Mexico-Cuba proposal due to objection expressed by mobile interests who feared the possibility of encroachment upon their services.

Canada, Mexico and Cuba later withdrew their support of the Canadian proposal when the United States Delegation consented to make a statement at the plenary session of the conference. This statement, according to unofficial dispatches from Madrid, states that the United States is interested in the operation of stations now in existence and that this country will take in the future all necessary measures to protect the services of the United States. The Delegation at the same time gave notice that no assignment of frequencies to services will be agreed to by the United States that will imperil the efficiency of existing United States services.

At the present time the date and place of the proposed North American conference is undecided. According to reports from Mexico City, Mexico may invite the conference.

It is certain that the conference will be held at the earliest possible date, perhaps as early as next April.

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SCHUETTE SUBMITS PROPOSAL

Acting under the "absolute powers" conferred on him by the St. Louis Convention, Oswald F. Schuette, Director of NAB Copyright Activities, has submitted to E. C. Mills, General Manager of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, a revised copyright contract limiting the royalty to a percentage of the advertising revenue received from programs using ASCAP music.

In the conferences which preceded the submission of the new proposal, Mr. Mills repeated his admission that a contract so restricted constituted a better measurement of the royalty than the levy of a percentage on the entire income of broadcasting stations. However, he declared that his Board of Directors has repeatedly gone on record as opposed to a change in the contract and held out little hope that the Board would be induced to change its mind.

While it seems difficult to believe that the ASCAP directors will cling to so shortsighted a policy, in the face of the unanimous decision taken by the broadcasting industry at St. Louis, it is not at all unlikely that the industry will have to find some way of enforcing its right to a reasonable contract. The

AMERICAN CONFERENCE

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Prevented from so doing the [illegible] Mexico-Cuba proposal due to [illegible]ction expressed by mobile int[illegible]s who feared the possibility of a crowded-upper air services.

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At the present [illegible] date [illegible] conference is under[illegible] [illegible] reports fr[illegible] the co[illegible]e.

[illegible] certain that the conference will be held at [illegible]

SOUNDTRK SUMMIT

Acting under the "resource powers" conferred [illegible] vention, Oswald F. Schuette, Director of MAB Copyright Act [illegible], has assembly to E. C. Mills, General Manager of the American Society [illegible] [illegible] Fairbanks, a [illegible] broad copyright contract [illegible] the [illegible] trading rev[illegible] received f[illegible] on programs using ASCAP [illegible].

In the conferences [illegible] preceded the submission of the new [illegible]posal, Mr. [illegible] [illegible]ested by a admi[illegible]tion that a contract so restricted could [illegible] [illegible] measurement of the [illegible]ity that [illegible] a person [illegible] on [illegible] broadcasting [illegible]. [illegible] declared that his [illegible] Directors had reasonably gone on record as opposed to a change in the contract and held little hope that the Board would be induced to change it.

While it seems difficult to believe that the ASCAP directors will adhere to [illegible] adopted a policy, in the face of the unanimous decision taken by the [illegible] advertising industry at [illegible] meeting, it is not at all unlikely [illegible] [illegible] to find some way of entering its rights to a mutually satisfactory [illegible]. The

situation has already been discussed with members of both houses of Congress and it is therefore likely that this subject will be an important topic at the Winter sessions, despite the fact that the present Congress dies on March 4, 1933.

Apparently the broadcasters have been diligent in discussing the situation with their Congressmen and there is no doubt that the latter will know more about the necessity of protecting the broadcasting industry against copyright extortion. At the same time, other victims of similar threats of copyright extortion have discovered that their interest can be protected only by joint action. The newest action in this line has resulted from the demand by ASCAP for three times the previous revenues obtained from amusement parks. These institutions, as well as dance halls and other places of entertainment, find themselves at the mercy of ASCAP because there has been no concerted effort to create a pool of music on which there would be no fees for public performance. This is to emphasize the importance on the part of the broadcasters of undertaking the immediate creation of such a pool and doubtless this will be one of the contributing motives to speeding up action by the Board of Directors of the NAB on the proposal for a radio program foundation endorsed at the St. Louis convention.

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CONGRESS CONVENES MONDAY

Some thirty radio and copyright bills will be before the closing session of the Seventy-Second Congress which convenes on Monday.

Under the law this session must close on March 4 and the three months of meetings will be jammed with prohibition, economic, tax and appropriation legislation. It is impossible to predict at this time whether or not any of the pending radio bills will receive consideration.

The Davis bill, which passed the House last session, and which among other things forbids radio lotteries, is before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee and Senator Couzens, the Committee chairman, has indicated that this bill might receive final consideration in the Senate. The Senate Committee tacked onto the measure a system of license fees for all radio stations which drew objection from the National Association of Broadcasters, the amateurs and other radio licensees. Several other Senate amendments are being opposed by communication and mobile interests and unless the measure is shorn of its objectionable features it is unlikely that it will be acted upon finally during the short session.

Chairman Davis of the House Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries Committee is in doubt whether or not his Committee will initiate any additional radio legislation or hold hearings. He intends to confer with the members of his Committee before making any plans for the short session.

Senator Couzens feels that hearings would delay action on pending legislation with the result that time would not permit final consideration.

Among the measures pending are the Fess Bill to allocate 15 per cent of all facilities to educational institutions; the Dill Bill providing for coast-to-coast duplication on clear channels; the Metcalf Bill to compel each station

CONGRESS CONVENES MONDAY (Continued)

to give five per cent of all time free to educational institutions; the Hoch Bill to define radio as a "common carrier"; the Amlie Bill to prohibit radio advertising on Sundays; and the LaGuardia Bill providing for regulation of radio advertising rates.

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FRC ANNUAL REPORT MONDAY

The Sixth Annual Report of the Federal Radio Commission to the Congress will be available next Monday. The report reviews the activities of the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1932.

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RADIO EMPLOYMENT INCREASES

Employment in radio manufacturing plants increased in October over September according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor.

The Bureau received replies from 42 radio manufacturers who gave their October employment at 20,650, an increase of 17.2 per cent over September but a decrease of 28.4 per cent under October of last year. The October average weekly payrolls in these plants were $396,202 an increase of 12.2 per cent over September but a decrease of 41 per cent under October of last year.

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TELEVISION STILL EXPERIMENTAL

In the Commission's Sixth Annual Report it is revealed that"while no startling inventions have come to light in television during the past year, the progress that has been made has been marked by steady improvement in the detail of pictures transmitted."

"This improvement has been made possible through increased attention to technical details in the optical pick-up system, in the photo-electric cell and amplifying systems, and in the actual modulation of the radio waves emitted. This developement has in a general way paralleled the progress that was made in the early stages of sound broadcasting.

"Much attention has been given to the part of the spectrum in which television emissions will best fit. Although there are at the present time four 100-kilocycle bands between 2,000 and 3,000 kilocycles assigned to television, it has been evident for a considerable time that this space is not sufficient to meet the requirements of this new and growing art to furnish entertainment to the public. The experimenters have turned to the unexplored regions above 30,000 kilocycles. The work at these frequencies has shown signs of real promise as a future locus for this service, and the Federal Radio Commission has assigned wide frequency bands in this region for experimental work in television.

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December 3, 1932

SHULER LOSES APPEAL

The right to use a broadcast frequency is a "permissive" rather than a "vested" right and the Congress through the Federal Radio Commission may impose any reasonable rules and regulations upon the exercise of the right, according to the decision of Justice Groner of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in sustaining the Commission's decision removing the Rev. Bob Shuler (KGEF, Los Angeles, Calif.) from the air.

Counsel for Shuler applied for a rehearing before the Court of Appeals indicating that the case would be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States.

The Shuler case goes far in holding that broadcasters have very narrow rights in the art they have developed at great expense. The decision holds that a broadcaster may not demand the continued use of "an instrumentality of interstate commerce" except in subordination of rules and regulations of the Commission. If the right is abused he may lose his license. The rule is applicable, it would seem, regardless of whether the person using the facility is the licensee or some other person who has gained access to the facility.

No mention is made of Section 29 of the Radio Act in the decision although the Court points out that its decision is "neither censorship nor previous restraint, nor a whittling away of the rights guaranteed by the first amendment, or an impairment of their free exercise."

The decision states in part:

"In the case under consideration the evidence abundantly sustains the conclusion of the commission that the continuance of the broadcasting programs of appellant is not in the public interest. In a proceeding for contempt against Doctor Shuler, on appeal to the Supreme Court of California, that court said (Ex parte Shuler, 292 Pac. 481, 492) that the broadcast utterances of Doctor Shuler disclosed throughout the determination on his part to impose on the trial courts his own will and views with respect to certain causes then pending or on trial and amounted to contempt of court. Appellant, not satisfied with attacking the judges of the courts in cases then pending before them, attacked the bar association, for its activities in recommending judges, charging it with ulterior and sinister purposes. With no more justification, he charged particular judges with sundry immoral acts. He made defamatory statements against the board of health. He charged that the labor temple in Los Angeles was a bootlegging and gambling joint. In none of these matters, when called on to explain or justify his statements, was he able to do more than declare that the statements expressed his own sentiments. On one occasion he announced over the radio that he had certain damaging information against a prominent unnamed man which, unless a contribution (presumably to the church) of a hundred dollars was forthcoming he would disclose. As a result, he received contributions from several persons. He freely spoke of 'pimps' and prostitutes. He alluded slightingly to the Jews as a race, and made frequent and bitter attacks on the Roman Catholic religion and its relations to government. However inspired Doctor Shuler may have been by what he regarded as patriotic zeal, however sincere in denouncing conditions he did not approve, it is manifest, we think, that it is not narrowing the ordinary conception of 'public interest' in declaring his broadcasts -- without facts to sustain or to justify them -- not within that term, and since that is the test the commission is required to apply, we think it was its duty in considering the application for renewal to take notice

The right to use a [illegible] frequency is a "personal" rather than a "property" right and the Congress [illegible] the Federal Radio [illegible] may impose any reasonable rules and regulations upon the exercise of [illegible] licensing. [illegible] the decision of Justice Groner of the Court of Appeals of the District of [illegible] in sustaining the Commission's decision removing the rev. Joe Shuler [illegible] Angeles, Calif.) from the [illegible].

[illegible] for Shuler applied for a rehearing before the Court of Appeals [illegible] directing that the case would be carried to the Supreme Court of the United [illegible].

The Shuler case goes far [illegible] here have very narrow rights in the air they have developed at great expense. The decision holds in broadcasters may not demand the continued use or "an instrumentality or interstate commerce" except in subordination of rules and regulations of the Commission. If the right is abused he may lose his license. The rule is applicable it would seem, regardless of whether the person using the [illegible] is the licensee or some other person who has earned access to the facility.

No mention is made of Section 29 of the Radio Act in the decision although the Court points out that its decision is "neither censorship nor previous restraint nor a whittling away of the rights guaranteed by the First Amendment, or an impairment of their free exercise."

The decision states in part:

[illegible] case under consideration the [illegible] abundantly was [illegible] diction of the commission that the continuance of the broadcasting [illegible] station's right is not in the public interest. In a proceeding, for [illegible] Doctor Shuler, on appeal to the Court of California, the court said [illegible] Shuler, are [illegible] 492) that the broadcast [illegible] as of Doctor. Shuler disclosed throughout [illegible] determination on his part to [illegible] on the [illegible] course his own ill and vicious [illegible] with respect to certain [illegible] in speaking or on [illegible] amounted to contempt of court. Appellant, not satisfied with [illegible] the judges of the courts in cases then pending [illegible] the association. For its activities in recommending judges [illegible] it with ultimate [illegible] minister but [illegible] the more investigation, [illegible] ed particularly [illegible] judges with summary immoral acts. He made defamatory [illegible] board of health. He [illegible] the Labor temple in Los Angeles [illegible] meeting and condition joint. [illegible] these matters [illegible] had on to explain or justify his statements. [illegible] able to do more than [illegible] that the statements expressed his own sentiments. On one occasion he announced over the radio that he had certain data [illegible] information against a [illegible] man [illegible] a contribution (presumably to the church) of [illegible] hundred dollars [illegible] forthright [illegible] he would disclose. As a result, he received [illegible] letters from several [illegible] reasons. He [illegible] of 'bribes' and prostitutes. [illegible] slightingly to the laws as a [illegible], and made frequent and bitter attacks on the Roman Catholic Church and [illegible] relations to government. [illegible] Doctor Shuler [illegible] been by [illegible] regarded as particular [illegible], however [illegible] conditions he did not approve, it is [illegible] line the ordinary conception of 'humor' [illegible] without facts to sustain or to justify [illegible] that is the test. The commission is [illegible] it was its duty in considering the application for renewal [illegible]

of appellant's conduct in his previous use of the permit, and, in the circumstances, the refusal, we think, was neither arbitrary nor capricious.

"If it be considered that one in possession of a permit to broadcast in interstate commerce may, without let or hindrance from any source, use these facilities, reaching out, as they do, from one corner of the country to the other, to obstruct the administration of justice, offend the religious susceptibilities of thousands, inspire political distrust and civic discord, or offend youth and innocence by the free use of words suggestive of sexual immorality, and be answerable for slander only at the instance of the one offended, then this great science, instead of a boon, will become a scourge, and the Nation a theater for the display of individual passions and the collision of personal interests. This is neither censorship nor previous restraint, nor is it a whittling away of the rights guaranteed by the first amendment or an impairment of their free exercise. Appellant may continue to indulge his strictures upon the characters of men in public office. He may just as freely as ever criticize religious practices of which he does not approve. He may even indulge private malice or personal slander -- subject, of course, to be required to answer for the abuse thereof -- but he may not, as we think, demand, of right, the continued use of an instrumentality of commerce for such purposes, or any other, except in subordination to all reasonable rules and regulations Congress, acting through the commission, may prescribe.

"Nor are we any more impressed with the argument that the refusal to renew a license is a taking of property within the fifth amendment. There is a marked difference between the destruction of physical property, as in Penna. Coal Co. v. Mahon, 260 U.S. 393, and the denial of a permit to use the limited channels of the air. As was pointed out in American Bond & Mtge Co. v. United States, 52 F (2d) 318, 320, the former is vested, the latter permissive, and, as was said by the Supreme Court in C. B. & Q. Ry Co. v Commissioners, 200 U.S. 561, 593: 'If the injury complained of is only incidental to the legitimate exercise of governmental power for the public good, then there is no taking of property for public use and the right to compensation for such injury does not attach under the Constitution.' When Congress imposes restrictions in a field falling within the scope of its legislative authority and a taking of property without compensation is alleged, the test is whether the restrictive measures are reasonably adapted to secure the purposes and objects of regulation. If this test is satisfied, then 'the enforcement of uncompensated obedience' to such regulation 'is not an unconstitutional taking of property without compensation or without due process of law.' (Atlantic Coast Line v. Goldsboro, 232 U.S. 548, 558)."

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SHULER CASE TO GO UP

The Court of Appeals on Saturday denied the petition for rehearing in the Shuler case and counsel immediately asked for a stay of mandate pending action of the Supreme Court of the United States on a petition for a writ of certiorari. A petition for review will be filed in the Supreme Court within the next week or ten days, Shuler's counsel stated on Saturday.

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December 3, 1932

P.O. RULING ON FAN MAIL

The Post Office Department has just adopted an important revision of its ruling relating to the handling of fanmail.

The Department had ruled nearly two years ago that fan mail forwarded by stations to network headquarters were "letters" within the meaning of the postal laws and therefore could be forwarded only upon payment of the first class rate on each letter.

In April, 1931, the National Association of Broadcasters requested the Post Office Department to reconsider its ruling and permit the forwarding of fan mail by express, arguing that such communications were not "letters" within the meaning of the law since the messages were addressed to the program sponsor rather than to the station.

"You ask whether letters received by a broadcasting station for program sponsors, and which are not opened by the station but are merely assembled and counted for notation on the station's records, may be transmitted unopened by express or other similar method to the headquarters of the network with which the station is affiliated," says Second Assistant Postmaster General Glover in his recent ruling.

"In reply," he writes, "you are advised that these communications may be forwarded outside of the mails without the payment of postage from the broadcasting stations to the headquarters of the network, provided they are not opened upon receipt at the headquarters, as under these conditions they do not have the character of 'letters' within the purview of the private express statutes."

Express companies have been notified of the ruling of the Post Office Department. It should be pointed out that the ruling is limited to the forwarding of fan mail from stations to network headquarters and does not extend to the forwarding of such fan mail from the network headquarters to the sponsor. In the latter case the Department has taken the position that the fan mail must bear the first class rate of postage.

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BUILDING AND LOAN PROGRAMS

Are you now selling time to a Building and Loan Association?
Have the programs proved successful?
If so, will you please write to NAB Headquarters telling us all about it?
Several inquiries have been received from members who are angling for Building and Loan Accounts and they want to be able to cite specific instances where such programs have succeeded.

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December 3, 1932

KGRS DENIED HOUR CHANGES

The Radio Commission this week reversed the decision of Examiner R. H. Hyde in his Report No. 423, by which it denied the application of Station KGRS, Amarillo, Texas for a change in specified hours of operation on its frequency of 1410 kilocycles using 1000 watts power.

The Commission in its statement says that "although the present nighttime service of the applicant station is limited to some extent by interference from other stations, it does not appear that its operation upon the 1340 kilocycle frequency, as proposed, would result in a service free from interference or would materially extend its present service area."

It is further stated by the Commission that while the operation of KGRS on the assignment requested might be of some convenience to the station, "it does not appear that the listening public in the Amarillo area would be substantially benefited thereby and the limited number of facilities available for the use of broadcast stations does not justify the granting of the application."

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KQV AND WSMK MUST SHARE

Broadcasting Stations KQV, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and WSMK, Dayton, Ohio, were both granted license renewal by the Radio Commission during the current week upholding the Report (No. 412) of Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost. The two stations both operate on a frequency of 1380 kilocycles during the daytime hours and share time at night. Both asked the Commission for unlimited time on the air which was overruled by the Examiner and the Commission.

In its opinion the Commission says that both of these stations now render a good local service. On the other hand, says the Commission, "while it is probably true that the assignment of unlimited hours to either KQV or WSMK with the consequent restriction of the other station to a daytime assignment, would be of benefit to the station receiving such additional time, it is extremely doubtful that the listening public would be accorded any substantial benefit thereby." It is further contended by the Commission that "no such showing is made in this record as would justify the withdrawal of any portion of the facilities now assigned one of the applicant stations in order to authorize the use of the same by the other station."

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WNAX GETS LICENSE RENEWAL

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost was sustained by the Commission this week in his Report No. 430 in which G. C. Redfield, of Rapid City, South Dakota, was denied by default his application for a new station to operate on 570 kc, with 1000 watts power to share time with Station WNAX. In the same decision the Commission, again upholding the Chief Examiner, granted a license renewal to Station WNAX, at Yankton, South Dakota, unlimited time on the same frequency. In this case Mr. Redfield failed to appear when the hearing was held and no testimony was introduced to support his application. WNAX was set for hearing solely because of the Redfield application.

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December 3, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, December 5, 1932. They begin at 10 a. m.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1932.

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1593	KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Mod. Lic. 780 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time. Present Assignment: 780 kc, 500 watts, shares with KTM.
Docket #1687	KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Ren. Lic. 780 kc, 500 watts, share with KTM
Docket #1657	KTM	Pickwick Broadcasting Corp. Ltd. Los Angeles, California	Mod. Lic. 780 kc, 500 W. 1 KW LS, unlimited time. Present Assignment: 780 kc, 500 W. 1 KW LS shares with KELW.
Docket #1570	KTM	Pickwick Brdcstg. Corp. Ltd. Los Angeles, California	Ren. Lic. 780 kc, 500 W. 1 KW LS, share with KELW.

HEARINGS BEFORE EXAMINER

Docket #1788	NEW	Britt A. Rogers, Jr. Tupelo, Mississippi	C. P. 990 kc, 500 watts, daytime.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1932

Docket #1725	WLAP	American Broadcasting Corp. of Kentucky, Louisville, Kentucky	C. P. 940 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time (Facil. of WFIW). Present Assignment: 1200 kc, 100 W. 250 W. LS, unlimited time.
Docket #1767	WFIW	WFIW, Inc. Hopkinsville, Kentucky	Ren. Lic. 940 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time.
Docket #1814	WFIW	WFIW, Inc. Hopkinsville, Kentucky	C. P. to move station to Louisville, Kentucky. 940 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time. Present Assignment: 1200 kc, 100 W. 250 W. LS, unlimited time.

HEARING CALENDAR (continued)

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1932

Docket #1795	KTFI	Radio Brdcstg. Corp. Twin Falls, Idaho	Mod. Lic. 1240 kc, 500 watts, 1 KW LS, unlimited time (facilities of KGKX). Present Assignment: 1240 kc, 500 W., unlimited time.
Docket #1823	KGKX	Sandpoint Brdcstg. Co. Sandpoint, Idaho	Ren. Lic. 1420 kc, 100 W., unlimited time.
Docket #1292	NEW	American Legion, Dept of Mo. Donald Holden Post 106 Albany, Missouri	C. P. 1200 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
Docket #1531	KFWF	St. Louis Truth Center St. Louis, Missouri	Ren. Lic. 1200 kc, 100 watts, share with WIL.
Docket #1532	WIL	Missouri Brdcstg. Corp. St. Louis, Missouri	Ren. Lic. 1200 kc, 100 W. 250 W. LS, share with KFWF.

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LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS

The Commission, during the current week, received the following applications for license renewals: WHBF, Rock Island, Illinois; WALR, Zanesville, Ohio; WABZ, New Orleans, Louisiana; WAAW, Omaha, Nebraska; WBAL, Baltimore, Maryland; WHDH, Boston, Massachusetts; WMAZ, Macon, Georgia; WOAI, San Antonio, Texas; KFI, Los Angeles, California; KJBS, San Francisco, California; WDZ, Tuscola, Illinois.

KGFG, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; KGFL, Raton, New Mexico; KCRC, Enid, Oklahoma; KXO, El Centro, California; KGFI, Corpus Christi, Texas; WMGB, Richmond, Virginia; KRLD, Dallas, Texas; WINS, New York City; WFAA, Dallas, Texas; WPG, Atlantic City, New Jersey; WTIC, Hartford, Connecticut; KMOX, St. Louis, Missouri.

WRVA, Richmond, Virginia; WCCO, Minneapolis, Minnesota; WCAU, Philadelphia, Pa.; WAPI, Birmingham, Alabama; WJR, Detroit, Michigan; KFAB, Lincoln, Nebraska; KFEQ, St. Joseph, Missouri; WOV, New York City; WGN-WLIB, Chicago, Illinois; WHAS, Louisville, Kentucky; KGDM, Stockton, California; WRUF, Gainesville, Florida; KNX, Los Angeles, California; WABC-WBOQ, New York City; KWKH, Shreveport, Louisiana.

WEW, St. Louis, Missouri; KFBI, Abilene, Kansas; WBT, Charlotte, North Carolina; WGST, Atlanta, Georgia; and WEEU, Reading, Pennsylvania.

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December 3, 1932

SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

WMBH	W. M. Robertson Joplin, Missouri	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase specified hours of operation.
WOR	Bamberger Brdcstg. Service Inc. Newark, New Jersey	Application for mod. of C. P. to authorize location of its 50 KW transmitter at Tremley, New Jersey, set for hearing because of protest of Southern Radio Corporation licensee of Stations WMW and WMV, located near proposed site.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission has dismissed the following applications at the request of the applicants:

KLO	Interstate Broadcasting Corp. Ogden, Utah	C. P. 1400 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.
NEW	Intermountain Broadcasting Corp. Ogden, Utah	C. P. 1400 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time. (Facilities KLO).
WCSC	South Carolina Broadcasting Co., Inc., Charleston, S. C.	Mod. Lic. 1450 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.
WTFI	Liberty Broadcasting Co. Athens, Georgia	C. P. 1360 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time (Facilities of WCSC).

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CENSUS BUREAU NEARS END OF JOB

The census of 1930 which was the most comprehensive enumeration ever undertaken by this or any other country, will be completed within a few weeks. The three-year period within which, as required by law, the reports on the subjects covered by the census must be complete, will be up December 31, 1932. These subjects embrace population, manufactures, construction, agriculture, irrigation, drainage, mines, unemployment, and distribution, the last two named being included for the first time in the 1930 enumeration.

Of the final reports, consisting of 30 or more volumes, 11 have already been published and thousands of preliminary reports have been in use for some time.

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December 8, 1932

SET FOR HEARING

Current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

Robertson Joplin, Missouri	Requests Mod. of Lic. to increase specified hours of operation.
Bamberger Broadcast. Service Inc. New Jersey	Application for mod. of C. P. to change location of its 50 KW transmitter at Trenton, New Jersey, set for hearing because of protest of Southern Radio Corporation licensee of Stations WMW and WMV, located near proposed site.

During the current week the Commission has dismissed the following applications at the request of the applicants:

Interstate Broadcasting Corp. Utah	C. P. 1400 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.
Intermountain Broadcasting Corp. Ogden, Utah	C. P. 1400 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time (Facilities KLO).
South Carolina Broadcasting Co., Inc., Charleston, S. C.	Mod. Lic. 1450 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.
Liberty Broadcasting Co. Athens, Georgia	C. P. 1380 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time (Facilities of WGSO).

CENSUS BUREAU NEARS END OF

The census of 1930 which was the most comprehensive enumeration ever undertaken by this or any other country, will be completed within a few weeks. The three-year period within which, as required by law, the reports on the subjects covered by the census must be complete, will be up December 31, 1932. These subjects embrace population, manufactures, construction, agriculture, irrigation, drainage, mines, unemployment, and distribution, the last two named being included for the first time in the 1930 enumeration.

Of the final reports, consisting of 30 or more volumes, 11 have already been published and thousands of preliminary reports have been in use for some time.

December 3, 1932

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action:

WBMS	Lloyd B. Marsh, Receiver Hackensack, New Jersey	Denied renewal of Lic. on 1450 kc, 250 W. This station has been using $\frac{1}{4}$ time.
KUMA	Albert H. Scherman Yuma, Arizona	Application for Mod. of Lic. to make change in hours of operation, heretofore designated for hearing, reconsidered and granted.
WMT	Waterloo Broadcasting Co. Waterloo, Iowa	Dismissed by Appellant in Court of Appeals on November 26.
KOB	New Mexico College of Agriculture & Mechanical Arts State College, New Mexico	Granted authority to take depositions in re applications for renewal of license and for license covering C. P.
W2XV	Radio Engr. Laboratories New York, N. Y.	Granted authority to take depositions in re applications for renewal of amateur license, C. P. and license, in dockets Nos. 1774, 1797, 1775, 1776, 1777, and 1778.
WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Granted authority to take depositions in re applications for C. P. renewal and license to cover C. P., Dockets 1780, 1831, and 1841.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications to the applicants:

1-PB-2248	WMBA	LeRoy Joseph Beebe Newport, Rhode Island	C. P. to install new equipment (Station has been deleted).
1-PB-2710	WICC	Bridgeport Brdcstg Station, Inc. Bridgeport, Conn.	C. P. to change transmitter location to Stratford, Conn. (Request of applicant).
2-MLB-1079	WRBX	Richmond Development Corp. Roanoke, Virginia	Mod. lic. to change hours of operation from sharing equally with WHIS to Shares time with WHIS (Rule 6 c and d - May not be considered under 6 g as requested).
5-PB-2729	NEW	W. L. Gleason Salinas, California	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc 100 watts, unlimited hours (Rule 6 a c and d).

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December 3, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WBAL	Consolidated Gas & Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore Baltimore, Maryland	Granted three months extension of special authority to operate synchronously with Station WJZ.
WHDH	Matheson Radio Company Boston, Massachusetts	Granted 10 day extension of program test period, pending action on application for license.
	SECOND ZONE	
WGAR	WGAR Broadcasting Co. Inc. Cleveland, Ohio	Granted authority to determine licensed power by direct measurement of antenna input.
WEHC	Emory & Henry College Emory, Virginia	Granted authority to remain silent pending action on application to move to Charlottesville, which was designated for hearing on November 22, because of protest filed by station WLVA.
WMBG	Havens & Martin, Inc. Richmond, Virginia	Granted renewal of license for auxiliary transmitter.
	THIRD ZONE	
WPTF	Durham Life Insurance Co. Raleigh, North Carolina	Granted authority to operate from 7:45 to 8 p.m., simultaneously with Station KPO, during month of December.
KRMD	Radio Station KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted special authorization to operate from 1 to 2 p.m. and from 5 to 6 p.m. CST, December 3, 1932. Also granted special authority to operate from 4 to 5 p.m., CST, daily except Saturday and Sunday from 3 a.m., EST, December 1 to December 23, 1932.
KCMC	North Mississippi Brdcstg. Corp. Texarkana, Arkansas	Granted authority to temporarily reduce hours of operation from unlimited to specified as follows: 8:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.; 4:30 to 7:30 p.m., for period ending January 1, 1933.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

WPTF	Durham Life Insurance Company Raleigh, North Carolina	Granted authority to operate simultaneously with Station KPO from 7:45 to 9 p.m., EST, December 5.
WTSL	G. A. Houseman Laurel, Mississippi	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of Lic. to the Southland Radio Corp., and station to remain silent for 30 days.
KWEA	Hello World Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted extension to January 1, 1933, to remain silent pending action on application for renewal of license and C. P. pending before the Commission.
KOCW	Oklahoma College for Women Chickasha, Oklahoma	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of Lic. to J. T. Griffin.
KOCW	J. T. Griffin Chickasha, Oklahoma	Granted C. P. to move transmitter and studio locally, and install new equipment.
KTSA	Lone Star Brdcstg. Co. Inc. San Antonio, Texas	Granted consent to Vol. Assign. of Lic. to Southwest Broadcasting Company.
WGST	Georgia School of Tech. Atlanta, Georgia	Granted Lic. 890 kc, 250 watts night, 500 watts daytime, unlimited time.

FOURTH ZONE

KWLC	Luther College Decorah, Iowa	Granted authority to reduce hours of operation to 1 hour per week, between December 16, 1932 and January 2, 1933, inclusive, during Christmas holidays.
WLBC	Donald A. Burton Muncie, Indiana	Granted authority to operate simultaneously with Station WTRC, Elkhart, Indiana, from 6:45 to 7:30 p.m., CST, on the following dates: December 2, 3, 9, 16, 20, 23, and 27, 1932; January 2, 7, 13, 20, 27 and 28, 1933; February 3, 10, 17, 24, and 25; March 3, 4, 11, 17, and 18, 1933.
KFNF	Henry Field Company Shenandoah, Iowa	Granted special authority to continue using time assigned but not used by Stations WILL and KUSD, until December 31, 1932.

FIFTH ZONE

KGBU	Alaska Radio & Service Co. Inc. Ketchikan, Alaska	Granted license covering local move of transmitter and studio; increase in power and change in specified hours of operation; 900 kc, 500 watts; daily from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.; 5 to 7 p.m. and 10 p.m. to 3 a.m.PST.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

KFXJ	R. G. Howell & Charles Howell d/b as Western Slope Brdcstg. Co Grand Junction, Colorado	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1310 to 1200 kc.
KCRJ	Charles C. Robinson Jerome, Arizona	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from Daily: 7:30 to 10 a.m.; 12 noon to 1 p.m.; 3:30 p.m. to local sunset; MST, to: 7:30 to 9:30 a.m.; 12 noon to 1 p.m.; 3 p.m. to local sunset, MST.

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LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted license renewals for the regular period to the following stations: WALR, Zanesville, Ohio; WEBR, Buffalo, New York; (Auxiliary); WFBG, Altoona, Pennsylvania; WSAJ, Grove City, Pennsylvania; WTEL, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; KFJB, Marshalltown, Iowa; KFYO, Lubbock, Texas; KGCR, Watertown, South Dakota; KGHI, Little Rock, Arkansas; WHBF, Rock Island, Illinois.

WABZ	Samuel D. Reeks New Orleans, Louisiana	Renewal of license application set for hearing and temporary license granted subject to such action as the Commission may take on the pending application for renewal.
KSCJ	Perkins Bros. Co. The Sioux City Journal Sioux City, Iowa	Renewal of license application set for hearing and temporary license granted subject to such action as the Commission may take on the pending application for renewal.

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LICENSE TO COVER C. P.

During the current week the Commission has granted the following license to cover construction permit already granted: WHDH, Boston, Massachusetts.

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APPLICATION WITHDRAWN

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in a Report (No. 434) handed down this week recommended that the application of W. T. Hamilton for a construction permit for a new station to be located at Greenville, South Carolina to use 1240 kilocycles, 250 watts night and 500 watts day, unlimited time "that the request of applicant W. T. Hamilton to withdraw his application with prejudice, be granted."

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December 3, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-ALB-479	WTBO	Associated Brdcstg. Corp. Cumberland, Maryland	Invol. assign. of lic. to Associated Broadcasting Corp. from The Interstate Broadcasting System, Inc.
1-MLB-1095	WBBC	Brooklyn Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from Share with WLTH, WCGU, and WPOX to Share with WLTH and WPOX. Requests facilities of WCGU, Brooklyn, New York.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-MPB-400	WJEQ	Sun-Gazette Brdcstg. Co. Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Mod. of C. P. issued 7-26-32 for new station to extend dates of commencement and completion to 1-1-33 and 2-1-33 respectively.
2-MPB-398	WAZL	Herman G. Halsted Hazelton, Pennsylvania	Mod. of C. P. issued 9-13-32 for approval of exact transmitter and studio location, Corner West Broad & Laurel Sts., Hazelton, Pa., and change equipment.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-ALB-478	WIS	The South Carolina Brdcstg. Co. Inc., Columbia, S. C.	Vol. assign. of lic. to Station WIS, Incorporated.
3-MPB-399	KVOO	Southwestern Sales Corp. Tulsa, Oklahoma	Mod. of C. P. issued 11-17-31 for 25 KW transmitter to extend date of completion to 3-17-33.
3-PB-2725	NEW	News-Times Publishing Co. El Dorado, Arkansas	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 50 watts, daytime.

The nearest station on this same frequency is WHEF which is 160 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. The Third Zone is over quota but the State of Arkansas is under quota.

3-SAB-22	KTHS	Hot Springs Chamber of Commerce, Hot Springs National Park, Arkansas	Spec. auth. to operate on 970 kc, daytime; 1040 kc night; 8 hours daytime; share KRLD night-experimentally- amended to eliminate request to be allowed to operate minimum of 5 hours daily during time using 970 kc.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

3-MPB-401	WSB	Atlanta Journal Co. Atlanta, Georgia	Mod. of C. P. issued 11-17-31 to extend date of completion to 3-17-33

FOURTH ZONE

4-LB-927	KFIZ	The Reporter Printing Co. Fond du Lac, Wisconsin	License to cover C. P. issued 5-24-32 for new transmitter.
4-PB-2748	WKBF	Indianapolis Broadcasting Inc., Indianapolis, Ind.	C. P. to move transmitter 12 miles from present location to intersection of Fall Creek and Extension of Keystone Avenue, (Marion County) Indiana.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2711	NEW	James A. Britton, R. W. Britton, Juneau, Alaska	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts, daytime (10 a.m. to 6 p.m.).

The nearest station on 1210 kilocycles is KGY, Olympia, Washington, which is 900 miles distant. The Commission's engineers recommend a separation of 185 miles. However, both the Fifth Zone and Alaska are now over quota.

5-PB-2729A	NEW	W. L. Gleeson Sallinas, California	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours, quota units formerly assigned to KMJ, Fresno, California. Resubmitted and amended to omit request for quota units formerly assigned KMJ.

The nearest station on this same frequency is KPPC, Pasadena, California, which is 270 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Inasmuch as the application is for time formerly used by another station the quota would not be increased.

5-MPB-367	KGFL	KGFL, Inc. Raton, New Mexico	Mod. of C. P. issued 5-17-32 to change location of transmitter and studio to Roswell, New Mexico, amended to give exact transmitter location 511 W. 16th St. and studio 120 E. Third St., Roswell, N. M.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for licenses to cover construction permits already granted: WNBX, Springfield, Vermont, and KFIZ, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C. December 10, 1932
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

DEVELOPMENTS OF THE WEEK

The first week of the final session of the Seventy-Second Congress passed without the introduction of any new bills affecting broadcasting.

The International Radiotelegraph Conference in progress at Madrid, Spain, since September 3, completed its work and the American Delegates left immediately for the United States.

An order banning future song "plugging" by radio was issued this week by Oswald F. Schuette, director of NAB copyright activities.

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia reversed the Federal Radio Commission's decision holding that Station WJKS, Gary, Indiana, was entitled to have the facilities of Stations WIBO and WPCC, both of Chicago, Illinois, adopting a liberal construction of the Davis Amendment with respect to allocations among states within a zone.

Indications are that conferences preliminary to a North American conference will commence in Washington shortly after the first of the New Year.

The first week of the first session of the [illegible] passed without the introduction of any new bills affecting [illegible].

[illegible] strong Conference in progress as [illegible] since September 3, [illegible] left immediately for the United [illegible].

An order banning future song "plugging" by radio was issued this week by Oswald F. Schmitt, director of NAB copyright [illegible].

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia reversed the Federal Radio Commission's decision holding that Station WLWL, Indiana, was entitled [illegible] facilities of Stations WJJD and WPCC, both of Chicago, Illinois, adopting a liberal construction [illegible] the Davis Amendment [illegible] respect to allocations among states within a zone.

Indications [illegible] that conference preliminary to a North American conference will come in Washington shortly after the first of the New Year.

The Broadcasters' News Bulletin is the official publication of the National Association of Broadcasters and is issued regularly from the Association's headquarters in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C. Information contained herein may not be published without express permission.

December 10, 1932

MADRID CONFERENCE ENDS

The International Radiotelegraph Conference, which has been in progress since September 3 at Madrid, was due to close Friday of this week.

The convention, as finally adopted, leaves the way open for a North American Conference. The question of widening the broadcast, therefore, will be deferred until the time of the North American parley which will be attended by Canada, Mexico, Cuba and the United States. The regional conference will have power to go into the question of allocations relating to nearly all bands except those used internationally for identical services in all countries.

It is likely that conferences in preparation for the North American conference will commence in Washington shortly after the first of the new year. It is the feeling in some informed quarters that the meeting will be held as early as April of the new year. Mexico City may extend an invitation to the conference.

If the United States agrees to prepare the agenda for the North American Conference it will become the more important that conflicts between services be ironed out in the preparatory conferences.

Since the results of the North American Conference may affect the entire broadcasting structure in the United States it will be important that the industry be adequately represented at both the preliminary conferences and at the general conference.

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DILL ON WIBO DECISION

Senator Dill of Washington stated on the floor of the Senate that the WIBO case should be carried to the United States Supreme Court and if it should be upheld by that Court that Congress would have to pass another radio act.

He inserted the entire opinion in the Congressional Record and in doing so made the following statement:

"I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the decision of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in the case of Nelson Bros. Bond & Mortgage Co. (Station WIBO), appellants, against Federal Radio Commission, Johnson-Kennedy Radio Corporation, and others.

"In this connection I want to call attention particularly to the fact that the majority opinion as written in this decision practically nullifies the act of Congress enacted two or three years ago for the purpose of equalizing the distribution of radio facilities in various zones, and particularly in the different States. I shall not attempt to discuss the merits of the case other than to call attention to the fact that in this case the Commission granted the State of Indiana a wave length which had been used by the State of Illinois, the State of Illinois having 55 per cent more than its quota and the State of Indiana having 22 per cent under its quota; yet the majority opinion of the court declares that there is still a fair and equitable allocation under the law. It is such a far-fetched interpretation of ordinary language that it does not seem possible that a court could have written such a decision; and I sincerely hope the Radio Commission will carry this case to the Supreme Court of the United States."

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December 10, 1932

COMMISSION REVERSED IN WIBO CASE

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia this week, in a three-to-two decision, held that Station WJKS, Gary, Indiana, was not entitled to have the facilities of Stations WIBO and WPCC, Chicago, Illinois, thereby reversing the decision of the Federal Radio Commission in the case. The three stations share time on 560 kc and the Indiana station had applied for the facilities of the Illinois stations.

The court held that the decision of the Commission was "in a legal sense arbitrary and capricious" and went into the record to compare the services of the contesting stations. The court pointed out that while the Davis Amendment required an equal allocation of facilities among the five zones it provided only for a fair and equitable distribution of these facilities among the states within any zone. The terms "as nearly as possible" and "a fair and equitable allocation" as used in the Davis Amendment were stressed in the court's decision.

Justice Groner, one of the newer members of the court, filed a strong dissenting opinion which was concurred in by Justice Hitz.

"The question, therefore, in this case is whether the decision of the Commission assigning to the applicant station the frequency enjoyed by Stations WIBO and WPCC is a reasonable exercise of regulatory power or an arbitrary and capricious assertion of power," the majority decision stated.

"Station WIBO was established in April, 1925, and represents a total cost of about $346,000, less a reserve for depreciation of about $54,000. It employs 55 persons; has monthly operating expenses of from $16,000 to $18,000. It serves a radius of from 50 to 100 miles and, on the basis of its earnings, is estimated to be worth between $500,000 and $700,000. There is not even a suggestion that it has failed to comply in any respect with the regulations of the Commission; on the contrary, it affirmatively appears that this station has been operated in the public interest.

"Station WPCC was established in July, 1924, and is owned by the North Shore Church of Chicago. Prior to the installation of this broadcasting station, the church was largely in debt. The installation of the radio greatly increased the church's audiences. There are 20 radio stations in Chicago broadcasting about sixty hours of religious programs on Sundays, but there are practically no week-day spiritual programs broadcast except those of Station WPCC. That the operation of this station has been in the public interest, clearly appears.

"In the reallocation of 1928 following the enactment of the Davis amendment (act of March 28, 1928, 45 Stat. 373), the Commission found that conditions warranted the assignment of the frequency of 560 kc. to Station WIBO (originally established in April, 1925) and Station WPCC (originally established in July, 1924), and the assignment of the frequency of 1,360 kc. to Station WJKS (originally established in August, 1927). The evidence fails to disclose that there has been a material change in conditions since the reallocation of 1928.

"The Davis amendment declared it to be the policy of Congress that the people of the five zones established by the radio act of 1927 are entitled to equality of radio broadcasting service, both of transmission and of reception, and that in or-

REVERSED IN

[illegible] Court of [illegible] Delaware this week, in [illegible] to-
decision, held [illegible] entitled to have th[illegible]
[illegible] the federal radio commission [illegible] the case. The court [illegible]
and the lad[illegible] on [illegible] for the respective of the
[illegible] stations.

The court held [illegible] the case [illegible] Commission was "in a judicial sense,
[illegible] and quasi-judicial" and went into the record to compare the [illegible] of
[illegible] concerning stations. The court [illegible] at will [illegible] be Davis amendment to
[illegible] quited an equal allocation or facilities on [illegible] the ftv [illegible] does it provided [illegible]
for a fair and equitable di[illegible] ation of these fac[illegible] facilities among [illegible] states within
any zone. The terms [illegible] as [illegible] "a fair and equitable
[illegible]tion" as used in the Davis Amendment were [illegible] by the court's decision.

Just as [illegible], one of the [illegible]s of t[illegible] court's [illegible] also
[illegible] opinion [illegible] was concurred in by [illegible] justice [illegible].

[illegible] must [illegible], therefore, in this case is whether [illegible] decision of the Com-
mission assigning to the applicant station [illegible] reasonable [illegible] by [illegible] WPCC
and WPCC [illegible] was reasonable exercise of regulatory power [illegible] "arbitrary [illegible] and capri-
cious assertion of power," the [illegible] decision reversed.

"Station WIPO was established in April, 1[illegible] and [illegible] not
about 8[illegible] [illegible] has a reserve transmitter [illegible] about [illegible]
[illegible] they operating [illegible] of from [illegible] to [illegible] It serves
a radius [illegible] from [illegible] to 100 miles [illegible], on the [illegible] its earnings is [illegible]
so we [illegible] between [illegible]. There is too even a [illegible] [illegible] that
it has [illegible] only in any respect [illegible] the regulations of the Co[illegible]
the contrary, it affirmed. It appears that this station has [illegible] operated
public interest.

[illegible] was largely [illegible] balloon or the radio [illegible] by im[illegible]
[illegible] audiences. [illegible] radio stations in Chicago broadcasting
about sixty hours of religious programs on Sunday, but there are [illegible] no
[illegible]-day "pir[illegible]" program [illegible] except those of Station WPCC. [illegible]
operation of this station has been in the public interest [illegible] operate.

[illegible] location [illegible] or 1928 following the amendment of the Davis amendment
[illegible] 1928 [illegible] stat. 273). The Commission found that conditions w[illegible]
[illegible]ated the assignment of the [illegible] or 560 kc. to Station WIPO [illegible]
established in [illegible] Station WPCC (originally [illegible] label in July,
1924), and the assignment of the frequency of 1,[illegible] kc. to Station WMCS ([illegible]
[illegible] established in August, 1927). The evidence fails to disclose that t[illegible]
[illegible] a material change in conditions since the real location of [illegible]

"The Davis amendment declared it to be the po[illegible] Congress that the ca[illegible]
[illegible] is to be established by the radio act of 1927 [illegible] to
[illegible] to be operation [illegible] assignment

der to provide such equality the licensing authority shall, as nearly as possible, make and maintain an equal allocation of broadcasting licenses, bands of frequency or wave lengths, periods of time for operation, and of station power, to each of the zones, 'and shall make a fair and equitable allocation of licenses, wave lengths, time for operation, and station power to each of the States, the District of Columbia, the Territories, and possessions of the United States within each zone, according to population.'

"It will be observed that the statute directs the licensing authority to establish and maintain '<u>as nearly as possible</u>' equality of broadcasting service to each of the several zones, and to '<u>make a fair and equitable allocation of</u> licenses,' etc. to each of the States within those zones. The requirement that there shall be an equal allocation to each of the zones, and a '<u>fair and equitable</u> allocation' to the States within each zone, according to population, is significant. <u>Crawford</u> v. <u>Burke</u>, 195 U.S. 176, 190; <u>Johnson</u> v. <u>United States</u>, 225 U.S. 405, 415, <u>Brewster</u> v. <u>Gage</u>, 280 U. S. 327, 337. The fourth zone, in which the stations directly involved in this controversy are located, comprises the States of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, and Missouri. Congress declared that the people of all the <u>zones</u> are entitled to equality of broadcasting service, but evidently recognized that the licensing authority might not be able to establish and maintain an exact mathematical equality among the zones, hence the language, 'establish and maintain <u>as nearly as possible</u>.' After providing for the establishment and maintenance of nearly equal facilities among the zones, Congress in dealing with the problem evidently anticipated that greater difficulty would arise in undertaking to equalize allocations to the several States within a zone, and therefore provided for, not <u>equal</u>, but '<u>fair and equitable</u> allocation' to the States within a zone. The House committee report on the amendment states, <u>inter alia</u>: 'This amendment looks to the future. It declares in terms the duty of the licensing authority to make an equal allocation among the five zones, of broadcasting licenses, * * * and provides that within each zone there shall be an equitable allocation among the States thereof in proportion to the population and power. The equality here sought is not an exact mathematical division. That may be physically impossible.' (H.R. Rep. No. 800, 70 Cong. 1st Sess.)

"We have repeatedly held that 'it would not be consistent with the legislative policy to equalize the comparative broadcasting facilities of the various States or zone by unnecessarily injuring stations already established which are rendering valuable services to their natural service areas.' Reading Broadcasting Co. v <u>Fed. Radio Comm.</u> 60 App. D.C. 89, 48 F. (2d) 458; <u>Chicago Fed. of Labor</u> v. <u>Fed. Radio Comm.</u> 59 App. D.C. 333, 41 F. (2d) 422. In <u>Strawbridge & Clothier</u> v. Fed. Radio Comm. 61 App. D.C.__, 57 F. (2d) 434, we sustained the Commission although the applicant station was in an underquota State and an underquota zone and sought an increase of power which would have affected stations in an overquota State in an overquota zone. There would have been more justification for the granting of the application in that case than in this, for here the parties most affected are in one zone and the applicant station is located within 30 miles of Chicago, from which Gary and surrounding territory receives much of its radio service, although, as observed by the examiner, none of that service is charged against the Indiana quota. While Station WJKS, through this application, seeks greater opportunity to furnish broadcasting service to the people of Gary and surrounding territory, it is in evidence that it even now devotes from two to three hours daily to broadcasting phonograph records. It also suggests that it has special programs for the foreign-born element of Gary, but the record discloses that the total number of foreign born in Chicago is greater than in Gary and vicinity.

"Station WIBO had been broadcasting for more than two years, and Station WPCC more than three years, when Station WJKS entered the field. The only apparent reason for granting the application of Station WJKS and destroying the other two stations is that Indiana is underquota, which in the circumstances furnishes no substantial justification for the decision of the Commission. As already observed, the evidence discloses that Stations WIBO and WPCC have been and are 'serving public interest, convenience, and necessity' certainly to as great an extent as the applicant station. In our view, the conclusively established and admitted facts furnish no legal basis for the decision of the Commission. In other words, the decision is in a legal sense arbitrary and capricious".

Justice Groner's dissenting opinion states in part:

"Epitomized, therefore, the evidence shows that all three stations concerned are now rendering satisfactory service, but that the operation of the two Chicago stations may be terminated without detriment to the public interest, and that the service of the Indiana station may be improved and extended in the public interest by granting to it the facilities now enjoyed by the other two. Coupled with this is the fact that the Chicago stations are located in an overquota State and the Indiana station in an underquota State. More than this is unnecessary if the intent of Congress, as expressed in the amendment, is to be given effect, for Congress has conferred on the Commission, in the first place, just as it had in the case of the Interstate Commerce Commission, the power to determine what is and what is not in the public interest, and, in the second place, has admonished it, when this condition is met, to 'make a fair and equitable allocation of licenses, wave lengths, time for operation, and station power to each of the States, the District of Columbia, the Territories and possessions of the United States within each zone, according to population.' In the instant case, the Commission has declared that by reason of the character of the population in the Calumet district, its foreign origin, its hours of service, and such like matters, it is entitled to and ought to receive in the fullest measure possible the sort of program provided by the Gary station. This is no more than the recognition of a difference in sectional interests and conditions and an extension of the opportunity to those interests to gratify their local tastes. This was the purpose and object of the amendment.

"If, therefore, upon an application for a station permit in an under-quota State, or for an increase of facilities by an already authorized station, the Commission, after hearing, decides the public interest will be served by granting the application, and the evidence reasonably supports that decision, as undoubtedly is the case here, I think it has, under the Davis amendment, not only the right and power to grant the application, but that the plain and explicit language of the amendment requires it to do so, for in no other way can the equalization which Congress has declared should obtain be accomplished. In such a case, if injury results to the holder of a revocable permit, the injury is said to be damnum absque injuria.

"Since Congress possesses the power, the right to assert it may not be questioned, nor the motives which impell it inquired into, nor its wisdom challenged. It is for the courts to follow the law as they find it. Hamilton v. Distilleries Co. 251 U.S. 146, 161."

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December 10, 1932

SCHUETTE ISSUED "PLUG" BAN

A ban on "song plugging" by radio was issued December 8, by Oswald F. Schuette, Director of Copyright Activities of the National Association of Broadcasters as the first active step to assert the rights of the broadcasting industry in the copyright conflict with the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers.

The order, the full text of which was sent to all broadcasters, was issued under the "absolute powers of copyright activities" conferred upon Mr. Schuette at the St. Louis Convention and was the result of a letter from E. C. Mills, General Manager of the Society, announcing that the Board of Directors of that organization might not meet until some time in January to consider Mr. Schuette's proposal for a revision of copyright contracts which would release programs in which no ASCAP music is used from ASCAP royalty demands. Inasmuch as the entire Board of Directors of ASCAP is in New York, Mr. Schuette pointed out that there could be no reason for such needless delay unless the Board were hostile to the broadcasting industry. Mr. Schuette's letter, sent to all broadcasters, pointed out that the members of this Board are chiefly responsible for the uses of the "restricted list".

Mr. Schuette therefore advised all broadcasting stations also to make no further requests for "special permission" to perform music which has been placed on the Society's "restricted list" and to keep such "restrictions" permanent by refusing to restore to their programs any numbers which have been so "restricted" by the publishers.

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SWEDISH BROADCASTING 10 YEARS OLD

The tenth anniversary of the Swedish radio broadcasting service which is under State control will be celebrated in the near future, according to advices to the Commerce Department from Trade Commissioner Basil D. Dahl, Stockholm. During the past decade, Dahl states, the Swedish radio industry and market have grown very rapidly. There are at present approximately 600,000 licensed radio receiving sets in use in Sweden as against only 5,000 eight years ago.

(600,000) Illinois Radio c/o Radio Times

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TERRELL TO ATTEND CONFERENCE

W. D. Terrell, Chief of the Division of Field Operations, has been authorized by the Commission to attend the Radio Distress Conference to be held December 15, 1932, at Cleveland, as its representative.

The conference is to be held on invitation of Captain H. H. Wolf, U. S. Coast Guard, Commander Lakes Division, with headquarters at Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan, and will concern itself chiefly with the problem of handling distress traffic on the Great Lakes.

It is planned to have present representatives of all radio concerns, both government and commercial, operating on or about the Great Lakes.

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December 10, 1932

WGAR GIVEN MORE DAY POWER

The Radio Commission this week granted Station WGAR, Cleveland, a modification of its license allowing it 1,000 watts daytime and 500 watts night using the frequency of 1450 kilocycles and sustaining Examiner R. H. Hyde in his Report No. 419. The station has been operating on the same frequency with 500 watts power unlimited time.

In granting the daytime power increase the Commission states that "the operation of Station WGAR with increased daytime power as proposed would result in a marked improvement in the quality of reception from the station in the Cleveland area and enable the applicant to extend its present generally meritorious program service to a much larger population than now receives the same. Moreover, it appears that no objectionable interference with the services of other stations would result from the use of the additional daytime power requested by the applicant."

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DECISION FAVORS WHK

The Radio Commission upheld Report No. 420 of Examiner R. H.Hyde in the case of Station WHK, Cleveland in which it granted the Station a daytime power increase from 1,000 to 2,500 watts.

The grant was made on the condition that the authority to use the additional power may be withdrawn without advance notice or hearing in the event it appears to the Commission that objectionable interference results with the service of Station KQV from the use of such power.

In this case the Commission found that the operation of this station with additional power "would materially improve the qualtuy of the station's service in Cleveland and vicinity and probably so extend its present meritorious service as to permit the applicant to render satisfactory service throughout most of the greater Cleveland area, large portions of which WHK does not now serve with satisfactory efficiency."

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ASSISTANT INSPECTOR SUSPENDED

George Llewellyn, assistant radio inspector at Atlanta, who was temporarily suspended a few weeks ago by the Radio Commission, has been permanently suspended.

Miss Gladys Fagan and Miss Mary L. Bell, both of the Atlanta office who were temporarily suspended have been reinstated.

The case of Walter Van Nostrand, inspector at Atlanta has not yet been decided.

No official announcements on these cases have been made by the Commission nor have the charges against any of the four persons been made public.

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December 10, 1932

WNJ ASKS REINSTATEMENT

An application asking reinstatement of Station WNJ was received by the Radio Commission this week from the Radio Investment Company, Inc., of Newark, New Jersey. This company formerly owned and operated Station WNJ. The Commission took this station off the air and an appeal was taken to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia. The Court upheld the Commission's decision. The company now has filed an application for the same facilities that it formerly used.

The new application asks for a construction permit for a new station to use 1450 kilocycles with 250 watts power to share time with WHOM and to use one-fourth time. It requests the facilities of WBMS, Hackensack, New Jersey.

The Commission this week also received an application from the International Broadcasting Corporation, of Shreveport, Louisiana, asking for all of the facilities of Station KWKH, at Shreveport.

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WMBR GRANTED LICENSE RENEWAL

In Report No. 435 this week Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost recommended that the application of the Peoples Broadcasting Corporation for a construction permit for a new station at Jacksonville, Florida, be denied because the application was withdrawn by the applicant "with prejudice". At the same time he recommended that the license of Station WMBR, at Tampa, Florida, be renewed.

The Peoples Broadcasting Corporation requested half the facilities of WMBR on 1370 kilocycles with 100 watts power. After more than 100 pages of testimony had been taken the applicant requested that its application be withdrawn with prejudice, which request was unopposed.

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OPPOSES ABERDEEN, S. D. STATION

In a report this week Examiner Elmer W. Pratt, recommended that the application of J. B. Taylor for a construction permit for a new station to be erected at Aberdeen, South Dakota, be denied. At the same time he recommended that the license of Station KSOO, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, whose facilities Taylor sought, be renewed.

The Examiner states that Taylor is financially and in other ways qualified to own such a station as he proposes.

"The only objection to the granting of the application of J. B. Taylor for construction permit", says the Examiner, "is that the transmitter site proposed is in an area where blanketing interference would occur because of too large a number of people residing within a mile of the transmitter. * * *and it not appearing that the proposed transmitter site is satisfactory, it follows that this applicant has failed to establish that public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by the granting of his application."

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December 10, 1932

WHP-WBAK CASE DECIDED

Examiner E. W. Pratt was sustained in part by the Commission this week in his Report No. 404 in the case of Stations WHP and WBAK, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. The Commission's decision granted Station WHP permission to operate daytime during all the hours not allocated for the use of Station WBAK, sharing time with WCAH, Columbus, Ohio. WBAK was granted license renewal to permit its operation during certain specified hours.

"While no showing is made in this record", says the Commission in its decision, "that would justify the deletion of Station WBAK in order to assign its present facilities to Station WHP, it appears that the public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by granting the application for modification of license for WHP in part, so as to permit the operation of WHP in accordance with the present division of time with WBAK during daytime and with WCAH at night."

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COURT DISMISSES KLO CASE

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has dismissed the case of KDYL, Salt Lake City, Utah, on its own motion. This station appealed against a decision of the Radio Commission granting Station KLO permission to move from Ogden to Salt Lake City.

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BAR COMMITTEE APPOINTED

President Clarence E. Martin of the American Bar Association has appointed the following Committee on Communications for the coming year: Louis G. Caldwell, Washington, D. C., chairman; John Guider, Washington, D. C.; Judge John C. Kendall, Portland, Oregon; Calvin W. Rawlings, Salt Lake City, Utah; and Walter Lybrand, of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. Mr. Caldwell served as chairman last year. Mr. Guider and Judge Kendall also were members of last year's committee.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RETURNED

Applications for license renewals were returned this week by the Commission to the following stations because they were not in proper form for Commission consideration: KMOX, St. Louis, Missouri; WGST, Atlanta, Georgia; WFAA, Dallas, Texas; and WAGM, Presque Isle, Maine.

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SHULER APPEAL SOON READY

A petition for a writ of certiorari in the Shuler case will be filed in the Supreme Court of the United States next week, it was indicated by attorneys for the Rev. Shuler whose Station KGEF, Los Angeles, California, was refused a renewal of license by the Court of Appeals recently.

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December 10, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, December 12, 1932. They begin at 10 a. m.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1932

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1593	KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Mod. Lic.	780 kc, 500 watts, Unlimited time.
			Present Assignment:	780 kc, 500 watts, shares with KTM.
Docket #1687	KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Renewal	780 kc, 500 watts, shares with KTM.
Docket #1657	KTM	Pickwick Brdcstg. Corp. Ltd. Los Angeles, California	Mod. Lic.	780 kc, 500 W., 1 KW LS, unlimited time.
Docket #1570	KTM	Pickwick Broadcasting Corp. Ltd., Los Angeles, Calif.	Renewal	780 kc, 500 W., 1 KW LS, shares with KELW.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1932.

Docket #1726	KGNO	The Dodge City Brdcstg. Co. Dodge City, Kansas	C. P.	1340 kc, 250 watts, unlimited time.
			Present Assignment:	1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1932

Docket #1790	WOR	Bamberger Brdcstg. Service Kearney, New Jersey	Ren. of auxiliary transmitter license.	710 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.
Docket #1780	WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York	C. P.	1480 kc, 500 watts, shares time with WFOX WLTH & WBBC. Requests authority to move transmitter.
Docket #1831	WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York.	Renewal	1400 kc, 500 watts, shares time with WFOX, WLTH & WBBC.
Docket #1841	WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York.	License	1400 kc, 500 watts, shares time with WFOX, WLTH & WBBC.

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December 10, 1932

SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

KARK	Arkansas Radio & Equipment Company Little Rock, Arkansas	Renewal of license.
WLTH	Voice of Brooklyn, Inc. Brooklyn, New York.	Requests Moc. of Lic. to change hours of operation to sharing with WFOX and WBBC only. (Facilities of WCGU). Also application to share with WLTH and WFOX.
WFOX	Paramount Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York.	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change hours to share with WLTH and WBBC only. (facilities of WCGU).
KGIX	J. M. Heaton Las Vegas, Nevada	Renewal of license.
KGIX	J. M. Heaton Las Vegas, Nevada	Requests C. P. to install new equipment.
NEW	The Building Industries Brdcstg. Co. Cincinnati, Ohio	Requests C. P. 900 kc, 250 watts, daytime hours of operation.

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MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action:

KGEW	City of Ft. Morgan Ft. Morgan, Colorado	Denied extension of authority to remain silent. Renewal of license application has been designated for hearing.
WEVD	Debs Memorial Radio Fund, Inc. Brooklyn, New York.	Protest of WEVD to the granting of application to move station WCGU from Brooklyn to Long Island City, was dismissed at request of protestants.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission dismissed the following applications at the request of the applicants:

NEW	A. D. Shiffer & A. H. Bennett Lansing Broadcasting Co. Lansing, Michigan	C. P. 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
WSPA	Virgil V. Evans Spartanburg, South Carolina	Mod. Lic. 590 kc, 250 watts, unlimited time.
KOY	Nielsen Radio & Sporting Goods Co. Phoenix, Arizona	Mod. Lic. 1390 kc, 500 W. 1 KW. LS. unlimited time.

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December 10, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WBBC	Brooklyn Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Granted license covering changes in auxiliary transmitter, 1400 kc, 500 W.
WDEV	Harry C. Whitehill Waterbury, Vermont	Granted 30 day extension of program test period, pending action on license application.
WMAS	Albert S. Moffat Springfield, Massachusetts	Granted authority for direct measurement of antenna power.
WSYB	Philip Weiss Music Co. Rutland, Vermont	Granted special authority to operate from 11 a.m. to 12 noon, EST, on Sundays only, for remainder of license period.
	SECOND ZONE	
	None	
	THIRD ZONE	
WFBC	Virgil V. Evans Greenville, South Carolina	Granted consent to Vol. assign. of C.P. to Greenville-News Piedmont Company.
	FOURTH ZONE	
KFJB	Marshall Electric Co. Inc. Marshalltown, Iowa	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
KFJM	University of North Dakota Grand Forks, North Dakota	Granted extension to December 31 of the working of Rule 145.
KSO	Iowa Broadcasting Co. Des Moines, Iowa	Granted 30 day extension of program test period, pending action on license application.
	FIFTH ZONE	
KREG	J. S. Edwards Santa Ana, California	Granted renewal of license, 1500 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time, also granted consent to Vol. assign. of Lic. to The Voice of the Orange Empire, Inc. Ltd.

During the [illegible] granted the following application [illegible] to the provisions of Rules 64 and [illegible] providing that proper protests may [illegible] days from the date of action.

CH	NAME OF [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Brooklyn Broadcast Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Granted license [illegible] auxiliary transmitter, 1400 kc.
[illegible]	[illegible] Waterbury, Vermont	Granted 30-day extension of program [illegible] pending action on license [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] of antenna power.
WSYR	[illegible] Music Co. [illegible]	Granted special authority to operate from [illegible] 12 noon, EST, on Sundays only, for remainder of license period.
[illegible]	[illegible] [illegible]ville, South Carolina	Granted consent to [illegible] assign. of [illegible] to Greenville-News Piedmont

ZONE

[illegible]	Marshall Electric Co., Inc. Marshalltown, Iowa	[illegible] authority to install automatic frequency control.
[illegible]	University of North Dakota Grand Forks, North [illegible]	Granted extension to [illegible] working of Rule 146.
KSO	Iowa Broadcasting Co. Des Moines, Iowa	Granted 30-day extension of program test period, pending action on [illegible] location.

FIFTH ZONE

[illegible]	J. S. Edwards Santa Ana, California	Granted removal of license, [illegible] 100 watts, unlimited time, [illegible] assent to [illegible] Voice of the Orange [illegible]

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

KRKD	Dalton's Inc. Los Angeles, California	Granted authority to operate 30 day program test period in accordance with terms of C. P. without operating the usual 10 day equipment test period.
KFSG	Echo Park Evangelistic Assn. Los Angeles, California	Granted authority to use transmitter of Station KRKD during program test period, and pending filing of formal application to use equipment of KRKD as main transmitter, and present equipment of KFSG as an auxiliary.
KGZJ	City of Phoenix, Police Department Phoenix, Arizona	Granted special authority to operate on frequency 2410 kc, for period not over 30 days.
KMJ	James McClatchy Co. Fresno, California	Granted Mod. of C. P. to extend completion date to December 22, 1932.
KICA	W. E. Whitmore Clovis, New Mexico	Granted consent to Vol. assign. of Lic. to Southwest Broadcasting Company.

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LICENSE RENEWALS

During the current week the Commission has granted the following license renewals for the regular period: WBTM, Danville, Va.; WCBM, Baltimore, Md.; WDAS, Philadelphia, Pa.; WEHS, Cicero, Ill.; WELL, Battle Creek, Mich.; WENC, Americus, Ga.; WFDV, Rome, Ga.; WHBQ, Memphis, Tenn.; WHDF, Calumet, Mich.; WHDL, Tupper Lake, N.Y.

WHFC, Cicero, Ill.; WIBM, Jackson, Mich.; WILM, Wilmington, Del.; WJBO, New Orleans, La.; WJMS, Ironwood, Mich.; WJTL, Oglethorpe, Ga.; WKBI, Cicero, Ill.; WKBV, Connersville, Ind.; WKBZ, Ludington, Mich.; WLBF, Kansas City, Kansas; WLEY, Lexington, Mass.; WLVA, Lynchburg, Va.; WMBC, Detroit, Mich.; WMBH, Joplin, Mo.; WMPC, Lapeer, Mich.; WNBF, Binghampton, N. Y.; WPAD, Paducah, Ky.; WPEN, Philadelphia, Pa. WRJN, Racine, Wisconsin; WSPA, Spartanburg, S. Carolina; WSYB, Rutland, Vermont; WPFB, Hattiesburg, Miss.; WQDM, St. Albans, Vt.; WTBO, Cumberland, Md.; WWSW, Pittsburgh, Pa.; KCRC, Enid, Oklahoma; KDB, Santa Barbara, Calif.; KFJM, Grand Forks, N.D.

KFLX, Galveston, Texas; KFJZ, Fort Worth, Texas; KGAR, Tucson, Ariz.; KGFF, Shawnee, Okla.; KGFG, Oklahoma City, Okla.; KGFI, Corpus Christi, Texas; KGFK, Moorhead, Minn.; KGFL, Raton, New Mexico; KGCC, San Francisco, Calif; KGIW, Trinidad, Colo.; KDIZ, Grant City, Mo.; KGKL, San Angelo, Texas; KGKY, Scottsbluff, Nebraska.

KMAC, San Antonio, Texas; KONO, San Antonio, Texas; KORE, Eugene, Ore.; KUJ, Walla Walla, Wash.; KUMA, Yuma, Ariz.; KVL, Seattle, Wash.; KWCR, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; KWKC, Kansas City, Mo.; KXO, El Centro, California.

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December 10, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-PB-2744	NEW	John E. McGoff, Julius Schaeffer, Francis Thurston Newport, Rhode Island	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 100 watts, nine hours per day.

The nearest station on this same frequency is WLOE, Boston, which is 90 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. Both the First Z one and the State of Rhode Island are under quota.

1-PB-2753	NEW	Radio Investment Co., Inc. Newark, New Jersey	C. P. for new station to use 1450 kc, 250 watts, share with WHOM, to use $\frac{1}{4}$ time. Requests facilities of WBMS, Hackensack, New Jersey.

This company formerly operated Station WNJ, Newark. The Commission took the station off the air. The matter was appealed to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia. The court upheld the Commission. The company now is asking for the same facilities it had before.

1-MLB-1097	WFOX	Paramount Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from Shares with Stations WCGU, WLTH and WBBC to Shares with Stations WLTH and WBBC. Requests facilities and hours of WCGU, Brooklyn, N. Y.
1-MLB-1100	WLTH	Voice of Brooklyn, Inc. Brooklyn, New York	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from Shares with Stations WCGU, WFOX & WBBC to Shares with Stations WFOX & WBBC. Requests facilities and hours of WCGU, Brooklyn, New York.
1-ZB-67	WHDH	Matheson Radio Co. Inc. Boston, Massachusetts	Determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
1-ALB-480	WBMS	Lloyd B. Marsh, (Receiver) Hackensack, New Jersey	Involuntary assignment of license from WBMS Broadcasting Corp.

FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST CLASS	
[illegible]	[illegible]	John M. [illegible] Julius Schmetz Thurston Newport, Rhode Island	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 100 [illegible] watts nun day.
[illegible] station on [illegible] Boston, [illegible] 20 [illegible] meets of th[illegible] a separation of [illegible] the State of Rhode Island are under quota.			
[illegible]	[illegible]	Radio Investment Co., Inc. New Jersey	C. P. for new [illegible] to 1450 kc, 250 watts, share with [illegible] area of [illegible] New [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	formerly [illegible] station WMT, Iowa. The Commission [illegible] the matter was appealed to the Court of Appe[illegible] of the District [illegible] Court upheld the Commission. The company now is [illegible] the [illegible] had [illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	Paramount Broadcg. Corp. Brooklyn	[illegible] of Lic. to change hours of operation from [illegible] share with WOKO, WGBI and WBBC to share with 3 stations WLEU and [illegible] Requests recall [illegible] hours of WOKO, Brooklyn, N. Y.
[illegible]	1100	WLTH	Voice of Brooklyn, Inc. Brooklyn, New York	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from Shares with Stations WOKO, WBBC & WL[illegible] with stations WLEU & [illegible] stations hospitals and hospitals. WCDU, Brooklyn, New York.
[illegible]		WHDH	Matheson Radio Co. Inc. Boston, Massachusetts	Determine [illegible] power by antenna measurement.
[illegible]		[illegible]	Lloyd B. Mars[illegible] Jersey	Involuntary [illegible] of [illegible] ence from WBMS broadcasting work.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

SECOND ZONE

2-APB-32	WAZL	Herman G. Halsted Hazleton, Pennsylvania	Vol. assign. of C. P. granted 9/13/32 for new station to Hazleton Broadcasting Service Inc.
2-PB-2747	WGAL	WGAL, Inc. Lancaster, Pennsylvania	C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase operating power from 100 watts to 100 W. N. 250 W. D. - power to be reduced two hours prior to local sunset.

WGAL is located approximately 55 miles from WHAT at Philadelphia, the nearest station on the same frequency. Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 100 miles. Both the Second Zone and the State of Pennsylvania are under quota.

2-PB-2752	NEW	Altoona Broadcasting Corp. Altoona, Pennsylvania	C. P. for new station to use 620 kc, 1 KW, daytime hours.

The nearest station on this frequency is WTMJ, Milwaukee which is 530 miles distant. Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 300 miles. Both the State of Pennsylvania and the Second Zone are under quota.

2-MLB-1079	WRBX	Richmond Development Corp. Roanoke, Virginia	Mod. of lic. to change hours from Shares equally with WHIS to Share time with WHIS - resubmitted without change.

THIRD ZONE

3-FB-304	KWWG	Frank P. Jackson Brownsville, Texas	Install frequency control.
3-ALB-477	WJBO	Valdemar Jensen New Orleans, Louisiana	Vol. assign. of lic. to Baton Rouge Broadcasting Co., Inc.
3-APB-33	WFBC	Virgil V. Evans Greenville, South Carolina	Vol. assign. of C. P. granted 11/22/32 to Greenville-News-Piedmont, Company.
3-PB-2742	NEW	Kathryn Jones (Miss) Florence, Alabama	C. P. for new station to use 1420 kc, 100 watts, daytime.

The nearest station on this same frequency is WAMC which is 130 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. The Third Zone is over quota but the State of Alabama is under quota.

3-PB-2743	WJBO	Baton Rouge Broadcasting Co. Inc., New Orleans, Louisiana	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Baton Rouge, La., install new transmitter and other changes in equipment.

The proposed location is 270 miles from Station KCMC. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

3-PB-2754	NEW	International Broadcasting Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	C. P. for new station to use 850 kc, 10 KW, hours now used by KWKH which are: Daily except Sunday: 6 a.m. to 8 a.m., 8:30 p.m. to 12 midnight; Sundays: 7:45 p.m. to 12 midnight; Sundays during Lent, 9 p.m. to 12 midnight. Requests all facilities of KWKH, Shreveport, Louisiana.

Inasmuch as existing facilities are requested no change in quota is involved.

FOURTH ZONE

4-MLB-1096	WTAQ	Gillette Rubber Co. Eau Claire, Wisconsin	Mod. of Lic. to change hours from Shares with KSCJ to S. H., 7 a.m. to 8 p.m. in order to provide for simultaneous day operation with KSCJ to local sunset.
4-PB-2756	KSTP	National Battery Brdcstg. Co. St. Paul, Minnesota	C. P. to make changes in equipment, increase operating power from 10 KW to 10 KW night, 25 KW to local sunset.

The nearest station on this frequency of 1460 kc is WJSV, Alexandria, Virginia, which is 925 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission for daytime operation recommend a separation of 900 miles. Both the State of Minnesota and the Fourth Zone are over quota.

4-PB-2603A	WTRC	The Truth Publishing Co. Inc. Marion, Indiana	C. P. change equipment, increase operating power from 50 to 100 watts amended to request 50 watts night, 100 watts LS.

The nearest station on this same frequency is WCLS, Joliet, Illinois, which is 110 miles distant. Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. Indiana is under quota but the Fourth Zone is over quota.

4-FB-305	WTAQ	Gillette Rubber Company Eau Claire, Wisconsin	Install automatic frequency control.
4-MLB-1098	KSCJ	Perkins Brothers Co. (Sioux City Journal) Sioux City, Iowa	Mod. of lic. to change hours from Shares with Station WTAQ to 7:30 a.m. to local sunset, simultaneous day operation with WTAQ, divide time with WTAQ after local sunset.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2451A	NEW	Copper Electric Co. Inc. Lowell, Arizona	C. P. for new station to use 1110 kc, 50 watts, unlimited hours, resubmitted and amended as to transmitter and studio location, frequency, power and hours. Now requests 1200 kc, 100 watts, daytime. (Studio location formerly requested was Bisbee, Arizona).

The nearest station on the new frequency requested is KGFJ, Los Angeles, Calif., which is 560 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. The Fifth Zone is over quota but the State of Arizona is under quota.

5-MLB-1101	KRKD	Dalton's Incorporated Los Angeles, California	Mod. of lic. to cover change of name only to Fireside Broadcasting Company.
5-MLB-1099	KFSG	Echo Park Evangelistic Assn. Los Angeles, California	Mod. of lic. to use KRKD's transmitter at same location as Main Transmitter for KFSG.

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LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission received the following applications for license renewals: WAIU, Columbus, Ohio; WBBM-WJBT, Chicago, Illinois; WBZ, Boston, Massachusetts; WBZA, Boston, Massachusetts; WCAZ, Carthage, Illinois; WCBD, Zion, Illinois; WDGY, Minneapolis, Minnesota; WEAF, New York City; WENR-WBCN, Chicago, Ill.

WGY, Schenectady, N. Y.; WHB, Kansas City, Missouri; WJZ, New York City; WLS, Chicago, Illinois; WEW, Cincinnati, Ohio; WLWL, New York City; WMAQ, Chicago, Illinois; WMBI, Chicago, Illinois; WOI, Ames, Iowa; WOR, Newark, New Jersey; WRAM, Wilmington, North Carolina; WSB, Atlanta, Georgia; WSM, Nashville, Tennessee; WTAM, Cleveland, Ohio; KBPS, Portland, Oregon; KDKA, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; KEX, Portland, Oregon.

KGO, San Francisco, California; KJR, Seattle, Washington; KMMJ, Clay Center, Nebraska; KOA, Denver, Colorado; KPO, San Francisco, California; KVOO, Tulsa, Oklahoma; KYW-KFKX, Chicago, Illinois; KXL, Portland, Oregon; KFBL, Everett, Washington; WMAS, Springfield, Massachusetts; WBAL, Baltimore, Maryland; WAGM, Presque Isle, Maine, WBAP, Fort Worth, Texas; WHAM, Rochester, N. Y.; WOPI, Briston, Tennessee.

KCMC, Texarkana, Arkansas; WWL, New Orleans, Louisiana; KLX, Oakland, California; KPCB, Seattle, Washington; KTHS, Hot Springs National Park, Arkansas; KXA, Seattle, Washington; WEAO, Columbus, Ohio; WOL, Fort Wayne, Indiana; WGST, Atlanta, Georgia; WHEB, Portsmouth, New Hampshire; WJAG, Norfolk, Nebraska; WJBK, Detroit, Michigan; WOPI, Bristol, Tennessee; WRDO, Augusta, Maine; WSVS, Buffalo, New York; WTSL, Laurel, Mississippi; KMOX, St. Louis, Missouri and KPJM, Prescott, Arizona.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

December 17, 1932

LICENSE FEE BILL

Senator Dill (D) of Washington, on Friday introduced in the Senate a bill (S.5201) providing for a system of license fees for radio stations.

"I think it is highly desirable that radio stations in this country shall provide a large part of the cost of regulation by the Government," Senator Dill declared. "I hope to have hearings on the bill and have it reported in the near future."

The bill, in many particulars, follows the amendment added by the Senate to the Davis Bill last session. This license fee provision previously had been reported favorably by the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce but was removed when the bill was reported to the Senate this week.

Roughly the bill provides a fee of $120 a year for a 100 watt station, $600 for a 1000 watt station, and $5,000 for a clear channel station.

In addition to these annual license fees, a system of fees for filing of applications is provided.

Educational stations would pay about one-half the rate applicable to commercially operated stations.

December 17, 1932

SENATE COMMITTEE AMENDS DAVIS BILL

The Davis Bill (H.R. 7716) was reported with amendments to the Senate this week by the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee. The bill has already passed the House. The bill was reported favorably last session with an amendment proposing a system of license fees for all radio stations. This provision was omitted from the bill by the Committee in again reporting the measure.

The bill amends twelve different sections of the radio act of 1927 by clarifying and amplifying provisions dealing chiefly with procedure and administration, and also contains a section forbidding the broadcast by any station any information concerning any lottery, gift enterprise, or similar scheme, offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon lot or chance, and fixing a penalty for such violation.

The bill as analyzed in the Senate report (Senate Report No. 1004) is as follows:

"No attempt has been made in this bill to change any provision of substantive law dealing with radio, with the exception of the lottery section, the section relating to the use of radio for political purposes and the section relating to transmissions to foreign stations.

"All of the provisions in the bill have been considered by the Federal Radio Commission and its counsel, and have their approval and recommendation.

"Section 1 simply adds the words 'the jurisdiction of' before the words 'United States' in line 5 of page 1. This amendment was originally suggested by counsel for the Radio Commission.

"Section 2 excludes the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, Alaska, Guam, eastern Samoa, and the Hawaiian Islands from the equality allocations of the broadcasting zone system, but provides that other portions of the radio act shall apply to them.

"The amendment to section 3 provides for a fixed term for the chairman instead of leaving it indefinite and also provides for a vice chairman to function during the absence or disability of the chairman.

"Section 4 amends paragraph (f) of section 4 of the act by omitting the words 'in the character of emitted signals,' which do not properly belong in the paragraph, and also provides that changes in wave lengths, authorized power or in the times of operation shall not be made until after a hearing. No hearing is required by existing law.

"Paragraph (k) of the same section is amended by setting forth with more particularity the procedure under which the Commission shall conduct its hearings. The amendment specifically authorizes the holding of public hearings, provides they may be held at any designated place, and designates who may hold hearings and the authority of such persons.

"Your committee has amended the House text by striking out those words that authorize hearings to be held by examiners or other employees of the commission.

"Under the existing law the commission has assumed the authority to empower examiners appointed by the commission to hold hearings. The present law simply provides that the commission shall hold hearings and then, in another part of the law, examiners are mentioned among those that may be appointed by the commission.

"During recent months the commission has directed that examiners hold practically all hearings. In some cases parties to contests before the commission have found it impossible to secure hearings before the commission and have not been able even to make an argument to the commission after an examiner had taken all the testimony. Under present procedure there seems to be little justification for the continuation of five commissioners unless the commissioners are to conduct the hearings and do the work originally intended by the law. If this policy is to continue, it would seem to be in the interest of economy to cut the commission to three members or to a director of radio.

"Your committee believes it more desirable that the commission should hold these hearings and secure more personal knowledge of contests by this method, and for that reason has provided that all hearings shall be held by the commission, or by a commissioner, or by a number of commissioners as the commission may designate.

"In general the procedural provisions of paragraph (k) as amended conform to similar sections in other laws.

"Section 5 authorizes the commission to require the painting and/or elimination of radio towers if in its judgment such towers constitute, or may constitute a menace to air navigation.

"Section 6 of the bill amends section 9 by eliminating the territories and possessions from the zone system, and also by subjecting renewals of licenses to the same restrictions governing the original granting thereof.

"Section 9 clarifies the language in section 14 of the act and simplifies the procedure under which licenses may be revoked, modified, or suspended.

"Under the present law a licensee has 30 days in which to make a showing as to why his license should not be revoked. Your committee believes that is a longer period of time than is necessary, but thinks some definite period of protection should be given, especially since the House amendment to section 14 enlarges the power of the commission to the point of suspending a license. For these reasons the committee has stricken out the words 'reasonable opportunity' on page 11, line 16, and inserted in lieu thereof 'fifteen days.'

"Section 10 substitutes for section 16 of the act a simpler and more efficacious procedure in appeals. Your committee has struck out the entire House text and inserted its own appeal section, which was prepared with great care. The most important difference between this amendment and the House provision is that under this amendment a licensee, whose license is revoked or suspended, may appeal to the local district court instead of being required to prosecute his appeal in the District Court of Appeals in the District of Columbia. This is of particular advantage to the owners of small stations located a long distance from the District of Columbia. It will result also in questions of radio law being submitted to judges of the district courts and circuit courts of appeals instead of all radio law questions being passed upon by the District Court of Appeals of the District

"[illegible] existing law the [illegible] to order appointed by the commission to hold [illegible] that the commission shall hold hearings and then, in another part of the examiner's [illegible] authorized among those that may be appointed by the commission.

"During recent months the commission has directed that examiners hold hearings. In some cases parties to [illegible] before the commission have found it impossible to secure hearings before the commission and have not been able to make an argument to the commission after an examiner had taken testimony. Under present procedure there seems to be little [illegible] the continuation of five commissioners unless the commissioners are in hearings and do the work originally intended by the law. To [illegible] to continue, it would seem to be in the interest of economy [illegible] delegation to three members or to a director of [illegible].

"Your committee believes it more desirable that the commission should hold these hearings and secure more personal knowledge of contests by [illegible] for that reason has provided that all hearings [illegible] be held by the commission or by a commissioner, or by a number of commissioners or by a commission may designate.

[illegible] the procedural provisions of paragraph [illegible] as amended conform similar sections in other [illegible].

[illegible] authorizes the commission to require the painting and/or [illegible] radio towers if in its judgment such towers constitute, or may constitute, a hazard to air navigation.

[illegible] of the bill amends section 9 by eliminating the restrictions [illegible] grants from the zone system, and also by substituting [illegible] of [illegible] same restrictions governing the original authorization.

"Section 9 clarifies the language in section 14 of the act and simplifies [illegible] which licenses may be revoked, modified, or suspended.

"Under the present law a license has 30 days in which to make a showing why its license should be revoked. Your committee believes that in [illegible] shorter period of [illegible] then is necessary [illegible] thinks some [illegible] period of [illegible] tion should be given, especially since the hope [illegible] grants the power [illegible] commission to [illegible] suspending [illegible] is the [illegible] committee has stricken out [illegible] "reason [illegible]", line 16, and inserted in lieu thereof "fifteen [illegible].

"Section 7 amends [illegible] for section [illegible] or the [illegible] more specific [illegible] procedure on appeals. Your committee has stricken out [illegible] and inserted its [illegible] proposal section, which was proposed [illegible] difference between this [illegible] and the [illegible] under this [illegible] amendment a licensee, whose license is revoked [illegible] the local district court instead of being required to present [illegible] District Court of [illegible] in the District of Columbia [illegible] portion [illegible] to be owners of small stations located within [illegible] Columbia. It will result also in stations or rent [illegible] of the district to [illegible] district courts of appeals [illegible] decisions being passed upon by the District [illegible] in [illegible]

of Columbia. This is especially important from the standpoint of building up a series of legal interpretations of radio law by different inferior courts of the United States.

"Section 13 is a new provision in the radio law, and provides that no person shall broadcast by means of any radio station, for which a license is required by any law of the United States, any information concerning any lottery, gift enterprise, or similar scheme, offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon lot or chance, etc., and provides penalties for such offense, upon conviction thereof. The committee does not think that the United States should permit any radio station, licensed and regulated by the Government, to engage in such unlawful practices. Furthermore, the broadcast of such information is unfair to the newspapers, which are forbidden the use of the mails, if they contain such information.

"Your committee has substituted a new section for section 13. The purpose of the new section is identical with the section passed by the House, but your committee believes the language of the new section more nearly places radio stations on the same basis as newspapers in connection with broadcasting information as to lotteries.

"Your committee has added section 14 as a new section. This amendment strikes out section 18 of the radio act of 1927 and substitutes the language of section 14.

"The purpose of this amendment is to extend the requirement of equality of treatment of political candidates to supporters and opponents of candidates, and public questions before the people for a vote. It also prohibits any increased charge for political speeches.

"No station owner is required to permit the use of his station for any of these purposes, but if a station permits one candidate or the supporters or opponents of a candidate, or of a public question upon which the people are to vote, then the requirement of equality of treatment and of no higher rates than the ordinary advertising rates shall be charged.

"Section 15 is a new section designed to give the commission control of all studios or apparatus in the United States used in connection with a broadcasting station in a foreign country for the purpose of furnishing programs to be transmitted back into the United States.

"The Radio Commission has recommended such legislation. Your committee believes this is the only method whereby the commission can control radio programs originating in the United States to be broadcast by a foreign station and thereby transmitted back into the United States.

"That practice is now being carried on in connection with one station of high power just across the Mexican border and owned by American citizens, and your committee is informed that other stations to be used in the same manner are being planned. The operation of this legislation will not interfere with any broadcasting that is in the public interest of the people of the United States and will empower the commission to regulate broadcasting originating in the United States."

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December 17, 1932

SHULER APPEAL IN SUPREME COURT

The Supreme Court of the United States was petitioned this week to review the decision of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in the so-called Shuler case. The court upheld the Commission's refusal of a renewal license to the Trinity Methodist Church (Station KGEF) Los Angeles, Calif. because of statements broadcast by the Rev. Robert P. Shuler.

This case brings before the Supreme Court of the United States for the first time the questions of censorship of radio programs and the right of free speech over the radio.

"Is speech from a broadcasting station to be held less entitled to protection under the First Amendment than speech from a public platform or the contents of a newspaper?", Louis G. Caldwell, attorney for the petitioner, asks in his brief. "If it is, then the Constitution, in this respect, ceases to be a living instrument which adapts itself to the progress of science and the evolution of human institutions. The First Amendment has a social purpose, to protect the right of free expression against the attempts of government to curb it. The right remains constant and in full vigor; the means of publication may vary with the advance of civilization.

"In the short span of twelve years broadcasting has largely replaced the public platform as the forum for the debate of important issues, and has achieved a status comparable to that of the press as a means of mass communication. To say that freedom of speech means only the right to speak to a present audience and not the right to address invisible listeners, is to confuse the means with the right itself. Historically, as a device for interfering with the right of free expression, censorship and licensing have usually appeared as afflictions of the press rather than of speech. In the case of broadcast speech, censorship, as a practical matter, has become possible only through the system of Government licensing established by the Radio Act. It seems clear that, recognizing this, Congress intended to dispose in advance of any claim that other provisions of the Act authorize censorship, and, by enacting Sec. 29, to lay at rest any doubt as to whether the guaranty of free speech extends to broadcasting."

Mr. Caldwell has gone into the debates of both the House and the Senate to find the meaning of Section 29 of the Radio Act of 1927.

"In the course of the House debates, Mr. White of Maine, who had introduced the bill and was in charge of it for the House Committee, referred to a recommendation made by the Third National Radio Conference against censorship of broadcast programs. He was asked what provision had been made in the bill to carry out the recommendation, whereupon the following colloquy occurred:

"'Mr. White of Maine. It does not touch that matter specifically. Personally, I felt that we could go no further than the Federal Constitution goes in that respect. The pending bill gives the Secretary no power of interfering with freedom of speech in any way.

"'Mr. LaGuardia. It is the belief of the gentleman and the intent of Congress in passing this bill not to give the Secretary any power whatever in that respect in considering a license or the revocation of a license.

"' Mr. White of Maine. No power at all.'

SHULER APPEAL IN SUPREME COURT (Continued)

"In the Senate Committee the bill was amended to include Section 29. Mr. Dill, who was in charge of the bill on the floor, also referred to the recommendation of the Conference and said:

"'The bill does not give to the Commission the power to censor programs, but instead there is a provision in the bill which specifically prohibits the Commission from censoring programs in any way.'

"Petitioner submits, therefore, that the protection which Section 29 gives to speech by radio is at least as broad as that given by the First Amendment to the Constitution against abridging the freedom of speech or of the press, and that, in any event, freedom of speech by radio is directly protected by the First Amendment."

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SUPREME COURT MAY GET WIBO CASE

The Supreme Court of the United States may be asked to review the decision of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in the WIBO case if the Department of Justice will respond to the demand of the Federal Radio Commission. The decision of the Court of Appeals held, briefly, that the Davis Amendment does not require an exact mathematical distribution of station facilities among states within a given zone, giving to the law a liberal construction.

Both Senators Dill, Washington, and White, Maine, have expressed the desire in the Senate to have the case appealed to the Supreme Court.

"I have no direct concern in radio stations in States distant from my own," Senator White told the Senate, "but I am so impressed with the importance of this decision, so completely convinced that the opinion of the majority of the court speaks the disagreement of the court with the policy laid down by the Congress and the court's purpose to disregard this policy that I feel justified in bringing the matter to the notice of the Senate in somewhat more detail than did the Senator from Washington."

In the course of his speech, Senator White said:

"In this case, then, we find a court overriding the Commission's findings of fact, which the Congress said should be conclusive unless they were arbitrary or capricious, which clearly they were not. We find a court overriding a decision of the Commission carrying out the manifest purpose of Congress, and characterizing the decision as arbitrary and capricious. This court's decision, if it stood, would nullify the congressional intent that the Commission shall find the facts in these cases and, if followed, would render futile the effort of the Congress, through the adoption of the Davis amendment, to break down the excessive concentration of stations in limited areas and to bring about an equitable distribution of radio services throughout the country.

The majority opinion of the court in this case, in my view, discloses a studied purpose to repeal by judicial decision a congressional act. If this opinion stands, the Davis amendment has indeed become a dead letter. I therefore join in the hope expressed by the senior Senator from Washington (Mr. Dill) that the case may go forward to the Supreme Court, to the end that the Congress may know whether this equalization amendment is to be respected or whether the congressional purpose has come to naught. - - - -

December 17, 1932

KFSD NIGHT POWER INCREASED

Station KFSD, San Diego, Calif. was granted a power increase this week for nighttime service from 500 to 1000 watts by the Radio Commission in sustaining Report No. 424 of Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost. The station operates unlimited time on a frequency of 600 kilocycles.

The Commission states that this station renders a generally meritorious service and further that "the operation of KFSD with 1 KW night power, as proposed, would extend the present nighttime service of this station over a rather large area that does not now receive satisfactory service from the applicant station." It is further stated by the Commission that this increased power would "not be expected to result in any objectionable interference with the services of any other station, either on the same or adjacent frequencies."

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WMAL DENIED POWER INCREASE

Station WMAL, Washington, D. C. was denied a power increase this week by the Radio Commission from 250 to 500 watts for nighttime service, thereby sustaining Chief Examiner Yost. The station operates on a frequency of 630 kilocycles.

The Commission in its decision states that such a power increase "would cause objectionable interference with the services of Station WGBF at Evansville, Ind. and a group of three stations near Hamilton, Ontario, all of which operate on the same frequency. Furthermore, it is probable that interference would result with the service of Station WCAO, Baltimore, Md, operating upon a frequency 30 kilocycles removed from that of the applicant station." The Commission states further that granting the application would violate Section 9 of the Radio Act in so far as it would increase the broadcast facilities of the District of Columbia, giving it more than its fair share of radio facilities.

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KANSAS DENIED NEW STATION

The Radio Commission this week sustained Examiner Elmer W. Pratt, in his Report No. 429, in which he recommended that the application of James M. Caldwell for a construction permit to erect a new station at Goodland, Kansas, to operate on a frequency of 1310 kilocycles sharing time with KGFW be denied.

In denying the application the Commission states that "Goodland, Kansas, the location of the proposed station, is a rather small community having a population of about 3500, and it is extremely doubtful that sufficient financial support could be obtained therein to insure either the proper maintenance and operation of the proposed station or the rendering of a meritorious service." The Commission states that fair radio service is now enjoyed at Goodland.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for licenses where construction permits have already been granted: KRKD, Los Angeles, Calif; and KMJ, Fresno, Calif.

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December 17, 1932

DENY NEW HAMPSHIRE STATION

The Commission this week sustained Chief Examiner Yost in his Report No. 90 (correct) in which he recommended that G. Colby Blackwell be denied a construction permit for a new station to be located at Manchester, N. H. to operate on 1430 kc, 500 watts power, unlimited time.

It is stated by the Commission in its opinion that the applicant is not and will not be either financially or technically qualified to construct or operate a broadcasting station.

The Commission says further that "the operation of the new station, as proposed, would result in objectionable interference with the services of a number of established stations now operating upon the same frequency as that requested by the applicant."

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MADRID DELEGATION RETURNING

Members of the American Delegation to the International Radiotelegraph Conference which recently closed at Madrid, Spain, will return to the United States next week.

It is expected that preliminary conferences looking toward a North American Conference next Spring will commence shortly after first of the year. The time and place for the North American conference have not been agreed upon.

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DUTCH COMPANY GETS RADIO RIGHTS

Radio broadcasting in the Netherland Indies, at present chiefly in the hands of amateurs, will become a monopoly for a large Dutch company if plans now under consideration mature, according to advices to the Commerce Department from its office in Batavia, Java. The company which is seeking the Government franchise is known as "Nirom" and was organized in Amsterdam in 1929. It is now building two steel towers in Batavia which will support antennae for reception and broadcasting. The antennae will operate on 40 KW and will receive on a wave length of 16.88 mtrs.

Although negotiations have been going on for some time past, it is only recently that a mutually satisfactory agreement has been arrived at. It is proposed to license radio sets at fees ranging from $16 for private individuals to about $48 for cabarets, restaurants, etc. The postal authorities will collect the fees, 20 per cent going to the Government and the remainder to the broadcasting company.

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FIRST INTERNATIONAL TELEVISION BROADCAST

What is reported as the first international television broadcast to be given over water occurred recently when the British Broadcasting Company projected a program to Denmark, according to advices received in the Commerce Department. Both the voices and the pictures were remarkably clear, and even the details of the faces were easily seen.

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The Commission this week established Order of Examiner Yost in his Report No. 90 (correct) in which he recommend d that [illegible] Blackstone be denied a construction [illegible] station to be located at Manchester, N.H., to operate on 1410 kc, [illegible] watts power, unlimited time.

[illegible] is stated by the Commission in its opinion, that the audition is not and will not be either financially or technically qualified to construct or operate a broadcasting [illegible].

The [illegible] reason says further that "the operation of the [illegible] would result in objectionable interference with the services of a number of established stations now operating upon the same frequency as that applied for by the applicant."

MADRID DELEGATION RETURNING

Members of the American Delegation to the International [illegible] conference which recently [illegible] Madrid, Spain, will return to the [illegible] next week.

It is expected that preliminary conferences looking toward a American conference next Spring will commence shortly after first of the year. The time and place for the North American conference have not been agreed upon.

COMPANY GETS RADIO RIGHTS

Radio broadcasting in the Netherland Indies, at present chiefly in the hands of amateurs, will become a monopoly for a large Dutch company if plans now under consideration mature, according to advices to the Commerce Department from [illegible] office in Batavia. [illegible] The company which is asking the Government [illegible] known as "Nirom" and was organized in Amsterdam in [illegible] It is now building steel towers in Bandung, which will support [illegible] antennae for reception [illegible] Antennae will operate on 40 KW and will receive on a wave length of 15[illegible].

Although negotiations have been going on for some time past, it is only recently that a [illegible] satisfactory agreement has been arrived at. It is proposed to license radio sets at fees ranging from $10 for private individuals to amounts like for cabarets, restaurants, etc. The postal authorities will collect the fees 20 per cent going to the Government and the remainder to the broadcasting company.

FIRST INTERNATIONAL TELEVISION

What is reported as the first international television broadcast to be over water occurred recently when the British Broadcasting Company projected a program to Denmark, according to advices received in the Commerce Department. The voices and the pictures were remarkably clear, and even the details of the faces were easily seen.

December 17, 1932

BASEBALL AND BROADCASTING

The ban on broadcasting of major league baseball games, widely predicted in the daily press, failed to materialize when the annual meeting of American and National League officials closed this week. The baseball magnates took no action on the broadcasting issue, despite the publicity given to it, and left to the home clubs the decision as to whether or not games are to be broadcast. Club owners are divided on the broadcasting issue, some maintaining that radio has materially helped baseball and some arguing that it does not. Broadcasting companies took the position that the issue of broadcasting baseball games was one between the sport fans and the club owners. If the club owners wanted the stay-at-home fans to have radio accounts of the games, the broadcasting companies were prepared to provide the service. If, on the other hand, the club owners barred broadcasting, it was felt that the sporting public should be given to understand that the absence of broadcasting was due to the policy of the ball club rather than the policy of the broadcasting company. It is an issue between the sporting public and the ball clubs.

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BELLOWS LOCATED IN WASHINGTON

Henry A. Bellows, vice president of the Columbia Broadcasting System has been transferred from Minneapolis, Minnesota, to Washington, D. C., although he will still retain his connection with Station WCCO in Minneapolis. Mr. Bellows is a former member of the Federal Radio Commission and for the past several years has served as Chairman of the NAB Legislative Committee. His legislative work on behalf of the industry made it necessary for him in the past to spend much of his time in Washington. Mr. Bellows has a keen understanding of the legislative problems of broadcasters and a wide acquaintanceship in official Washington.

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SCHUETTE CONSTRUES ASCAP CONTRACT

In his second Bulletin to all broadcasters this week, Oswald F. Schuette, director of NAB Copyright Activities, undertook to construe various sections of the standard copyright contract of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers. The contract was forced upon the industry without any opportunity on the part of individual broadcasters to obtain a modification of any of its terms, says Mr. Schuette, and therefore the stations are entitled to the benefit of the strictest interpretation of all features of the contract. The Bulletin explains the meaning of some of the provisions of the contract and offers valuable suggestions to broadcasters.

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HEARING CALENDAR

Only one hearing involving broadcasting applications is scheduled for next week. The hearing is on the application of Station WQDM, A. J. St. Antoine and E. J. Regan, St. Albans, Vermont, for authority to change frequency from 1370 kc to 1340 kc, to increase power from 100 watts to 500 watts and to change hours of operation. Stations notified are WSPD, Toledo, Ohio, WCOA, Pensacola, Florida, KFPY, Spokane, Washington, and WDEV, Waterbury, Vermont.

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RECOMMENDS AGAINST INDIANA STATIONS

Examiner R. H. Hyde, in his Report No.437 recommends that the application of Station WFBM, Indianapolis for unlimited time on the air and Station WSBT, South Bend for full day service be denied. The two stations share time on 1230 kilocycles.

"The evidence shows", states Examiner Hyde, "Stations WFBM and WSBT to be rendering meritorious broadcast services. Neither of the two large communities to be considered in these cases has a full time station. However, the simultaneous operation of the two applicant stations would undoubtedly cause some interference. There is a serious question as to whether the two stations could be operated simultaneously without causing substantial interference with the normal service area of both stations

"The Fourth Zone is now 26 per cent over quota in broadcast facilities. Commission regulations provide that no application involving the allocation of additional facilities in an over quota zone may be granted if the grant would result in additional interference with any station or stations now licensed (FRC Rule 6). Since it is considered that the evidence will not sustain an affirmative finding that no substantial interference would result from the granting of these applications, the recommendation must be that both applications be denied."

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HIGH POWER CASES DISMISSED

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia this week dismissed the so-called high power cases at the request of the appellants.

The cases included: No. 5567 of WJZ; No. 5568 of KGO; No. 5569 of WGN and No. 5571 of WMAQ.

It may be recalled that these stations appealed to the Court some months ago when the Commission refused to grant them 50,000 watts power following the high power hearings.

With the dismissal of these appeals, the high power cases, which grew out of the Commission's revision of former General Order No. 42, have been concluded.

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WEAN AND WJAR APPLICATIONS OPPOSED

Recommendation was made this week by Examiner Elmer W. Pratt in Report No. 438 that the application of Station WJAR, Providence, Rhode Island, for 1,000 watts power experimentally on 890 kilocycles and the application of Station WEAN, Providence, Rhode Island, to have its frequency changed from 730 to 780 kilocycles and also that it be granted 1,000 watts power experimentally be denied.

The Examiner said that "although both applicants are well qualified and financially and technically prepared to operate their respective stations with power of 1,000 watts day and night, there is not sufficient showing of a need for additional service or facilities in Providence to warrant a finding that public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by the granting of either or both of these applications."

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December 17, 1932

SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

WRUF	University of Florida Gainesville, Florida	Renewal of license.
WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Mod. of C. P. for authority to move studio and transmitter from Carbondale to Scranton, Pa., to make field intensity measurements; install new equipment, extend commencement date to 10 days after granting of this application and completion date to 60 days after December 18, 1932.
WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Mod. of Lic. to move studio from Carbondale to Scranton, Pennsylvania.
WBAX	John H. Stenger, Jr. Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania	C. P. to install new equipment, change frequency from 1210 to 1230 kc; increase power from 100 to 250 watts, and increase hours of operation from specified to unlimited.
KLCN	Charles Leo Lintzenich Blytheville, Arkansas	C. P. to move transmitter and studio locally in Blytheville; change frequency from 1290 to 1500 kc; increase power from 50 to 100 Watts, and change hours of operation from daytime to unlimited.

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MISCELLANEOUS ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action:

WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Denied extension of authority to remain silent from December 18 to 60 days after granting of Mod. of C. P., set for hearing above; also denied authority to dismantle equipment and remove from its present location.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications for license renewals because they were not in proper form for Commission consideration:

WBAP, Carter Publications Inc., Fort Worth, Texas; KCMC, North Mississippi Broadcasting Corp., Texarkana, Arkansas; KICA, W. E. Whitmore, Clovis, New Mexico; WJBK, James F. Hopkins, Inc., Detroit, Michigan.

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December 17, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WBAL	Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Company of Baltimore. Baltimore, Maryland	Granted authority to operate a 250 watt portable unmodulated transmitter in the metropolitan area of Baltimore for purpose of conducting field intensity survey to select new site for transmitter of WBAL; frequency to be used: 1060 kc; hours 1 to 6 a.m., for period December 12 to 24 inclusive.
WMBO	WMBO, Inc. Auburn, N. Y.	Granted authority to rebuild station which was destroyed by fire; make changes in equipment and move transmitter and studio to Metcalf Building, Auburn, N. Y.
WJBI	Monmouth Broadcasting Co. Red Bank, New Jersey	Program test period extended 30 days.(from December 9) pending action on license application.
WOR	Bamberger Brdcstg. Service Inc. Newark, New Jersey	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date for construction of 50 KW C. P., subject to Commission's decision on pending application which has been set for hearing.
	SECOND ZONE	
WAZL	Herman G. Halsted Hazleton, Pennsylvania	Granted Mod. of C. P. approving transmitter location at Corner West Broad and Laurel Streets, and change in type of equipment. Also granted consent to Vol. assign. of C. P. to Hazleton Broadcasting Service Inc.
WBEO	The Lake Superior Brdcstg. Co. Marquette, Michigan	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change specified hours of operation to the following: Daily 9:30 a.m. to 1:15 p.m/; 5 to 7 p.m.; Sunday 9 a.m. to 1:30 p.m., CST.
WJEQ	Sun-Gazette Brdcstg. Co. Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending commencement date to January 1, 1933 and completion date to February 1, 1933.
	THIRD ZONE	
WBAP	Carter Publications, Inc. Fort Worth, Texas	Granted Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 10 KW to 50 KW and use transmitter of Station WFAA, located 4 miles southeast of Grapevine, Texas

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

WSMB	WSMB, Inc. New Orleans, Louisiana	Granted authority to determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
KWKH	Hello World Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted special authority to remain silent pending repair to water supply equipment.
WIS	South Carolina Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Columbia, South Carolina	Granted consent to Vol. assign. of Lic. to Station WIS, Inc.
WHET	Troy Broadcasting Co. Troy, Alabama	Granted Mod. of Lic. to operate from 7 to 8 p.m. on Sundays, in addition to unlimited daytime operation.
WSB	The Atlanta Journal Co. Atlanta, Georgia	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from December 17, 1932 to March 17,1933.

FOURTH ZONE

KSO	Iowa Broadcasting Company Des Moines, Iowa	Granted license covering installation of new equipment, change in power and hours of operation: 1370 kc, 100 W. night, 250 W.LS unlimited time.

FIFTH ZONE

KSL	Radio Service Corp. of Utah Salt Lake City, Utah	Granted license covering local move of transmitter, installation of new equipment and increase in power to 50 KW Exp. 1130 kc. Also granted authority to determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
KOB	New Mexico College of Agriculture & Mechanical Arts. State College, New Mexico	Granted license 1180 kc, 10 KW, simultaneous day with KEX, share evening hours: KOB 1/3 and KEX 2/3. (Application was granted on temporary basis and designated for hearing because KOY requested facilities of KOB. KOY's application has been dismissed).
KLO	Interstate Broadcasting Corp. Ogden, Utah	Granted renewal of lic., 1400 kc, 500 W., unlimited time. (Application was designated for hearing because of KDYL's request for KLO's facilities. KDYL's request has been withdrawn).
KOB	New Mexico College of Agriculture & Mechanical Arts. State College, New Mexico	Granted renewal of lic. 1180 kc, 20 KW, simultaneous day with KEX, share at night with KEX. (Application was set for hearing because of KOY's request for KOB's facilities. KOY withdrew its application).

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

KGFL	KGFL, Inc. Santa Fe, New Mexico	Granted Mod. of C. P. to move transmitter and studio from Santa Fe to Roswell, New Mexico, and extend completion date to March 1, 1933.
KRKD	Dalton's Inc. Los Angeles, California	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change name only, to Fireside Broadcasting Company.

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LICENSES GRANTED

During the current week the Commission has granted licenses to the following stations for which construction permits had already been granted: WNBX, Springfield, Vermont; WPCH, New York City; WDEV, Waterbury, Vermont; KWCR, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; KFIZ, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin and KSL, Salt Lake City, Utah.

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LICENSE RENEWALS

During the current week the Commission granted license renewals to the following stations for the regular period: WGL, Fort Wayne, Indiana; WMAS, Springfield, Massachusetts; WOPI, Bristol, Tennessee; WRAM, Wilmington, North Carolina; WRDO, Augusta, Maine, WSVS, Buffalo, New York; KBPS, Portland, Oregon; KFBL, Everett, Washington; KICK, Red Oak, Iowa; KPJM, Prescott, Arizona; KRE, Berkeley, California; and KXL, Portland, Oregon

The following stations were granted temporary renewals pending such action as the Commission may take on their application for renewal: WMBQ, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WMBR, Tampa, Florida; WMIL, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WRDW, Augusta, Georgia; WWRL, Woodside, N.Y.; KGDA, Mitchell, South Dakota and KGKX, Sandpoint, Idaho.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the following applications for construction permits to the applicants:

3-PB-2737	NEW	A. H. Wherry Chester, South Carolina	C. P. for new station to use 1120 kc, 50 watts, daytime (3 to 6 hours) - (Rule 120, 6, Third Zone over quota, unsatisfactory equipment and hours not specified.
5-PB-2730	NEW	W. E. Riker Holy City, California	C. P. for new station to use 1350 kc, 300 watts, daytime, Sundays only. (Rule 6 a, c, d and proposed location of transmitter questionable insufficient information furnished).

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December 17, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-PB-2758	WBAL	Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore Baltimore, Maryland.	C. P. to move transmitter from Glen Morris, Maryland, to Mortimer Ave., & Western Maryland R.R., Baltimore, Maryland, install new antenna system.
1-PB-2647A	WCGU	United States Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, New York.	C. P. to move transmitter to Long Island City, N. Y. Amended to move transmitter to 1659 Cypress Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-ALB-482	WJW	John F. Weimer, Owner Mansfield Brdcstg. Assn. Akron, Ohio.	Vol. assign. of lic. to WJW, Incorporated.
2-PB-2761	NEW	William L. Slade Hamilton, Ohio.	C. P. for new station to use 1420 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.

The nearest station on this frequency is WELL, Battle Creek, Michigan, which is 210 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the Second Z one and the State of Ohio are under quota.

		THIRD ZONE	
3-PB-2757	WTSL	Southland Radio Corporation Laurel, Mississippi.	C. P. to make changes in equipment.
3-PB-2740A	NEW	National Union Indemnity Assn. Shreveport, Louisiana.	C. P. for new station to use 850 kc, 10 KW, share with WWL, requesting facilities KWKH, Shreveport, Louisiana. Amended to request unlimited time and facilities of WWL, New Orleans, Louisiana and KWKH, Shreveport, Louisiana.
3-MPB-403	WFBC	Greenville News-Piedmont Co. Greenville, South Carolina	Mod. of C. P. issued 11/22/32 for approval of exact transmitter and studio location at Poinsett Hotel, South Main St., Greenville, S. C., change equipment, increase power from 100 W. to 100 W. night, 250 W. LS, change hours of operation from Shares WBHS; WBHS uses 6/7 time, WFBC 1/7 time to Unlimited time, extend dates of commencement and completion

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE

4-MLB-1102	WMBD	Peoria Broadcasting Co. Peoria, Illinois	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from Shares with Station WTAD to Unlimited. Requests facilities of WTAD, Quincy, Illinois.
4-MLB-1104	WSBC	World Battery Co. Inc. Chicago, Illinois	Mod. of lic. to cover change in corporate name only to WSBC, Incorporated.

FIFTH ZONE

5-MLB-1093	KGDM	E. F. Peffer Stockton, California	Mod. of lic. to change hours from Daytime to Daytime and 12 midnight to 6 a.m.
5-MLB-1103	KFSG	Echo Park Evangelistic Assn. Los Angeles, California	Mod. of lic. for authority to use transmitter as auxiliary.
5-ALB-481	KVOA	Robert M. Riculfi Tucson, Arizona	Vol. assign. of lic. to Arizona Broadcasting Co. Inc.
5-MPB-402	KIEM	Harold H. Hanseth Eureka, California	Mod. of C. P. issued 9/13/32 for approval of transmitter and studio location at Vance Hotel, Eureka, California and extend date of completion.
5-PB-2751	KGEK	Elmer G. Beehler Beehler Electrical Equipment Co. Yuma, Colorado	C. P. to move transmitter and studio from Yuma, Colorado to Fort Collins, Colorado, change in specified hours of operation and changes in equipment.

The nearest station on the same frequency is KFXJ, Grand Junction Colorado, which is 210 miles away from the proposed new site. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Granting of this application would not change the State or Zone quota.

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LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received applications from the following stations for license renewals: WWVA, Wheeling, West Virginia; WSUI, Iowa City, Iowa and KNOW, Austin, Texas.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING • • • WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director.

SEASON'S GREETINGS!

YOUR MANAGING DIRECTOR AND HIS STAFF

EXTEND BEST WISHES TO MEMBERS OF THE

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS

FOR A MERRY CHRISTMAS AND PROSPEROUS

NINETEEN THIRTY-THREE!

December 22, 1932.

BROADCASTERS GIVEN HEARING

The Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce on Thursday and Friday heard testimony of the broadcasters, the U. S. Navy and the Federal Radio Commission on certain amendments added by that committee to HR 7716, a bill to amend the Radio Act of 1927.

The bill passed the House last session and was reported favorably by the Senate Committee last Spring. A number of amendments were added by the Senate Committee, including a provision imposing license fees on all radio stations. The bill later was recommitted to Committee and was reported last week with some new amendments although thelicense fee provision had been dropped.

When the bill and the report were available last week the NAB found objection to certain provisions and immediately asked for an opportunity to appear and present its views on the controversial amendments. The aid of members of the NAB was enlisted in the effort to secure hearings on the measure and Senator Couzens, chairman of the Committee, and Senator Dill, who is in charge of the bill, granted hearings on Thursday and Friday of this week.

Henry A. Bellows, chairman of the NAB Legislative Committee, made a flying trip from Chicago to Washington to present the views of the NAB on the bill.

The bill as it had passed the House did not contain any controversial matter, Mr. Bellows told the Committee. He pointed out that the Committee last March held hearings on a Committee amendment relaxing the provision with respect to alien representation on boards of directors of communication companies but that broadcasters had no indication at that time that other amendments affecting broadcasters would be added. He also pointed out that broadcasters had not been given an opportunity to present their views on the bill before it was reported last week.

The bill as it passed the House contained a provision prohibiting the broadcasting of lotteries. This provision was slightly amended by the Senate Committee. With the exception of an unintentional mistake in punctuation, Mr. Bellows said the broadcasters had no quarrel with this provision.

Section 9 of the bill gives the Commission power to suspend licenses. The broadcasters object to this provision as drawn, Mr. Bellows said, for the reason that suspension, even for a single day, would undoubtedly ruin a station's business. Ample punishment is provided in Sections 32 and 33 of the present law for licensees who violate the rules of the Commission, he said, pointing out that another section of the bill provided what amounted to increased penalties. To give the Commission power to suspend licenses would give to that body an unnecessary power to punish licensees. The main objection, however, was directed to the provision which imposed upon the licensee the obligation to "show cause why" his license should not be suspended. It was the contention of the witness that in a summary proceeding such as provided the burden of procedure and the burden of proof should be upon the Commission which would have to specify the charges against the station. The point was made that by suspension of service, the public would be deprived of program

service for the wrong doing of the licensee. The power of revocation should be exercised if the station is not operating in the public interest, Mr. Bellows said.

Section 14 of the bill amplifies the present law (Section 18) with respect to making time available for political candidates. The Senate amendment provides that if a station shall permit any person to present views on any side of a public question to be voted upon at an election, it shall provide equal opportunity to "any other person" to use the station to present opposite views. Mr. Bellows discussed at length the practical operation of Section 18 of the present law, pointing out that the federal law prohibited censorship of a candidate's speech while the Nebraska Supreme Court in the KFAB case had held that the station is liable with the speaker for any libelous or slanderous statements broadcast. The Committee indicated great interest in the decision of the Nebraska Court and it was the feeling of some Senators that the existing section should not be changed until the Supreme Court of the United States has had an opportunity to pass upon the questions involved. Mr. Bellows said that it was entirely likely that the KFAB case would be carried to the Supreme Court in the near future.

Mr. Bellows also objected to the wording of a provision in the bill demanding that political candidates be charged the same rates as commercial advertisers. He suggested that the same purpose could be accomplished by requiring stations to make public their charges to candidates.

Section 15 of the bill was an attempt to prevent stations in foreign countries from originating programs in the United States. It was the opinion of the witness, and many of the members of the Committee agreed, that the section as drawn would not reach the specific evils for which it was intended while on the other hand it might handicap some American companies in their operations.

Mr. Bellows opposed the abolition of the examiner system but added that it was his opinion the Commissioners should not refuse to hear argument in cases where exceptions were filed. He left to other witnesses specific discussion of both the provision eliminating examiners and the provision changing the law with respect to appeals.

Louis G. Caldwell, chairman of the Standing Committee on Communications of the American Bar Association, testified in favor of maintaining the examiner system and pointed out a number of difficulties in procedure presented by the Senate Committee's amendment changing appellate procedure. The language of the proposed section, he said, would preclude a Supreme Court review of radio cases. He pointed out that the section as drafted would permit the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia to review both questions of law and fact and called attention of the Committee to the Supreme Court's decision in the General Electric case in which that tribunal ruled that under the original provisions of Section 16 the Court of Appeals was exercising an administrative rather than a judicial function with respect to radio appeals and that therefore the Court of Appeals' decision was final. Mr. Caldwell said he favored the present wording of Section 16 as compared with the old law, adding that the Senate Committee's amendment would restore the difficulty

sought to be alleviated by changing Section 16 two years ago.

The examiner system had proved its worth in radio cases, he said, but was of the opinion Commissioners should more frequently hear oral argument in cases.

Duke M. Patrick, general counsel of the Commission, and James W. Baldwin, secretary of the Commission, appeared before the Committee Friday and presented testimony in favor of retention of the examiner system and against the wording of the Senate Committee's appeals section.

Mr. Patrick reviewed the procedure followed by the Commission in handling applications and deciding cases. He defended the Commission's procedure and argued that the examiner system has aided materially in deciding controversies between applicants.

Senator Dill was of the opinion that the work had dwindled and that Commissioners could easily find the time to conduct hearings. "The situation is now frozen", he said.

Mr. Patrick said he did not agree with the Senator's statement that the situation was frozen adding that it seemed to be pretty well understood that a new reallocation was in prospect in the future. "We are coming to a time when a reallocation will be necessary", he said.

Senator Watson expressed the opinion that the avenue of appeal to the Supreme Court should be kept open and stated that in his view the Commission should have the right to go to the court directly instead of through the Department of Justice. He said the Commission was now endeavoring to convince the Department of Justice that the WIBO decision should be appealed, pointing out that this case might involve the validity of the whole radio law.

Mr. Baldwin presented statistical testimony relative to the amount of work required of examiners, adding that under the economy bill the personnel of the Commission has already been reduced by 23 per cent.

Frequently, during the two days of hearing Senators Dill and Wheeler expressed the view that it might be necessary to reduce the Commission to two or even to one man and retain the examiner system or abolish the examiner system and keep a five-man Commission. Senator Dill, particularly, could not see any valid reason why Commissioners themselves should not hear testimony in cases. Senator Wheeler was of the opinion that examiners should find fact only, leaving to the Commission the application of the law. Mr. Patrick said he felt that it was advisable for examiners to find the fact and apply the law, and make recommendations to the Commission.

Senator Dill inserted in the record a letter from the American Newspaper Publishers Association urging speed in passing the Davis bill. The letter referred particularly to the lottery section of the bill.

The bill has not been recommitted to Committee but retains its position on the Senate calendar. It is likely that the Committee will make a number of revisions in the measure before bringing it up for action in the Senate.

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December 22, 1932

HEARINGS ON H. R. 7716

Hearings are scheduled to be held before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce on December 22, in connection with H. R. 7716 which is the so-called radio omnibus bill now on the Senate calendar for action. The bill has not been recommitted to the Committee. In explanation of the hearing which was unexpected Senator Dill of Washington made the following statement on the floor of the Senate:

"Mr. President, in order to inform Senators who are receiving telegrams from radio stations asking for hearings on H. R. 7716, the radio bill as reported, I may say that the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Couzens) has agreed to have hearings on Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock, and that we have so notified the National Association of Broadcasters that has caused most of the telegrams to be sent. I may say it was not known either to the Senator from Michigan or myself that the broadcasters wanted to be heard or they would have been given an opportunity previously."

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DELEGATES RETURN

Federal Radio Commissioner Eugene O. Sykes is expected to return to the Commission on Friday, December 23rd, after an absence of several months as chairman of the American delegation to the Madrid Radio Conference. Judge Sykes left the United States on August 16th.

While no official notice has yet been made public it is expected that the Commission will hold no meetings during the week beginning Monday, December 26th, because of the holidays.

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AND NOW ANOTHER SURVEY

The Ventura Free Press, acting through various press groups, is making a national radio survey for the purpose of proving that radio is all wrong. The instructions to observers and the log sheet are drawn up in a way to make certain the result desired. The observer is instructed to log stations during a 16-hour period making copious notations each 15 minutes. One column is provided for remarks and in this column the observer is instructed to "give brief comment on offensive sales talks and very poor programs". No instructions are given with respect to meritorious announcements and programs. No space is provided for favorable criticism.

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EGYPTIAN BROADCASTING

Rapid progress is being made by the Marconi Company in the construction of a broadcasting station which it is to operate for the Egyptian Government, according to advices received by the Commerce Department from its Cairo office.

According to a recent public announcement, the new station, which is to be built at a point outside of Cairo at a cost of 20,000 Egyptian pounds, will have a broadcasting power of 20 kilowatts and a wave length of 525 meters. This particular wave length is used by only two European stations; Riga, which is too distant to cause interference and Palermo, which has only a broadcasting power of 4 kilowatts.

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[illegible]

[illegible] hings are scheduled to be held before the Senate Committee on Interstate [illegible] Commerce on December 22, in connection with H. R. 7716 which is the so-called [illegible] on the Senate calendar for action. The bill has not been [illegible] to the Committee. In explanation of the hearing which was unexcepted Senator [illegible] of Washington made the following statement on the floor of the Senate:

"[illegible] In order to inform Senat[illegible] radio stations [illegible] radio bill as reported, I [illegible] say that the Senator from Montana (Mr. [illegible]) has agreed to have hearings on Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock, and that we have so notified the National [illegible] tion of Broadcasters that has called most of the telegrams to be sent. I may say [illegible] not known either to the Senator from [illegible] or myself that the broadcasters wanted to be heard or they would have been given an opportunity [illegible]."

[illegible]

Federal Radio Commission [illegible] Series as [illegible] Friday, December 22 [illegible] Speeches of several months ago [illegible] American delegation to the Madrid Radio Conference. Judge Sykes left [illegible] United States [illegible]

While no official notice has yet been made public it is expected that the [illegible] will hold no meetings during the week beginning Monday, [illegible] of the holidays.

[illegible] NOW AMOUNTAIN SURVEY

The Ventura Free Press, dating through various areas around, is making a ma[illegible] radio survey for the purpose of proving that radio is all wro[illegible]. The instructions to observers and the log sheet are drawn up in a way to make certain the result de[illegible] the observer is instructed to log stations during a 15-hour period making [illegible] notations each 15 minutes. One column is provided for remarks and in this [illegible] the observer is instructed to "give brief comment on of[illegible] are talks [illegible] poor programs". No instructions are given with respect to particulars among [illegible] and programs. No space is provided for favorable criticism.

Rapid progress is being made by the Marconi Company in the construction [illegible] broadcasting station which it is to operate for the Egyptian Government. [illegible] to advices received by the Commerce Department from its Cairo office.

According to a recent public announcement, the new station [illegible] a point outside of Cairo at a cost of 20,000 Egyptian pounds [illegible] and a wave length of 325 meters. [illegible] is [illegible] been stations; Riga, which [illegible] to Brussels to cause interference and [illegible] been only a broadcasting power of 4 kilowatts.

December 22, 1932

SPECIAL AUTHORIZATIONS

The Radio Commission this week issued a new order in connection with procedure in obtaining special authorizations. The order which is signed by James W. Baldwin, secretary, follows:

"A great many requests are received by the Commission for special authorizations to permit the operation of stations in a manner and to an extent which are at variance with the terms of existing licenses. Because of the increased number of such requests and the consideration that must be given to the need of such extended service and to the question whether the granting thereof might adversely affect the listeners residing in the normal service areas of other stations, the Commission has adopted the following procedure which must be adhered to by all applicants:

1. Applications for special authorizations must be made by the licensee.

2. Applications for special authorizations must be received in the offices of the Commission at least ten (10) days previous to the date for which the authorization is requested.

3. Applications made by "Limited", "Day", "Part Time", or "Specified Hour", stations must be supported by the consent of the dominant station or the station with which the applicant divides time. Consents must be received by the Commission direct from the stations giving them and must show whether the consent is for simultaneous operation or whether the station giving the consent is giving up the time sought by the applicant.

4. Applicant must show the public need for such authorization.

Approval by the Commission will not be given in cases where another station is licensed to operate in the same locality and during the hours specified in the application."

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BROADCASTING ENGINEER ELECTROCUTED

The Radio Commission this week received a report from the Acting Inspector in charge of the Eighth Radio District at New Orleans relative to the electrocution of a broadcasting station engineer while working on his station. This is said to be the first time that the Commission has heard anything of this kind officially. The letter to the Commission is as follows:

"For the information of the Commission it is advised that we have this date verified a report that D. R. Simmons, engineer at Broadcasting Station KTBS, Shreveport, Louisiana, was electrocuted November 23, 1932, while working on the equipment at the station. Mr. Simmons was 43 years old and was a very competent radio man. He was known to the members of this office since 1922.

"The details indicate that Mr. Simmons was standing on a stool before the rectifier panel, and leaned against a meter while looking behind the panel. After the flash, he stepped down from the stool and walked about four feet before collapsing. Attempts to revive him with a pulmotor proved ineffectual."

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December 22, 1932

SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission set the following cases for hearing:

WRBX	Richmond Development Corp. Roanoke, Virginia	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from sharing equally with WHIS to sharing with WHIS.
WAPI	WAPI Broadcasting Corp. Birmingham, Alabama	Mod. of C. P. to extend commencement date from June 17, 1932 to June 17, 1933 and completion date from December 17, 1932 to December 17, 1933.

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MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action:

WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, New York	The Commission, upon its own motion, reconsidered its action of December 13, on a petition filed by the U. S. Broadcasting Corp. to hold the hearing scheduled for December 16, and granted said petition. Application having been amended and hearing cancelled, the Commission directed that license application 1-LB-897 be dismissed from hearing docket and returned to applicant, and all interested parties notified.

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NO HEARINGS

Due to the Christmas holidays no hearings will be held at the Radio Commission during the week beginning Monday, December 26th.

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RADIO EMPLOYMENT DECREASES

The November index of employment in the radio industry was 77.7 compared with 79.8 for October and 104.1 for November of last year taking 1926 at 100 according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. The November payroll index was 58.4 compared with 62.9 for October and 86.5 for November of last year.

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BULLETIN READY

The Radio Service Bulletin for November issued monthly by the Federal Radio Commission is now available. Copies may be obtained either through the office of the NAB or the Secretary of the Radio Commission.

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December 22, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE
WEBR	Howell Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Buffalo, New York	Granted authority to remain silent on December 26 in order to give employees a holiday.
WHAM	Stromberg-Carlson Telephone Co. Rochester, New York	Granted Mod. of C. P. approving change in equipment and transmitter location, Victor Township, New York.
WSYB	Philip Weiss Music Co. Rutland, Vermont	Granted special authority to operate from 11 a.m. to 12 noon, EST, on Sundays only, from 3 a.m., EST, January 1, 1933 to June 11, 1933.
WABC-WBOQ	Atlantic Brdcstg. Corp. New York, N. Y.	Granted Mod. of C. P. to extend commencement date to January 10, 1933 and completion date to April 10, 1933.
WJBI	Monmouth Broadcasting Co. Red Bank, New Jersey	Granted license covering installation of new equipment 1210 kc, 100 watts, sharing with WGBB and WFAS ($\frac{1}{4}$ time).
		SECOND ZONE
WHDF	Upper Michigan Brdcstg. Co. Calumet, Michigan	Granted special authority to operate from 10 to 10:30 a.m. and from 1:30 to 5:30 p.m. CST, January 2, 1933.
WHDF	Upper Michigan Brdcstg. Co. Calumet, Michigan	Granted special authority to operate from 2 to 4:30 p.m., December 18; 11:15 p.m. to 12 midnight December 24; 10 to 11:30 a.m., and 1:30 to 5:30 p.m., December 26, 1932, CST.
		THIRD ZONE
KVOO	Southwestern Sales Corp. Tulsa, Oklahoma	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date to March 17, 1933.
		FOURTH ZONE
KFYR	Meyer Broadcasting Co. Bismarck, North Dakota	Granted special authority to operate 12:30 to 2 p.m., CST, December 26, provided KFDY remains silent.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

WMBH	W. M. Robertson Joplin, Missouri	Granted special authority to operate from 8:30 to 9:30 p.m., CST, on the following Sundays: January 1, 8, 15, 22 and 29; February 5, 12, 19 and 26; March 5, 12, 19, and 26; April 2, 9, 16, 23 and 30, 1933.
WKBF	Indianapolis Brdcstg. Inc. Indianapolis, Indiana	Granted C. P. to move transmitter from near Clermont, Indiana to intersection of Fall Creek and extension of Keystone Ave., Ind.
KICK	Red Oak Radio Corp. Red Oak, Iowa	Granted extension of authority to remain silent until such time as Court of Appeals vacates stay orders or further disposition is made of the issues involved.
KGFW	Central Nebraska Brdcstg. Corp. Kearney, Nebraska	Granted 10 day authorization to operate with 60 watts pending repair of high voltage generator.

FIFTH ZONE

KIEM	Harold H. Hanseth Eureka, California	Granted Mod. of C. P. to change transmitter and studio location from Eureka Inn to Vance Hotel and extend completion date from January 13, 1933 to February 12, 1933.

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MOVING PERMIT DENIED

Examiner Elmer W. Pratt in his Report No. 439 this week recommended that the application of Station WHEF, Kosciusko, Mississippi to move to Jackson, Mississippi, be denied.

The Examiner states that "there is not sufficient showing of a need for additional broadcasting service, either of transmission or reception, in Jackson, to warrant the granting of this application". He states further that the Jackson area is now adequately serviced by existing stations while "Kosciusko is not now well served and needs the service of applicant's station."

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LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for license renewals: WHO, Des Moines, Iowa; WJAR, Providence, Rhode Island; WOC, Davenport, Iowa; WDEV, Waterbury, Vermont; WAGM, Presque Isle, Maine; KIDW, Lamar, Colorado; KGKB, Tyler, Texas; KOOS, Mansfield, Oregon; WFIZ, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin; KMPC, Beverly Hills, California and WFAA, Dallas, Texas.

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December 22, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the Current week the Commission has received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-ALB-483	WSYR-WMAC	James G. Tracy & Edmund M. Smedberg, Executors of Estate of Clive B. Meredith Syracuse, New York	Vol. assign. of lic. to Central New York Broadcasting Corporation.
1-MPB-404	WHAM	Stromberg-Carlson Telephone Manufacturing Company Rochester, New York	Mod. of C. P. issued 11/17/31 for 25 KW station for approval of exact transmitter location, Victor Township, N. Y., and approval of equipment.
1-MPB-405	WABC-WBOQ	Atlantic Broadcasting Corp. New York, N. Y.	Mod. of C. P. issued 11/11/32 for move of auxiliary transmitter, to extend dates of commencement and completion to 1/10/33 and 4/10/33 respectively.

SECOND ZONE

None

THIRD ZONE

None

FOURTH ZONE

None

FIFTH ZONE

None

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APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE

During the current week the Commission received the following application for license for which a construction permit has already been issued: WLBC, Muncie, Ind.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

December 31, 1932.

A NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE

from

PRESIDENT ALFRED J. McCOSKER

"It is with very great pleasure that I send Happy New Year Greetings to the Broadcasters of America.

"In my opinion, the radio broadcasting business will continue to expand in 1933 because advertisers are demanding, to a greater extent than before, sound investment of every dollar spent in advertising. Advertising speculation or luxury is not present in 1933 budgets that have come under my observation.

"Results from radio broadcast advertising have maintained the high percentages previously realized and in many instances have brought cost per inquiry down below previous levels.

"Fair talent charges must be insisted upon by broadcasters, agencies, and advertisers alike, lest inordinate program cost some day make economic use of the medium doubtful. This is not to be construed as an argument for anything but excellent programs, but instead refers to their cost. Radio broadcasting is now firmly established as an economic aid to business and I see a very bright future for it to maintain its place among other advertising media."

BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING • • • WASHINGTON

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] McCOSKRIN

"It is in with very great pleasure that I send Happy New Year Greetings to the Broadcasters of America:

"In my opinion, the radio broadcasting business will continue to [illegible] in 1953 because advertisers are demanding. It is a proven [illegible] sound investment of every dollar spent in advertising. Advertising [illegible] on or luxury is not present in 1952 budgets that have come under my observation.

"Results from radio broadcast advertising have maintained the high percentages previously realized and in many instances have brought cost inquiry down below previous levels.

"Air talent charges must be insisted upon by broadcasters, sponsors and agencies alike. Just inordinate program cost some make economic use of the medium doubtful. This is not to be construed as an argument for anything but excellent programs, but instead refers to their cost. Radio broadcasting is now firmly established as an economic aid to business and I see a very bright future for it to maintain its place among other advertising media."

December 31, 1932

ACTION ON DAVIS BILL NEXT WEEK

The Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce will meet on Tuesday, January 3, to consider certain changes in the Davis Bill (HR 7716) upon which hearings were held last week. A number of amendments were suggested by the National Association of Broadcasters, Senator Wallace H. White, the Federal Radio Commission, and the U. S. Navy. These suggestions will be considered at the Tuesday meeting of the Committee and it is believed many of them will be adopted. The bill has not been taken from the Senate calendar and is subject to being called up for action immediately after the Committee meets.

As pointed out in last week's Bulletin objection was made to the sections of the bill changing the procedure with respect to appeals from decisions of the Commission; the inclusion of a provision giving the Commission power to suspend licenses; abolishment of the examiners' system; changes in the section relating to political broadcasts; and other points of lesser importance.

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PUBLISHERS PRESS FOR ACTION

Senator Robinson of Indiana this week inserted in the Congressional Record the following resolution, which has been referred to the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce:

The members of the Indiana Republican Editorial Association in session at the Columbia Club, Indianapolis, urge the Senate to pass the Davis bill, now pending before the Interstate Commerce Committee of that body, making applicable to broadcasting stations the same penalties for violation of Federal laws as are now applicable to newspapers.

That the secretary of this association be authorized to send a copy of this motion to the two Indiana Senators and Members of the House of Representatives from Indiana.

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ERPI THREATENS LAWSUIT

The Electrical Research Products Incorporated has threatened suit against the American Broadcasting Company, Station WOL, Washington, D. C., on its contract licensing turntables to the station.

LeRoy Mark, president of the broadcasting company, says he has refused to pay the monthly license fees recently on the ground that electrical transcription business promised to him at the time of signing the contract failed to materialize. He has indicated that he will welcome the suit and, if necessary, carry the case into the higher courts to determine the validity of the licensing arrangement.

The suit, if instituted, will be followed with a great deal of interest by the entire broadcasting industry.

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December 31, 1932

COURT GRANTS STAY ORDERS

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia on Friday issued a stay order against the Federal Radio Commission in connection with its action in taking Station WERE, Erie, Pennsylvania, off the air as of January 1st. The Court will hear an appeal in this case.

The Court has also issued a stay order in connection with the action of the Commission in taking some night time hours away from Station WBAK, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and giving it to WHP. This was to be effective December 29.

The Attorney General has announced that an appeal will be asked by the United States Supreme Court in the WIBO case which went against the Radio Commission in the decision of the Court of Appeals.

This is the case in which both Senators Dill and White stated that a review should surely be asked inasmuch as the Court decision went to the very basis of the radio law.

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CONGRESS KEEPS EYE ON ASCAP

Complaints against the activities of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers have focused the attention of Congress upon the investigations now being made of the Society. These investigations give special interest to the revelations made in the January issue of "Fortune" concerning the distribution of royalties received by the ASCAP. According to these figures, out of $1,971,000 received in the past year, a total of $394,000 was spent for operating expenses of the Society. Only $643,500 was paid to the 700 composer members of the American Society while a total of $643,500 was distributed to 100 publishers. Radio paid nearly half of the total amount collected by the Society last year, the article reveals. Collections from motion pictures totaled $665,000; from dance halls, $135,000; from restaurants, $79,500; from hotels, $89,000; from parks, carnivals, circuses and steamships, $63,000; and from radio, $939,500.

The Society intends to more than double its revenue from radio during 1933 and has already started its campaign for increased license fees from hotels, restaurants, etc. If it succeeds, the song writing and publishing business will be one of the few businesses, if not the only one, to increase its earnings during the period of depression, and this, despite the fact that the industries upon which it levies its tribute are suffering from depressed business conditions.

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SWITZERLAND PUTS QUOTA ON RADIOS

The Swiss Government has established import quota restrictions on radios, steel cutlery, and fertilizers, effective January 1, 1933, according to a cablegram to the Department of Commerce from Commercial Attache Charles E. Lyon, at Berne. Under the Swiss import control system, the quotas alloted to individual countries are not made public but import permits are required for each shipment.

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December 31, 1932

ROESLER CODE ENDORSED

The telegraph code prepared by George Roesler of Station KFAB, Lincoln, Nebraska, and endorsed by the National Association of Broadcasters and the American Association of Advertising Agencies will be prepared for distribution just as soon as a sufficient demand to warrant publication is received.

The index to the code will carry symbols for: Morning hours; afternoon and evening hours; numbers or numerals; money (dollars and cents); common phrases used by agencies; common phrases used by stations; phrases used for the clearance of time including, one minute, two minutes, three minutes, five minutes, ten minutes, quarter hour, half hour, hour.

Here are two messages which are more or less common:

"Can you clear time between nine and nine-thirty p.m. for quarter hour Monday, Wednesday and Friday beginning January twenty second wire answer."

In the code the message would read as follows:

"Dad pave peak dais beginning January caboose race".

This message as sent today would run twenty three words; with the code it would require eight words. The former would cost $1.44; the latter, $.76. A saving of sixty-eight cents on this one message.

"Weather report available twice daily twelve-thirty and ten-thirty p.m. one hundred and five dollars per week wire if interested."

In code this message would read:

"Rag Paddle and Pedigree Berth begrudge weekly table."

In this case the straight message would cost $1.33. The code message would cost $.76. A saving of $.57 cents.

Stations interested in securing the code should communicate with Mr. Roesler, Station KFAB, Lincoln, Nebraska.

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RMA ASKS NAB COOPERATION

With a view to improving radio reception, the RMA has approached the National Association of Broadcasters with a view to cooperation in reducing interference caused by hum of some broadcast transmitters in various parts of the country. A joint conference between broadcast engineers and those of set manufacturers of the respective organizations has been requested. The reports of the hum being emitted from a few broadcast stations have been considered by the RMA Engineering Division and its Committee on Receivers, headed by A. A. Crossley of South Haven, Michigan. By cooperative measures between the broadcast engineers and those of set manufacturers, it is believed that reception conditions in some areas may be improved.

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[illegible] EXPORERS

The telegraph code prepared by George Zoeller or station [illegible] and endorsed by the National Association [illegible] are and the American Association [illegible] Advertising Agencies will be prepared for distribution just as soon [illegible] to warrant publication is received.

The index to the code will carry symbols for: Morning hours; afternoon and evening hours; numerals or numerals (dollars and cents); common [illegible] agencies; common phrases used by stations; phrases used for [illegible], one minute, two minutes, three minutes, five minutes, ten minutes, quarter hour, half hour, hour.

Here are two messages which are more or less common:

"Can you clear time between nine and nine-thirty p.m. for quarter hour Monday, Wednesday and Friday beginning January [illegible] by second wire answer."

In the code the message would read as follows:

"Dad pave peak dale beginni[illegible] January cabooze race."

This message as sent today would run twenty three words; with the code it would require eight words. The former would cost $1.44; the latter, $.76. A saving of [illegible] cents on this one message.

"Weather report available twice daily twelve-thirty and ten-thirty p.m. one hundred and five dollars per week wire if interested."

In code this message would read:

"Ras Paddle and Pedigree Berth Begrudge weekly table."

In this case the standard message would cost $1.[illegible] the code message would cost $.76. A saving of $.57 cents.

Stations interested in securing the code should communicate with Mr. Zoeller station KFAE, Lincoln, Nebraska.

RMA AGES MAE COOPERATION

With a view to improving radio reception, the RMA has approached the National Association of Broadcasters with a view to cooperation in reducing interference caused by hum of some broadcast transmitters in various parts of the country. A joint conference between broadcast engineers and those of set manufacturers of the respective organizations has been requested. The reports of the hum being emitted from a few broadcast stations have been considered by the RMA Engineering Division [illegible] ite, and hum has on Receivers, headed by A. A. Crossley of South Haven, Michigan. By cooperative measures between the broadcast engineers and those of set manufacturers, it is believed that reception conditions in some areas may be improved.

December 31, 1932

OPPOSES TELEVISION GRANTS

Recommendation was made (Report No. 440) this week by Examiner Elmer W. Pratt that the application of the Shortwave Broadcasting Corporation for experimental relay broadcasting license for Station W1XAL, be denied; that the application of the Shortwave & Television Laboratory, Inc., for renewal of experimental visual broadcasting license for Station W1XAV be denied; and, that the application of the same corporation for experimental television license for Station W1XG and renewal of special experimental license for Station W1XAU be denied.

The Examiner states that "it appearing that the Shortwave & Television Corporation has completely absorbed the Shortwave & Television Laboratory, Inc.," * * * that license renewals would be contrary to provisions of the Radio Act and "the policy of the Commission to grant renewal licenses only to the party actually operating the station involved."

It is further stated by the Examiner that "Shortwave & Television Corporation is now illegally engaged in operating two stations (W1XAL of the Shortwave Broadcasting Corporation and W1XAV, of the Shortwave & Television Laboratory, Inc.) and proposes to continue their operation should their applications be granted." He recommends against granting any of the applications.

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SYKES BACK FROM SPAIN

Judge E. O. Sykes, Vice Chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, and Chairman of the American delegation to the International Radio Conference held at Madrid, Spain, has returned to his desk well-satisfied with the results accomplished.

The outstanding result of the conference, said Judge Sykes, was the adoption of a single convention, the first ever adopted by the nations of the world, which covers communication in general - not only radio but telegraphy and telephony.

He explained that the United States, because of its peculiar position, differed from the other nations, since its telegraph and telephone services are handled by private companies, and was not a signatory to the telegraph and telephone regulations but only to the part relating to radio.

In addition to this joint convention, which may be compared to the original constitution of the United States, adopted in 1789, Judge Sykes added, a number of rough spots in the radio regulations were ironed out. Generally speaking, he said, these regulations, as now drafted, are more harmonious and satisfactory from a technical standpoint.

After many years of hard fighting the United States won a signal victory at the conference by obtaining the use of English on a par with French, for discussions and debates at the conference, while retaining the French language alone for official documents.

Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, Chief Engineer of the Radio Commission, another American delegate and Gerald C. Gross, of the Engineering Staff of the Commission one of the technical advisers at the conference, have also returned to their official duties at the Commission.

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RECOMMENDS AGAINST INCREASED POWER

Examiner Elmer W. Pratt (Report No. 441) this week recommended against increasing the power of Station KLX, Oakland, California, from 500 to 1,000 watts power. The Station operates unlimited time on a frequency of 880 kilocycles. Recommendation was made on the basis that it would increase the quota of both the State and Zone.

The Examiner admits that the granting of the additional power would not cause additional interference, that the station programs are of a high type and that the grant would improve the reception over a large area.

"It nevertheless appears", he states, "that California and the Fifth Zone in which it is located are both over quota and that the granting of this application would increase the facilities of both state and zone by .4 of a unit."

"Thus it appears", he continues, "that the granting of this application would work a violation of the Commission's regulations with reference to quota and of Section 8 of the Radio Act of 1927 as amended by Section 5 of the Act of March 28, 1928, known as the 'Davis Amendment.'"

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GERMAN FANS WANT FOREIGN NEWS

More political news from foreign countries and more actual non-partisan local political reviews are desired by German radio fans, according to a report from vice consul C. W. Gray, Berlin, made public by the Commerce Department.

The Berlin branch of the Association of German Radio dealers recently asked 350 member firms to find out what the public wanted. The replies indicated that the public was opposed to the radio being converted into a political instrument.

More light entertaining music would also be welcomed, the questionnaires revealed. While classic music was appreciated, the replies showed that fewer programs were desired. A desire for better artists in all fields was expressed.

While the German fans felt that too much political talk was being broadcast, it expressed the desire that interesting sessions of the German Parliament be broadcast, possibly from records. Outstanding court trials also were included, and it was pointed out that legal discussions on the radio would be better received if language understandable by the average listener was used.

More sporting news broadcast by first-class announcers was also listed as a possible improvement in the programs, it was stated.

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NEW ARGENTINA RADIO STATION

The new radio broadcasting station now under construction in Buenos Aires will be completed early in 1933, according to a report to the Commerce Department from Assistant Trade Commissioner Grant L. Thrall, Buenos Aires. The name of the new station is "Radio Excelsior," call letters are LR-5. The station will operate on a frequency of 10,000 kilocycles and will be situated on a 40 acre tract about 15 miles from the city of Buenos Aires. The towers are 700 feet high.

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December 31, 1932

DISMISS GREENVILLE, S. C. APPLICATION

The Radio Commission has dismissed the application of W. T. Hamilton, (Report No. 434) for the construction of a new station at Greenville, South Carolina, to operate on a frequency of 1240 kilocycles using 250 watts power. According to Chief Examiner Yost's report the applicant, at hearing, consented to withdraw his application with prejudice.

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JEANETTE, PENNSYLVANIA, APPLICATION DENIED

The Commission this week denied to H. Verne Spencer authority for the erection of a new station at Jeanette, Pennsylvania, thereby upholding Examiner Pratt's recommendation.

The Commission states that no satisfactory showing was made by the applicant either financially or technically which qualified him to erect and operate such a station as he proposed.

It is further contended by the Commission that the transmitter site selected is unsatisfactory from an engineering standpoint and it is further set forth that "it appears that the listeners in that general area (Jeanette) receive an abundance of service from stations located elsewhere."

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WERE DENIED RENEWAL

The Commission this week ruled that Station WERE, Erie, Pennsylvania, must go off the air on January 1, 1933, reversing the finding of Chief Examiner Yost. Commissioner Brown dissented.

The Commission states that the equipment used by the station is obsolete and "incapable of efficient operation" and that the station "does not possess sufficient financial resources to insure either the installation of modern equipment or the future operation of this station in a proper and acceptable manner." Erie now receives adequate radio coverage the Commission states.

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APPLICATIONS DENIED

During the current week the Commission has denied the following applications:

	R. C. Powell & Co. Inc. New York City	Denied request that stations having their frequency monitors be given an extension of working of Rule 145 beyond December 31, 1932.
WENC	Americus Brdcst. Co. Americus, Georgia	Denied authority to operate until 9 p.m., CST for a period of 30 days beginning December 19.

Applicants in the following cases, heretofore designated for hearing, failed to enter appearances within the time allowed. Applications were, therefore denied:

NEW	Joseph De Palma Jeanette, Pennsylvania	C. P. 590 kc, 250 watts, daytime.
NEW	J. E. Richards Pine Bluff, Arkansas	C. P. 1340 kc, 250 watts, daytime.

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December 31, 1932

SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

KWLC	Telegraph Herald Decorah, Iowa	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Dubuque, and make changes in equipment.
KWLC	Luther College Decorah, Iowa	Requests consent to Vol. assign. of Lic. to Telegraph-Herald.
WTBO	Associated Broadcasting Corp. Cumberland, Maryland	Requests Involuntary assign. of Lic. from Interstate Broadcasting System Inc. to Associated Broadcasting Corporation.
WEBR	Howell Broadcasting Co. Inc. Buffalo, New York	Mod. of Lic. to use either the present main transmitter or the auxiliary as the main transmitter at nighttime.
WFEA	New Hampshire Brdcstg. Co. Manchester, New Hampshire	Requests Lic. to cover C. P. 1430 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time. (Station is now operating on 1430 kc, unlimited time, by virtue of an extension of the rider on C.P. This station and 5 others are conducting matched frequency experiments to ascertain nature and extent of interference created by this type of operation).
WOKO	WOKO, Inc. Albany, New York	Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1440 kc to 1430 kc, and change hours of operation from simultaneous day, sharing WHEC-WABO night, to unlimited.
WCAH	Commercial Radio Service Co. Columbus, Ohio	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation to unlimited synchronize with WHP, WOKO and WHEC-WABO.
WHEC-WABO	WHEC, Inc. Rochester, New York	Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1440 to 1430 kc, change hours of operation from sharing with WOKO after local sunset to unlimited synchronize with WOKO, WCAH & WHP.
WHP	WHP, Inc. Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from simultaneous day with WCAH, and share at night with WBAK and WCAH to unlimited, synchronize with WCAH, WOKO and WHEC.
New	Harold F. Gross Lansing, Michigan	C. P. for new station 1210 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts LS, unlimited time.

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December 31, 1932

APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following applications because they were not in proper form:

	KIDW	The Lamar Brdcstg. Co. Lamar, Colorado	1420 kc, 100 watts, shares KGIW.
	WWVA	West Virginia Brdcstg. Corp. Wheeling, West Virginia	Main Transmitter.
	WWVA	West Virginia Brdcstg. Corp. Wheeling, West Virginia	Auxiliary Transmitter.
1-PB-2564	WMSG	Madison Square Garden Brdcst. Corp., New York, N. Y.	C. P. to move transmitter formerly used to present location and authority to use that transmitter instead of WBNX's transmitter (No reply to Commission's letter).
2-PB-2686A	WLVA	Lynchburg Brdcstg. Corp. Lynchburg, Virginia	C. P. to change equipment, frequency, power and hours from 1370 kc, 100 watts, shares WBTM to 1410 kc, 250 watts, share ½ time with WHIS (Facilities WRBX Roanoke, Virginia). (Rule 49).
2-PB-2530	NEW	Allen P. Solanda Carlisle, Pennsylvania	C. P. for new station to use 1430 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW LS, share WCAH and WBAK (Facilities of WHP) (No reply to Commission's letter).
4-FB-285	WTAQ	Gillette Rubber Co. Eau Claire, Wisconsin	Install automatic frequency control. (No reply to Commission's letter).
3-PB-2725	NEW	News-Times Publishing Co. El Dorado, Arkansas	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 50 watts, daytime (7 a.m. to 7 p.m.) (Rule 5, 6 a & b, insufficient information re equipment and transmitter location.)

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RENEWAL LICENSE APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for license renewals: WBEN, Buffalo, N. Y.; WESG, Elmira, N. Y.; WTAG, Worcester, Massachusetts; WTMJ, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; KGU, Honolulu, Hawaii; KSD, St. Louis, Missouri; WAIU, Columbus, Ohio; KFYR, Bismarck, North Dakota; WICC, Bridgeport, Connecticut; WEAN, Providence, Rhode Island; WGN-WLIB, Chicago, Illinois; WNAX, Yankton, South Dakota; KOB, State College, New Mexico; KTAR, Phoenix, Arizona; WMC, Memphis, Tennessee; WKRC, Cincinnati, Ohio; and KSFD, San Diego, California.

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December 31, 1932

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE
WFBR	Baltimore Radio Show, Inc. Baltimore, Maryland	Granted authority to revert to indirect system of determining power in order to make changes in the antenna.
		SECOND ZONE
WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Granted extension of authority to remain silent for 60 days from December 18, 1932.
WHBD	F. P. Molar Mt. Orab, Ohio	Granted temporary license subject to certain investigation and decision of the Commission to determine whether licensee has in any manner lost control over the use, occupancy or operation of station.
WRAK	Clarence R. Cummins Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Temporary license extended from January 1, to February 1, 1933, subject to decision of the Commission upon application for renewal now pending before it.
		THIRD ZONE
WTSL	Southland Radio Corp. Laurel, Mississippi	Granted temporary license pending installation of an approved frequency monitor and on condition that station remain silent until installation of said approved monitor.
WJBO	Valdemar Jensen New Orleans, Louisiana	Granted Con. to Vol. assign. of Lic. to Baton Rouge Broadcasting Co. Inc.
WJBO	Baton Rouge Broadcasting Co. Inc. New Orleans, Louisiana	Granted C. P. to move station and studio to be located in Heidelberg Hotel, transmitter at a location to be determined. Also granted authority to make tests to determine exact transmitter location.
		FOURTH ZONE
WMBH	W. M. Robertson Joplin, Missouri	Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment. Install new 250 watt maximum rated power transmitter.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE

KUJ	KUJ, Inc. Walla Walla, Washington	Granted authority to operate unlimited time for an additional period of 90 days. (Station is normally licensed to operate daytime on 1370 kc, however, on November 2, the Commission authorized KUJ to operate unlimited time during months of November and December.)
KTW	First Presbyterian Church of Seattle, Washington	Granted authority to operate from 9:30 a.m. to 10:30 p.m., Sundays and 7:30 to 10:30 p.m. Thursdays to February 22, 1933.

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LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission has granted license renewals for the regular period to the following stations: WAGM, Presque Isle, Maine; KFIZ, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin; KGKB, Tyler, Texas; KNOW, Austin, Texas; KOOS, Marshfield, Oregon; KPQ, Wenatchee, Washington; WJKB, Detroit, Michigan; KIDW, Lamar, Colorado; KSO, Des Moines, Iowa; KXL (auxiliary), Portland, Oregon.

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NO HEARINGS

No hearing are scheduled before the Radio Commission during the week beginning Monday, January 2nd.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission has dismissed the following applications at the request of the applicants:

WOR	Bamberger Broadcasting Service Inc. Kearney, New Jersey	Renewal of Auxiliary transmitter license.
WQDM	A. J. St. Antoine & E. J. Regan St. Albans, Vermont	C. P. to change equipment, change frequency to 1340 kc, increase power to 500 watts, and change specified hours.

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December 31, 1932

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-ALB-485	WMAS	Albert S. Moffat Springfield, Massachusetts	Vol.assign.of Lic. to WMAS, Inc.
1-PB-2765	WQDM	A. J. St. Antoine & E. J. Regan St. Albans, Vermont.	C. P. to change transmitter location outside city, change equipment, change frequency, power and hours of operation from 1370 kc, 100 watts, specified hours to 1340 kc, 1 KW,specified hours (10 a.m. to 2 p.m.; 4 p.m. to 6 p.m.).

The nearest station on the new frequency asked is WSPD, Toledo, Ohio, which is 590 miles away. The engineers of theCommission recommend a separation of 350 miles. Both the First Zone and the State of Vermont are under quota.

		SECOND ZONE	
2-MLB-1105	WHIS	Daily Telegraph Printing Co. Bluefield, West Virginia	Mod. of lic. to change hours from Shares equally with Station WRBX to Shares with Station WRBX.
2-APB-34	WJEQ	Sun-Gazette Brdcstg. Co. Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Vol. assign. of C. P. granted 7/26/32 to WRAK, Incorporated.
2-PB-2763	NEW	Harold F. Gross Lansing, Michigan	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts, night, 250 watts LS, unlimited hours.

The nearest station on the same frequency is CFCO, at Catham, Ontario, which is 130 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 100 miles. Both the Second Zone and the State of Michigan are under quota.

2-MLB-1108	WSAI	Crosley Radio Corp. Lessee Cincinnati, Ohio	Mod. of lic. to increase daytime power from 1 KW to $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW.
2-PB-2717	WBAX	John H. Stenger, Jr., Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania	C. P. to change frequency to 1230 kc, power 250 watts, unlimited time amended to request 930 kc.

The nearest station on the proposed new frequency is WIBG, Elkins Park, Pennsylvania, which is 100 miles distant. Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 230 miles.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE

3-MPB-407	WHBQ	Broadcasting Station WHBQ, Inc. Memphis, Tennessee	Mod. of C. P. issued 7/26/32 to extend date of completion to 4/26/33.

FOURTH ZONE

4-PB-2718	NEW	C. E. Wilkinson Mason City, Iowa	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 100 watts, specified hours (8 a.m. to 11 a.m.; 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.; 7 p.m. to 10 p.m.

The nearest station on this frequency is WKBB, Joliet, Illinois, which is 140 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the Fourth Zone and the State of Iowa are over quota.

4-PB-2760	NEW	Thomas B. Loer Newcastle, Indiana	C. P. for new station to use 1420 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours.

The nearest station on the frequency asked is WELL, Battle Creek, Michigan, which is 150 miles distant. Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. The Fourth Zone is over quota but the State of Indiana is under quota.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2764	KNX	Western Broadcast Co. Los Angeles, California	C. P. to make changes in equipment.
5-MLB-1106	KOY	Nielsen Radio & Sporting Goods Co., Phoenix, Arizona	Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 500 watts to 500 watts night; 1 Kw to local sunset.

The nearest station on 1390 kc is KUOA, Fayetteville, Arkansas, which is 1030 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 300 miles. Granting of the application would increase the quota. The Fifth Zone is over quota but the state is under quota.

5-PB-2768	KICA	Southwest Broadcasting Co. Clovis, New Mexico	C. P. to move transmitter and studio from Elks Club, 6th and Mitchel Streets to 203 Main Street, Clovis, New Mexico.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission has received the following license applications for which construction permits have already been granted: WAZL, Hazelton, Pennsylvania; WELL, Battle Creek, Michigan and WHA, Madison, Wisconsin.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

January 7, 1933.

WILL CONSIDER LICENSE FEE BILL

Senator Couzens, chairman of the Committee on Interstate Commerce of the Senate, this week appointed a subcommittee to hold hearings on the license fee bill (S 5201) introduced in the Senate on December 16 by Senator Dill of Washington.

The subcommittee consists of Senator Howell of Nebraska, chairman; Senator Metcalf of Rhode Island, and Senator Dill of Washington. No date has yet been set for hearings although it is expected they will be held in the near future.

The bill provides filing fees of varying amounts for all types of applications for permits or licenses and imposes annual license fees upon all licenses granted by the Commission.

Annual license fees for broadcasting stations, provided in the bill, vary from $120 for full time 100-watt stations to $5,000 for full time 50 KW stations. Fees in lesser amounts are provided for stations licensed to operate during daytime hours or less than unlimited time. Fees for educational stations are one-half the rates provided for commercial stations.

January 7, 1933.

DILL BILL LICENSE FEES

The schedule of annual license fees prescribed in the Dill bill (S 5201) upon which hearings may be held in the near future are as follows:

"A. Stations which are licensed to operate unlimited time and with the power designated -

"(1) One hundred watts or less, two or more stations licensed to operate simultaneously during nighttime on the same frequency, $120.

"(2) Two hundred and fifty watts or less (but more than one hundred watts), two or more stations licensed to operate simultaneously during nighttime on the same frequency, $240.

"(3) Five hundred watts or less (but more than two hundred and fifty watts), two or more stations licensed to operate simultaneously during nighttime on the same frequency, $360.

"(4) One thousand watts or less (but more than five hundred watts and less than five thousand watts), two or more stations licensed to operate simultaneously during nighttime on the same frequency, $600.

"(5) Five thousand watts or more, two or more stations separated by less than two thousand miles licensed to operate simultaneously during nighttime on the same frequency, $1,200.

"(6) Five thousand watts or more, two or more stations separated by more than two thousand miles licensed to operate simultaneously during nighttime on the same frequency, $2,400.

"(7) Five thousand watts or more (but less than twenty-five thousand watts), only one station licensed to operate during nighttime on any frequency, $3,000.

"(8) Twenty-five thousand watts or more (but less than fifty thousand watts), only one station licensed to operate during nighttime on any frequency, $4,000.

"(9) Fifty thousand watts or more, only one station licensed to operate during nighttime on any frequency, $5,000.

"(10) For each twenty-five thousand watts or fraction thereof, additional to fifty thousand watts, only one station licensed to operate during nighttime on any frequency, $1,000.

B. Stations which are licensed to operate during daytime hours only and with the power as designated -

[illegible]

[illegible] BILL LICENSES [illegible]

[illegible] schedule of annual license fees prescribed in the bill [illegible] (S 8201) upon which hearings may be held in the near future are as follows:

"A. Stations which [illegible] licensed to operate unlimited time and with the [illegible]

"(1) One hundred watts or less, two or more stations [illegible] operate simultaneously during nighttime on the same [illegible] $120.

"(2) Two hundred and fifty watts or less (but [illegible] hundred watts), two or more [illegible] licensed to operate simultaneously [illegible] nighttime on the same frequency, $240.

"(3) Five hundred watts or less (but more [illegible] two hundred and fifty watts), two or more [illegible] the same frequency.

"(4) One thousand watts or less (but more [illegible] five hundred watts and less than five thousand watts), two or more [illegible] simultaneously [illegible] time on the same [illegible]

"(5) Five thousand watts or more, two or more stations [illegible] two thousand miles licensed to operate [illegible] during nighttime on the same frequency, [illegible]

"(6) Five thousand watts or more, two [illegible] stations separated by more than two thousand miles licensed to operate simultaneously during nighttime on the same frequency, $2,400.

"(7) Five thousand watts or more (but less than twenty-five thousand watts), only one station licensed to operate [illegible]

"(8) Twenty-five thousand watts or more (but less than fifty thousand watts), only one station licensed to operate during nighttime on any frequency, $4,800.

"(9) Fifty [illegible] watts or more, only one station licensed to operate during nighttime on any frequency, $5,000.

"(10) For each twenty-five thousand watts or fraction thereof additional to fifty thousand watts, only one station licensed to operate during nighttime on any frequency, $1,000.

"[illegible] which are licensed to o[illegible] hours only and with the power as designated [illegible]

DILL BILL LICENSE FEES (Concluded)

"(1) One thousand watts or less: Fee to be one-third of the fee for stations of the same power licensed to operate unlimited time.

"(2) Two thousand five hundred watts or less (but more than one thousand watts), $450.

"(3) More than two thousand five hundred watts, $900.

C. Stations which are licensed to operate hours less than unlimited time and/or to use different power during daytime hours than during nighttime hours: Fee to be in proportion to nighttime and daytime hours and power authorized, based on fees for unlimited-time station, and daytime station of the same power: Provided, That annual license fees for all educational stations shall be one half the above rates.

19. Annual license fee for all licenses covering special stations used for entertainment purposes other than broadcasting for which quota units are assigned, such as television and relay broadcasting, $60."

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RADIO ADVERTISING IN NOVEMBER

According to the January issue of the Survey of Current Business issued by the Department of Commerce, the cost of facilities for radio advertising during November totaled $3,060,000 as compared with $3,505,000 for November of the preceding year. During the month of October, 1932, the cost of facilities amounted to $3,036,000.

Magazine advertising increased from $8,293,000 in October, 1932, to $9,053,000 in November. For November 1931, magazine advertising totaled $14,007,000.

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TELEPHONE RATES CRITICISED

Chairman Rector Charlesworth of the recently created Canadian Radio Broadcasting Commission states that "the most serious problem which we have to deal with is that of land wire costs" in a letter to Dr. C. M. Koon, senior specialist in education by radio, U. S. Office of Education.

"We will not have complete control of stations until after March 31st, when all existing licenses expire," he writes of the Canadian situation. "Then we will be free to formulate a more equitable policy than could be put into motion at the present time. The Act (Canadian Radio Act) gives us power after we are in order to expropriate and close stations and build a series of high-powered stations across the continent to be operated by ourselves, but in view of present financial conditions I do not think we will embark on so large an undertaking for some time to come."

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January 7, 1933

ON THE PASSING OF MR. COOLIDGE

President McCosker, upon learning of the news of former President Coolidge, during whose presidency the Radio Act was enacted, sent the following telegram to Mrs. Coolidge at Northampton:

"We offer you and your son our deepest sympathy on the untimely passing of your illustrious husband. He was truly a great American. In solemn company with the entire nation the broadcasting industry feels the loss of a great leader and friend. His understanding of the needs of radio and his constructive policies applied to its administration did much to stabilize, encourage and develop the art."

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EXPECT ACTION ON DAVIS BILL

The Davis Bill (HR 7716) upon which hearings were held by the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce just before the Christmas holidays was recommitted to the Committee at the request of Senator Dill this week.

The Committee held two meetings during the week and scheduled a third meeting for next Tuesday at which time an attempt will be made to correct certain objected to provisions in the measure and again report it to the Senate.

The Senate Committee has agreed that it will make it obligatory upon the Federal Radio Commission to hear oral arguments in cases when such arguments are requested after exceptions are filed. It has also been agreed that the power of examiners shall be limited to questions other than those involving policy of the Commission. Other changes have not yet been finally agreed upon.

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EXAMINER UPHELD IN NEW YORK CASES

The Radio Commission this week upheld Chief Examiner, Ellis A. Yost in his Report No. 422, in which he recommended license renewal for stations WWRL, Woodside, L. I.; WMBQ, Brooklyn, N. Y. and WMIL, Brooklyn, N. Y., on certain specified day and night hours. All of the stations operate on a frequency of 1500 kilocycles, with 100 watts power each.

The Commission states that "each of the three applicant stations, WWRL, WMBQ, and WMIL, now seems to be rendering a good local service and the licensee thereof appears to be qualified to continue its operation in a proper and acceptable manner."

The operating time formerly used by Station WLBX, now deleted, was asked for by Stations WWRL and WMBQ. They were unable to reach an agreement for sharing this additional time and so the Commission has allocated it between the two of them and a schedule will be set forth in their licenses.

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January 7, 1933

RECOMMENDS REVOKING GRANT

Examiner R. H. Hyde, (Report No. 442) this week recommended that the Commission revoke its tentative grant of June 30, 1932, for a construction permit for a new station to be erected at Indianapolis, Indiana, by the Thirty-First Street Baptist Church, using a frequency of 600 kilocycles, 250 watts power and operating daytime hours.

The Examiner recommends that an order be entered denying the application. He states that "it has been shown by the evidence presented herein that no sound financial basis has been established for the construction and operation of the proposed new station" and he states further that "it also appears that there is no need for the establishment of the proposed new station. There are existing facilities available for the broadcasting of sponsored programs at what appear to be reasonable rates." Protests were filed with the Commission against the grant by a number of existing broadcasting stations.

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RECOMMENDS FULL TIME FOR WIL

Examiner Elmer W. Pratt (Report No. 443) this week reaffirmed recommendations in his earlier Report No. 386 to the effect that license renewal be denied Station KFWF, St. Louis, Missouri, and that license renewal be granted WIL, St. Louis also that it be granted unlimited time on the air. These two stations have shared time on 1200 kilocycles.

Examiner Pratt in his report states that "this record does not relate to any of the issues framed by the Commission's notice of hearing and accordingly furnishes no basis for a modification or alteration of the facts found by the Examiner on a previous record."

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WOULD REGULATE ANNOUNCEMENTS

Representative Martin of Massachusetts has introduced a bill in the House (H.R. 14034) "to regulate advertising of imported articles." It has been referred to the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. Section 3 provides as follows

"Sec. 3. In radio broadcasting where commercial broadcasting is used in the promotion of and to advertise for sale in the United States any imported article or material, a broadcasting announcer shall, at the beginning and end of each broadcast period, clearly state the name of the country of origin of the article or material advertised.". No other part of the bill affects radio.

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BEFORE APPROPRIATION COMMITTEE

Radio Commissioner Sykes, acting chairman and James W. Baldwin, secretary appeared before a subcommittee of the House Committee on Appropriations on Friday in connection with appropriations for the Commission for the coming fiscal year.

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January 7, 1933

HEARING CALENDAR

Following are the hearings scheduled for the week beginning Monday, January 9, 1933. All hearings begin at 10 a. m.

MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1933.

Docket #1851	KGEW	City of Fort Morgan Fort Morgan, Colorado	Renewal	1200 kc, 100 watts, specified hours.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1933

Docket #1623	WHBC	Edward P. Graham Canton, Ohio	C. P.	1200 kc, 100 watts, specified hours.
			Present Assignment:	1200 kc, 10 Watts, specified hours.
Docket #1842	NEW	The WNPD Company New Philadelphia, Pa.	C. P.	850 kc, 50 watts, daytime (9 a.m. to LS).

FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1933.

Docket #1795	KTFI	Radio Brdcstg. Corp. Twin Falls, Idaho	Mod. Lic.	1240 kc, 500 watts, 1 KW LS, unlimited time (Facilities of KGKX).
			Present Assignment:	1240 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.
Docket #1823	KGKX	Sandpoint Brdcstg. Co. Sandpoint, Idaho	Renewal	1420 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
Docket #1812	KVOA	Robert Marion Riculfi Tucson, Arizona	Renewal	1260 kc, 500 watts, specified hours.

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LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission received the following applications for license renewals: KFDY, Brookings, South Dakota; KFNF, Shenandoah, Iowa; KFXF, Denver, Colorado; KOMO, Seattle, Washington; KPOF, Belleview College, Colorado; WAAF, Chicago, Illinois; WCAC, Storrs, Connecticut; WCOC, Meridian, Mississippi; WDBO, Orlando, Florida; WEEI, Boston, Massachusetts; WFI, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

WGY, Schenectady, N. Y.; WIBW, Topeka, Kansas; WILL, Urbana, Illinois; WKZO, Kalamazoo, Michigan; WLIT, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WWVA, Wheeling, West Virginia; WFAN, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WDAF, Kansas City, Missouri; WIP, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WNOX, Knoxville, Tennessee; WOBU, Charleston, West Virginia; WOW, Omaha, Nebraska; KFKA, Greeley, Colorado; KLZ, Denver, Colorado; WWNC, Asheville, North Carolina; WSAZ, Huntington, West Virginia; WGBF, Evansville, Indiana; WMAL, Washington, D. C.; WGBI, Scranton, Pennsylvania and WJAY, Cleveland, Ohio.

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January 7, 1933

HEARINGS SET

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

WGAL	WGAL, Inc. Lancaster, Pennsylvania	C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase power from 100 to 250 watts daytime power to be reduced 2 hours prior to LS.
NEW	Intermountain Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	C. P. 850 kc, 10 KW, hours of operation: daily except Sunday, 6 to 8 a.m.; 8:30 p.m. to 12 midnight; Sundays 7:45 p.m. to 12 midnight; Sundays during Lent: 9 p.m. to 12 midnight CST. (Facilities of KWKH)
WGST	Georgia School of Tech. Atlanta, Georgia	Renewal of license
NEW	The National Union Indemnity Assn. Shreveport, La.	C. P. 850 kc, 10 KW, facilities of KWKH and WWL.
KSTP	National Battery Brdcstg. Co. St. Paul, Minnesota	C. P. to make changes in equipment and to increase day power from 10 KW to 25 KW.
WSPA	Voice of South Carolina Spartanburg, South Carolina	C. P. to install new equipment, (maximum rated power 5 KW) change frequency from 1420 kc to 850 kc, increase power from 100 watts, 250 watts LS to 5 KW and change hours of operation from unlimited to simultaneous daytime sharing with Station WWL at night (Facilities of KWKH).
NEW	Altoona Broadcasting Corp. Altoona, Pennsylvania	C. P. 620 kc, 1 KW, daytime.
NEW	W. L. Gleeson Salinas, California	C. P. 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited.

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APPLICATION RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned the application, William L. Slade to construct a new station at Hamilton, Ohio, to operate on 1420 kc, with 100 watts because the application did not contain sufficient information.

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FOREIGN MARKET SURVEYS OUT SOON

The first of a series of foreign radio market surveys, requested by American exporters, will be completed about January 17, according to Marshall T. Jones, Chief of the Commerce Department's Electrical Equipment Division.

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January 7, 1933

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission has taken the following miscellaneous action:

WKBH	WKBH, Inc. La Crosse, Wisconsin	Denied authority to increase hours of operation from unlimited daytime and specified night hours to unlimited time pending Commission's decision on application for this same authority, which has been designated for hearing.
KCMC	North Mississippi Brdcstg. Corp. Texarkana, Arkansas	Granted renewal of license.
KICA	Southwest Broadcasting Co. Clovis, New Mexico	Temporary license extended to February 1, 1933, pending action on properly executed time sharing agreement with Station KGFL.
KTFI	Radio Broadcasting Corp. Twin Falls, Idaho	Granted permission to take depositions in re the KTFI and KGKX case, heretofore set for hearing.
KGKX	W. W. Von Cannon, Trustee Sandpoint, Idaho	Granted permission to take depositions in re the KTFI and KGKX case, heretofore set for hearing.
KTW	First Presbyterian Church of Seattle, Washington	The Commission reconsidered its action of November 22, and December 22, 1932, granting renewal of license to this station, and granted renewal of license as follows: to operate on 1220 kc, 1 KW, sharing time with KWSC for period beginning 3 a.m., EST, December 1, and ending according to Rule 27.
KFNF	Henry Field Co. Shenandoah, Iowa	Granted special authority to continue using time assigned to but not used by stations KUSD and WILL, Jan. 1, to Feb. 1, 1933.
KWEA	Hello World Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted special authority to remain silent pending action on C. P., but in no event beyond February 1, 1933.
KIEV	Cannon System, Ltd. Glendale, California	Equipment test period extended 10 days.
WCAE	WCAE, Inc. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Granted permission to take depositions in re applicant's application for C. P., Docket No. 1754.
WMBH	W. M. Robertson Joplin, Missouri	Granted permission to take depositions in re his application for Mod. of Lic. for ML-B-1085, Docket No. 1873, a hearing on which is set for January 30, 1933.

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January 7, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
WSYR-WMAC	James G. Tracy & Edmund M. Smedberg, Executors of Estate of Clive B. Meredith Syracuse, New York	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to the Central New York Broadcasting Corp.
	SECOND ZONE	
	None	
	THIRD ZONE	
	None	
	FOURTH ZONE	
WBAA	Purdue University Lafayette, Indiana	Granted authority to operate from 12 to 12:30 p.m., CST on January 10, 11, 12, 1933 in order to broadcast special agricultural programs, with power of 1 KW.
WTRC	The Truth Publishing Co. Inc. Elkhart, Indiana	Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase daytime power from 50 to 100 watts.
KGGF	Powell & Platz Coffeyville, Kansas	Granted special authority to operate from 7:15 to 9:15 p.m., CST, January 24 and 26, and from 8:15 to 9:15 p.m., CST, January 25, 1933.
	FIFTH ZONE	
KRKD	Dalton's Inc. Los Angeles, California	Granted license covering local move of transmitter; 1120 kc, 500 watts, shares with KFSG, KRKD 2/3 time, KFSG 1/3 time.
KFSG	Echo Park Evangelistic Assn. Los Angeles, California	Granted Mod. of Lic. to use transmitter of KRKD; also to use present equipment as auxiliary transmitter.

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January 7, 1933

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-MLB-1100A	WLTH	Voice of Brooklyn, Inc. Brooklyn, New York	Mod. of Lic. to change hours from Shares with WCGU, WFOX and WBBC to Share WFOX and WBBC - Facilities of WCGU, Brooklyn, N. Y. Amended to request WLTH 3/4 time; WBBC 1/4 time; Requests facilities WCGU, Brooklyn, N. Y. and WFOX, Brooklyn, N. Y.
1-SAB-28	WJZ	National Broadcasting Co. Inc., New York, N. Y.	Special Exp. authorization to change power from 30 KW to 30 KW regularly and 50 KW experimental basis.
1-PB-2770	NEW	Charles W. Phelan Casco Bay Broadcasting Co. Portland, Maine	C. P. for new station to use 1340 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.

The nearest station on this same frequency is WSPD, Toledo, Ohio which is 600 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1,000 miles. The First Zone is under quota but the State of Maine is over quota.

1-MLB-1110	WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from Shares with Stations WFOX WLTH and WBBC to Shares with WBBC - Requests facilities of WLTH, Brooklyn, N. Y. and WFOX, Brooklyn, N.Y.
1-MLB-1097A	WFOX	Paramount Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from Shares with Stations WCGU, WLTH & WBBC to Share with WLTH & WBBC - Facilities WCGU, Brooklyn, N. Y. Amended to request WFOX 3/4 time; WBBC 1/4 time - Requests facilities of WCGU, Brooklyn, N. Y. and WLTH, Brooklyn, N. Y.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2763A	NEW	Harold F. Gross Lansing, Michigan	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc 100 watts night, 250 watts LS, unlimited time. Amended as to name of applicant to partnership of Harold F. Gross, M. B. Keeler and L. A. Versluis doing business as Capitol Broadcasting Company.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

SECOND ZONE (continued)

2-ALB-487	WFBE	The Post Publishing Co. Cincinnati, Ohio	Vol. assign. of Station Lic. to WFBE, Inc. (Geo. M. Schott, President)
2-ALB-488	WSAN	Allentown Call Publishing Co. Inc., Allentown, Pa.	Vol. assign. of station Lic. to WSAN, Inc.

THIRD ZONE

3-PB-2769	WSPA	Virgil V. Evans trading as The Voice of South Carolina Spartanburg, S. C.	C. P. to move transmitter to a location in Spartanburg, S. C., to be determined subject to approval of FRC, install new 5 KW equipment, change frequency, power and hours from 1420 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts LS, unlimited hours to 850 kc, 5 KW, simultaneous daytime with WWL and share at night with WWL - Facilities of KWKH, Shreveport, Louisiana.

The nearest station on the proposed new frequency is WWL, at New Orleans which is 590 miles away and with which WSPA wishes to operate simultaneously in the daytime. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. In order to grant this application the Commission would have to take KWKH off the air. Granting of the application would also increase the quota. The Third Zone is over quota but the State of South Carolina is under quota.

3-MPB-936	WROL	Stuart Brdcstg. Corp. Knoxville, Tennessee	Mod. of C. P. granted 7/29/32 to extend date of completion to 2/1/33.
3-PB2725A	NEW	News-Times Publishing Co. El Dorado, Arkansas	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 50 watts, 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. (Daytime) - resubmitted and amended to request Daytime hours 6 a.m. to LS.

The nearest station on this frequency is KGKB, Tyler, Texas which is 170 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 80 miles. The Third Zone is over quota but the State of Arkansas is under quota.

FOURTH ZONE

None

FIFTH ZONE

None

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

January 14, 1933

DILL BILL HEARINGS MONDAY

Senator Howell, Nebraska, chairman of the subcommittee of the Interstate Commerce Committee of the Senate, announced Friday that hearings on the Dill Bill (S 5201), imposing license fees on all radio stations, will commence at 10 A. M., on Monday, January 16.

The National Association of Broadcasters has been invited to appear and express its views on the pending measure.

The bill, as outlined generally in last week's Bulletin, was at one time a part of HR 7716 but was eliminated from that bill when it was reported a second time by the Senate Committee. Senator Dill then introduced the eliminated provision as a separate bill and the Senate Committee appointed the Howell subcommittee to hold hearings on the measure.

There is general opposition to the bill and it is likely that virtually all groups holding licenses from the Government will express opposition to it at the hearings.

The Board of Directors of the NAB at a meeting last Spring voted unanimously to oppose the license fee bill and the new Board has been polled with a view to determining whether or not the position of the NAB should be changed.

BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING • • • WASHINGTON, D. C.
G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

SMALL BILL

Senator Howell, Nebraska, chairman of the subcommittee of [illegible] state Commerce Committee of the [illegible] announced Friday that hearings on [illegible] Bill (S 2201), imposing license fees on all radio stations, will commence at 10 A. [illegible] on Monday, [illegible].

The [illegible]ional Association of Broadcasters has been invited to appear [illegible] express its views on the pending measure.

The bill, as outlined generally in last week's Bulletin, was an [illegible] time a part of HR 7716 but was eliminated from that bill when it [illegible] a second time by the Senate Committee. Senator Bill then introduced the eliminated provision as a separate bill [illegible] tee appointed the Howell subcommittee to hold hearings on the measure.

There is general opposition to the bill and it is likely that virtually all groups holding licenses from the Government will express opposition to it at the hearings.

The Board of Directors of the NAB at a meeting last Spring voted to oppose the license fee bill and the new Board has been polled with a view to determining whether or not the position of the [illegible]

January 14, 1933.

DAVIS BILL AGAIN REPORTED

The Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce this week reported the Davis Bill (HR 7716) with a number of changes from the measure as previously reported on December 14.

The National Association of Broadcasters objected to certain provisions in the measure as reported on December 14 and sought hearings before the Senate Committee. Hearings were granted and the Association appeared and presented its objections.

The bill,as it then stood, provided for the abolishment of the examiners system, changed the procedure with respect to appeals, gave the Commission power to suspend licenses, and changed the law with respect to the use of facilities by political candidates.

In the revised draft as reported by the Committee, the examiner system is retained but the power of the examiners is limited to "cases not involving a change of policy by the commission, a transfer of the use of radio facilities from one zone to another, a change of regulations, new devices or developments in radio, or a new kind of use of frequencies: Provided further, That in all cases heard by an examiner the commission shall grant oral arguments on request of either party."

The provision giving the Commission power to suspend licenses was dropped and in its stead was inserted a provision giving the Commission power to impose fines up to $1,000 upon stations for violations of regulations.

The appeals section was permitted to stand substantially as in the House bill except that appeals from license revocations and fines are permitted to be taken to Federal District Courts.

The lottery section is as follows:

"No person shall broadcast by means of any radio station for which a license is required by any law of the United States, and no person, firm, or corporation operating any such station shall knowingly permit the broadcasting of, any advertisement of any lottery, gift enterprise, or similar scheme offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon lot or chance, or any list of the prizes drawn or awarded by means of any such lottery, gift enterprise, or scheme, whether said list contains any part or all of such prizes. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any provision of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; but no radio station license shall be suspended or revoked on account of any such violation."

The provision relating to political candidates is as follows:

"Sec. 14. (a) If any licensee shall permit any person who is a legally qualified candidate for any public office to use a broadcasting station, he

IV - BILL - ADAM [illegible]

The Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce [illegible] this [illegible] bill (HR 7715) with a number of changes from the [illegible] reported on December 1[illegible].

The National Association of Broadcasters objected to [illegible] in the measure as reported on December 14 and sought hearings before the Committee. Hearings were granted and the Association appeared and pre[illegible] its objections.

The bill, as it then stood, provided for the abolishment of the examiner system, changed the procedure with respect to appeals, gave the Commission power to suspend licenses, and changed the [illegible] with respect to the use of facilities by political candidates.

In the revised draft as [illegible] by the Committee [illegible] is retained but the power of the examiners is limited to [illegible] change of policy by the commission, a transfer of the [illegible] ties from one zone to another, a [illegible] regulations [illegible] mants in radio or a new kind of use of frequencies; [illegible] in all cases heard by an examiner the commission shall [illegible] oral a[illegible] request of either party.

The provision giving the Commission power to suspend licenses wa[illegible] and in its stead was [illegible] a provision giving the Commission power [illegible] times up to $1,000 upon statutory for violations or [illegible].

The [illegible] section was permitted to stand substantially as i[illegible] except that appeals from licenses revocations and fines are [illegible]

The lottery section is as follows:

"No person shall broadcast by means of any radio station [illegible] license is required by any law of the United States, or no [illegible] corporation operating any such station shall knowingly per[illegible] of, any advertisement of any lottery, gift enterprise, [illegible] prize [illegible] dent in whole or in part upon lot or chance, [illegible] drawn or awarded by means of any such lottery, gi[illegible] scheme, whether said list contains any part of all of such m[illegible] firm, or corporation violating any provision of this sect[illegible] violation thereof, be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned [illegible] year, or both; but no radio station license shall be suspend[illegible] or rev[illegible] account of any such violation."

[illegible] provision relating to political candidates is as follows:

"Se[illegible] (a) [illegible] any license shall permit any person who is a [illegible] qualified candidate for any public office to use a broadcasting station [illegible]

DAVIS BILL AGAIN REPORTED (Concluded)

shall afford equal opportunities to all other such candidates for that office in the use of such station; and if any licensee shall permit any person to use a broadcasting station in support of or in opposition to any candidate for public office, or in the presentation of views on a public question to be voted upon at an election, or by a governmental agency, he shall afford equal opportunity to an equal number of other persons to use such station in support of an opposing candidate for such public office, or to reply to a person who has used such broadcasting station in support of or in opposition to a candidate, or for the presentation of opposite views on such public question.

"(b) The commission shall make rules and regulations to carry this provision into effect. No such licensee shall exercise censorship over any material broadcast in accordance with the provisions of this subsection. No obligation is imposed upon any licensee to allow the use of his station by any candidate, or in support of or in opposition to any candidate, or for the presentation of views on any side of a public question.

"(c) The rates charged for the use of any station for any of the purposes set forth in this section shall not exceed the regular rates charged for the use of said station to advertisers furnishing regular programs, and shall not be discriminatory as between persons using the station for such purposes."

The report on the bill is not yet available.

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SOUTH CAROLINA BILL

A bill providing for the broadcasting of athletic events (H 27) has been introduced in the South Carolina legislature. The bill has been referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

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RUMOR MEXICAN POWER INCREASES

Rumors to the effect that several important Mexican broadcasting stations are planning to increase power up to 75 KW have gained currency here during the past two weeks. The stations planning power increases, the rumors have it, are older Mexican stations which are experiencing interference from stations located on the border.

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MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSING

A bill "to provide for the licensing of motor vehicle operators and chauffeurs upon the public highways and to make uniform the law relating thereto, the enforcement thereof and to provide for its operation and to provide for radio communications between sheriffs, police departments and other law enforcement agencies within the state" has been introduced in the North Carolina Senate by Senator Corey. The bill bears the number 29. It has been referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

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January 14, 1933

J. C. McNARY, NAB ENGINEER

Appointment of J. C. McNary as staff engineer of the National Association of Broadcasters was announced this week by Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director.

Mr. McNary is widely known in the radio engineering field and for the past year has been engaged in a general consulting practice in Washington.

The appointment of Mr. McNary is in line with the program mapped out at the recent St. Louis convention and while the engineer will have complete charge of the service bureau conducted by the NAB, a mojor portion of his time, for the present will be devoted to collecting technical data for use in connection with the forthcoming North American conference. Since Mr. Cogley resigned last September, the vacancy on the Managing Director's staff had not been filled.

Mr. McNary was recommended for the post by many prominent engineers. After the customary apprenticeship as a marine radio operator, and after obtaining an electrical engineering education at the University of Cincinnati, he entered the employ of the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce at Detroit, Michigan, in 1924. While in the Department's employ he was instrumental in developing apparatus and systems for frequency measurements and for field intensity measurements. Some of the earliest measurements of field intensities of broadcasting stations were made at that time in and about Detroit.

Leaving the Department of Commerce in 1929 to become a member of the staff of Bell Telephone Laboratories in New York, he was engaged in development of the Western Electric Company's synchronizing apparatus for broadcasting stations and in antenna investigations.

Since August, 1932, he has operated a frequency monitoring service with a laboratory at Chevy Chase, Maryland, in addition to engaging in a general consulting practice.

Mr.McNary will commence his new duties on January 15.

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ADVERTISING BILL UP

A bill regulating the advertising of foreign goods has been introduced in the Massachusetts legislature (S.67) by Senator Moyse. The bill has been referred to the Committee on Mercantile Affairs. The text of the measure follows:

"No person shall advertise or cause to be advertised in any newspaper published or circulated in the commonwealth or by means of radio announcements from any station within the commonwealth, or place on display or cause to be placed on display for the purpose of sale in the commonwealth, any goods which are in fact manufactured in any foreign country, unless such advertising or display plainly specifies such fact and country."

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January 14, 1933

RCA TO GIVE UP FREQUENCIES

The Radio Corporation of America this week notified the Radio Commission that it intends to give up its domestic point-to-point frequencies because of recent developments. It will apply for some ultra high frequencies which recent experiments have proved will be more useful for domestic point-to-point service, it states.

The giving up of its present frequencies will allow the corporation to withdraw from the case which has been pending in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia for a long time in connection with the allocation by the Commission of recaptured frequencies. On November 22, 1932, the Court granted the Commission permission to hold further hearings in this connection. In its communication to the Commission on this subject the Radio Corporation said in part:

"During the past six months, and since the Commission's petition to the court on June 28, 1932, and our answer on July 5, 1932, experimental work in the generation, propagation and use of the very high frequencies (those above 30,000 kc.) has been brought to a preliminary conclusion by engineers of the Radio Corporation of America. Part of the results have already been disclosed in papers very recently given by some of these engineers before the Institute of RadioEngineers; part of the results are further outlined in a general way in experimental reports already filed with your engineering division, and the application in a demonstrable practical manner has just been successfully accomplished within the past month.

"It is too early yet to reach final conclusions as to the best ultimate method of commercial application of these developments. Nevertheless present indications are that, within a reasonable time, we will know whether, as now seems to be indicated, the use of frequencies above 30,000 kc. will not make feasible point-to-point domestic radio communication of a nature quite impossible in the present bands of 3,000 to 6,000 kc.

"The application of these new developments would at once make obsolete any equipment and any radio system designed to use the frequencies upon which our applications are at present based."

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ASK FREE RADIO SERVICE

A hearing was held this week before the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce in connection with the radio bill (H. R. 11247) introduced in April of last year by Representative Rayburn of Texas, which would permit employees of steamship companies at sea to use radio facilities on ships free for personal messages. Those appearing at the hearing included: Frank W. Wozencraft, of the Radiomarine Corporation; Ralph L. Walker, Federal Radio Commission; and Anja Morgan, of the Bureau of Informal Cases, Interstate Commerce Commission. The bill would amend the Interstate Commerce Act.

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POSTPONE WOQ ARGUMENT

Because of illness of counsel, the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has postponed until February 6, hearing of argument in the appeal of Station WOQ, Kansas City, Missouri, the Unitey School of Christianity (No. 5582) against the Radio Commission.

The Court this week also denied a supplemental motion to dismiss the case of the Telegraph Herald Company against the Radio Commission (No. 5826). In this case the Commission granted Station WKBB permission to move from Joliet to Dubuque, Illinois, and the Telegraph Herald Company, although having no broadcasting station appealed to the Court against the decision. Motions have twice been made to have the Court dismiss the case, both times it having refused.

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AGAINST LICENSE

Examiner Elmer W. Pratt this week recommended that license renewal be denied Station KGEW, Fort Morgan, Colorado, in Report No. 4440.

The Examiner states in his report that "applicant failed to appear and present evidence in support of the application for license renewal." He says further that "under these circumstances, the applicant is in default and it is accordingly recommended that the application for renewal of license be denied." The station operates specified hours with 100 watts power on a frequency of 1200 kilocycles.

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WHITE NAMES NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Senator Wallace H. White, Jr., Maine, president of the American Section of the International Committee on Radio has appointed a nominating committee for officers for the ensuing year. The committee consists of Laurens W. Whittemore, New York City, Chairman; Howard S. LeRoy, Washington, D. C., and Lynne M. Lamm, Washington,D.C.

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RADIO EMPLOYMENT

Reports received by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor from 40 radio manufacturers gave their November employment at 20,051 a reduction of 2.7 per cent from October and 25.4 per cent from November 1931. The average weekly November payrolls in the same plants were $367,173 a decrease of 7.2 per cent compared with October and 32.5 per cent compared with November 1931.

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1020 CASE ARGUMENT SET

The Radio Commission this week set February 1, as the date on which it will hear oral argument in the so-called "1020 case". Stations involved in this case include: KYW, Chicago; WJAS, Pittsburgh; WFAN, WIP and WCAU, Philadelphia.

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January 14, 1933

ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION

The Radio Commission will hear an oral argument on Wednesday, January 18, at 10 a.m., sitting en banc, in the following cases:

Docket #1736	NEW	J. B. Taylor Aberdeen, South Dakota	C. P.	920 kc, 500 watts, daytime. (Facilities of KSOO).
Docket #1768	KSOO	Sioux Falls Broadcast Ass'n. Sioux Falls, South Dakota	Renewal	1110 kc, $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW limited time.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for license renewals: KFUO, Clayton, Missouri; WREC-WOAN, Memphis, Tennessee; KGKO, Wichita Falls, Texas; KHQ, Spokane, Washington; KUSD, Vermillion, South Dakota; WICC, Bridgeport, Connecticut; KGW, Portland, Oregon; WQAN, Scranton, Pennsylvania; KPRC, Houston, Texas; WOS, Jefferson City, Missouri; KHJ, Los Angeles, California.

WKBN, Youngstown, Ohio; KFRC, San Francisco, California; WGR, Buffalo, New York; KSEI, Pocatello, Idaho, KSAC, Manhattan, Kansas; KFEL, Denver, Colorado; WKY, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; WJJD, Mooseheart, Illinois; KSL, Salt Lake City, Utah; KWJJ, Portland, Oregon; WMMN, Fairmont, West Virginia; KXA, Seattle, Washington; WHAM, Rochester, New York; and WBSO, Needham, Massachusetts.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission returned applications to the following applicants because the applications were not in proper form: WCAC, Storrs, Connecticut; WICC, Bridgeport, Connecticut; KXA, Seattle, Washington; KFUO, Clayton, Missouri; WHAM, Rochester, New York; WHEB, Portsmouth, New Hampshire and WSB, Atlanta, Georgia.

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WKBS TAKEN OFF AIR

The Radio Commission this week reversed and sustained Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in Report No. 425. In the case of the application of Maurice L. Barrett for a construction permit for a new station at East St. Louis, Missouri, the Commission denied the application reversing the recommendation of the Chief Examiner.

In the same case the application of Samuel E. Yaste and Burrel Barash for a construction permit for a new station at Galesburg, Illinois, the Commission denied the permit "as in cases of default", upholding the Examiner.

The Commission denied renewal license to Station WKBS, Galesburg, Illinois, "as in case of default" upholding the Examiner and the existing temporary license of the station was terminated, taking the station off the air immediately.

In connection with taking the station off the air the Commission states that although proper and timely notice was given to Station WKBS "of the hearing to be held their applications no appearance was made by, or on behalf of said applicants and no evidence was offered in support of their applications which, in view of these facts, must be denied as in cases of default."

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January 14, 1933

SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

WCGU	U. S. Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	C. P. to move transmitter locally in Brooklyn, N. Y. and make changes in equipment; also authority to continue operation at 28-33 24th Street. Long Island City, pending Commission action on amended application.
NEW	Harold F. Gross, M. B. Keeler & L. A. Versluis, d/b as Capitol City Broadcasting Company, Lansing, Michigan	C. P. for new station, 1210 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts LS, unlimited time. (Original application heretofore set for hearing, was filed in name of Harold F. Gross only).
WILL	University of Illinois Urbana, Illinois	Requests special authority to increase power from 250 watts night, 500 watts day, to 500 watts night and 1 KW day, experimentally. (Facilities of WKBS in terms of quota units.)
NEW	John E. McGoff, Julius Schaeffer Francis Thurston, Newport, R. I.	C. P. 1500 kc, 100 watts, 9 hours per day.
WBAX	John H. Stenger, Jr. Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania	C. P. 930 kc, 250 watts, unlimited time.
WTAD	Illinois Broadcasting Corp. Quincy, Illinois	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Murphy Bldg., East St. Louis, Illinois.
WFOX	Paramount Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Mod. of Lic. to increase hours of operation from 1/4 time, sharing with WLTH, WCGU, and WBBC, to 3/4 time, sharing with WBBC only. (Facilities of WCGU and WLTH).
WLTH	Voice of Brooklyn, Inc. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Mod. of Lic. to increase hours of operation from 1/4 time, sharing with WCGU, WFOX and WBBC, to 3/4 time, sharing with WBBC only. (Facilities of WCGU and WFOX).
WHIS	Daily Telegraph Printing Co. Bluefield, West Virginia	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from sharing "equally" with station WRBX to sharing with WRBX.
WTAQ	Gillette Rubber Co. Eau Claire, Wisconsin	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from sharing with KSCJ to simultaneous operation daytime, and sharing with KSCJ at night.
KSCJ	Perkins Bros. Co. Sioux City Journal Sioux City, Iowa	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from sharing with WTAQ to simultaneous daytime and sharing with WTAQ at night.
KVOA	Robert M. Riculfi Tucson, Arizona	Cons. to vol. assign. of lic. to Arizona Broadcasting Co. Inc.

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January 14, 1933

MISCELLANEOUS ACTION

During the current week the Commission has taken the following miscellaneous action:

WTBO	Associated Broadcasting Corp. Cumberland, Maryland	Dismissed application for involuntary assignment of license and granted leave to file application for voluntary assignment of license.
	Shortwave & Television Corp. Boston, Massachusetts	Granted extension of time from January 16 to February 10, in which to file exceptions to Examiner's Report No. 440.
WNBX	WNBX, Inc. Springfield, Vermont	Granted permission to reduce schedule to minimum of five hours per day during January, February and March, because winter weather makes it impossible to secure talent and carry on programs.
WKAV	Laconia Radio Club Laconia, New Hampshire	Reconsidered and set for hearing application for renewal of license to permit inquiry into activities of station.
WOL	American Broadcasting Co. Washington, D. C.	Denied Mod. of Lic. to operate on 1270 kc, 250 watts, unlimited time, because applicants failed to enter appearance within time allowed under Rules and Regulations.
WHO	Central Broadcasting Co. Des Moines, Iowa	Granted special authority to operate simultaneously with WOC on 1000 kc, on experimental basis, for term from February 1 to August 1, 1933.
WOC	Central Broadcasting Co. Davenport, Iowa	Granted special authority to operate simultaneously with WHO on 1000 kc, on experimental basis, for term as above.
WCFL	Chicago Federation of Labor Chicago, Illinois	Granted special authority to operate unlimited time experimentally, on 970 kc, for term as above.

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RADIO STATION INCORPORATION

A bill to permit radio broadcasting stations to incorporate in the State of Texas (S. 10) has been introduced in the Texas Senate by Senator Holbrook. The bill has been referred to the Committee on Civil Jurisprudence.

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January 14, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE
WICC	Bridgeport Brdcstg. Station Inc. Bridgeport, Connecticut	Granted C. P. to move transmitter from Sport Hill Road, Easton, Conn., to Pleasure Beach, Bridgeport, - distance of 400 feet.
WIEG	Knickerbocker Brdcstg. Co. Inc. New York, N. Y.	Granted authority to use station January 11 to 18 inclusive, in connection with broadcast "Street Forum"; 2342 kc, 1 watt.
WMAS	Albert S. Moffat Springfield, Massachusetts	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to WMAS, Inc.
WJZ	National Broadcasting Co. Inc. New York, N. Y.	Granted special authorization to increase power experimentally from 30 KW to 50 KW.
		SECOND ZONE
WAZL	Hazleton Brdcstg. Service Inc. Hazleton, Pennsylvania	Granted license, 1420 kc, 100 watts, hours 6 to 10 a.m.; 9 p.m. to 12 midnight.
		THIRD ZONE
WTSL	Southland Radio Corp. Laurel, Mississippi	Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment.
WNAD	University of Oklahoma Norman, Oklahoma	Granted special authority to operate from 2 to 3:30 p.m., CST, January 18; February 1, 8, 15, 22; March 1 and 8, 1933, provided station KGGF remains silent.
NEW	The National Union Indemnity Assn. Shreveport, La.	Granted order to take depositions in re their application for C. P. scheduled for hearing February 19, 1933.
KWKH	Hello World Broadcasting Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted authority to take depositions in re application for renewal of license, a hearing on which is set for February 14.
WFBC	Greenville News--Piedmont Co. Greenville, South Carolina	Granted Mod. of C. P. to install new equipment increase daytime power from 100 to 250 watts; increase hours of operation from 1/7 time, sharing with WBHS, to unlimited. Also approved location of transmitter and extended commencement date of C. P. from December 22, 1932 to 30 days after this date, and completion date from March 22, 1933 to 120 days after this date.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

WHBQ	Broadcasting Station WHBQ, Inc. Memphis, Tennessee	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date of C. P. from January 26, 1933 to April 26, 1933.
WABZ	Samuel D. Reeks New Orleans, Louisiana	Granted renewal of lic., 1200 kc, 100 watts, sharing with WJBW. (Application for renewal heretofore set for hearing dismissed from docket because time sharing agreement was satisfactorily entered into.)
WJBW	Charles C. Caralson New Orleans, Louisiana	Granted same as above, except shares with WABZ.

FOURTH ZONE

WKBH	WKBH, Inc. LaCrosse, Wisconsin	Granted authority to operate at night from 7 to 8 p.m., instead of from 10 to 11 p.m. in order to give their rural public uninterrupted evening service during the earlier hours.
WMT	Waterloo Broadcasting Company Waterloo, Iowa	Granted order to take depositions of a number of witnesses in behalf of Waterloo Broadcasting Co. in re hearing on application for renewal of license.
WSBC	World Battery Co. Inc. Chicago, Illinois	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change name to WSBC, Inc.
KGCR	The Greater Kampeska Radio Corp. Watertown, South Dakota	Granted extension of Rule 145 to January 31, 1933.
WHA	University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin	Granted license covering local move of transmitter, installation of new equipment and increase in power from 750 watts to 1 KW, 940 kc, daytime.
WLBC	Donald A. Burton Muncie, Indiana	Granted license covering local move of transmitter, 1310 kc, 50 watts, simultaneous day shares night with WTRC.

FIFTH ZONE

KMJ	James McClatchy Co. Fresno, California	Granted license, 580 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time.
KOY	Nielson Radio & Sporting Goods Co., Phoenix, Arizona	Granted Mod. of Lic. to increase day time power from 500 watts to 1 KW.

January 14, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

KOA	National Broadcasting Co. Inc. Denver, Colorado	Granted authority to operate station at output of approximately 7 KW until installation of harmonic suppressor.
KGY	KGY, Inc. Olympia, Washington	Granted authority to broadcast proceedings at State Legislature increasing specified hours for that purpose only.
KXA	American Radio Tel. Co. Seattle, Washington	Granted special experimental authority to operate simultaneously with station WJZ from local sunset to 10 p.m., PST.
KNX	Western Broadcast Co. Los Angeles, California	Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment increasing maximum rated power from 25 KW to 50 KW.

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LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following license renewals for the regular period: WAAW, Omaha, Nebraska; WABC-WBOQ, New York, N. Y.; WAIU, Columbus, Ohio; WAPI, Birmingham, Alabama; WBAP, Fort Worth, Texas; WBBM-WJBT, Chicago, Illinois;(and auxiliary;)WBT, Charlotte, North Carolina; WBZ, Boston, Massachusetts; WBZA, Boston, Massachusetts; WCAU, Philadelphia (and auxiliary); WCBS, Zion, Illinois; WCCO, Minneapolis, Minnesota; WCFL, Chicago, Illinois.

WDGY, Minneapolis, Minnesota; WDZ, Tuscola, Illinois; WEEU, Reading, Pennsylvania; WEW, St. Louis, Missouri; WFAA, Dallas, Texas; WGN-WLIB, Chicago, Illinois; WHDH, Boston, Massachusetts; WHO, Des Moines, Iowa; WJR, Detroit, Michigan; WLW, Cincinnati, Ohio; WMAZ, Macon, Georgia; WOAI, San Antonio, Texas; (and auxiliary); WOC, Davenport, Iowa; WOR, Newark, New Jersey; WOV, New York, N. Y.; WPTF, Raleigh, North Carolina.

WRVA, Richmond, Virginia; KDKA, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania;(and auxiliary); KEX, Portland, Oregon; KFBI, Abilene, Kansas; KFBM, St. Joseph, Missouri; KFI, (and auxiliary), Los Angeles, California; KGDM, Stockton, California; KGO (and auxiliary), San Francisco, California; KJBS, San Francisco, California; KMMJ, Clay Center, Nebraska.

KMOX, St. Louis, Missouri; KNX, Los Angeles, California; KOA, (and auxiliary) Denver, Colorado; KPCB, Seattle, Washington; KPO, San Francisco, California; KRLD, Dallas, Texas; KTHS, Hot Springs, Arkansas· KVOO, Tulsa, Oklahoma; KFVD, Los Angeles, California.

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January 14, 1933

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-ALB-489	WBMS	New Jersey Brdcstg. Corp. Hackensack, New Jersey	Invol. assign. of lic. from WBMS Broadcasting Corporation.
1-PB-2777	WLTH	Voice of Brooklyn, Inc. Brooklyn, New York	C. P. to install auxiliary transmitter.
1-PB-2774	NEW	Colonial Brdcstg, Co. Inc. Springfield, Massachusetts	C. P. for new station to use 1140 kc, 500 watts, daytime.

The nearest station on the proposed frequency is WAPI, Birmingham, Alabama, which is 990 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 700 miles. Both the First Zone and the State of Massachusetts are under quota.

1-MLB-1118	WTAG	Worcester Telegram Publishing Company, Inc. Worcester, Massachusetts	Mod. of lic. to increase power from 250 watts to 250 watts night, 500 watts to local sunset.

The nearest station on the frequency 580 kilocycles of this station is CKCL, Toronto, Canada which is 300 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission, with the increased power asked, recommend a separation of 260 miles.

1-PB-2782	WPRO-WPAW	Cherry & Webb Brdcstg. Co. Providence, Rhode Island	C. P. to move transmitter from Cranston, R. I., to Providence, R. I., and change studio locally.
1-ALB-486	WTBO	Interstate Brdcstg. System Inc., Cumberland, Md.	Vol. assign. of lic. to Associated Broadcasting Corporation.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2761	NEW	William L. Slade Hamilton, Ohio	C. P. for new station to use 1420 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time. Resubmitted corrected as to equipment and map attached re proposed location.
2-MLB-1109	WEAO	Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio	Mod. of lic. to increase daytime power; change power from 750 watts to 750 watts night, 1 KW LS.

The nearest station on the same frequency is WWNC, at Asheville, North Carolina, which is 290 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 300 miles with the increased power. Both the Second Zone and the State of Ohio are under quota.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE

3-PB-2779	NEW	Wilmington Brdcstg. Co. R. A. Dunlea, Secretary Wilmington, North Carolina	C. P. for new station to use 1370 kc, 100 watts, share time with WRAM Requests facilities WRAM, Wilmington, North Carolina.
3-MLB-1119	WDBO	Orlando Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Orlando, Florida	Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 250 watts to 500 watts night, 1 KW LS. Requests facilities withdrawn from WRUF, Gainesville, Florida.

The nearest station on the frequency of 580 kilocycles on which WDBO operates is WOBU, Charleston, West Virginia, which is 680 miles away. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. Both the Third Z one and the State of Florida are over quota.

FOURTH ZONE

4-PB-2771	WHFC	WHFC, Inc. Cicero, Illinois	C. P. to install new transmitter and change frequency from 1420 to 1310 kc, exchange frequency with WKBB & WCLS - Facilities WKBB, Joliet, Ill., and WCLS, Joliet, Ill.
4-MLB-1111	WEHS	WEHS, Inc. Cicero, Illinois	Mod. of lic. to change frequency from 1420 to 1310 kc, exchange frequency with WCLS - Requests facilities WCLS, Joliet, Illinois.
4-MLB-1112	WKBI	WKBI, Inc. Cicero, Illinois	Mod. of lic. to change frequency from 1420 to 1310 kc, exchange frequency with WCLS - Requests facilities WCLS, Joliet, Illinois.
4-PB-2772	WCLS	WCLS, Inc. Joliet, Illinois	C. P. to change equipment and change frequency from 1310 to 1420 kc - Exchange frequency with WEHS, WHFC, WKBI. Requests facilities WEHS, WHFC, WKBI, Cicero, Illinois.

The four above applications should be considered as a whole. Stations WHFC, WEHS and WKBI, all at Cicero, Illinois, using 1420 kilocycles have applied for 1310 kilocycles and Station WCLS, Joliet, Illinois, now operating on 1310 kilocycles asks to use 1420 kilocycles. Should Station WCLS, Joliet, Illinois,be granted 1420 kilocycles the nearest station on that frequency would be KWCR, Cedar Rapids, Iowa which is 180 miles distant. Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Should the Cicero stations be allowed to go to 1310 kilocycles the nearest station on that frequency is WTRC, Elkhart, Illinois, which is 90 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Granting of the applications would not change the State or Zone quota.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

4-PB-2775	KGIZ	Grant City Park Corp. Grant City, Missouri	C. P. to move transmitter & studio to Maryville, Missouri.

The nearest station on the same frequency is WKBB, Joliet, Illinois, which is 100 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. The quota would not be changed.

4-PB-2776	KGFX	Dana McNeil Pierre, South Dakota	C. P. to change equipment in order to change modulation system.
4-PB-2780	NEW	George W. Jenkins Lincoln, Nebraska	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts night, 250 watts LS unlimited hours. Requests all facilities of KFOR, Lincoln, Nebr.
4-MPB-408	WKBB	Sanders Brothers Radio Station, East Dubuque, Ill.	Mod. of C. P. granted 10/21/32 to extend dates of commencement and completion to 2/21/33 and 5/21/33 respectively.
4-PB-2783	KGBX	KGBX, Inc. Springfield, Missouri	C. P. for changes in equipment, change frequency and increase power from 1310 kc, 100 watts to 1340 kc, 250 watts. Requests facilities of KGIZ, Grant City, Missouri.

The nearest station on the proposed new frequency is WCOA, Pensacola, Florida, which is 590 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. Both the Fourth Zone and the State of Missouri are over quota. Granting of this application would increase the quota.

FIFTH ZONE

5-MLB-113	KXL	KXL Broadcasters Portland, Oregon	Mod. of lic. for authority to use auxiliary transmitter as main transmitter.
5-MLB-1107	KFXJ	R. G. Howell & Chas. Howell Western Slope Brdcstg. Co. Grand Junction, Colorado	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from Specified Hours to Unlimited. Requests facilities of KGEW, Fort Morgan, Colorado in quota units.

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LICENSE APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission received the following applications for licenses for which construction permits have been issued: KXL, Portland, Oregon, and KPQ, Wenatchee, Washington.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

January 21, 1933

DILL BILL HEARING

Hearings on the Dill license fee bill (S 5201) were held before a subcommittee of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee on Monday.

Representatives of various classes of licensees appeared before the subcommittee and expressed opposition to the measure.

The National Association of Broadcasters opposed the imposition of license fees on several grounds.

The point was raised at the hearing that inasmuch as the bill was in effect a revenue producing measure it properly should originate in the House of Representatives rather than in the Senate.

The Senate Interstate Commerce Committee's report on the Davis Bill (HR 7716) was made available this week. The report reveals that many of the objections raised by the National Association of Broadcasters were met by the Committee in revising the measure as originally reported.

Prospects for radio legislation during the present short session of Congress, which expires on March 4, suffered by reason of the filibuster in the Senate against the Glass banking bill. There are but six weeks left in the present session and annual appropriation bills have the right of way over other legislation.

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January 21, 1933.

NAB OPPOSES DILL BILL

License fees imposed by the Government under the Dill license fee bill (S 5201) would be paid at the expense of public service, Henry A. Bellows, chairman of the NAB Legislative Committee, told the Howell subcommittee of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee during hearings on the measure last Monday (January 16).

Chairman Bellows reviewed statistics included in the Commission's report to the Senate in response to the Couzens-Dill resolution in support of his contention.

"Of course," he said, "these figures do not mean that if license fees are required by law, the broadcasting industry of America will immediately collapse. Some stations, many of them now rendering a meritorious public service in the smaller communities, will undoubtedly surrender their licenses through inability to stand up under their fast accumulating burdens, but in most cases the fees will doubtless be paid somehow. Inevitably they will be paid largely at the expense of public service. At present, with no margin of profits to draw on, every added burden on broadcasting means either less money spent on programs, or, more serious still, less money spent on physical equipment. These fees must be paid largely in terms of transmitters not kept up to date, defective microphones not replaced, which means simply in terms of poorer service to the 50 million radio listeners."

"The direct burden of expense, of course, is the first reason why the broadcasters protest against the enactment of this measure. But there are other and more far-reaching objections to it. The Congress has very wisely declared that a radio license confers no vested or property right, and has undertaken to prevent any commercial traffic in such licenses. Nevertheless, it is now seriously proposed that the government itself shall put all radio licenses up for sale, even to the extent of fixing different money values for different types of frequency and power authorization."

"How can the government, having sold a radio license for a price fixed by law, claim that the purchaser has not actually bought something in which he has a definite property right? How do you think the courts would interpret such a purchase? If it is your purpose to 'freeze' the radio situation so that the Federal Radio Commission is left powerless to act, this bill will certainly do it."

"And yet it is proposed to have radio hire the Commission -- 'help pay the cost of regulation' is the precise phrase used. Has it ever been proposed that the railroads should pay the salaries of the Interstate Commerce Commission? Are the veterans expected to contribute to the upkeep of the Veterans' Bureau? If the power interests were to offer to assume the payroll of the Federal Power Commission, Congress and the public would very properly be outraged. And yet the government agency which is by law directed to regulate radio in the public interest is to be put on the payroll of the radio companies."

"Broadcasting is already paying taxes proportionately heavier than most other forms of industry, because, in addition to all the usual forms of taxation, it is now compelled, by a ruling of the Bureau of Internal Revenue which seems to us directly at variance with the meaning of the Revenue Act of 1932, to pay a special tax on electrical power, which is its raw material. In proportion to its invested capital, broadcasting is paying exceptionally heavy local taxes, directly and indirectly, owing to the large amount of space required for its studios, and the fact that a proper transmitter location requires from six to twelve acres of land. If the broadcaster is lucky enough to be making any money, he is paying

his full share of taxes on his profits. If, as is more likely, he is operating at a current loss, he is still paying proportionately far more in taxes than most people in like case in his community."

"The burden falls most heavily on the small station with limited financial resources. The figures in Senate Document No. 137 (pages 47-48) show that for 342 such stations, gross receipts in 1931 were $10,007,631.69, and gross expenditures $10,118,230.56 -- a net loss of $110,598.87. This, of course, was before the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers began levying its super-tax of three per cent -- next year to be four per cent, and the year after that five -- on all receipts from sale of time, before the tax on electrical power, before business had reached the low ebb of 1932. Under the proposed bill, these 342 little stations would pay a total licensee fee bill of about $71,000."

"But if this bill becomes law, the larger stations will be able to pay the required fees. They can economize on talent, on their non-commercial programs, on their equipment -- all at the expense of the public, of course -- because their operating budgets are large enough so that there is still room for shrinkage. It is the little station, with its operating costs already down to bedrock, the station with no strong organization behind it, but still striving to render a good service to its community, that this bill really threatens."

James W. Baldwin, secretary of the Federal Radio Commission, was the first witness to appear. He told the sub-committee that the revenue which the bill would produce would amount to $734,073 while the estimated cost of regulation for the fiscal year 1934 would be $754,427. Broadcasting would pay $296,899 of the total sum in license fees, he said. He suggested various clarifying amendments to the measure.

John C. Gall, secretary of the National Association of Manufacturers, opposed the principle involved in the bill.

"The principle sought to be established here is far broader than its immediate application to the radio industry might indicate," he said. "It ignores the public benefits claimed for government regulation by saddling the cost of regulation on the industry regulated. It would lend impetus to regulation of various industries upon a showing that all costs of regulation would be borne by the industry. It would make difficult, if not impossible, abolition of unnecessary regulatory bodies so long as they showed ability of the industries regulated to meet the 'tariff' thus imposed. If this is sound policy for the Radio Commission, the same argument can be made for the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Shipping Board, the Packers and Stockyards Administration, and many other bodies."

"Broadcasting is supported by advertising. If it were not for the paid programs the people of the United States would not enjoy the remarkable range of entertainment and educational programs which they receive today for the mere 'tuning in'. Manufacturers of nationally known products are the chief source of broadcasting revenues. This bill penalizes them for the use of this medium, for in the final analysis fees and other exactions levied against the broadcasters will be paid by their patrons. They will largely occupy the role of collectors. There is no sound reason why they should pay the cost of regulation designed, not for their primary benefit, but for the benefit of the listening public."

"Finally, may I suggest that the bill before the Committee is in reality a tax bill. It is frankly predicated on the intention to raise revenue for the support of a particular governmental agency. It is therefore no different than if it were designed to raise revenue for the general support of government, without being earmarked for the Radio Commission.

" Article I, Section 7 of the Constitution of the United States says: 'All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives ...'" This provision has been the subject of many parliamentary interpretations, and the question of what is a revenue bill has been before the Supreme Court of the United States at least seven times. The uniform decision is against the authority of the Senate to originate a measure such as the one now before your Committee."

Edwin H. Duff of the American Steamship Owners Association stated that he regarded the proposed fee as a 'hardship' on the steamships, since they are required by law to carry radio equipment.

E. J. Coltrane, representing the National Committee on Education by Radio, said the bill is 'unsound in principle' in that it 'taxes' educational stations. If the Federal Government levies a charge here, he pointed out, it logically follows that it would levy a tax on universities and colleges maintained by State governments.

Senator Dill (Dem) of Washington, and Senator Howell (Rep.) of Nebraska, said it was not a tax but a fee for a privilege or service.

Charles F. Dolle, representing Catholic educational stations, said he agreed with Coltrane and believed that educational stations should be exempt from the charges.

W. A. Winterbottom, vice president and general manager of the Radio Corporation of America, and traffic superintendent of radio communications, stated that the fees add an additional burden to the young industry and are unfair. He asserted that the fees imposed represent 'unfair discrimination' against this form of communication. The existence of 29 cables connecting the United States with foreign countries which carry 80 per cent of the communications yet have no such license burdens imposed on them.

The cost to RCA, he asserted, will amount to between $12,000 and $15,000 annually. He said RCA does not object to fees but does to discrimination. Radio communications, he explained, are in competition with cables and the charge is burdensome and unequal.

K. B. Warner, Hartford, Conn. general manager of the American Radio Relay League, representing 30,000 amateur operators, told the Committee that such operators should be excluded from the provisions of the bill.

R. A. Pearson, chairman of the Executive Committe, Association of Land Grant Colleges and Universities, also testified in regard to stations operated by such institutions.

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January 21, 1933

DAVIS BILL IS REPORTED

The Senate Interstate Commerce Committee on January 11, reported favorably the amended Davis radio bill (HR 7716) which has already passed the House. When the bill was first reported by the Senate during the present session the NAB sought hearings on the measure. Hearings were granted and various suggestions for changes in the measure offered. Many of these suggestions were adopted in the bill as finally reported.

High spots in the report are as follows:

"This bill amends 12 different sections of the radio act of 1927 by clarifying and amplifying provisions dealing chiefly with procedure and administration, and also contains a section forbidding the broadcast by means of any radio station, any information concerning any lottery, gift enterprise, or similar scheme, offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon lot or chance, and fixing a penalty for such violation."

"Paragraph (k) of the same section is amended by setting forth with more particularity the procedure under which the commission shall conduct its hearings. The amendment specifically authorized the holding of public hearings, provides they may be held at any designated place, and designates who may hold hearings and the authority of such persons.

"Your committee has amended the House text by striking out those words that authorize all hearings to be held by examiners or other employees of the commission and restricted the use of examiners for holding hearings.

"Under the existing law the commission has assumed the authority to empower examiners appointed by the commission to hold hearings. The present law simply provides that the commission shall hold hearings and then, in another part of the law, examiners are mentioned among those that may be appointed by the commission.

"During recent months the commission has directed that examiners hold practically all hearings. In some cases parties to contest before the commission have found it impossible to secure hearings before the commission and have not been able even to make an argument to the commission after an examiner had taken all the testimony. Under present procedure there seems to be little justification for the continuation of five commissioners unless the commissioners are to conduct the hearings and do the work originally intended by the law. If this policy is to continue, it would seem to be in the interest of economy to cut the commission to three members or to a director of radio.

"Your committee believes it more desirable that the commission should hold all important hearings and secure more personal knowledge of contests by this method, and for that reason has provided that all hearings on major radio questions shall be held by the commission, or by a commissioner, or by a number of commissioners as the commission may designate.

"An amendment to the House text provides that the commission may authorize an examiner to hold certain hearings, but that in such cases the commission shall permit an oral argument on the request of either party."

"Section 9 amends section 14 of the radio act relating to the revocation of licenses. The House language provided for revocation, modification, or suspension. Your committee believes that a fine is preferable to modification or suspension, and has provided that licenses may be revoked or the owner fined not to exceed $1,000 in case of violation of the law. Your committee also believes a definite period of "15 days" is preferable to the "reasonable opportunity" provided by the House language.

"Section 10 substitutes for section 16 of the radio law a simpler and more effications procedure in appeals. Your committee has added provisions giving the licensee whose license is revoked, or the owner who has been fined, the right to appeal in the lower district court instead of being required to come to Washington, D. C., to prosecute his appeal in the district courts of the District of Columbia. This is of particular advantage to the owners of small stations located a long distance from the District of Columbia. It will result also in questions of radio law being submitted to judges of the district courts and circuit courts of appeals instead of all radio law questions being passed upon by the District Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia. This is especially important from the standpoint of building up a series of legal interpretations of radio law by different inferior courts of the United States."

"Section 13 is a new provision in the radio law, and provides that no person shall broadcast by means of any radio station, for which a license is required by any law of the United States, any information concerning any lottery, gift enterprise, or similar scheme, offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon lot or chance, etc. and provides penalties for such offense, upon conviction thereof. The committee does not think that the United States should permit any radio station, licensed and regulated by the Government, to engage in such unlawful practices. Furthermore, the broadcast of such information is unfair to the newspapers, which are forbidden the use of the mails, if they contain such information.

"Your committee has substituted a new section for section 13. The purpose of the new section is identical with the section passed by the House, but your committee believes the language of the new section more nearly places radio stations on the same basis as newspapers in connection with broadcasting information as to lotteries.

"Your committee has added section 14 as a new section. This amendment strikes out section 18 of the radio act of 1927 and substitutes the language of section 14.

"The purpose of this amendment is to extend the requirement of equality of treatment of political candidates to supporters and opponents of candidates, and public questions before the people or a legislature or city council for a vote. It also prohibits any increased charge for political speeches.

"No station owner is required to permit the use of his station for any of these purposes, but if a station permits one candidate or the supporters or opponents of a candidate, or of a public question upon which the people are to vote, then the requirement of equality of treatment and of no higher rates than the ordinary advertising rates shall be charged.

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January 21, 1933

SHULER LOSES APPEAL

The United States Supreme Court this week refused a writ of certiorari in the "Bob" Shuler case, thereby upholding the action of the Radio Commission in taking his station off the air.

The Shuler station was taken off the air on November 13, 1931 by the Commission. On November 30, he asked the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia for a stay order to allow the station to operate while the case was being heard. This was denied. The case was argued before the Court of Appeals in November 1932 and the Court upheld the Commission. Shuler then asked the Supreme Court to review the case and this has just been denied.

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NEW CALL LETTER LIST

The Radio Commission has prepared a new call letter list as of January 1, 1933. The list will be sent to all of the broadcasting stations in the United States and will be mailed from Washington not later than Wednesday, January 25. The lists will not be sold at the Government Printing Office as they were before. They are mimeographed. If copies do not reach members in a reasonable time they can be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission or from the headquarters of NAB.

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RMA MOVES TO WASHINGTON

Headquarters of the Radio Manufacturers Association were removed from Chicago to Washington this month. The Washington office will be in charge of Bond Geddes, general manager of the Association, who is a lawyer, and former Washington newspaper man, and who is well qualified to carry on the legislative and other Capital activities of the RMA.

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FRASER GETS CBS POST

Ferrin Fraser, noted novelist and short story writer, has been appointed director of continuity for the Columbia Broadcasting System, succeeding Donald Clark's resignation. At the same time, it was announced that Marion R. Parsonnet, actor-producer of stage and radio drama, has been named dramatic director for the network.

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WMAL LEASED BY NBC

Station WMAL, Washington, D. C. has been leased by the National Broadcasting Company for a period of five years and will operate the station as a part of its Blue Network, beginning February 1. The lease was signed on Saturday, January 14.

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January 21, 1933

RCA PROPOSES HIGH FREQUENCY NETWORK

In a statement filed with the Federal Radio Commission, the Radio Corporation of America indicated its willingness to withdraw the long-litigated applications for transcontinental channels between 1500 and 6000 kilocycles as a result of recent developments in the ultra-high frequency (greater than 30,000 kilocycles).

It is claimed that researches conducted within the past several years have disclosed a practical value for the ultra-high frequencies for point-to-point communication. While the system was not revealed in its entirely, it appeared that means have been developed whereby "repeater" stations may be utilized for extending the limited range of the ultra-high frequency transmissions, thus making a nation-wide network of stations within the realm of possibility.

The large number of possible channels utilizing frequencies greater than 30,000 kilocycles and the relative ease with which such transmission may be concentrated in a beam facilitate the simultaneous operation of an adequate number of stations. Many possibilities are claimed for the channels. Television and fac-simile transmission, in particular, might benefit by the wider band widths possible permitting improved transmission.

No immediate probability of using the ultra-high frequencies for broadcasting purposes is suggested, although the establishment of point-to-point circuits in the United States might conceivably create a competitor to the present land-line circuits for network operation.

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ADVERTISER AWARDED DAMAGES AGAINST BROADCASTER

A decision of interest to radio was announced in December by the Supreme Court of the State of Washington in the case of Pearce et al. v. Puget Sound Broadcasting Company et al. Pearce and his wife, in the radio advertising business, sued KVI and KOL for damages for breach of contract. It was alleged that KVI entered into a contract with Pearce to broadcast a certain advertisement over a Seattle station at a certain time; and that KOL adopted and assumed this contract, and then breached it by changing the period on the air and selling it to another Seattle advertiser.

KOL defended on the ground that Pearce had not paid two months rent and had therefore broken the contract first since the right to terminate for non-payment had been written into the agreement; but the Court held that the defense was not good since at the time it was not given as the reason for discontinuing the broadcast - and if it had been given as a reason Pearce could have cured the situation by paying the cost.

Pearce was permitted to introduce evidence showing that he lost or had reduced eleven accounts which he had prior to the breach, in spite of the contention of KOL that this evidence was too conjectural and too speculative.

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January 21, 1933

COOLIDGE MEMORIAL PROGRAM

A radio memorial service in tribute to the contributions of the late Calvin Coolidge to radio was conducted over Station WOR, New York. The principal speaker was O. H. Caldwell, appointed by President Coolidge as one of the original members of the Radio Commission. Caldwell related Coolidge's instruction to the new commissioners after their appointment in 1927. "Gentlemen," the president said, "I do not know how to do your radio job. But there is one principle which I have observed all my official life, and have found it useful. Whenever I am in doubt about my official course, I get out the law itself, and I read it all through again. And almost without fail, I have found that the language of the law itself gives me the answer, on which I can go ahead confidently to do my duty."

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AUTHORIZE RADIO CORPORATIONS

A bill (S.B.10) authorizing the State of Texas to grant corporate charters to radio broadcasting companies has been introduced in the Texas Senate by Senator Holbrook. The bill provides that "corporations may be created for, or after being created, charters may be amended to include the construction, maintenance and operation of radio broadcasting equipment and stations." The bill has been referred to the Civil Jurisprudence Committee.

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NEW ZEALAND'S COPYRIGHT PROBLEM

When a broadcasting company in New Zealand found it impossible to comply with the demands of copyright owners the New Zealand Government suspended the copyright law for one year. During the period of suspension an agreement was reached.

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AMERICAN SECTION TO MEET

The first meeting this winter of the American Section of the International Committee on Radio will be held at the University Club, Washington, D. C., Tuesday, January 24, according to announcement made by Senator Wallace H. White, Jr., of Maine, President. Judge Eugene O. Sykes, acting chairman of the Radio Commission and Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, chief engineer, both members of the American Delegation to the Madrid Radio Conference will talk on the results of the conference. A dinner will preceed the meeting. Election of officers will be held.

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RADIO TAX REFUND

The Bureau of Internal Revenue has announced a refund of $191,515.53 to the Grigsby-Grunow Company, of Chicago for over assessment of income tax for the fiscal year ending May 31, 1929.

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January 21, 1933

WCGU GETS RENEWAL RECOMMENDATION

In Report No. 445 this week by Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost, recommendation is made that the license of Station WCGU, Brooklyn, New York, be renewed. The station operates on a frequency of 1400 kc, 500 watts power sharing time with Stations WFOX WBBC and WLTH.

The Examiner found that the present owner, the United States Broadcasting Corporation "is legally, technically and financially qualified to continue the operation of Station WCGU in the public interest, convenience and necessity."

The Examiner states further that "the financial condition of applicant prior to the new interests assuming control of Station WCGU October 5, 1932, in all probability adversely affected the public service record of this station. However, the present financial condition of applicant, its ownership and management warrant a finding that the future operation of this station will be successful and in the public interest."

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DUBILIER CASE IN SUPREME COURT

Argument was heard this week in the United States Supreme Court in connection with the government's case against the Dubilier Condenser Corporation relative to radio patents.

Francis W. Dunmore and Percival D. Lowell, radio experts in the Bureau of Standards obtained patents relating to the use of residence alternating current in radio receiving sets which they assigned to the corporation. The case involves the general question of whether employees of the Bureau can acquire patents to inventions achieved while engaged in research work in the scope of their general employment. The lower courts upheld the two scientiests.

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RECOMMENDS WKRC RENEWAL

In his report (No. 446) this week Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost recommended that the application of Station WKRC, Cincinnati, Ohio, for license renewal be granted "undonditionally" so as to authorize it to continue to operate unlimited time on the 550 kilocycle assignment on which it now operates with 500 watts power.

The Chief Examiner further recommends "that the applicant be authorized to install the directional antenna system proposed, and to operate Station WKRC with 500 watts, unconditionally, and with an additional 500 watts power, Provided, the proposed directional antenna system shall be erected and operated in such a manner as to radiate signals in the direction of St. Louis, Missouri and Buffalo, New York, approximately equivalent to the energy which would be radiated in these directions if Station WKRC operated with 500 watts power using its present quarter wave antenna system."

It is stated further by the Examiner that "if the proposed directional antenna system functions as calculated and predicted by the witness McNary, the interference received by other stations on the 550 kilocycle frequency from Station WKRC will be materially reduced below the degree of interference which Station WKRC would cause to them if operated with only 500 watts power using a conventional quarter wave antenna."

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January 21, 1933

KELW AND KTM GET LICENSE RENEWALS

The Radio Commission on Friday overruled Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in his Report No. 413 and renewed the licenses of Stations KELW, Burbank, California, and KTM, Los Angeles, California. Both of the stations asked full time on their frequency of 780 kilocycles but this was denied in both cases. Acting Chairman Sykes did not participate in the decisions.

The Commission stated that "each of the applicant stations now seems to be rendering a generally good local service and the licensee thereof appears to be in a position to continue its operation in a proper manner.

"No showing is made in the redord", the Commission continues, "that would justify the withdrawal of the facilities now assigned either of the applicant stations in order to assign such facilities to the other, and each of the applicants has now expressed its desire to withdraw prosecution of its applications requesting unlimited time operation."

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EXAMINER UPHELD AND OVERRULED

Allen W. Marshall, Sr., Allen W. Marshall Jr., and Guy A. Malcolm were granted permission to erect a new broadcasting station at La Grange, Georgia, using 1500 kilocycles with 100 watts power thereby overruling Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in his Report No. 432 while Station WRDW, Augusta, Georgia,had its license renewed on the same frequency upholding the Examiner in a decision rendered Friday by the Commission.

The Commission found that La Grange does not receive satisfactory radio service now and that the establishment of the proposed new station "would afford listeners in that area at least one satisfactory daytime program service. It was also found that the service now rendered by WRDW "appears to be generally meritorious and adapted to meet the needs of the area served."

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RADIO ADVERTISING TAX PROPOSED

The sales tax bill proposed by the Governor of Texas (not yet introduced) includes a three per cent tax on advertising by radio. Publishing of newspapers would also be taxed under the Texas Governor's proposal.

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TRAVELING STATION SELLS ADVERTISING

The only traveling broadcasting station in Australia sells advertising to pay for its expenses as it passes from one town to another in the Commonwealth, according to a report to the Commerce Department from Trade Commissioner H. P. Van Blarcom, Sydney, Australia.

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January 21, 1933

RCA-GRIGSBY-GRUNOW SETTLEMENT

The Radio Corporation of America has announced that "an amicable agreement has been reached for settlement of the litigation pending in the United States District Court at Kansas City, Missouri, between the Grigsby-Grunow Company and the Radio Corporation of America, General Electric Company, Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company and others." The Grigsby-Grunow Company has released the other companies from all claims involved in the case and that company "has executed the standard supplemental radio receiving set license. The standard radio tube license has also been issued to the Grigsby-Grunow Company for a period of five years with an option to extend it for an additional five year period."

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NOTICE

Officials of WJR call attention to the fact that a man representing himself as H. W. Sanders or Phil Howard has been applying for a position with broadcasting stations representing himself as a former employe of the Detroit station. No such person by either of these names has ever been employed by WJR.

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AFA TO MEET IN GRAND RAPIDS

The 1933 meeting of the Advertising Federation of America will be held in Grand Rapids, Michigan, this Spring. It is likely that a meeting of the NAB Commercial Section will be scheduled at the time of the AFA meeting. The NAB is affiliated with the AFA.

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WEHC HEARING SCHEDULED

The application of Station WEHC, Emory and Henry College, to move its station to Charlottesville, Virginia, and to operate on a frequency of 1350 kc with 500 watts during daytime hours is scheduled for hearing on Thursday, January 26, at 10 a.m. Station WLVA, Lynchburg, Virginia has filed a protest against the move.

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ARGENTINE BROADCASTING CONCENTRATED

Argentina is one of several countries in which broadcasting is concentrated in the neighborhood of a single city, according to a review of Argentina's radio development prepared by the Commerce Department's Electrical Division.

Of 39 stations in the country, 22 are scattered through the city of Buenos Aires and most of the remainder are located within a few miles of the Capital, according to Assistant Trade Commissioner G. L. Thrall, one of the main contributors to the report of the Department.

It is also estimated that two-thirds of the 500,000 receiving sets in Argentina are in Buenos Aires. Four-fifths of the total population, however, is to be found in other localities.

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The Radio Corporation of America has announced that "as a [illegible] for settlement of the litigation pending [illegible] in Kansas City, Missouri, between the Grigsby-Grunow Company [illegible] of America, General Electric [illegible], Westinghouse [illegible] Company and others," The Grigsby-Grunow Company has released the [illegible] from all claims involved in the case and that company "has executed the [illegible] radio receiving set licenses. The standard radio tube licenses [illegible] issued to the Grigsby-Grunow Company for a period of five years with [illegible]

[illegible]

Officials of WLW call attention to the fact [illegible] a man [illegible] Sanders or Phil Howard has been applying for a position with broadcasting [illegible] representing himself as a former employe of the Detroit station. No such person by either of these names has ever been employed by [illegible]

RATES

[illegible] 1938 meeting of the American Federation of America will be held [illegible], Michigan, this Spring. [illegible] likely that a meeting of the NAB Commercial [illegible] will be scheduled at the [illegible] of the AWA meeting. The NAB is at [illegible] AWA.

[illegible]

[illegible] station WSAZ, Huntington, Ohio, to move its studio [illegible] Charleston, Virginia, and to operate on a frequency of [illegible] kc with 500 watts during daytime hours, is scheduled for hearing on [illegible] January 26, at [illegible] a.m. [illegible], Virginia has filed a protest against the move.

MONTEVIDEO BROADCASTING CONSOLIDATED

Uruguay is one of several countries in which broadcasting is concentrated [illegible] neighborhood of a single city, according to a review of Uruguay's radio [illegible] prepared by the Commerce Department's Electrical Division.

[illegible] 39 stations in the country, 22 are scattered through the city of Buenos [illegible] most of the remainder are located within a few miles of the capital, [illegible] Assistant Trade Commissioner G. [illegible] Thrall, one of the main contributors to [illegible] the Department.

It is also estimated that two-thirds of the 500,000 receiving sets in Ur[illegible] Four-fifths of the total population, however, is to be [illegible] in other localities.

January 21, 1933

HEARINGS SET

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

WHFC	WHFC, Inc. Cicero, Illinois	C. P. to install new transmitter, change frequency from 1420 to 1310 kc. (Facilities of WKBB, and WCLS).
WCLS	WCLS, Inc. Joliet, Illinois	C. P. to make changes in equipment and to change frequency from 1310 to 1420 kc. (Facilities of WEHS, WHFC, WKBD).
WEHS	WEHS, Inc. Cicero, Illinois	Mod.of Lic. to change frequency from 1420 to 1310 kc. (Facilities of WCLS).
WKBI	WKBI, Inc. Cicero, Illinois	Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1420 to 1310 kc. (Facilities of WCLS).
NEW	Copper Electric Co. Inc. Lowell, Arizona	C. P. for new station 1200 kc, 100 watts, daytime.
WBMS	N. J. Brdcstg. Corp. Applicant WBMS Brdcstg. Corp. Licensee Hackensack, N. J.	Consent to Involuntary assign. of Lic. to New Jersey Broadcasting Corporation.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week at the request of the applicants the Commission dismissed the following applications:

WRNY	Aviation Radio Station, Inc. New York, N. Y.	Mod. of Lic. 1010 kc, 250 watts. (Facilities of WQAO-WPAP).
NEW	Central Broadcasting Co. Davenport, Iowa	C. P. 600 kc, 250 watts, 500 watts LS, unlimited time.
NEW	Radio Station WBHS, Inc. Huntsville, Alabama	C. P. 1200 kc, 100 watts, shares with WFBC uses 6/7 time (Facilities of WBHS).

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AUTO RADIO LAW PROPOSED

A bill (S. 141) to amend the Penal Law of New York making it a misdemeanor to equip an automobile with a short wave length radio receiving set without securing permit therfor has been introduced in the New York Senate by Senator Cilano. The bill has been referred to the Committee on Codes.

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January 21, 1933

LICENSE RENEWALS

During the current week the Commission granted the following license renewals for the regular period: WBAL, Baltimore, Maryland; WEAF, New York, N. Y. and auxiliary; WENR-WBCN and auxiliary, Chicago, Illinois; WESG, Elmira, N. Y.; WGN-WLIB and auxiliary Chicago, Illinois; WGY and auxiliary, Schenectady, N. Y.; WHAM, Rochester, N. Y.; WHB, Kansas City, Missouri; WINS, New York, N. Y.; WJAG, Norfolk, Nebraska; WLS, Chicago, Illinois; WMAQ, Chicago, Illinois; WMBI, Chicago, Illinois.

WPG, Atlantic City, New Jersey; WSM, Nashville, Tennessee; WTAM, Cleveland, Ohio; WTIC, Hartford, Connecticut KGU, Honolulu, T. H.; KJR, Seattle, Washington; KOB, Albuquerque, New Mexico; KSL, Salt Lake City, Utah; KWJJ, Portland, Oregon.

WOWO	Main Auto Supply Co. Fort Wayne, Indiana	Granted special authority to operate simultaneously during daytime with Station WWVA until August 1, 1933, pending Commission's action on application for renewal and Mod. of Lic.
WWVA	West Virginia Brdcstg. Corp. Wheeling, West Virginia	Granted as above, except to operate simultaneously with WOWO.
KSOO	Sioux Falls Broadcast Assn. Inc. Sioux Falls, South Dakota	Granted special authority to continue operation daily to 6:30 p.m., CST, and Sunday nights beginning at 9:30 CST, with reduction of power to 1 KW; authority granted to August 1, pending Commission's action on renewal of license.

The following stations were granted temporary renewal of licenses subject to such action as the Commission may take on their pending applications for renewal: WHAS, Louisville, Kentucky; WORK, York, Pennsylvania; WOWO, Ft.Wayne, Indiana; WRAX, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WRUF, Gainesville, Florida; WWL, New Orleans, Louisiana; WWVA, Wheeling, West Virginia; KSOO, Sioux Falls, South Dakota; KWKH, Shreveport, Louisiana and KYW-KFKX, Chicago, Illinois.

KFAB	KFAB Broadcasting Co. Lincoln, Nebraska	Granted temporary renewal of license subject to satisfactory reduction of 4th harmonic.

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TO REGULATE ADVERTISING

A bill (H. 611) to prevent advertisements tending to announce discrimination against individuals, classes, sects and religious denominations in places of public accommodation, resort, amusement or entertainment was introduced in the Massachusetts legislature by Representative Cohen. The bill has been referred to the Joint Judiciary Committee.

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January 21, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE
WHDH	Matheson Radio Co. Inc. Boston, Massachusetts	Granted authority to determine operating power of station by direct antenna measurement.
		SECOND ZONE
WHDF	Upper Michigan Brdcstg. Co. Calumet , Michigan	Granted authority to discontinue operation for the period February 1 to May 1, 1933.
WFAN	Keystone Broadcasting Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Pennsylvania Broadcasting Company.
WFBE	The Post Publishing Co. Cincinnati, Ohio	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Radio Station WFBE, Inc. (George M. Schott, President).
WOBU	WOBU, Inc. Charleston, West Virginia	Granted WOBU and WSAZ's request to continue hearing 30 days from Jan. 23, in re application for Mod. of Lic. of Station WIBW.
WSAZ	WSAZ, Inc. Huntington, West Virginia	Granted WOBU and WSAZ's request to continue hearing 30 days from Jan. 23, in re application for Mod. of Lic. of Station WIBW.
		THIRD ZONE
WROL	Stuart Broadcasting Corp. Knoxville, Tennessee	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from Dec. 28, 1932, to Feb. 1, 1933.
WAMC	Raymond C. Hammett Anniston, Alabama	Granted renewal of license for the regular period.
KWWG	Frank P. Jackson Brownsville, Texas	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.
	City of Shreveport, La. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted request to take depositions in re application for renewal of license of Station KWKH.
		FOURTH ZONE
WKBH	WKBH, Inc. La Crosse, Wisconsin	Granted authority to operate from 9 to 9:15 p.m., Friday, January 27, in order to broadcast a chain program.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

WGN-WLIB	WGN, Inc. Chicago, Illinois	Granted renewal of license for the regular period for auxiliary transmitter.
KFJM	University of North Dakota Grand Forks, North Dakota	Granted extension of Rule 145 to February 28, 1933.
WFBM	Indianapolis Power & Light Co. Indianapolis, Indiana	Granted additional time to January 21 in which to file exceptions to Examiner's Report No. 437, involving applications of Mod. of Lic. of Stations WFBM and WSBT.
WSBT	South Bend Tribune South Bend, Indiana	Granted additional time to January 21 in which to file exceptions to Examiner's Report No. 437, involving applications of Mod. of Lic. of Stations WFBM and WSBT.
WTAQ	Gilletee Rubber Co. Eau Claire, Wisconsin	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.

FIFTH ZONE

KXL	KXL Broadcasters Portland, Oregon	Granted License, 1420 kc, 100 watts, emergency purposes only; also granted Mod. of Lic. to use transmitter as main instead of auxiliary transmitter.
KGFJ	Ben S. McGlashan, Los Angeles, California	Station KGFJ advised to remain silent from 2 to 2:15 a.m., January 25, 1933, in order that operating frequency of Station KERN may be checked.
KERN	The Bee Bakersfield Brdcstg. Co. Bakersfield, California	Station KGFJ advised to remain silent from 2 to 2:15 a.m., January 25, 1933, in order that operating frequency of Station KERN may be checked.
KIEV	Cannon System, Ltd. Los Angeles, California	Equipment test period extended for period of 10 days from February 14th.
KPQ	Wescoast Broadcasting Co. Wenatchee, Washington	Granted license covering changes in equipment and increase in power from 50 to 100 watts, 1500 kc, unlimited time.

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WETHERBEE REJOINS NBC

Wilson W. Wetherbee has joined the station relations staff of the NBC in New York to fill the position formerly held by E. H. Twamley who has resigned to accept a post with Station WBEN, Buffalo, New York.

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January 21, 1933

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-PB-2708	NEW	Donald E. Bean & Wendall S. Clark, d/b as The Connecticut Broadcasting Company Danbury, Connecticut	C. P. for new station to use 1310 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.

The nearest station on the same frequency is WNBH, North Bedford, Massachusetts, which is 125 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the First Zone and the State of Connecticut are under quota.

1-MLB-1037	WLWL	Missionary Society of St. Paul the Apostle New York, N. Y.	Mod. of lic. to change frequency from 1100 kc. to 810 kc. and change in specified hours, some hours requested experimentally Amended to request unlimited time.

Eight hundred and ten kilocycles is a clear channel.

		SECOND ZONE	
2-ALB-484	WRAK	Clarence R. Cummins Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Vol. assign. of station lic. to WRAK, Inc.
2-MPB-410	WHBC	Edward P. Graham Canton, Ohio	Mod. of C. P. granted 2/12/32 to extend dates of commencement and completion.
2-MLB-1116	WCAU	Universal Broadcasting Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Mod. of lic. to change name to WCAU Broadcasting Co. on license for Main Transmitter - name changed by State.
2-MLB-1117	WCAU	Universal Broadcasting Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Mod. of lic. to change name to WCAU Broadcasting Co. on license for Auxiliary Transmitter.
2-MLB-1122	WKAR	Michigan State College East Lansing, Michigan	Mod. of lic. for change in Specified hours of operation.
2-MLB-11	WJBK	James F. Hopkins, Inc. Detroit, Michigan	Mod. of lic. to increase night-time power. Requests change of power from 50 watts to 100 watts night, 50 watts to local sunset.

WGL, Fort Wayne, Indiana, is 130 miles from Detroit. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 185 miles. Both the Second Zone and the State of Michigan are under quota.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE

3-MPB-411	WJBO	Baton Rouge Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Baton Rouge, Louisiana	Mod. of C. P. granted 12/22/32 for approval of exact transmitter location at Heidelberg Hotel and extension of commencement and completion dates.
3-MLB-1123	WRUF	University of Florida Gainesville, Florida	Mod. of lic. to change power and hours from 5 KW, limited time to 5 KW until sunset at Denver; 1 KW after sunset at Denver, unlimited time.

FOURTH ZONE.

4-PB-2784	WDGY	Dr. George W. Young Minneapolis, Minnesota	C. P. to move transmitter to different floor same building.
4-MLB-1102	WMBD	Peoria Broadcasting Co. Peoria Heights, Illinois	Mod. of lic. to change hours from Shares with WTAD to unlimited hours - facilities WTAD, Quincy, Illinois. Amended to decrease daytime power, change power from 500 watts night, 1 KW LS to 500 watts day and night.
4-ZB-68	KSO	Iowa Broadcasting Co. Des Moines, Iowa	Determine operating power by direct measurement of antenna power.
4-MPB-412	WCFL	Chicago Federation of Labor Chicago, Illinois	Mod. of C. P. granted 5/27/32 to extend date of completion to 9/1/33.
4-PB-2786	NEW	Dietrich Dirks Lincoln, Nebraska	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts night 250 watts to local sunset, unlimited time. Requests facilities of KFOR, Lincoln Nebraska.

Inasmuch as the facilities of a station in the same city are asked for in this application, there would be no additional interference created nor any change in the quota.

FIFTH ZONE

5-APB-35	KREG	J. S. Edwards Santa Ana, California	Vol. assign. of C. P. granted 11/9/32 to The Voice of the Orange Empire, Incorporated, Ltd.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

5-PB-2767	NEW	W. L. Gleeson Monterey, California	C. P. for new station to use 1120 kc, 500 watts night, 1 KW to local sunset, unlimited time. Requests facilities of KFSG, Los Angeles, California and KRKD, Los Angeles, California.

The nearest station on the same frequency is WTAW, College Station, Texas which is 1530 miles distant. The engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 800 miles. Should the application be granted the State or Zone quota would not be affected.

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LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for license renewals: WCAE, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; WCAJ, Lincoln, Nebraska; WSB, Atlanta, Georgia; WCAC, Storrs, Connecticut; WHEB, Portsmouth, New Hampshire; WSM, Nashville, Tennessee; KFRU, Columbia, Missouri; KFUO, St. Louis, Missouri; and WTAR-WPOR, Norfolk, Virginia.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned applications to the following stations because they were not in proper form or for some other reason: KGFX, Pierre, South Dakota; WLIT, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WFI, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WILL, Urbana, Illinois; and KFRU, Columbia, Missouri.

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APPLICATIONS RE-SUBMITTED

The following applications for renewal of licenses have been re-submitted: WSB, Atlanta, Georgia; WCAC, Storrs, Connecticut and KFUO, Clayton, Missouri.

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CORRECTION

In reporting the oral argument in the 1020 kc case before the Federal Radio Commission last week through an error Station WXYZ was not mentioned as taking part in the case. Station WXYZ was one of the principal parties in the case and the Bulletin regrets the error in omitting mention of its participation in oral argument.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

January 28, 1933.

BOARD MEETING FEBRUARY 20

An important meeting of the Board of Directors of the NAB will be held at Washington, D. C., Monday, February 20.

Recent developments in the copyright situation and the possibility of early conferences preliminary to the North American allocation conference will make the February Board meeting one of the most important in many months.

In line with the program mapped out at the St. Louis Convention, President Alfred J. McCosker this week announced that Newton D. Baker of Ohio, has been retained to represent the Association in matters arising out of the recent license agreement between the publishers and the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers. Formal annoucement of this fact has been sent to all broadcasters by Mr.Schuette.

In addition to financial matters, the Board at the February meeting will consider the standard order blank submitted by the American Association of Advertising Agencies and legal and legislative policies.

The NAB is determined to go forward with the program approved by the St. Louis Convention provided this program receives the necessary support from all members.

January 28, 1933

NEWTON D. BAKER REPRESENTS NAB

President A. J. McCosker of the National Association of Broadcasters announced in New York Tuesday that the Association had retained Newton D. Baker of Ohio to represent them in matters arising out of the recent license agreement between the broadcasters and the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers.

Mr. McCosker said that Mr. Baker has been studying the matter for more than a month.

In Washington, Mr. Baker gave out the following statement:

"I have been retained by the National Association of Broadcasters through Mr. Alfred J. McCosker, and its Board of Directors, to represent the Association in conference or in litigation as may be necessary, in matters arising out of the new form of license-agreement issued by the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers to the members of the Broadcasting Association.

"The matters at issue between the Society and the broadcasters are the validity and fairness of the terms proposed for the broadcasting of copyrighted musical publications."

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MCCOSKER APPOINTS LEVY

President Alfred J. McCosker this week appointed I. D. Levy, Esq., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, to discuss with broadcasting stations details relating to the activities of Mr. Baker in the copyright controversy. The campaign has been thoroughly considered in every detail and there only remains the cooperation of all stations to make the campaign effective.

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ON THE SUBJECT OF DUES

The copyright situation, the North American Conference, legislation, litigation and expansion of services from the Headquarters office all demand that members promptly pay their dues to the Association. If the Association is to carry out the program outlined by the membership at St. Louis,stations must be prompt in meeting their payments to the Association. The program will succeed if members pay promptly. It can fail only if financial aid is withheld. In direct proportion to the financial assistance received will the objectives set forth at the St. Louis Convention be achieved. It is up to each individual member to do his part. The officers of the Association are ready to go ahead.

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AFA MEETING JUNE 25

The annual meeting of the Advertising Federation of America, with which the NAB is affiliated, will be held at Grand Rapids, Michigan, June 25 to 28, inclusive, it was announced this week by George W. Kleiser, chairman of the Council on Departmental Activities.

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January 28, 1933

KANSAS SLANDER BILL

A bill making it a criminal offense to utter false or defamatory remarks over the radio has been introduced in the Kansas legislature by Representative Roth. The text of the measure (HB 155) is as follows:

"Section 1. That any person who shall falsely use, utter or publish words over, through or by means of what is commonly known as the radio, which in their common acceptation shall tend to blacken the memory of one who is dead, or impeach the honesty, integrity, virtue or reputation, or publish the natural defects of one who is alive, and thereby expose him to public hatred, contempt, ridicule or financial injury, shall be guilty of slander.

"Section 2. The injurious utterance of slander is presumed to have been malicious, save when it is a communication to a person interested therein by one who is also interested, or by one who stands in such relation to the person interested as to afford a reasonable ground for supposing the motive for the communication innocent, or who is requested by the person interested to give the information.

"Section 3. Every person violating any of the provisions of this act shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in a sum not exceeding $1,000 or punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary not more than one year or by both such fine and imprisonment.

"Section 4. That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the official state paper."

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MISSOURI BANK LIBEL BILL

Following is the text of a bill (HB 87) introduced in the Missouri legislature by Representative McCawley:

"Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person in this State to broadcast over any radio in this State any announcement of any bank failure, with any other comment than the fact that the bank named in such broadcast has closed its doors; or for any person in this State in broadcasting over any radio the news of any bank failure to use any word, or words, forming all or a part of the name of any bank in this State, or any word or words similar thereto.

"Section 2. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of not less than two years nor more than five years."

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NEW TELEPHONE LINK

The British international entrepot of Hong Kong, Canton and the Portuguese colony of Macao, to the south of Hong Kong Island, will be linked by radio-telephone in the near future if present plans materialize, according to a report to the Commerce Department from Trade Commissioner T. C. Barringer, Hong Kong.

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January 28, 1933

RADIO LEGISLATION

The radio Omnibus Bill (H.R. 7716) is now on the Senate calendar and can be called up for action at any time. While there is considerable difference of opinion among the legislators, there seems to be considerable doubt if anything will be done with this bill owing to condition of the docket in the Senate. No report has been made on S. 5201 which is the Dill license fee bill. It is very doubtful if the committee will even make a report on this bill to the Senate at the present session.

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AMERICAN RADIO SECTION ELECTS

At a meeting held this week of the American Section of the International Committee on Radio held at the University Club, Washington, D. C., Senator Wallace H. White, Jr., of Maine was reelected president.

Other officers reelected for the ensuing year included: John W. Guider, vice president; Howard S. LeRoy, treasurer; and Paul M. Segal, secretary. Members of the executive council include: William R. Vallance, chairman; A. L. Ashby, Thad H. Brown; Louis G. Caldwell, J. H. Dellinger and F. P. Guthrie.

At the meeting, Judge Eugene O. Sykes, acting chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, and chairman of the American delegation to the Madrid Radio Conference; Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, chief engineer of the Radio Commission, and delegate to Madrid; and E. S. Wilson, vice president of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company, representing his company at Madrid, all talked on various phases of the conference.

Judge Sykes told of the high lights of the conference including many of the troubles encountered, especially that of the language used. Dr. Jolliffe, who was chairman of the technical committee of the conference, spoke of the work of the allocation of frequencies and Mr. Wilson talked on the lighter sides of the conference. The meeting, the first of the winter, was very well attended by Washington and out of town radio engineers and lawyers.

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COLONEL BROWN AWAY

Colonel Thad H. Brown, member of the Radio Commission from the Second Zone has been away this week inspecting the Commission's offices at Chicago, Detroit and Buffalo over which he has jurisdiction. He will return next Tuesday in time for the regular Commission meeting. Commissioner Starbuck has also been away this week. Because of the absence of these two members of the Commission the regular meeting was ommitted on Friday of this week.

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COMMISSION FILES BRIEF

The Radio Commission this week filed its brief in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in Case No. 5695 in the appeal of Station WNYC, New York City against a decision of the Commission.

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January 28, 1933

EDUCATIONAL TALKS FREE

Through the United States Office of Education, the NAB has learned that the Pennsylvania State Department of Public Instruction has prepared a radio series which will be offered free to any broadcasting station which cares to use the material. The series consists of fifteen talks but a station is under no obligation to use all of them.

"The series of broadcasts is based on a new State course of study for elementary science which is now being printed and will be available about February 1," says James N. Rule, Superintendent of Public Instruction. "This course of study incorporates the best thought of the various departments of State Government with reference to what science should be taught in the elementary schools of the State."

Stations interested in the material should communicate with Mr. Rule, Department of Public Instruction, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

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COMMERCE DEPARTMENT PUBLICATION LISTS FOREIGN STATIONS

Foreign radio broadcasting stations, large and small, with operating characteristics of each station, including frequency, power and ownership, are listed in a new publication issued by the Electrical Equipment Division, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.

In all, 818 foreign stations are listed as operating on long waves and 120 on short waves, for broadcasting purposes. There is some duplication, as several stations are listed in both categories. Of the long wave stations, 203 are in North America, 125 in South America, 211 in Europe, 99 in Asia, and 16 in Africa, with 75 in Russia and Turkey, part of which are in Europe and part in Asia.

North America has 28 of the short wave stations; South America,22; Europe, 24; Asia, 25; Oceania, 5; Africa, 11 and Russia, 5.

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EXPORTS OF RADIO EQUIPMENT TO FRANCE
MORE THAN DOUBLE 1930 VALUE

Despite a 25 per cent reduction in the exports of radio equipment from the United States to France as compared with 1931, shipments during 1932, the first year in which that market was restricted by an import quota system, were more than 100 per cent greater than in 1930, according to a compilation made today by Marshall T. Jones, Chief of the Commerce Department's Electrical Division.

Total exports to France of radio equipment, which includes sets, tubes and parts, were valued at $888,944 in 1932, compared with $1,184,406 the preceding year, and $390,239 in 1930.

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January 28, 1933

RECOMMENDS DENIAL KGKX LICENSE

In Report No. 449 this week Examiner Elmer W. Pratt, recommended that the application of Station KGKX, Sandpoint, Idaho for a license renewal be denied, and that the application of Station KTFI, Twin Falls, Idaho for the facilities of KGKX and for a power increase to 500 watts, 1 KW LS be granted.

The Examiner states that "the failure of the licensee KGKX to support this station's application for renewal of license amounts to an abandonment of its facilities and they are therefore available for assignment to KTFI." It is further said in the report that the granting of the proposed increased power for KTFI "would result in good daytime reception to several thousand potential listeners in a small area where there is at present no good daytime service."

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HEARING ON NAVY PROTEST

The Radio Commission has announced that a hearing will be held before the full membership of the Commission on February 16, in connection with a license for Station WJSV, Alexandria, Virginia. The program test period for this station has been extended to May 1.

This is the station that was taken over by the Columbia Broadcasting System not so long ago and the hearing will be held because of protests of the Navy Department whose radio laboratory is just across the Potomac from the new site of the station. The department claims that the broadcasts from the station interfere with its experimental work.

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RADIO EMPLOYMENT

The index of employment in the radio industry for December was 70.4 compared with 77.7 for November and 81 for December 1931, taking 1926 at 100, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. The payroll December index number was 50.9 compared with 58.4 for November and 73.3 for December 1931.

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TAX ON RADIO RECEIVING SETS

The Bureau of Internal Revenue has just ruled on the sales of radio components under exemption certificates. The Bureau says:

"Advice is requested whether sales of radio components may be made under exemption certificates and also as to the definition of chassis, reproducing units, and power packs.

"Section 607 of the Revenue Act of 1932 imposes a tax, not on radio receiving sets, but on chassis, cabinets, tubes, reproducing units, power packs, and phonograph mechanisms suitable for use in connection with or as part of radio receiving sets, or combination radio and phonograph sets, including in each case parts or accessories sold therewith.

"A radio cabinet is an article subject to tax as such and may not be sold under an exemption certificate at any time, since it cannot be used as a component part of any other article taxable under section 607 or under any other section of the Revenue Act of 1932."

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January 28, 1933

FAVORS WFIW, LOUISVILLE MOVE

In Report No. 448 this week Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost recommends that the application of Station WLAP, Louisville, Kentucky, for a construction permit to use 940 kilocycles, unlimited time with 1000 watts power be denied. The station now uses 1200 kilocycles with 100 watts power and 250 watts LS.

He further recommends that the application of Station WFIW, Hopkinsville, Kentucky, for license renewal be granted and that the application of the same station to move to Louisville, Kentucky, be granted.

The Examiner states that there is a demand for network programs in Louisville. He says further that "Hopkinsville and its surrounding area do not have sufficient population, program or financial resources adequate to properly support a broadcasting station enjoying a regional assignment."

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DENIAL OF KWEA LICENSE RECOMMENDED

Examiner R. H. Hyde in his Report No. 447 this week recommended that W. H. Allen, Eugene Levy, and S. B. Pearce be denied a construction permit for the erection of a new station at Alexandria, Louisiana, to use 1210 kilocycles; that Station KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana, be denied a license renewal and that the same station be denied permission to move to Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

The Examiner states in connection with the application for a new station that the evidence shows "that the capital investment in the project is to be rather small; that the equipment to be installed,while conforming to regulations in general design, is to be constructed or assembled under what appears to be a very restrictive appropriation."

It is further stated in the report in connection with the license renewal of Station KWEA that the renewal application "specifies equipment that has been rendered incapable of operating" * * * "for obvious reasons the recommendation concerning the application for renewal of station license for the operation of this equipment must be that the application be denied."

Examiner Hyde says that the evidence "does not seem adequate assurance that the operation of Station KWEA in Baton Rouge would serve the public interest."

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WNJ APPEALS TO SUPREME COURT

Station WNJ, Newark, New Jersey, this week filed a petition in the Supreme Court of the United States for a writ of certiorari in connection with a decision of the Radio Commission taking the station off the air. The Commission's action was upheld by the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in its appeal to that court.

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January 28, 1933

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, January 30, 1933. They all commence at 10 a.m.:

MONDAY, JANUARY 30, 1933

Docket #1854	WKBH	WKBH, Inc. La Crosse, Wisconsin	Mod. Lic.	1380 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time.
			Present Assignment:	1380 kc, 1 KW, simultaneous daytime operation with KSO, sharing at night.
Docket #1873	WMBH	W. M. Robertson Joplin, Missouri	Mod. Lic.	1480 kc, 100 W. 250 W. LS, daily, except Sunday, 7:30 a.m. to 2 p.m, and 6 to 10:30p.m. Sunday, 10:50 a.m. to 2:30 p.m. and 7:30 to 9:30 p.m., CST.
			Present Assignment:	1420 kc, 100 W. 250 W. LS, daily, except Saturday and Sunday. 12 noon to 2 p.m. and 6 to 9:30 p.m.; Saturday, 12 noon to 2 p.m. and 6 to 7 p.m. Sunday, 10:50 a.m. to 2:30 p.m. and 7:30 to 8:30 p.m., CST.

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SET FOR HEARING

WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	Application for Vol. assign. of C. P. and license to National Broadcasting Co. Inc. set for hearing to be held February 15; all parties desiring to participate should file notice of intention on or before February 3, 1933.
WJSV	Old Dominion Brdcstg. Co. Alexandria, Virginia	Application for license to operate on 1460 kc, 10 KW, set for hearing to be held February 16, before the whole Commission.
WCGU	United States Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, New York	Mod. of Lic. to change hours of operation from sharing with WFOX, WLTH and WBBC to sharing with WBBC only. (Facilities of WFOX and WLTH).

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January 28, 1933

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WBAL	Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Company Baltimore, Maryland	Granted authority to operate a portable 250 watt transmitter in metropolitan area of Baltimore for purpose of determining a new site for transmitter.
KYW	Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, Chicago and Philadelphia, and other stations involved in Ex. Rep. No. 426	Oral argument in "1020 kc case" heretofore scheduled for February 1, to be held on March 1, instead, because of petition of all stations involved.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following applications to the applicant:

2-MLB-1108	WSAI	Crosley Radio Corp. Cincinnati, Ohio	Mod. of lic. to increase daytime power to $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW LS (Request of applicant).
4-PB-2718	NEW	C. E. Wilkinson Mason City, Iowa	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 100 watts, specified hours. (Rule 6 a, c, and d, insufficient information on proposed transmitter location).
5-MLB-1107	KFXJ	R. G. Howell & Charles Howell d/b as Western Slope Brdcstg. Co. Grand Junction, Colo.	Mod. of lic. to change hours from specified hours to unlimited. (Facilities KGEW, Ft. Morgan, Colorado.) Rule 6 a, c and d.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the following applications for renewals of licenses have been returned as being not in proper form for the Commission's consideration: WFAN, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; KFSD, San Diego, California; WDAF, Kansas City, Missouri; WSAZ, Huntington, West Virginia; WGBI, Scranton, Pennsylvania; WOBU, Charleston, West Virginia; WTAG, Worcester, Massachusetts and WNOX, Knoxville, Tennessee.

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HEARING ON WMAL LEASE

Hearing will be held before the Radio Commission on February 15, in connection with the leasing of Station WMAL, Washington, D. C. by the National Broadcasting Company, Inc.

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January 28, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
	FIRST ZONE	
	None	
	SECOND ZONE	
WEAO	Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio	Granted Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 750 watts to 1 KW.
NEW	Attorney for Herman Radner Lansing, Michigan	Granted authority to take depositions in re his application for a C. P., hearing on which is set for February 10.
	THIRD ZONE	
WNAD	University of Oklahoma Norman, Oklahoma	Granted special authority to operate from 8:30 to 10:30 p.m., CST, February 24, 1933.
WJBY	Gadsden Broadcasting Co. Gadsden, Alabama	Granted authority to remain silent until January 30, and station directed that it cannot resume operation except with transmitter located as specified in license and approved monitor installed.
NEW	International Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted authority to take depositions in re application for C. P., hearing on which is set for February 24.
	FOURTH ZONE	
KFNF	Henry Field Co. Shenandoah, Iowa	Granted continuation of special authority to use time assigned to but not used by station KUSD and WILL from February 1 to March 1, 1933.
KFMX	Carleton College Northfield, Minnesota	Granted authority to remain silent for period of 30 days, provided no changes are made in equipment which would require a C. P.
	FIFTH ZONE	
	None	

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January 28, 1933

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
		FIRST ZONE	
1-ALB-494	WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to National Broadcasting Co. Inc.
1-APB-36	WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	Consent to vol. assign. of C. P. issued 10/21/32 for new auxiliary transmitter to National Broadcasting Company, Inc.
1-ALB-495	WQAO-WPAP	Calvary Baptist Church New York, N. Y.	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Marcus Loew Booking Agency.
1-ALB-496	WRNY	Aviation Radio Station Inc. New York, N. Y.	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Marcus Loew Booking Agency.
1-MLB-1124	WHDH	Matheson Radio Co. Inc. Boston, Massachusetts	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from daytime to unlimited time.
1-MLB-1125	WAGM	Aroostook Broadcasting Corp. Presque Isle, Maine	Mod. of lic. for change in specified hours of operation.
		SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2787	WSAI	Crosley Radio Corp. Cincinnati, Ohio	C. P. for changes in equipment and increase power from 500 watts 1 KW LS to 500 watts $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW LS.
		THIRD ZONE	
3-ALB-493	KGHI	O. A. Cook Little Rock, Arkansas	Consent to vol. assign. of Lic. to Lloyd Judd Company.
3-LB-925	KGKB	East Texas Broadcasting Co. Tyler, Texas	License to cover C. P. for changes in equipment.
3-LB-938	WROL	Stuart Broadcasting Corp. Knoxville, Tennessee	License to cover C. P. for change in location of transmitter and changes in equipment.
		FOURTH ZONE	
4-MLB-1126	WCAZ	Superior Brdcstg. Service, Inc. Carthage, Illinois	Mod. of lic. to include Sunday operation 10 a.m. to 3:30 p.m.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

4-MPB-413	WHO-WOC	Central Broadcasting Co. Inc. Davenport, Iowa	Mod. of C. P. granted 12/17/32, to extend completion date to 5/15/33.

FIFTH ZONE

5-LB-937	KREG	The Voice of the Orange Empire Inc., Ltd. Santa Ana, California	License to cover C. P. issued 11/9/32 for change in equipment.
5-ALB-490	KGHF	Curtis P. Ritchie & Joe E. Finch, Pueblo, Colorado	Con. to vol. assign. of lic. to Curtis P. Ritchie and George J. Ikelman.

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LICENSE RENEWALS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following license renewals: WAAM, Newark, New Jersey; WOKO, Albany, New York; KFRU, Lawrence, Kansas; KOIL, Council Bluffs, Iowa; KVI, Tacoma, Washington; WLIT, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WFI, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; KFEL, Denver, Colorado; WOOD, Grand Rapids, Michigan; WTOC, Savannah, Georgia; WXYZ, Detroit, Michigan.

KFIM, Beaumont, Texas; KFRU, Columbia, Missouri; KFOX, Long Beach, California; KGBZ, York, Nebraska; KGFX, Pierre, South Dakota; KOL, Seattle, Washington; KQW, San Jose, California; KTFI, Twin Falls, Idaho; WASH, Grand Rapids, Michigan; WDEV, Waterbury, Vermont; WIP, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WJAS, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; WJDX, Jackson, Mississippi, and WOKO, Albany, New York.

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LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following license renewals for the regular period: WCAZ, Carthage, Illinois; WHES, Portsmouth, New Hampshire; WJZ, New York and auxiliary; WKAR, East Lansing, Michigan; WSB, Atlanta, Georgia; WSM, Nashville,Tennessee(auxiliary); KXA, Seattle, Washington.

WJZ	National Broadcasting Co. Inc. New York, N. Y.	Granted special experimental authority to increase power from 30 KW to 50 KW, from February 1, to August 1, 1933.
KXA	American Radio Telephone Co. Seattle, Washington	Granted special experimental authority to operate simultaneously with WJZ from local sunset to 10 p.m., PST, using 250 watts, for period February 1, to August 1, 1933.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

February 4, 1933.

SYKES AND JENSEN NAMED

President Hoover on Friday sent to the Senate the renomination of Judge Eugene O. Sykes, Mississippi, to be a member of the Federal Radio Commission. At the same time he sent to the Senate the nomination of Professor J. C. Jensen, Nebraska, to fill the unexpired term of General Charles McK. Saltzman, who resigned while chairman of the Commission last July.

The Senate has confirmed few Hoover appointments during the short term and it is not unlikely that the Sykes and Jensen appointments will remain in the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee until the close of the short session.

Judge Sykes is a Democrat and is the only one of the original five commissioners appointed by the late President Coolidge in April, 1927, remaining on the Commission. Recently, he headed the American Delegation to the International Radiotelegraph Conference at Madrid.

Professor Jensen was born near Utica, Nebraska, on October 19, 1880 and has been a college professor for 23 years. He is a graduate of Nebraska Wesleyan University and the University of Nebraska. His interest in radio goes back to 1906 when he demonstrated a spark transmitter at the Nebraska State Fair. Since 1921 he has been director and chief engineer of Station WCAJ, operated by Nebraska Wesleyan University.

February 4, 1933.

COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION PROPOSED

Creation of a Federal Communications and Power Commission is proposed in a bill (HR 14501) introduced in the House by Congressman Rayburn of Texas, chairman of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

The bill, containing but four sections, would abolish the Federal Radio Commission and the Federal Power Commission and would place administration of that portion of the Interstate Commerce Commission act relating to wire and wireless communications, the radio act and the power act under the new commission.

Chairman Rayburn said that he had been working on the bill for some time and that he had conferred with President-elect Roosevelt on it early in December. He said he had never read the Couzens Communications Bill, which has been before the Senate, nor any other of the communication bills which have been before Congress.

It is the belief that Chairman Rayburn will hold hearings on the bill during the special session of Congress which may be summoned in April or May and that the measure finally will include the ideas of the Roosevelt administration on the subject of radio, telephone, telegraph, cable and power legislation.

The first section provides for the appointment of five commissioners at a salary of $10,000 a year each, no more than three of which shall be from one political party. Terms are to be for seven years.

Section 2 is as follows:

"Sec. 2. The commission shall administer all laws of the United States (1) relating to the regulation of the transmission or communication, in interstate or foreign commerce, of intelligence by wire or wireless or otherwise by the use of electrical energy, or (2) relating to the regulation of the transmission or sale of power in interstate or foreign commerce, or to the issuance of licenses for the construction, operation, and maintenance of dams, water conduits, reservoirs, power houses, transmission lines, or other project works necessary or convenient for the development and improvement of navigation and for the development, transmission, and utilization of power across, along, from or in any of the navigable waters of the United States, or upon any part of the public lands and reservations of the United States (including the Territories), or for the purpose of utilizing the surplus water or water power from any Government dam."

Section 3 of the bill provides that the Commission shall have its principal office in the District of Columbia and shall have power to appoint necessary officers and employes. Section 4 provides that the act shall become effective 60 days after enactment.

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FOREIGN RADIO STATION LIST

A new list of foreign radio stations has just been published by the Department of Commerce, corrected to January 25. The list is available at 25¢ per copy and can be obtained from Lawrence D. Batson, Electrical Equipment Division, Department of Commerce.

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COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION [illegible]

Creation of a Federal Communications and Power Commission is proposed in a bill [illegible] by the Chairman of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

The bill, contained in four sections, would abolish the Federal Radio Commission and the Federal Power Commission and would place administration of the Interstate Commerce Commission act relating to wire and wireless communications, the radio act and the power act under the new commission.

Chairman Rayburn said that he had been working on the bill for some time and that he had conferred with President Roosevelt on it early in December. He said he had never read the Communications Bill, which has more than [illegible] section, nor any other of the communication bills which have been [illegible] before Congress.

It is the belief that Chairman Rayburn will hold hearings on the bill during the special session of Congress which may be summoned in April or May and that he assume finally will include the ideas of the Roosevelt administration on the subject of radio, telephone, telegraph, cable and power relations.

The bill section provides for the appointment of five commissioners at $10,000 a year each, no more than three of which shall be from one political party. [illegible] are to be for seven years.

Section 2 is as follows:

"Sec. [illegible] The commission shall administer all laws of the United States (1) [illegible] to the regulation of the transmission of communication, [illegible] or foreign commerce, or the licensing of wire or wireless or otherwise by the use of electrical [illegible], or (2) relating to the regulation of the transmission or sale of [illegible] in interstate or foreign commerce, or to issuance of licenses for the construction, operation, and maintenance of conduits, [illegible] wires, power houses, transmission lines, other project works necessary or convenient for the development [illegible] ment of navigation and for the development, transmission, and utilization or power across, along, from or in any of the navigable waters of the United States, or upon any part of the public lands and reservations of the United States (including the Territories), or for the purpose of utilizing the surplus water or water power from any Government [illegible]

[illegible] provides that the Commission shall [illegible] office in the District of Columbia and shall have [illegible] appoint necessary officers and employes, [illegible] provides that it [illegible] become effective [illegible] days after enactment.

FOREIGN RADIO [illegible]

A new list of foreign radio stations [illegible] been issued by the Department of Commerce, compared to [illegible] list is available [illegible] per [illegible] can be obtained from Bureau [illegible] Department Division [illegible] of Commerce.

February 4, 1933.

REPORT URGES POWER INCREASES

High power radio broadcasting is urged, as effective for satisfactory operation of radio receiving sets and reduction of interference, in a formal report on radio interference just issued by the three national electrical industries - the National Electric Light Association, the National Electrical Manufacturers Association, and the Radio Manufacturers Association. Another report, technical, and for guidance of engineers in measuring radio interference, also was issued.

Higher power broadcasting stations will insure better coverage of the country and should be encouraged by all interested in radio, to improve radio reception, according to the report. Other measures to minimize radio interference which were recommended include construction design of radio sets having a minimum susceptibility to external noises; proper installation of radio sets by dealers with a minimum coupling between antenna circuit and house wiring for other circuits and installation of radio frequency filters on some types of electrical devices.

Electric light and other power companies are directly interested in the problem of reducing radio interference, and the public utilities were urged, in the report, to reduce radio interference of their consuming public in their own interests.

The report adds that it appears impossible to completely eliminate all possible sources of radio interference and that municipal legislation attempted has been unwise and ineffective.

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HOUSE APPROVES $780,427 FOR COMMISSION

The House of Representatives on Thursday passed that part of the Independent Office appropriation bill granting the Federal Radio Commission a total appropriation of $780,427 for the coming fiscal year beginning July 1.

The total appropriation for the Radio Commission and the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce last year was $872,000, which was decreased somewhat by the economy bill.

The Commission's appropriation allows $26,000 for printing and binding, and $754,427 for other expenses of which not more than $364,833 "may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia." The remainder of the appropriation is for the field force. There was no discussion on the bill on the floor of the House as it passed. The bill has yet to go through the Senate.

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ECKERSLEY'S PAPER ON ALLOCATION PUBLISHED

A paper by P. P. Eckersley, consulting engineer of London, England, presented before the Institute of Radio Engineers New York meeting on September 28, 1932, has been published in the February, 1933, issue of the IRE Proceedings.

This paper is of particular interest in view of the approaching discussions of North American frequency allocation in connection with the North American Conference. Eckersley describes succinctly the requirements for satisfactory broadcast reception, concluding that the present 10 kilocycle carrier frequency separation is insufficient and that the use of lower frequencies for broadcasting is

February 4, 1933

IRE COMMITTEE DEFENDS CLEAR CHANNELS

Clear channels must be preserved and greatly increased power granted if rural radio listeners are to obtain satisfactory service, the Broadcast Committee of the Institute of Radio Engineers stated in a report made public this week.

"Decreasing the number of clear channels by assigning additional stations (for night time operation) to channels now used by only one station at a time would have the effect of affording additional services to certain localized urban groups but at the expense of decreasing the service to rural listeners and to those at remote points," the report stated. "Increasing the number of clear channels at the expense of the shared channels would have the opposite effect, assuming that assignments for the stations thus displaced could not be provided for on the remaining shared channels."

"In view of the industry's growing appreciation of the complexity of radio transmission phenomena and the store of experience that is the result of the past eleven years in broadcasting, the question naturally arises as to whether our increased knowledge and vastly improved technique do not now warrant modifications in these earlier generalizations," the report says. "After a careful review of the situation the Broadcast Committee is forded to the conclusion that the clear channel is still essential to the extension of broadcast service to the populations of our rural areas and is likely to remain so for some time to come. Further, it is felt that many of the limitations that have been ascribed to the clear channel are the direct result of existing power limitations rather than of any inherent characteristic of clear channel coverage. The engineering case of the clear channel has always been based on the assumption that adequate power would be employed. There appears to be no technical reason why greatly increased power (in excess of 50 KW) should not now be permitted to suitably equipped and appropriately located or relocated stations holding clear channel assignments.

"Assuming that service to distant listeners is to be maintained, it is evident that continued provision must be made for an adequate number however, is a matter that can be determined only by careful study. The balance of service between the rural listener and the urban listener is determined in considerable measure by the relative number of allocated clear and shared channels. Decision as to the correct balance point is a matter of general policy."

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EDUCATING THE PUBLIC ABOUT ADVERTISING

The Bureau of Research and Education of the Advertising Federation of America will send to radio stations within a few weeks a series of five-minute radio talks dealing with the importance of advertising. These addresses will be delivered weekly and will continue for an extended period. They will present facts to the public about the importance of advertising to business and its value to society.

At the same time the AFA is planning to send to several hundred newspapers and business publications a series of articles embodying the material included in the radio talks.

The NAB is affiliated with the AFA and all NAB members will receive copies of the radio talks.

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February 4, 1933.

SOME RATE CHISELING EXAMPLES

"Relief from all these common head troubles is yours send $1.00 to this station at once etc. etc. etc."

"Boys! Girls! Mothers! Here is real news! For introducing to friends and relatives only 12 boxes of a nationally known healing salve at 25 cents a box you will receive your choice of gifts etc. etc."

Samples from two announcements sent to stations at great, yes, great cost, to the advertisers. In the first case the station keeps 40 cents out of every $1.00 sale and in the second case the station receives 10 cents for every inquiry produced. To keep the latter account you must put on the announcements for 30 days and, if successful, you may receive transcriptions.

In the same mail with these two examples of rate chiseling came a bulky file of correspondence from a member station who knows how to handle all of these rate chiseling schemes. He simply replies by quoting his rate card - and with a definite statement that only on the basis of this published card does it sell the facilities of the station.

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RMA OFFICES IN WASHINGTON

On January 16 the new offices and headquarters of the RMA were opened at Washington, D. C., in the American Building, 1317 F Street, N. W. The office is in charge of Bond Geddes, Executive Vice President and General Manager of the Association.

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WJJD APPEALS TO COURT

Station WJJD, Mooseheart, Illinois, filed an appeal this week with the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia against a decision of the Commission taking away time authorized to it temporarily. The station was given certain specified night hours on 1130 kilocycles by the Commission with the consent of KSL, Salt Lake City, Utah, the dominant station. KSL withdrew its consent, the Commission withdrew its temporary permission to use the certain night hours and now WJJD is appealing the Commission's order.

The Court of Appeals has dismissed the appeal of Station WBAK, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, which had its time curtailed by the Radio Commission. The appeal was dismissed at the request of the station.

The Court has also dismissed at the request of the appellant the appeal of Station KOMO, Seattle, Washington, whose frequency was changed by the Commission.

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"Relief from all these common home troubles is yours [illegible] once etc. etc. etc."

"Royal Grind! [illegible] Here is real novel [illegible] relatives only 12 boxes or a medicinally known health salve at 25 cents a [illegible] will receive your [illegible] etc. etc."

Samples [illegible] two announcements sent to station [illegible] yes, [illegible] [illegible] triangle, [illegible] case the station needs 40 cents one of every [illegible] [illegible] in the success case the station receives 10 cents for every [illegible] [illegible]. To keep [illegible] your [illegible] put on the announcements [illegible] [illegible] successful your [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] of radio chiselling came a bulky file of [illegible] from a member station who knows how to handle all of these radio chiselling schemes. Mr. Shurly realizes by quoting his [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] statement [illegible] on [illegible] this publication [illegible] the fact [illegible] of the [illegible].

OFFICES IN WASHINGTON

On January 10 the new offices and head quarters of the [illegible] Washington, D. C., in the American Building, 1319 F Street, N. W., was [illegible] in charge of Vice President and General Manager of [illegible]

WLLD APPEALS TO

Station WLLD, [illegible], Illinois, [illegible] an [illegible] this week [illegible] the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia against a decision of the Commission [illegible] time authorized to it temporarily. The station was given [illegible] night hours on 1130 kilocycles by the Commission with the consent of KSL, [illegible] Lake City, Utah, the dominant station. KSL withdrew its consent [illegible] withdrew its temporary permission to use the certain night hours and now WLLD is [illegible] the Commission's order.

[illegible] Court of Appeals [illegible] the appeal of Station WLWL, [illegible], Pennsylvania, which was the [illegible] certified by the Radio Commission [illegible] appeal was [illegible] at the request [illegible] the station.

[illegible] Court has also [illegible] on the [illegible] of the [illegible] appeal of Station KGNO, Dunlap, Iowa, where the frequency was changed [illegible]

February 4, 1933.

INTERFERENCE DISCUSSED BY LAFOUNT

Discussing the question of interference with broadcast reception, Commissioner LaFount this week made the following public statement:

"Much has been done by the Federal Radio Commission and the broadcasters of this country to eliminate interference with the reception of broadcast programs. There is, however, a form of interference which neither can remedy, but which can be materially reduced and perhaps entirely eliminated by the installation of a proper antenna.

"There are three general sources of interference to broadcast reception, not including interference between stations. They are: natural static, which originates in the atmosphere; man-made interference, such as that caused by street cars, power lines, etc.; and man-made interference caused by the operation of electrical devices in buildings. Obviously the latter cannot be eliminated by either the broadcaster or the Commission. However, recently several manufacturers have placed inexpensive antenna kits on the market, designed to eliminate or greatly reduce the interference caused by these electrical devices in the same or in adjacent buildings.

"These outfits consist essentially of a short antenna wire to be suspended in the clear as far above the roof as practicable with a small transformer connected to the antenna and from the transformer shielded lead-in conductors to the broadcast receiver. In some cases a filter in the power line supply is also desirable. This type of antenna should give reasonably clear reception from nearby stations to many listeners now troubled with local electrical noise caused by local electrical machinery.

"There is no provision in the radio law or any other federal statute for the control or elimination of interference due to electrical devices. Some cities have local ordinances designed to control man-made interference but locating the sources of such interference is a tedious, difficult and expensive matter."

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LAFOUNT PROPOSES NETWORK ORDER

Commissioner Harold A. LaFount proposed two resolutions to the Commission at a session this week on which no action has been taken.

In one of them he proposed an order that "no broadcasting station licensed by this Commission and not now presenting identical programs simultaneously with other stations connected by wire, and generally known as chain or network, shall be added to the said chain or network without the consent of this Commission."

The other proposed order provides that "a program shall not be broadcast simultaneously over two or more stations in the same city without the consent of the Federal Radio Commission".

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February 4, 1933.

TAX ON RADIO ADVERTISING

The tax bill now pending in the Texas legislature would impose a two per cent tax on gross receipts of any person engaging within the state "in any business of procuring or giving advertising or publicity (including radio broadcasting) for other persons".

The same bill imposes a tax on one-fourth of one per cent of the gross receipts of any person "in any business of printing and/or publishing newspapers, magazines, periodicals and/or books."

The bill bears the number H 214 and was introduced by Representative Parkhouse. It has been referred to the Committee on Revenue and Taxation.

Another Texas bill (S T No. 005), submitted with the Governor's message would impose a tax of three per cent upon the "procuring or giving advertising or publicity (including radio broadcasting)" and a similar tax of three per cent upon the "printing and/or publishing newspapers, magazines, periodicals and/or books".

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LUXEMBOURG STATION CARRIES ADVERTISING

A powerful radio station now nearing completion in the Duchy of Luxembourg will be devoted to international commercial advertising providing a coverage in different languages, according to a report to the Commerce Department's Electrical Division from Commercial Attache Jesse Van Wickel, The Hague, Netherlands.

Barred in the Netherlands, as in most European countries, from advertising over the radio, commercial interests under auspices of a Franco-German combine plan soon to use the Luxembourg station from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m. as an advertising outlet. Sponsors of the station claim an extensive European coverage.

With an output of 200 kilowatts, the station will be one of the most powerful in the world and will operate on 1,191 meters with a long wave. Experimental work is now in its final stage. Rates for general programs are set at $240 an hour, while plays, lectures, and similar broadcasts will cost from $70 to $132 per quarter and half hour. Advertising rates are $92 per announcement for a text of 60 words.

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RUMANIA DEVELOPING RADIO FACILITIES

Rumania is making progress in its plan to develop a radio broadcasting system, and that market promises to become increasingly important from the standpoint of American producers of radio equipment, according to a survey of that market to be published soon by the Commerce Department's Electrical Division.

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February 4, 1933

EDUCATION INSTITUTE MEETS MAY 3 - 6

The fourth meeting of the Institute for Education by Radio will be held at Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, from May 3 to May 6. In previous years these meetings, which are noted for open and frank discussion of questions on radio education, have been attended by leading educators and broadcasters from all over the United States and foreign countries. Their contributions have appeared in the published prodeedings under the title of "Education on the Air".

This year sessions will be devoted to the following subjects: use of radio in the schools; methods of presenting educational programs; ways in which the listener can be advised as to the educational programs on the air; studies of the audience response to programs and ways of measuring it. As a special feature of this meeting broadcasters will bring sample recordings of programs already successfully broadcast. These recordings will be played for the members of the Institute and the broadcaster will explain why certain methods of presentation were used.

At the 1933 meeting, in addition to the regular sessions, round tables will be held on special phases of educational broadcasting. Round tables will be held on the topics: commercial stations and educational organizations; college and university stations; school broadcasting; and research in radio education. Many outstanding speakers have already been secured and the complete program will be announced shortly.

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COLLEGE STATIONS WANT SUBSIDY

A report of a survey of 71 land grant colleges and state universities conducted by the National Committee on Education by Radio in cooperation with the Department of Agriculture and the U. S. Office of Education observes that college stations should be aided financially by the federal and state governments.

In a current issue of "School Life", Dr. Cline M. Koon, senior specialist in education by radio in the Office of Education, states that lack of funds prevents all but 24 institutions from operating stations of their own, although 29 others make use of facilities of commercial stations.

From opinions of 270 educational administrators, over 90 per cent favored some sort of increase in facilities. Sixty per cent of 361 others favored an attempt to establish radio stations in the colleges where they are lacking.

Dr. Koon stated further that 23 of the 24 institutions owning radio broadcasting equipment reported $720,000 invested, 20 reported maintenance cost of more than $25,000 for 1930-1931, while 24 reported operating expenses above $200,000 for the same period.

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PANAMA RATIFIES WASHINGTON TREATY

During the current week Minister Alfaro of Panama delivered to the State Department ratification in writing by his government of the radio telegraph convention signed in Washington in 1927.

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February 4, 1933.

NORTH AMERICAN CONFERENCE APPROPRIATION

President Hoover this week transmitted to Congress a communication from Director of the Budget Roop stating that enough of the $80,000 appropriation made for the delegates to the Madrid Radio Conference is left over to take care of the North American delegates at the conference to be held in Mexico City. Congress is asked to allow the State Department to use the unexpended balance from the Madrid Conference for the Mexican conference. The communication has been referred to the House Committee on Appropriations.

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RECOMMENDS DENIAL OF TELEVISION PERMIT

Examiner Hyde, in his report No. 450, recommended the denial of an application for construction permit for experimental visual and sound broadcasting station filed by The Visual Radio Corporation, Watsontown, Pennsylvania.

The Examiner stated, "The applicant has not made a strong showing as to technical ability or as to financial ability.***the evidence raises a serious question as to whether the applicant's plan is workable. It also appears that the particular frequency requested is not available for use at applicant's location".

The corporation asked for the use of the frequency band from 2200 to 2300 kilocycles with 1,000 watts power.

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8,855 INSPECTIONS IN SIX MONTHS

Records received by the Field Division of the Radio Commission from its district offices shows that a good record is being made in all parts of the country. The Commission, this week, issued the following statement in connection with this work:

"When the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce was transferred to the Commission under the Economy Act and the President's Executive Order, the Field Force was completely reorganized, eliminating much overlapping, and effecting substantial savings by reducing the personnel, office rents, and duplication of files and correspondence. Tabulation of the work being done by the Field Force justifies the hopes and expectations of the Commission.

"Besides accomplishing a vast amount of routine work, including much correspondence, many personal interviews, etc. the Field Division has just reported that during the first 6 months of the present fiscal year it has performed the following duties:

"Made 8,855 station inspections, including ship, broadcast, amateur and aircraft stations.

"Conducted 9,222 examinations for operators' licenses.

"Made 40,959 frequency measurements; issued 11,780 operators' licenses."

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President Hoover this week transmitted to [illegible] a communication from Director [illegible] Budget Roop stating that enough of the $850,000 appropriation for the delegates to the Mexico [illegible] Conference is left over to take care of the North American delegates at the conference to be held in Mexico City. Congress is asked to allow the State Department to use the unexpended balance from the Mexico Conference for the Mexican conference. The communication has been sent to the House Committee on [illegible] Relations.

[illegible] THE WRITER

Secretary Hyde, in his report [illegible] 1930, recommended the [illegible] as an appropriation [illegible] for experimental visual and sound broadcasting by the Visual Radio Corporation, Watsontown, Pennsylvania.

[illegible] has not made a [illegible] ability or as to financial security. The evidence raises a serious question as to whether the applicant is [illegible]. It also appears that the [illegible] frequency requested is available for [illegible] conditions.

The experimentation [illegible] of the frequency band from 2500 to 2700 [illegible] when 1,000 watts power [illegible]

INSPECTIONS IN SIX

[illegible] recently by the Field Division of the Radio Commission [illegible] Tables shows that a good record is being made in all parts of [illegible] tion, this week, issues the following [illegible]

[illegible] the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce was transferred to [illegible] Commission under the Radio Act and the President's Executive Order, the [illegible] was commercially [illegible] examination [illegible] equipment, and [illegible] having by reviewing the personnel [illegible] licenses [illegible] Field [illegible] and [illegible] responsibilities. Tabulation of the [illegible] done by the Field Division [illegible] the hours and expenditures of the Commission.

"Besides accomplishing a vast amount of routine work, [illegible] much correspondence, [illegible] personal interviews, etc., the Field Division has just reported that during the first 5 months of the present fiscal year it has performed the following duties:

[illegible] station inspections, including early, broadcast, amateur [illegible] stations [illegible]

"Conducted [illegible] examinations for operators;

[illegible] frequency measurements; [illegible] operators' [illegible]

February 4, 1933.

NORTH AMERICAN CONFERENCE PARLEY

The Department of State has sent out invitations to all organizations interested in the North American Radio Conference to attend the first preliminary meeting to be held at the State Department on Monday, February 6. The conference will discuss the general situation and provide for additional preparatory meetings to be held later.

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SOUTH CAROLINA PASSES BILL

The South Carolina House has passed a bill (H 27) providing that the "heads, or governing boards, of State institutions of higher learning are hereby authorized and directed to permit, under reasonable regulations, to be prescribed by them, the broadcasting by radio of athletic contests wholly between such South Carolina institutions". The measure now goes to the Senate.

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WIBO CASE IN SUPREME COURT

The Supreme Court of the United States was asked to review the decision of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in the case denying the application of Station WJKS, Gary, Indiana, for the facilities of Station WIBO, Chicago, Illinois. Station WJKS requested full time on the 560 kc channel, which it now shares with WIBO and WPCC, also of Chicago, and the application was granted by the Commission. The Court of Appeals reversed the Commission and the Government and Station WJKS are now asking the Supreme Court to review the case.

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ILLINOIS WOULD TAX RADIO

Radio broadcasting companies and advertising agencies would be subjected to taxation under an amendment introduced to the sales tax bill (S 156) in the Illinois Senate. The bill is on second reading in the Senate and action on amendments to the measure will be taken on Tuesday, February 7.

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AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PROGRAMS STUDIED

Study of American and European radio programs is being undertaken by an Australian broadcasting commission in order to improve the radio programs of that country, according to a report to the Commerce Department's Electrical Division from Assistant Trade Commissioner H. P. Van Blarcom, Sydney.

A member of the commission has already sailed for an extended tour of European and American cities, and an invitation from the commission has been extended to Dr. Malcolm Sargent, the English conductor, to visit Australia during July and August of this year for the purpose of organizing symphony orchestras of 50 members each in Sydney and Melbourne.

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February 4, 1933

ECKHARDT HEADS AAAA COMMITTEE

Henry Eckhardt of Kenyon & Eckhardt Inc., New York, has been appointed Chairman of Committee on Agency Practice of the American Association of Advertising Agencies. Members of the Committee include: Harrison Atwood, McCann-Erickson, Inc., New York; George T. Eager, Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn, Ind., New York; William Reydel, Newell-Emmett Company, Inc., New York; Willard S. French, Brooke, Smith & French, Inc., Detroit; L. W. Baillie, J. Walter Thompson Company, New York; and Winthrop Hoyt, Charles W. Hoyt, Inc., New York.

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U. S. OFFICE MAKES NEW SURVEY

The U. S. Office of Education is making a survey of the radio and visual education courses in colleges and universities for the purpose of making available information including a list of institutions which give courses in these fields. The survey is being conducted under the supervision of Miss Bess Goodykoontz, assistant commissioner of education.

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KEEPING RADIO AWAY FROM POLLS

A bill (H 366) barring the use of the radio for electioneering one hundred feet of the polls was introduced in the Nebraska House on January 27, by Representative Muir. The bill has not yet been referred.

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MASSACHUSETTS WOULD INVESTIGATE

The bill (H 823) providing for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the subject of radio broadcasting in the state has been introduced in the Massachusetts House. The bill was introduced on January 17 and was referred to the State Administration Committee.

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KANSAS SLANDER BILL

A bill (H 155) providing for a fine of $1,000 for slander by radio has been introduced in the Kansas House. The bill was introduced by Representative Roth. It has not yet been referred.

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February 4, 1933

POWER INCREASE DENIED STATION

License renewal applications were granted this week by the Commission to Stations WAWZ, Zarephath, New Jersey, WBNX, New York City, and WMSG, New York City in sustaining Examiner R. W. Hyde in his Report No. 407. The Commission also sustained the Examiner in denying the application of Station WORC-WEPS, Worcester, Massachusetts, to change its frequency from 1350 to 1200 kilocycles, and to increase its power from 100 to 250 watts. The Commission also denied as in default the application for a construction permit of Louis Reis, New York City for a new station to use 1350 kilocycles with 250 watts power.

The Commission found that the public interest would be served by granting the renewal applications inasmuch as the stations were each rendering "generally meritorious broadcast service." It was also found that no evidence was offered in support of the application of Louis Reis. Although station WORC-WEPS is now rendering good broadcast service the Commission did not think the record showed that Stations WCDA, WMSG, WBNX, and WAWZ should be taken off the air which would have been necessary had the station's application been granted.

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JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI MOVE BLOCKED

The Radio Commission this week sustained Examiner Elmer W. Pratt in his Report No. 439 recommending that the application of the Attala Milling & Produce Company which had a construction permit to erect a station at Kosciusko, Mississippi, to erect the station at Jackson, Mississippi, be denied.

The Commission found that Jackson and vicinity now receive good broadcast service from the station there and several others elsewhere "and there does not appear to be any substantial need in that area for the additional service proposed." It was also found by the Commission that Kosciusko does not now receive any consistently satisfactory broadcast service "and there appears to be far more need in Kosciusko than there is in Jackson for the service of the new station."

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EXAMINER HYDE UPHELD

Examiner R. H. Hyde was sustained this week in his recommendation in Report No. 433 renewing the license of Station WHAT, Philadelphia on 1310 kilocycles sharing one-third time with WTEL. License renewal was also granted WCAM, Camden, New Jersey, on 1280 kilocycles sharing time with Stations WOAX and WCAP. The Commission also denied a modification of the license of Station WTEL, Philadelphia so as to require WCAM to enter into a time sharing agreement with WTEL and WHAT.

The Commission found that the public interest would not be served by the granting of either of the applications for modification of the license of Station WTEL. It was further found that the renewal of the licenses of Stations WCAM and WHAT would serve public interest.

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February 4, 1933

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, February 6, 1933. All commence at 10 a.m.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1933

Docket #1685	WNBO	John Brownlee Spriggs Silver Haven, Pennsylvania	Mod. of C. P. to move station to Monongahela	1200 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
Docket #1754	WCAE	WCAE, Inc. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	C. P. to move transmitter outside Pittsburgh	1220 kc, 1 KW unlimited time.
Docket #1829	WHBC	Edward P. Graham Canton, Ohio	C. P. to install new equipment	1200 kc, 100 watts, specified hours.

Present Assignment: 1200 kc, 10 watts specified hours.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1933

Docket #1853	NEW	Herman Radnor Lansing, Michigan	C. P.	1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
Docket #1898	NEW	Harold F. Gross, M. B. Keeler and L. A. Versluis, d/b as Capitol City Broadcasting Co. Lansing, Michigan	C. P.	1210 kc, 100 watts, 250 watts LS, unlimited time

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ORAL ARGUMENTS

The following applications were granted oral arguments before the Commission en banc, to be heard March 8, 1933.

Ex. Rep. No. 437	WFBM	Indianapolis Light & Power Company Indianapolis, Indiana
	WSBT	South Bend Tribune South Bend, Indiana
Ex. Rep. No. 441	KLX	The Tribune Publishing Company Oakland, California
Ex. Rep. No. 442	NEW	Thirty-First Street Baptist Church Morris Coers, Pastor Indianapolis, Indiana

ORAL ARGUMENTS (continued)

Ex. Rep. No. 443	NEW	American Legion, Department of Missouri Donald Holden Post 106 Albany, Missouri
	KFWF	St. Louis Truth Center St. Louis, Missouri
	WIL	Missouri Broadcasting Corporation St. Louis, Missouri

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

WBEN	WBEN, Inc. Buffalo, New York	C. P. for experimental visual broadcasting service.
KGBX	KGBX, Inc. Springfield, Missouri	C. P. to change frequency from 1310 to 1340 kc, and increase power from 100 to 250 watts. (Facilities of KGIZ).
WDBO	Orlando Broadcasting Co. Inc. Orlando, Florida	Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 250 watts to 500 watts night, 1 KW day. (Facilities of WRUF).
WMBD	Peoria Broadcasting Co. Peoria, Illinois	Mod. of Lic. to decrease daytime power from 1 KW to 500 watts, and increase hours of operation from sharing with WTAD to unlimited. (Facilities of WTAD).
KDYL	Intermountain Broadcasting Corp. Salt Lake City, Utah	Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1290 to 780 kc. (Facilities of KELW and KTM).
KFAC	Los Angeles Broadcasting Co. Los Angeles, California	Mod. of Lic, to change frequency from 1300 to 780 kc; change power from 1 KW to 500 watts night, 1 KW daytime, and increase hours of operation from half time to unlimited (facilities of KTM and KELW).
WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Renewal of license.

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February 4, 1933

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

WMCA	Knickerbocker Broadcasting Co. Inc. and The Central New York Broadcasting Corporation New York, N. Y.	The Commission overruled the Demurrer to Notice of Appearance and Statement of Facts to be proved; denied the motion to dismiss in Docket 1855; granted a continuance of hearing for period of 60 days from January 24.
WMAL	M. A. Leese Corporation Washington, D. C.	Granted a petition of the National Committee on Education by Radio, to intervene at a hearing of application to lease station WMAL to the National Broadcasting Co. This case will be heard on February 15.
WJZ	National Broadcasting Co. New York, N. Y.	Special authorization for increase of power from 30 KW to 50 KW granted on January 13, 1933, suspended, and station ordered to use only 30 KW power pending outcome of a hearing scheduled because of protest of station WJR, Detroit, Michigan.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the following applications were returned by the Commission either at the request of the applicant or for the reason they did not comply with regulations: WGBF, Evansville, Indiana; WLTH, Brooklyn, N. Y.; KFXF, Denver, Colorado; WTAR, Norfolk, Virginia; William L. Slade, Hamilton, Ohio.

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RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted applications for renewal license for the regular period to the following stations: WLWL, New York, N. Y., WOI, Ames, Iowa; KMPC, Beverly Hills, California.

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ADOPT ORDER REGARDING ISSUANCE OF RADIO OPERATORS' LICENSES

The Commission adopted the following order, which was submitted by Commissioner Lafount on January 30, 1933:

"IT IS ORDERED: That Section 15 of the Rules and Regulations Governing the Issuance of Radio Operators' Licenses, except amateur, be suspended until July 1, 1934, in so far as it requires employment, service or examination as a condition precedent to obtaining a renewal of the same class of license."

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February 4, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
	FIRST ZONE	
WRNY	Aviation Radio Station Inc. New York, N. Y.	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Marcus Loew Booking Agency.
WTBO	Interstate Brdcstg. System, Inc. Cumberland, Maryland	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Associated Broadcasting Corp.
WPRO-WPAW	Cherry & Webb Broadcasting Co. Providence, Rhode Island	Granted C. P. to move transmitter and studio from Cranston, R. I., to Providence , Rhode Island.
WTAG	Worcester Telegram Publishing Co. Inc., Worcester, Massachusetts	Granted Mod. of Lic. to increase day power from 250 to 500 watts.
WRAK	Clarence R. Cummins Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Granted ren. of lic., 1370 kc, 100 watts, shares with WJEQ. Also granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to WRAK, Inc.
WJEQ	Sun-Gazette Broadcasting Co. Williamsport, Pennsylvania	Granted consent to vol. assign. of C. P. to WRAK, Inc.
WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	Equipment test period extended 10 days from January 23.
WCAC	Connecticut Agricultural College Storrs, Connecticut	Granted special authority to operate 8 to 9:30 p.m., EST, February 4, Station WICC to remain silent.
WQAO-WPAP	Calvary Baptist Church New York, N. Y.	Granted consent to Vol. assign. of lic. to Marcus Loew Booking Agency.
WCAD	St. Lawrence University Canton, New York	Granted special authority to operate from 4 to 5 p.m., EST, Sunday, February 12.
	SECOND ZONE	
WHBC	Edward P. Graham Canton, Ohio	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending commencement date from March 22, 1932 to January 18, 1933 and completion date from June 22, 1932 to February 18, 1933.
WJW	Mansfield Broadcasting Association. Akron, Ohio	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to WJW, Inc.

February 4, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

SECOND ZONE (continued)

WJBK	James F. Hopkins, Inc. Detroit, Michigan	Granted Mod. of Lic. to increase night-time power from 50 to 100 watts.
WKAR	Michigan State College E. Lansing, Michigan	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change specified hours of operation to as follows: Daily except Sunday: 11 to 11:45 a.m.; Daily except Saturday and Sunday, 1 to 2:15 p.m. Mondays only, 12:30 to 1 p.m., CST.
WCAU	Universal Broadcasting Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change name to WCAU, Broadcasting Company; also same for auxiliary transmitter.

THIRD ZONE

WJBO	Baton Rouge Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Baton Rouge, Louisiana	Granted Mod. of C. P. approving transmitter location at Heidelberg Hotel, Baton Rouge, and extending commencement date to 30 days from this date and completion date to May 31.
KWEA	Hello World Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Authority to remain silent pending action on C. P. and renewal applications granted to March 1.
WAML	Southland Radio Corp. Laurel, Mississippi	Authorized to begin program tests at 1 p.m. February 1, 1933.
WSPA	Virgil V. Evans, d/b as The Voice of South Carolina Spartanburg, South Carolina	Granted authority to take depositions in re application for C. P., a hearing on which is set for February 14.
NEW	John Tindale Abilene, Texas	Granted authority to take depositions in re application for C. P., a hearing on which is set for March 1.
WNAD	University of Oklahoma Norman, Oklahoma	Granted special authority to operate from 8:30 to 10:30 p.m., CST, March 20, provided Station KGGF remains silent.

FOURTH ZONE

WDGY	Dr. George W. Young Minneapolis, Minnesota	Granted C. P. to move transmitter within the building.
WCFL	Chicago Federation of Labor Chicago, Illinois	Granted Mod. of C. P. extending completion date from March 27 to September 1, 1933.

February 4, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

KSO	Iowa Broadcasting Co. Des Moines, Iowa	Granted authority to determine licensed power by direct measurement of antenna input in compliance with Rule 137.
KFEQ	Scroggin & Co. Bank St. Joseph, Missouri	Granted authority to operate from 2 to 3 a.m., CST, on February 4, 1933.

FIFTH ZONE

KREG	J. S. Edwards Santa Ana, California	Granted consent to vol. assign. of C. P. to The Voice of the Orange Empire, Inc. Ltd.
KICA	Southwest Broadcasting Co. Clovis, New Mexico	Granted renewal of license for term February 1, to July 1, 1933.

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LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS

The Commission has received the following applications for renewal licenses: WAAM, Newark, New Jersey; WGCP, Newark, New Jersey; WLTH, Brooklyn, New York; WRC, Washington, D. C.; WRC, Washington, D. C. (auxiliary); WREN, Lawrence, Kansas; KFBB, Great Falls, Montana; KLPM, Minot, North Dakota; KTRH, Houston, Texas; KFXF, Denver, Colorado; WGBI, Scranton, Pennsylvania; WCAE, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; WCAE, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania (auxiliary); WDAE, Tampa, Florida; WDAY, Fargo, North Dakota.

WDBJ, Roanoke, Virginia; WEBC, Superior, Wisconsin; WFBM, Indianapolis, Indiana; WHAD, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; WISN, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; WNBZ, Saranac Lake, New York; WRHM, Minneapolis, Minnesota; WRR, Dallas, Texas; WTAW, College Station, Texas; KDYL, Salt Lake City, Utah; KGCA, Decorah, Iowa; KGGF, Coffeyville, Kansas; KGHL, Billings, Montana; KMA, Shenandoah, Iowa; KRSC, Seattle, Washington.

KWLC, Decorah, Iowa; KWWG, Brownsville, Texas; KOAC, Corvallis, Oregon; WBRC, Birmingham, Alabama; WKAQ, San Juan, Porto Rico; KFSG, Los Angeles, California (and auxiliary); KSAC, Manhattan, Kansas; WDAF, Kansas City, Missouri; WLBW, Erie, Pennsylvania; WNAC-WBIS, Boston, Massachusetts; WLBL, Stevens Point, Wisconsin; WDSU, New Orleans, Louisiana; WEBC, Superior, Wisconsin (auxiliary); WLB-WGMS, Minneapolis, Minnesota; WNAD, Norman, Oklahoma; KGGM, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

KMBC, Kansas City, Missouri; KRGV, Harlingen, Texas; KTSA, San Antonio, Texas; WNOX, Knoxville, Tennessee; KFWI, San Francisco, California; KOIN, Portland, Oregon; KYA, San Francisco, California; WCSH, Portland, Maine; WDEL, Wilmington, Delaware; WDOD, Chattanooga, Tennessee; WFBR, Baltimore, Maryland; WFOX, Brooklyn, New York; WIBA, Madison, Wisconsin; WIS, Columbia, South Carolina.

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February 4, 1933

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	FREQUENCY	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
			FIRST ZONE	
1-LB-939	WRC	950	National Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Washington, D.C.	License to cover C. P. for changes in auxiliary transmitter granted 11/9/32.
1-MLB-1128	WINS	1180	American Radio News Corp. New York, N. Y.	Mod. of lic. to increase operating power from 500 watts to 1 KW.
1-MLB-1127	WESG	1040	Cornell University Elmira, N. Y.	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from Daytime to local sunset to Daytime to sunset at dominant station.
1-PB-2758A	WBAL	1060	Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co. Baltimore, Maryland	C. P. to change transmitter location from Glen Morris, Md., to Baltimore, Md., and install new antenna system. Amended to change proposed transmitter location to Pikesville, Md.
1-MLB-1131	WILM	1420	Delaware Brdcstg. Co. Wilmington, Delaware	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from Specified hours to Sharing with Station WAZL.
			SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2785	NEW	1310	J. R. Vancuren Logan, Ohio	C. P. for new station to use 1310 kc, 4 watts, daytime.
2-ALB-498	WNBW	1200	G. F. Schiessler & M.E. Stephens d/b as Home Cut Glass & China Co. Carbondale, Pa.	Consent to voluntary assignment of license from WNBW, Inc.
2-MLB-1130	WAZL	1420	Hazleton Brdcstg. Service, Inc. Hazleton, Pa.	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from Specified Hours to Sharing with Station WILM.
			THIRD ZONE	
3-MPB-415	KNOW	1500	KUT Brdcstg. Co. Austin, Texas	Mod. of C. P. granted 10/7/32 for new transmitter to request authority to change transmitter location locally to Driskill Hotel, Austin, Texas.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

3-PB-2560	WJBY	1210	Gadsden Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to 112 N. 8th St., Gadsden, Alabama, and make changes in equipment. Amended to omit request to move transmitter.
3-PB-2793	WMAZ	1180	Southeastern Brdcstg. Co. Inc., Macon, Georgia	C. P. to make changes in equipment.
3-ALB-491	WBHS	1200	W.T., M.M., W.C. and V.F. Hutchens, d/b as The Hutchens Company Huntsville, Alabama	Vol. assign. of Station lic. to Radio Station WBHS, Inc.
3-PB-2696	KLCN	1290	Charles Leo Lintzenich Blytheville, Arkansas	C. P. to make changes in equipment, move locally, change frequency from 1290 to 1500 kc, increase power from 50 watts to 100 watts and hours of operation from daytime to unlimited. Amended to omit request for change of frequency and hours of operation.
3-MLB-115	WGCM	1210	Great Southern Land Co. Mississippi City, Miss.	Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from Unlimited to Specified Hours.
3-PB-2800	NEW	1420	William Avera Wynne Greenville, N. C.	C. P. for new station to use 1420 kc, 100 watts, daytime.

FOURTH ZONE

4-PB-2792	WDGY	1180	Dr. George W. Young Minneapolis, Minn.	C. P. for new transmitter and changes in equipment.
4-PB-2795	KGCU	1240	Mandan Radio Association Mandan, No. Dakota	C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase operating power from 250 to 500 watts.
4-MPB-414	KFOR	1210	Howard A. Shuman Lincoln, Nebraska	Mod. of C. P. granted 8/30/32 to extend date of commencement and completion to 2/29/33 and 5/29/33 respectively.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

4-PB-2798	KGDY	1200	Voice of South Dakota Huron, South Dakota	C. P. to make changes in equipment, change frequency from 1200 kc to 1340 kc, increase power from 100 watts to 250 watts and change hours of operation from Unlimited to Daytime.
4-PB-2799	NEW	1500	Raymond M. Brannon Fremont, Nebraska	C. P. to erect a new station to operate on 1500 kc, 10 watts, daytime.
4-APLB-12	KFOR	1210	Howard A. Shuman Lincoln, Nebraska	Vol. assign. of station lic. and C. P. No. 4-PB-2664 to Cornbelt Broadcasting Corporation.
4-MLB-1129	WILL	890	University of Illinois Urbana, Illinois	Mod. of lic. to change power from 250 watts night, 500 watts LS to 250 watts night, 1 KW LS. This application amends 4-SAB-26 which requested increase power to 500 watts night experimentally and 1 KW to LS. Requests facilities of WKBS (0.2) quota units.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2794	KOA	830	National Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Denver, Colorado	C. P. to make changes in present transmitter.
5-SAB-29	KRSC	1120	Radio Sales Corp. Seattle, Washington	Special authorization to change hours of operation from Daytime to Unlimited, experimentally.
5-MLB-1107	KFXJ	1200	R.G. Howell & Chas. Howell d/b as Western Slope Broadcasting Company Grand Junction, Colorado	Mod. of lic. to change hours from Specified Hours to Unlimited. Facilities KGEW, Fort Morgan, Colorado. Resubmitted without change. Requests be considered under 6 (d) for facilities KGEW and 6(g) for facilities in excess of KGEW.
5-ALB-497	KJR	970	Northwest Brdcstg. System Inc., Seattle, Wash.	Vol. assign. of lic. to Fisher's Blend Station, Inc.
5-LB-940	KNX	1050	Western Broadcast Co. Los Angeles, California	License to cover C. P. granted 1/13/33 for changes in equipment.
5-LB-941	KIEV	850	Cannon System, Ltd. Glendale, California	License to cover C. P. granted 9/23/32 for new station.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

February 11, 1933.

NORTH AMERICAN CONFERENCE

Announcement was made this week of the appointment of Judge Eugene O. Sykes, acting chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, and Senator Wallace H. White, Maine, as delegates of the United States to the North American Radio Conference which is now tentatively scheduled to be held in Mexico City next April.

Fifty persons attended the meeting at the State Department last Monday during which preliminary discussions in connection with the conference were held.

There is a disposition on the part of the Government to speed up preparations for the conference and a second preparatory meeting will be held later this month.

The Board of Directors of the National Association of Broadcasters will meet in Washington on February 20. The most important matter to come before the Board will be the formulation of a definite policy to be followed by the broadcasters in connection with the conference.

Every station in the United States is vitally interested in the forthcoming conference. The issues involved are of the utmost importance to both small and large stations.

February 11, 1933.

DAVIS BILL PASSES SENATE

The Senate on Friday afternoon passed the Davis Bill (HR 7716) with few minor amendments. The bill passed the House last session and now goes to conference. A conference report will be brought in at an early date.

The bill passed substantially as it was reported by the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee on January 11, following the hearing in which the National Association of Broadcasters participated.

The bill, as passed, follows the bill as reported from Committee, a digest of the principal provisions of which was contained in the BROADCASTERS NEWS BULLETIN, issue of January 14.

On Thursday, Senator Dill stated that he proposed to bring up the bill at the first opportunity during a morning hour. On Friday, however, the Senate found time to consider the measure while awaiting an appropriation bill and Senator Dill decided to call up the measure.

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MISS FORTIER TURNS TO LAW

Miss Olivine Fortier, for more than two years secretary to the Managing Director, has resigned her position as of February 1, and has entered the private practice of law.

Miss Fortier is a graduate of National University Law School, holding the degrees of bachelor of laws and master of laws from that institution, and is a member of the bar of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia.

In a letter accepting Miss Fortier's resignation, the Managing Director said:

"I am certain that I express the feeling of the Officers and Directors as well as the membership of the Association when I say that your services have been greatly appreciated; and I am also certain that I express their attitude when I wish you happiness and success in the practice of your profession."

Miss Fortier has established offices in the National Press Building, Washington, D. C.

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BROADCASTING HELD MANUFACTURING

Owners and operators of broadcasting stations would be held to be manufacturers if the tax bill (H 184) before the Committee on General Taxation of Michigan legislature becomes law. Under the bill broadcasting stations would be subjected to the same taxes as manufacturing enterprises.

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February 11, 1933.

RAYBURN BILL HEARINGS POSTPONED

Representative Sam Rayburn of Texas, author of the new communication bill and chairman of the House Committee on Interstate & Foreign Commerce, stated this week that his Committee would not hold hearings on his bill at this session of Congress.

Mr. Rayburn asked the Federal Radio Commission for suggestions and criticism of his bill and suggestions have been submitted to him. It is believed that Mr. Rayburn intends to get suggestions from others and that he will probably rewrite his communications bill and have it ready for the special session of Congress to be held this spring, when he expects to push it for immediate action.

It is unlikely that final action will be taken on the Dill bill for levying taxes on radio licenses of various kinds. Senator Howell of Nebraska, is chairman of the subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce which had charge of this bill. Hearings were held but no report has ever been made by the subcommittee on the bill to the full committee and it is not expected that any report will be made at this session.

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MAINE RADIO TAX BILL

A bill imposing a special radio tax (H 1067) was introduced in the Maine legislature on February 7 by Representative Lebel. The bill has not yet been referred.

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MASSACHUSETTS PLANS RADIO INVESTIGATION

Representative Logan of Boston has introduced in the Massachusetts legislature a bill (H 823) authorizing the Governor to appoint an unpaid commission of five members "for the purpose of investigating the subject of radio broadcasting and reception so that they (the commission) will be able to devise ways and means under which the commonwealth shall be enabled to erect radio broadcasting stations with such means of reception of radio broadcasting as will allow the citizens of the commonwealth to have free use of such radio methods, investigations or devices, under such insurance laws for the buildings so equipped with radio devices, for the purpose of free discussion, education or entertainment or other purposes which will maintain inviolate our inalienable rights of freedom of speech, all of which to promote the general welfare, our health, prosperity and happiness". The bill has been referred to the State Administration Committee.

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NAVY STATION MAY BE SOLD

The Senate on Friday passed a bill (S 2374) authorizing the Navy Department to convey to the city of Savannah, Georgia, the naval radio station, the buildings, and apparatus located upon land owned by the city. The bill now goes to the House.

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February 11, 1933.

WOULD PERMIT BEER ADVERTISING

An amendment to the pending beer bill which would permit the advertising of 3.05 per cent beverages proposed to be legalized was introduced in the Senate this week by Senator Walsh of Massachusetts, on behalf of a minority group of the Senate Finance Committee. An amendment to the beer bill previously adopted by the Senate Judiciary Committee would prevent the advertising of beer both by radio and newspapers in dry states.

The following memorandum explaining the present status of the law was inserted in the Congressional Record this week by Senator Walsh:

"The Volstead Act prohibits the advertising by any means of 'liquor". The Volstead Act defines liquor as used in the act to include all beverages containing one-half of 1 per cent or more of alcohol.

"The so-called 'Reed bone-dry amendment', passed in 1917, before the eighteenth amendment took effect, prohibits the sending through the mails of any advertisement of 'intoxicating liquors' to any place at which it is unlawful under local law to advertise such liquors. This act does not define the term 'intoxicating liquors'.

"Both of these restrictions on advertising are in existing Federal statutes.

"The House bill, providing for the manufacture, distribution, and sale of liquor containing 3.2 per cent, or less, of alcohol by weight, amends the definition of 'liquor' so that it does not include beer, ale, or similar fermented liquors containing 3.2 per cent, or less, of alcohol by weight.

"Therefore, under the House bill, the provision of the Volstead Act prohibiting the advertisement by any means of liquor would no longer prohibit the advertising of beer containing not more than 3.2 per cent of alcohol by weight, because the prohibition in the Volstead Act applies only to the advertising of liquor and, under the House bill, such beer would no longer be 'liquor' within the meaning of the Volstead Act. However, the effect of the House bill on the Reed 'bone-dry' amendment is uncertain. A doubt exists because this act does not define intoxicating liquors. This doubt should have been removed by a clear statement in the House bill that the provision of the Reed 'bone-dry' amendment does not apply to the liquor authorized therein.

"The bill reported by the Judiciary Committee of the Senate, and which is now pending in the Senate, provides in one section that nothing in the national prohibition act shall apply in any way to beer, wine, and fruit juices containing not more than 3.05 per cent of alcohol by weight; but there is another section of the bill which contains the so-called 'Dill amendment' which prohibits the advertising of liquor authorized by the bill in dry States. Furthermore, there is the same doubt as to the effect of the Reed 'bone-dry' amendment on the provisions of this bill, which amendment is not repealed.

"The so-called 'Dill amendment', providing for prohibiting the advertising of non-intoxicating liquors, such as beer and other liquors of alcoholic content of less than 3.05 per cent in dry States, would mean that all newspapers and radio advertising would be forbidden unless - which is not possible - it could be shown that a newspaper printed in a wet State never went outside the borders of that State into a dry State."

February 11, 1933.

EDUCATION PROGRAM EXCHANGE PLANNED

Members of the National Association of Broadcasters are urged to cooperate with the U. S. Office of Education in the institution of a new service which will be of great value to all broadcasting stations and to the public generally.

Within the next few days all stations will receive a letter from Commissioner William John Cooper pointing out that the Office of Education has received information indicating that a large percentage of the radio stations of the United States are cooperating with educational organizations and officials in broadcasting educational features.

Some of these broadcasts dealing with timely educational topics are of exceptional merit, Commissioner Cooper says, and would be welcomed additions to radio programs in other sections of the country.

The Office of Education will ask stations to send in a select list of educational broadcasts which they are willing to mimeograph and make available to other radio stations, the Office of Education assuming the responsibility for disseminating the information.

All NAB members are urged to cooperate with other stations and with the Office of Education in this constructive project. The letter of the Commissioner of Education will explain in detail how stations can cooperate.

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ASKS REHEARING IN SHULER CASE

Attorneys for the Rev. "Bob" Shuler this week petitioned the Supreme Court of the United States for a rehearing on its request for a review of the case. The petition for a writ of certiorari has been refused by the Court. The question which the Shuler attorneys ask the Supreme Court to decide is whether the Federal Radio Commission may refuse to renew a broadcasting station license because of the broadcasting of utterances which, if published in the press or spoken from the platform, would fall within the protection of the First Amendment to the Constitution against any analogous governmental action.

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DAVIS BILL PASSED OVER

The Davis Bill (HR 7716) proposing a number of amendments to the Radio Act of 1927 and prohibiting the broadcasting of lotteries, was passed over when it came up in the Senate this week. The bill was passed over and Senator Dill served notice that "at the first opportunity in a morning hour I should like to have the bill taken up". "It is very important that this legislation be passed at this session," he declared in the Senate.

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February 11, 1933

COURT ARGUMENTS HEARD

Arguments were held this week in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in three radio cases.

One of the cases is known as the WOQ case. KFH applied for full time on 1300 kilocycles which is the frequency on which WOQ operates. The Commission granted the application with WOQ appealing.

The second argument was that of WNYC, New York City municipal station. Station WPPC, also New York City, asked for the frequency used by WNYC and the Commission granted this giving WNYC the frequency used by WPPC. WNYC appealed this decision.

The third case involved the changing of the frequency of KSEI, Pocatello, Idaho, from 900 to 890 kilocycles which was granted by the Commission against which Station KFPY, Spokane, Washington, protested. The latter station had asked for a construction permit on 890 kilocycles.

An appeal was filed also this week in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia by Station KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana. This station had a hearing before an Examiner of the Commission asking for license renewal and permission to move to Baton Rouge, Louisiana. The Examiner ruled against the station. In the meantime the Commission, itself, gave WBJO, New Orleans, permission to move to Baton Rouge. KWEA appealed this decision of the Commission on the ground that as the Commission had allowed WBJO to move to Baton Rouge that it would not allow it (KWEA) to move there.

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WOULD ASSESS RADIO PROPERTIES

Assessment of radio broadcasting properties for the purpose of taxation would become mandatory, if the bill (H 289) introduced in the Missouri legislature by Representative Maxey became law. The bill would amend Article 4, Chapter 59, Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1929, as follows:

"Section 985 a. It shall be the duty of the Commission to determine the value of all tangible and intangible property of all bridges, telephone, telegraph, water, gas, electric power and electric light companies, electric transmission lines, pipe line and express companies, railroads, street railways, radio broadcasting and common carrier companies, and any and all other public utilities, and to assess the same for all taxation purposes; provided, that the Commission shall not fix the assessed value of any such utility at a less sum than that accepted or determined by the public service commission of this state for rate-making purposes."

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OREGON STATE OWNERSHIP BILL

The Oregon Utilities Commission is sponsoring a resolution in the Oregon legislature providing for adoption of a constitutional amendment for state operation of telephone, telegraphs or radio system. The resolution is now being studied.

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February 11, 1933.

"BROADCASTING" ACQUIRES "BROADCAST ADVERTISING"

Acquisition by "Broadcasting Magazine", of Washington, of the publication rights to "Broadcast Advertising", formerly published in Chicago by Gustav Stamm, was announced this week by Broadcasting Publications, Inc. "Broadcasting Magazine", Trade Journal of the Broadcasting Industry, established in October, 1931, has taken over the circulation, advertising contracts, good will, etc. of the Chicago magazine, which suspended publication in January.

"Broadcast Advertising" has been published for nearly five years as a monthly. "Broadcasting Magazine" will continue as a semi-monthly, with Martin Codel as Editor and Sol Taishoff as Managing Editor. F. G. Taylor continues as Advertising Manager.

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RADIO EMPLOYMENT DOWN

Reports have been received by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor from 39 radio manufacturers who gave their December employment at 18,172 a decrease of 9.3 per cent compared with November and of 13.1 per cent compared with December 1931. Reports from these same manufacturers showed that the average weekly December payroll was $320,059 a decrease of 12.8 per cent compared with November and of 30.6 per cent compared with December 1931.

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RADIO PROGRAM WINS PRAISE

Editor and Publisher, newspaper trade magazine, in the February 4 issue published an editorial praising the broadcast of the famous trial and acquittal of John Peter Zenger, accused of libeling the British governor of New York nearly 200 years ago. The historical broadcast was sponsored by Fleischmann's Yeast. The broadcast, says the editorial, serves as "an example of radio at its best as an educational force". "This paper has not hesitated in the past to criticise the inanities shown by much broadcasting," says the editorial. "In the present instance a bow to the makers of Fleischmann's Yeast, for an intelligent, useful program".

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INTERVENE IN SHULER CASE

The American Civil Liberties Union this week filed a brief as friend of court in the Shuler case in the Supreme Court of the United States. The brief sets out that the decision of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, upholding the Federal Radio Commission, abridges the constitutional right of freedom of speech. The license of Station KGEF, Los Angeles, California, was taken away by the Commission, because of statements made over the station by the Rev. "Bob" Shuler.

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February 11, 1933

FROM SOME OF THE WEEK'S OFFERS

An advertising agency offers 10 cents per inquiry about a fat-reducing tea, and says:

"You know your station -- we don't. If you have faith in your ability to produce inquiries, we are ready to go ahead with you, on the above-mentioned basis. If you haven't faith in your station, then of course, we could not be expected to have either! That's putting it up to you 'cold turkey', but we prefer to deal on an open and above-board basis."

Our idea of an "open and above-board basis" is the purchase of time at published rates and the presentation of a program in the public interest.

Here's another from radio advertising counselors who are offering the radio public a guitar course for $1.00 with a money-back guarantee. All the station must do is to:

"Put the program on two or three times a day. All orders will come direct to your station. Send us 65 cents out of each dollar with the name and address of the purchaser. We send out the course and take care of all mailing costs. You have the balance of 35 cents on each order."

The announcement does not say if newspaper advertising space is being purchased on the same basis.

And another offer:

"Due to the tremendous volume we hope to reach, we have set the retail price of this book at 25 cents. We will allow you a 40% discount on all you sell. In other words, you sell the book at 25 cents, plus two cents postage, deduct ten cents on each order, and send the balance to us. We will take care of the rest. However, if this plan is unsatisfactory, we will be glad to send you any desired number, on a consignment basis."

But the only satisfactory plan to the good broadcaster is purchase of time at published card rates.

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GERMANS GET MORE RADIO SETS

There were 4,307,722 licensed radio receiving sets in Germany on January 1, 1933, compared with 4,077,347 sets on October 1, 1932, an increase of 239,375 sets in the last quarter of 1932, according to a report to the Commerce Department's Electrical Division from Assistant Trade Commissioner A. Douglas Cook, Berlin. On January 1, 1932 there were 3,980,852 licensed sets in the Reich , an increase of 326,870 sets over 1931, or a rise of about 8 per cent. On the basis of the total population of Germany of 64,776,000, there were on January 1, 1933, about 66 sets per 1,000 inhabitants in the country.

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February 11, 1933

COMMISSION ACTS ON PROVIDENCE STATIONS

The Radio Commission on Friday reversed Examiner E. W. Pratt in his Report No. 438 in connection with Stations WJAR and WEAN, Providence, Rhode Island.

The Commission ruled that the application of these two stations for modification of their licenses be granted so as to permit operation on their present operating assignments with the use of an additional 250 watts night time power each on an experimental basis. This grant was subject, however, to the withdrawal and termination by the Commission without prior notice or hearing of the authority granted "either or both stations to use the additional nighttime power in the event objectionable interference is caused with the services of any other stations."

The Commission states that "it is impossible that the use of the 250 watts additional nighttime power by both WJAR and WEAN would cause any interference with other services either on the same or adjacent channels, and the use of such additional power would undoubtedly enable these stations to render a more satisfactory service to a greater number of listeners in the Providence area." Commissioner Lafount dissented.

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NEW CONSTRUCTION PERMIT DENIED

Examiner E. W. Pratt was sustained in his Report No. 436 by the Radio Commission in denying J. B. Taylor permission to erect a new broadcasting station at Aberdeen, South Dakota, and granting a license renewal to Station KSOO, Sioux Falls, South Dakota.

The Commission found that others than Mr. Taylor were interested in the proposed new station and the Commission was unable to find, it states, "just what responsibilities would be assumed by each party." It was further stated that "upon such an indefinite showing it is obvious that the authority requested by Taylor as an individual must be denied." It was also found that Aberdeen has radio service of a substantial character.

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STATION KGDA DELETED

Reversing Examiner R. H. Hyde in his Report No. 414, the Commission terminated after 20 days the license granted Station KGDA, Mitchell, South Dakota and denied the application of the station permission to move from Mitchell to Aberdeen. The Commission also granted Station WNAX permission to install new equipment and to increase its daytime power from 1,000 to 2,500 watts. Commissioner Starbuck dissented to both of these decisions while Chairman Sykes did not participate.

It was found by the Commission that the service rendered by Station KGDA has not been particularly desireable and "it is clear that the station's operation has been wholly unseccessful from a financial standpoint." It is further stated by the Commission that the programs broadcast by the station "have been of a poor quality" and the "supervision and management exercised by those in control of the station's affairs seems to have been extremely careless and indifferent."

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February 11, 1933

EXAMINER RECOMMENDS APPROVAL OF WEHC GRANT

The conditional grant made by the Radio Commission on November 3, for moving Station WEHC from Emory to Charlottesville, Virginia, should be affirmed, Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost recommended this week in his Report No. 452. The Examiner found that the Commission's temporary grant should be made permanent. He found also that "no objectionable interference will exist within the 250 microvolt per meter contour of Station WEHC if operated at the proposed location at Charlottesville or of Station WLVA at its present location, thus affording a degree of protection to both stations which is considerably in excess of the Commission's published policy of affording an interference free service area, for regional stations, to their 500 microvolt contour in the daytime and for local stations to their 2 millivolt contour, both day and night."

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RECOMMENDS CHANGES BE DENIED

Examiner R. H. Hyde (Report No. 451) this week recommends that the application of Station KGNO, Dodge City, Kansas, asking to change its frequency from 1210 to 1340 kilocycles and increase its power from 100 to 250 watts be denied on the ground that it would increase the facilities of an overquota state and zone.

"The evidence shows", says the Examiner, "that the granting of this application as it stands would increase the facilities of an overquota state and an overquota zone. Commission regulations Rule 6 (a) and 6 (c), provides that no additional facilities may be granted in this situation. Accordingly it is recommended that the application be denied."

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EWALD HEADS AFA PROGRAM COMMITTEE

Henry T. Ewald, chairman of the board of the American Association of Advertising Agencies and president of the Campbell-Ewald Company, Detroit, has been named chairman of the Program Committee for the twenty-ninth annual convention of the Advertising Federation of America to be held in Grand Rapids starting on June 25 next. The appointment was announced today by Edgar Kobak, president of the Advertising Federation and vice-president and general sales manager of the McGraw-Hill Publishing Company.

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AAAA MEET ON MAY 11 AND 12

The Sixteenth Annual Convention of the American Association of Advertising Agencies will be held May 11 and 12 at the Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D. C.

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STATION LIST SUPPLEMENT

The Radio Commission this week issued Supplement No. 1 to its radio broadcast station list which was dated January 1. The supplement is as of February 1, and contains all of the changes made during the month of January.

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February 11, 1933

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, February 13, 1933. They commence at 10 a.m.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1933

Docket #1853	WWL	Loyola University New Orleans, Louisiana	Mod. Lic. 850 kc, 5 KW, unlimited time. (Facilities of KWKH.) Present Assignment: 850 kc, 5 KW, specified hours.
Docket #1912	NEW	International Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	C. P. 850 kc, 10 KW, hours now used by KWKH. (Facilities of KWKH.)
Docket #1913	NEW	National Union Indemnity Assn. Shreveport, Louisiana	C. P. 850 kc, 10 KW, unlimited time. (Facilities of KWKH and WWL.)
Docket #1914	WSPA	Virgil V. Evans, t/a Voice of South Carolina Spartanburg, South Carolina	C. P. 850 kc, 5 KW, simultaneous daytime operation with WWL sharing at night. (Facilities of KWKH). Present Assignment: 1420 kc, 100 W. 250 W. LS, unlimited time.
Docket #1757	WWL	Loyola University New Orleans, Louisiana	Renewal 850 kc, 5 KW, specified hours.
Docket #1753	KWKH	Hello World Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Renewal 850 kc, 10 KW, specified hours.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1933

HEARING BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1934	WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	Vol. assign. of lic. 630 kc, 250 W. 500 W. LS, unlimited time.
Docket #1935	WMAL	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	Vol. assign. of C. P. 630 kc, 250 W. 500 W. LS, unlimited time.

HEARING BEFORE EXAMINER

Docket #1820	NEW	Arkansas Radio & Recording Co. Little Rock, Arkansas	C. P. 890 kc, 250 W. 500 W. LS. unlimited time. (Facilities of KARK).

HEARING CALENDAR (continued)

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1933 (continued)

Docket #1880	KARK	Arkansas Radio & Equipment Co. Little Rock, Arkansas	Renewal 890 kc, 250 W. unlimited time.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1933

HEARING BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1933	WJSV	Old Dominion Brdcstg. Co. Alexandria, Virginia	License to cover C. P. 1460 kc, 10 KW, unlimited time.

HEARING BEFORE EXAMINER

Docket #1842	NEW	The WNPD Company New Philadelphia, Ohio	C. P. 850 kc, 50 watts, daytime, (9 a.m., to L. S.).

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

NEW	Joel Ellis Wharton Shreveport, Louisiana	C. P. for general experimental service, all general experimental frequencies. 100 watts.
KTM	Pickwick Broadcasting Corp. Los Angeles, California	Consent to voluntary assignment of license to Evening Herald Publishing Company.
KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd. Burbank, California	Consent to voluntary assignment of license to Evening Herald Publishing Company.

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AGE OF RADIO SETS ANALYZED

Forty-two out of every 100 radio sets in use today are over three years old, according to a survey made for Radio Retailing, and reported in that magazine for January.

Based on interviews with owners of more than 7,000 radio sets in 79 towns and cities throughout the United States, this survey shows that less than 16 per cent of all the sets in use were purchased within the past year; 39 per cent are two years old or less, and 58 per cent have been in use under three years. Thus, 42 per cent of the sets in use were found to be over three years old.

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February 11, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
		FIRST ZONE
NEW	Charles W. Phelan d/b as Casco Bay Broadcasting Co. Portland, Maine	Granted C. P. for new station to operate on 1340 kc, 250 watts, night, 500 watts day, unlimited time. (transmitter location to be approved by Commission).
WAGM	Aroostook Brdcstg. Corp. Presque Isle, Maine	Granted Mod. of Lic. to change specified hours of operation to as follows: 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 3 to 7 p.m., EST daily.
		SECOND ZONE
WPHR	WLBG, Inc. Petersburg, Virginia	Granted authority to intervene in the matter of the hearing on C. P. application of WRVA.
		THIRD ZONE
KGKB	East Texas Broadcasting Company Tyler, Texas	Granted license covering changes in equipment, 1500 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.
WROL	Stuart Broadcasting Corp. Knoxville, Tennessee	Granted license covering new equipment and move of transmitter locally, 1310 kc, 100 watts,unlimited time.
KABC	Alamo Broadcasting Co. Inc. San Antonio, Texas	Granted authority to take depositions in re application for renewal of license, hearing which is set for March 1.
WNAD	University of Oklahoma. Norman, Oklahoma	Granted special authority to operate from 2:30 to 4:30 p.m., CST, March 17, provided Station KGGF remains silent.
		FOURTH ZONE
WHO-WOC	Century Broadcasting Co. Near Mitchelville, Iowa	Granted extension of completion date of C. P. from February 16 to May 15.
KGGF	Powell & Platz Coffeyville, Kansas	Granted special authority to operate from 8:15 to 9:15 p.m., CST, February 23, provided Station WNAD remains silent.
WIBW	Topeka Broadcasting Assn. Inc. Topeka, Kansas	Granted authority to take depositions in re application for renewal of license, a hearing on which is set for March 6.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE

KREG	The Voice of the Orange Empire Inc. Ltd., Santa Ana, California	Granted license covering changes in equipment 1500 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.

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APPLICATIONS RENEWED

The Commission during the current week renewed the following broadcasting licenses for the regular period: WAAF, Chicago, Ill.; WBEN and auxiliary, Buffalo, N. Y.; WBSO, Needham, Mass.; WCAC, Storrs, Conn.; WCAO, Baltimore, Md.; and auxiliary; WDAF, Kansas City, Mo.; WDBO, Orlando, Florida; WEAN, Providence, R. I.; WEAO, Columbus, Ohio; WFI, Philadelphia, Pa.; WGBI, Scranton, Pa.; WGR, Buffalo, N. Y.

WICC, Bridgeport, Conn.; WILL, Urbana, Ill.; WIP, Philadelphia, Pa.; WJAR, Providence, R. I.; WJAY, Cleveland, Ohio; WKBN, Youngstown, Ohio; WKY, Oklahoma City, Oklah.; WKZO, Kalamazoo, Mich.; WLIT, Philadelphia, Pa.; WMAL, Washington, D. C.; WMC, Memphis, Tenn.; WMMN, Fairmont, W. Va., WNAX, Yankton, S. D.; WQAN, Scranton, Pa.; WSUI, Iowa City, Iowa; WTMJ, Milwaukee, Wis.; WWNC, Asheville, N. C.

KFDM, Beaumont, Texas; KFDY, Brookings, South Dakota; KFKA, Greeley, Colo.; KFNF, Shenandoah, Iowa; KFRC, San Francisco, Calif; KFYR, Bismarck, N. D.; KGKO, Wichita Falls, Texas; KGW, Portland, Oregon; KHJ, Los Angeles, Calif.; KHQ, Spokane, Washington; KLX, Oakland, Calif.; KLZ, Denver, Colo.; KOAC, Corvallis, Oregon; KOMO, Seattle, Wash.; KPOF, Denver, Colo.; KPRC, Houston, Texas; KSAC, Manhattan, Kansas; KSD, St. Louis, Missouri; KSEI, Pocatello, Idaho; KTAR, Phoenix, Ariz.; KUSD, Vermillion, S. D. and KVI, Tacoma, Washington.

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MISCELLANEOUS ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following action of a miscellaneous nature:

APPLICATIONS DISMISSED AND DENIED

The following applications were dismissed at request of applicants:

WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Mod. of C. P. to change location to Scranton, Pa. Also Mod. of Lic. to move studio to Scranton.

The following applications were denied, because applicants failed to enter appearance within the time allowed:

WGST	Georgia School of Technology Atlanta, Georgia	C. P. 890 kc, 500 watts, 1 KW LS, facilities of WTFI.
WEBR	Howell Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Buffalo, N. Y.	Mod. Lic. 1310 kc, 100 watts, 250 W. LS. Requests authority to use auxiliary transmitter.
Amateur	Norman Bernfeld New York, N. Y.	Amateur License.

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February 11, 1933

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	FREQUENCY	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
			FIRST ZONE	
1-ZB-69	WGY	790	General Electric Co. Schenectady, New York	Determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
1-PB-2797	NEW	1340	Portland Maine Publishing Co., Portland, Maine	C. P. for new station to use 1340 kc, 500 watts, unlimited hours. Transmitter location Falmouth, Maine.
1-PB-2790	WMIL	1500	Arthur Faske Brooklyn, New York	C. P. to change transmitter location locally, exact location to be determined, install new transmitter and make other equipment changes.
			SECOND ZONE	
2-PB-2761A	NEW	1370	William L. Slade Hamilton, Ohio	C. P. for new station to use 1420 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours, resubmitted and amended to request 1370 kc, facilities of WHBD, Mt. Orab, Ohio.
2-FB-306	WSPD	1340	Toledo Broadcasting Co. Toledo, Ohio	Authority to install automatic frequency control.
2-MPB-416	WHBC	1200	Edward P. Graham Canton, Ohio	Mod. of C. P. to extend date of completion to 3/18/33.
2-PB-2805	WMBG	1200	Havens & Martin, Inc. Richmond, Virginia	C. P. to make changes in equipment, increase operating power from 100 watts to 100 watts night, 250 watts LS. Requests facilities of WPHR, Petersburg, Virginia.
			THIRD ZONE	
3-PB-2803	NEW	1370	C. C. Crawford Haynesville, Louisiana	C. P. for new station to use 1370 kc, 50 watts, specified hours, facilities of KWEA, Shreveport, La., in quota units.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE

4-ZB-70	WMT	600	Waterloo Broadcasting Co. Waterloo, Iowa	Determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
4-PB-2804	NEW	1210	Herbert H. Fette Meriden, Minnesota	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc, 10 watts, daytime, 4 hours daily.

FIFTH ZONE

5-ALB-500	KGU	750	Marion A. Mulrony & Advertiser Publishing Co. Ltd. Honolulu, T. H.	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Advertiser Publishing Company, Ltd.
5-ALB-499	KPJM	1500	M. B. Scott & Edward C. Sturm, d/b as Scott & Sturm Prescott, Arizona	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to M. B. Scott and Frank Wilburn.
5-MLB-1132	KTAB	560	Associated Broadcasters Inc. San Francisco, California	Mod. of lic. to move Main Studio to Oakland, Calif.
5-PB-2751A	KGEK	1200	Elmer G. Beehler, t/a Beehler Electrical Equipment Co., Yuma, Colorado	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Fort Collins, Colorado, change antenna and change in specified hours. Amended to omit request for change in hours of operation.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS

The following applications for renewal licenses were received by the Commission during the current week: KFWB, Hollywood, California; KMTR, Los Angeles, California; KTAB, San Francisco, California; KTM, Los Angeles, California; WCOA, Pensacola, Florida; WJAX, Jacksonville, Florida; WOAX, Trenton, New Jersey; WQAM, Miami, Florida; WWJ, Detroit, Michigan; WOBU, Charleston, West Virginia; WLTH, Brooklyn, New York.

KFSD, San Diego, California; WGBF, Evansville, Indiana; KROW, Oakland, California; KTAT, Fort Worth, Texas; WACO, Waco, Texas; WCAP, Asbury Park, New Jersey; WRNY, New York, N. Y.; WSYR-WMAC, Syracuse, New York; WAAM, Newark, New Jersey; WSMK, Dayton, Ohio; WCAD, Canton, New York; KGEJ, Ketchikan, Alaska; KMJ, Fresno, California; WTAR, Norfolk, Virginia; KFXF, Denver, Colorado.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the following applications were returned by the Commission either at the request of the applicant or for the reason they did not comply with regulations: KOA, Denver, Colorado; KELW, Burbank, California; WRUF, Gainesville, Florida; George W. Jenkins, Lincoln, Nebraska; WAAM, Newark, New Jersey.

BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

February 18, 1933.

BOARD FACES BUSY SESSION

The meeting of the Board of Directors of the National Association of Broadcasters, scheduled for Monday, February 20, at the Washington Hotel, Washington, D. C., will be one of the busiest sessions in many months.

Definition of a policy to be followed by the Association in preparation for the forthcoming North American allocation conference, now scheduled for early next Spring in Mexico City, is one of the most important matters to come before the Board.

Of equal importance is the copyright situation and the Board will have before it a communication from the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers stating that the copyright owners are as dissatisfied with the present license arrangement as are the broadcasters.

Another item on the Board's agenda will be the standard form of contract for spot broadcasting which has been submitted by the American Association of Advertising Agencies following numerous conferences with the NAB Commercial Committee.

Many other items of vital importance, including financing of the work which the Association must undertake, are listed for consideration by the Board.

February 18, 1933.

CONFERENCE ON DAVIS BILL

Senate and House conferees held a meeting on Friday on the Davis Bill (H. R. 7716) which recently was passed by the Senate.

The Senate conferees were Senators Couzens, Watson, Fess, Smith of South Carolina and Dill. The House conferees were Representatives Davis, Bland and Lehlbach.

Substantial agreement was reached on several sections of the bill. Action by the conferees on several of the more important Senate amendments was postponed until the next meeting of the conferees scheduled for next Tuesday.

The Davis bill as passed by the House last session contained non-controversial matter but the Senate added several amendments which must be considered by the conferees.

The more important Senate amendments which are the subject of the conference are as follows:

"Section 9 of the Radio Act of 1927, as amended by the Act of March 28, 1928, Public Law, Numbered 195, Seventieth Congress, is hereby amended by adding at the end of section 9 the following: 'Provided further, That the commission may grant applications for licenses for stations not exceeding two hundred and fifty watts of power if the commission finds that such stations will serve the public convenience, interest, or necessity, and that their operation will not interfere with the fair and efficient radio service of stations licensed under the quota provisions of this section, and said stations may be authorized without regard to the quota restrictions herein provided'."

"(h) Any licensee may, at his option, in lieu of appealing to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, appeal from any order of the commission revoking a station license or fining a station owner to the district court of the United States for the district in which the transmitting apparatus of the station license is operated. The provisions of subsections (b), (c), (e), and (f) shall apply to such appeals. Upon any such appeal the commission shall appear as respondent. The matter may be brought on to be heard by the court in the same manner as a motion, by either the attorney for the commission or the attorney for the licensee, at any time after the commission has filed with the court the record provided for by subsection (c). The findings of the commission as to the facts, if supported by evidence, shall be conclusive. The court shall hear and determine the appeal upon the record before it and shall have power to affirm or, if the order of the commission is not in accordance with law, to modify or reverse the order of the commission for error of law. After review of any order from which an appeal is taken under this subsection it shall be the duty of the commission to set aside or modify its order in so far as may be necessary to accord with any judgment of the district court that has become final.

CONFERENCE ON DAVIS BILL (continued)

"(i) The jurisdiction of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia and of district courts of the United States to review any order of the commission revoking a station license or fining a station owner shall be exclusive. An appeal filed by any licensee with either of said courts for the review of an order of the commission revoking a station license or fining a station owner shall bar appeal by such licensee to any other court for the review of such order."

"Section 13. No person shall broadcast by means of any radio station for which a license is required by any law of the United States, and no person, firm, or corporation operating any such station shall knowingly permit the broadcasting of, any advertisement of any lottery, gift enterprise, or similar scheme offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon lot or chance, or any list of the prizes drawn or awarded by means of any such lottery, gift enterprise, or scheme, whether said list contains any part or all of such prizes. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any provision of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

"Section 14. (a) If any licensee shall permit any person who is a legally qualified candidate for any public office to use a broadcasting station, he shall afford equal opportunities to all other such candidates for that office in the use of such station; and if any licensee shall permit any person to use a broadcasting station in support of or in opposition to any candidate for public office, or in the presentation of views on a public question to be voted upon at an election, or by a governmental agency, he shall afford equal opportunity to an equal number of other persons to use such station in support of an opposing candidate for such public office, or to reply to a person who has used such broadcasting station in support of or in opposition to a candidate, or for the presentation of opposite views on such public questions.

"(b) The commission shall make rules and regulations to carry this provision into effect. No such licensee shall exercise censorship over any material broadcast in accordance with the provisions of this section. No obligation is imposed upon any licensee to allow the use of his station by any candidate, or in support of or in opposition to any candidate, or for the presentation of views on any side of a public question.

"(c) The rates charged for the use of any station for any of the purposes set forth in this section shall not exceed the regular rates charged for the use of said station to advertisers furnishing regular programs, and shall not be discriminatory as between persons using the station for such purposes.

"Section 15. No person, firm, company, or corporation shall be permitted to locate or maintain a radio broadcast studio or other place or apparatus from which or whereby sound waves or mechanical reproduction thereof are converted into electrical energy and transmitted, or delivered, to a radio station in a foreign country for the purpose of being broadcast from a radio station there, and thereby transmitted back into the United States without first obtaining permission from the Federal Radio Commission upon proper application therefor."

February 18, 1933

DILL COMMUNICATION BILL

Senator Dill of Washington, is now engaged in drafting a communications commission bill which he hopes to have passed at the special session of Congress this Summer.

The Dill bill will consolidate the government's administration of radio, telephone, telegraph and cable laws under a single commission of three members. Power regulation will not fall within the jurisdiction of the commission proposed by Senator Dill's bill.

T he work of drafting has not been completed and details of the proposed legislation are not available.

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DAVIS INTRODUCES FEE BILL

Representative Davis, Tennessee, chairman of the House Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries Committee, this week introduced a license fee bill (HR 14688) in the House. The bill is substantially similar to the Dill license fee bill and would impose fees ranging from $120 to $5,000 a year on broadcasting station licenses. The bill has been referred to Chairman Davis' committee for consideration. Hearings on the measure were held in the Senate several weeks ago and the NAB expressed opposition to the measure.

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HOOVER APPOINTEES UNCONFIRMED

The term of Judge Eugene O. Sykes as member of the Federal Radio Commission from the Third Zone will expire on February 23. President Hoover recently reappointed Judge Sykes to the Commission but in view of an understanding entered into at the commencement of the present session with respect to Hoover appointees, it is doubtful if the Senate will act on the appointment. If the Senate does not act on the Sykes reappointment, the Commission will have but three members until President Roosevelt acts. The appointment of Mr. J. C. Jensen of Lincoln, Nebraska, to be Commissioner from the Fourth Zone, is also pending before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee.

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SECOND NORTH AMERICAN MEETING

The second of a series of meetings preliminary to the North American radio conference will be held at the Department of State on February 23. It is expected that the broadcasters will be ready to present their program at this meeting. All classes of radio licensees have been invited to attend the meeting.

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February 18, 1933

GENERAL COUNSEL PATRICK RESIGNS

Duke M. Patrick, general counsel of the Federal Radio Commission, and Karl A. Smith, an assistant counsel in the legal division of the Commission, resigned today, effective March 1, to engage in private practice in Washington.

Mr. Patrick will become associated with the law firm of Hogan, Donovan, Jones, Hartson & Guider, Washington, D. C.

Mr. Patrick was appointed assistant general counsel of the Commission January 27, 1930, and served in that capacity until March 28, 1932, when he was appointed general counsel to fill the vacancy created when Col. Thad H. Brown was appointed a commissioner.

As general counsel Mr. Patrick has made an enviable record. He has appeared frequently before the Court of Appeals of the District to defend decisions of the Commission and in the vast majority of cases that court has upheld the Commission.

Mr. Patrick is a native of Indiana, having been born July 3, 1900, at Paragon, Morgan County, the son of Bruce T. Patrick and Kathryn M. Patrick. He attended the public schools of Indiana and was graduated at Purdue University in 1921, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1924 he was graduated at the University of Michigan Law School with the degree of J. D. (Juris Doctor).

He first engaged in the practice of law at Lafayette, Indiana, in 1924. To broaden his field he moved to Indianapolis in 1927, where he specialized in the practice of Public Utility Law before the State Public Commission and the Federal Courts.

He married Gwendolyn Patton, daughter of Charles D. Patton of Lafayette, Indiana, October 26, 1928. They have no children.

He is a member of the Columbia Club of Indianapolis, the Congressional Club of Washington, D. C. He is a Mason; a Republican; member of Pi Kappa Alpha social fraternity; Phi Delta Phi, Legal Fraternity.

Mr. Smith is 29 years old and is a native of the District of Columbia. He attended the public schools of Washington and received part of his early education at Mr. Hermon, Massachusetts. He was graduated at the National University Law School in June, 1928, and was admitted to the bars of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of the District in 1929.

He served as deputy clerk of the Police Court of the District of Columbia from May, 1925 to December, 1930, when he joined the legal staff of the Commission.

Mr. Smith has been both diligent and efficient in handling his work for the Commission.

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February 18, 1933

SHULER DENIED REHEARING

The United States Supreme Court this week denied rehearing in the "Bob" Shuler case. Attorneys for Shuler petitioned for a review by the Supreme Court some weeks ago. The Court denied the petition whereupon his attorneys asked a rehearing on the denial. This has now been denied and the case is closed. The American Civil Liberties Union filed a brief as a friend of the Court asking for the rehearing.

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OREGON HOUSE PASSES OWNERSHIP BILL

On February 8, 1933, H.J.R. 17 was passed by the House of Representatives of Oregon. The measure would authorize the State of Oregon to "purchase, condemn, build, own and operate telephone, telegraph or radio systems for the transmission of long distance messages within and without the state." The bill now goes to the Senate.

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RADIO INTERFERENCE BILL

Representative Gillett introduced in the Pennsylvania House of Representatives on February 7, a bill (H 711) requiring the elimination of radio interference under certain circumstances, by the person, corporation, copartnership or association responsible for same, and providing a penalty for noncompliance therewith." The bill has been referred to the House Committee on Municipal Corporations.

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CALIFORNIA WOULD TAX SETS

A bill (A. 1992) providing for a sales tax on various goods introduced in the California House by Representative Woolwine contains a provision imposing a tax of five per cent on the sale of radio receiving sets and parts. The bill has been referred to the Revenue Committee.

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MASSACHUSETTS INVESTIGATION BILL WITHDRAWN

The bill (H 823) introduced in the Massachusetts legislature by Representative Logan of Boston and providing for an investigation of radio broadcasting in the State of Massachusetts was withdrawn on February 14.

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MAINE RECEIVING SET TAX BILL

Representative Lebel has introduced in the Maine Legislature a bill (HP 1067) providing that city and town clerks "shall assess the tax on radios according to their value; 10 per cent of their value to be deducted each year for five years, after which time the assessment shall remain the same as the fifth year."

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February 18, 1933.

WASTE BASKET IS BETTER

Two weeks ago the Bulletin carried a story to the effect that one station was replying to all "per inquiry" and "commission" proposals by sending a copy of its rate card. This week a member writes to the effect that he has tried that method but recently decided that the waste basket provided a better way of disposing of these offers.

In the meantime time chiseling proposals continue to reach stations in increasing numbers.

"When your listener sends you $2.00 just send us $1.50 and his name and address. And you clear 50¢ per series of 9 books." The programs "cost you nothing". "Run them whenever you wish, the oftener the better."

Another offers magic water "the most effective in the correction of constipation and most of all, kidney, liver, stomach and bladder disorders" as well as other diseases "resulting from bad blood and faulty elimination". Costs $1.00 per pound "allowing your station 28¢ net". "This is not a hit or miss proposition. Can you afford to disregard it?"

Still another concern feels "fortunate" to be able to sign up a company for "a large amount of broadcast advertising". The advertiser carries regular schedules with "important publications" but asks that stations read wordy scripts free except that "this account pays your station 15¢ net per inquiry". The letter does not state whether it secures its newspaper space on the same basis.

Acceptance of such proposals by stations will undermine the economic structure of broadcasting. It is high time that the industry put a stop to such proposals. Time is the only thing a station has to sell and it should be sold only in accordance with published rate cards. If your rate cards are too low, increase them; if they are too high, reduce them. Don't undermine your rate structure by accepting per inquiry or commission proposals.

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BROADCASTING COURT TESTIMONY IN MISSOURI

Gil P. Bourk, Democrat, Kansas City, this week introduced an act (House Bill No. 463) in the Missouri General Assembly to amend the Revised Statutes of Missouri by adding a new section as follows:

"Section 1752a. No witness shall be permitted or compelled to testify or give testimony in any civil proceeding, criminal or quasi-criminal proceeding of any kind or character whatsoever when the testimony of any such witness would be broadcasted or caused to be broadcasted over or from any radio or radio station or transmitted or caused to be transmitted from any radio or radio station."

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[illegible]

[illegible] to the effect that one station [illegible] programs of all type [illegible] proposes, by securing a copy of the rate card. This [illegible] to the effect that he has tried [illegible] and reasonably decided that one wants basket provided [illegible] disposing of these offers.

[illegible] meantime time obtaining proposals continue to reach [illegible] crescendo.

[illegible] "When your listener [illegible] just send us $1.50 and his name and address. And your clear 50% profit [illegible] from them whenever you wish, the offer [illegible]".

[illegible] water "the most effective in the correction of constipation and most of all, kidney, liver, stomach and bladder disorders" as well as under diseases "resulting from bad blood and faulty elimination". Costs [illegible] per pound [illegible] your station [illegible]. "This is not a bit or [illegible] proposition. Can you afford to disregard it?"

Still another concern feels "fortunate" to be able to sign up a company for "a large amount of broadcast advertising". The advertiser carries [illegible] "important publications" but says that stations read [illegible] that "this account [illegible] industry". The letter does not state whether it secured [illegible] newspaper space on [illegible]

[illegible] presence of such proposals by stations will undermine the economic [illegible] of broadcasting. It is high time that the industry put a stop to such proposals. Time is [illegible] only thing a station has to sell [illegible] it should be sold only in accordance with published rate cards. If your rate cards are [illegible] increase them if they are too high, reduce them. Don't undermine your [illegible] estimates by accepting per inquiry or commission proposals.

BROADCASTING COURT TESTIMONY IN MISSOURI

Gil P. Dowie, Democrat, Kansas City, this week introduced an act (House No. [illegible]) in the missouri General Assembly to amend the revised statutes of [illegible] by adding a new section as follows:

"Section 1725a. No witness shall be permitted or compelled to give testimony in any civil proceeding, criminal or quasi-criminal proceeding of any [illegible] or character whatsoever, when the testimony [illegible] was [illegible] broadcasted over or from an radio station or [illegible] lied or caused to be transmitted from any radio station."

February 18, 1933

RECOMMENDS DENIAL WKBH APPLICATION

Examiner Elmer W. Pratt in his Report No. 454 this week recommended to the Radio Commission that the application of Station WKBH, La Crosse, Wisconsin, for full time on its present frequency of 1380 kilocycles be denied. It now shares time with KSO.

The examiner, while admitting that the station is qualified in all ways to use the additional time, finds that it "would result in an increase in interference, in that there would be interference during a greater portion of the evening hours than at present between WKBH and other stations on the same channel." Also, he states that "the granting of this application would be inconsistent with paragraph 6 (a) of the Commission's Rules and Regulations in that there would result an increase in the facilities of a zone which is already over quota."

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WBBM AND KFAB MAY SYNCHRONIZE

Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost in Report No. 453 this week recommended that Stations WBBM, Chicago, and KFAB, Lincoln, Nebraska, be allowed to synchronize experimentally at certain specified night hours and that both stations be allowed to install automatic frequency control.

The chief examiner found that both stations are able to carry out the experimental work that they propose and the programs of the stations, if synchronized would reach a large number of listeners that neither of them can reach now.

The report states that this is "the first complete synchronization experiment proposed to the Commission in which the stations to be synchronized are so separated that the good service area of the stations in question do not overlap."

It is further contended in the report that "the making and conducting of the synchronization experiments proposed by the applicants, because of the data and facts which would be gathered therefrom, are of such importance to the art of radio broadcasting that public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by the granting of these applications and the making of the tests and conducting of the experiments proposed."

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RADIO CONFERENCE APPROPRIATION

The Senate this week passed an amendment to an appropriation bill which would allow the unexpended balance of the money appropriated for the Madrid Radio Conference to be used by the State Department for the North American Radio Conference to be held in Mexico City and provided that it shall be available immediately "and to remain available until June 30, 1934."

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February 18, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
	FIRST ZONE	
	None	
	SECOND ZONE	
	None	
	THIRD ZONE	
KTRH	KTRH Broadcasting Co. Houston, Texas	Granted 60 day authority to increase power from 500 watts to 1 KW Exp., in order to make certain tests in territory in which this station is located.
	FOURTH ZONE	
WLS	Agricultural Brdcstg. Co. Chicago, Illinois	Granted authority to use auxiliary transmitter of station WENR pending action on application.
KFRU	KFRU, Inc. Columbia, Missouri	Granted renewal of license, 630 kc, 500 watts, shares with WGBF and WOS as follows: KFRU and WOS half time, and WGBF half time. Also simultaneous daytime operation with WGBF.
	FIFTH ZONE	
	None	

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NO HEARINGS NEXT WEEK

During the week beginning Mon day, February 20, no hearings will be held by the Radio Commission in connection with broadcasting stations.

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RADIO SERVICE BULLETIN

Radio Service Bulletin No. 190 issued by the Federal Radio Commission is now available. It is for the month of January and contains as usual various tables and actions of the Commission dealing mostly with short wave matters.

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February 18, 1933

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	FREQUENCY	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
			FIRST ZONE	
1-ALB-503	WLEY	1370	Carl S. Wheeler t/a Lexington Air Station Lexington, Massachusetts	Vol. assign. of lic. to Albert S. Moffat.
1-PB-2797	NEW	1340	Portland, Maine Publishing Company. Portland, Maine	C. P. for new station to use 1340 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time. Amended as to equipment to be used.
			SECOND ZONE	
2-MPB-417	WNBW	1200	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Mod. of C. P. granted 8/18/32 to extend dates of commencement and completion to 2/15/33 and 6/15/33 respectively.
2-MPB-419	WNBW	1200	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Mod. of C. P. to change transmitter and studio location to U. S. Route #6, Jermyn Borough, Pa., change in equipment and extend dates of commencement and completion.
			THIRD ZONE	
3-PB-2806	WROL	1240	Stuart Brdcstg. Corp. Knoxville, Tennessee	C. P. to change equipment, change frequency, power and hours from 1310 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours to 1240 kc, 250 watts, ½ time with WKAQ, San Juan, P.R.
3-MPB-418	WKEU	1500	Allen Wright Marshall, Jr. Allen Wright Marshall, Sr. and Guy Aaron Malcolm, LaGrange, Georgia	Mod. of C. P. granted 1/20/33 for changes in equipment.
			FOURTH ZONE	
4-LB-942	WTRC	1310	Truth Publishing Co. Inc. Elkhart, Indiana	License to cover C. P. granted 1/4/33.
4-PB-2807	KGFX	630	Dana McNeil Pierre, South Dakota	C. P. to make changes in equipment.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE

5-ALB-501	KFAC	1300	Los Angeles Brdcstg. Co. Los Angeles, California	Vol. assign. of lic. to Los Angeles Broadcasting Company, Inc.
5-ALB-502	KFVD	1000	Los Angeles Brdcstg. Co. Los Angeles, California	Vol. assign. of lic. to Los Angeles Broadcasting Company, Inc.
5-PB-2660A	KGIX	1420	J. M. Heaton Las Vegas, Nevada	C. P. for new 100 watt transmitter. Amended to request change of transmitter and studio locally to Palace Theatre Bldg., and make changes in equipment.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

The following applications for renewal licenses have been received during the current week: KALE, Portland, Oregon; KGIR, Butte, Montana; KWSC, Pullman, Washington; WLS, Chicago, Illinois; KFOX, Long Beach, California; KFUL, Galveston, Texas; KGCU, Mandan, North Dakota; KRKD, Los Angeles, California; WAML, Laurel, Mississippi; WCAL, Northfield, Minnesota; KFIO, Spokane, Washington; KFEL, Denver, Colorado; KGBZ, York, Nebraska; WGCP, Newark, New Jersey; WNOX, Knoxville, Tennessee; WFLA-WSUN, Clearwater, Florida.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the following applications were returned either because they did not comply with regulations or at the applicant's request: KGBZ, York, Nebraska; KGCU, Mandan, North Dakota; WMAZ, Macon, Georgia; KOIL, Council Bluffs, Iowa; KFSG, Los Angeles, California; KMA, Shenandoah, Iowa; WHAS, Louisville, Kentucky; WRAX, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; WWL, New Orleans, Louisiana; WWVA, Wheeling, West Virginia; KWKH, Shreveport, Louisiana; KYW-KFKX, Chicago, Illinois.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS GRANTED

The Commission granted the following applications for renewal licenses during the current week: WCAJ, Lincoln, Nebraska; WLBL, Stevens Point, Wisconsin; WOS, Jefferson City, Missouri; WOW, Omaha, Nebraska; WREC-WOAN, Memphis, Tennessee.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS

NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.

PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

February 25, 1933.

BOARD IN BUSY SESSION

The Board of Directors of the National Association of Broadcasters spent two busy days in Washington this week formulating a definite program to be followed in the solution of many important questions confronting the industry.

Seventeen of the nineteen officers and directors of the Association attended the sessions, which were presided over by President Alfred J. McCosker. Those present were: Treasurer Church, Craney, Gedge, Hedges, Bellows, Lyons, Damm, Cowles, Flamm, Buckwalter, Carpenter, Kay, Ward, Caldwell (proxy for Ryan), Russell (proxy for McClelland) and Guider (proxy for Tyson). Vice President Fitzpatrick was unable to attend because of the sudden illness of his mother and Vice President Shepard was absent because of an important business engagement.

The sessions were the busiest ever held by the Board of the Association. Each of the important issues before the industry was taken up in turn, debated at length, and definite action taken thereon. The Board decided upon a definite course of action in connection with the copyright, North American conference, and other important matters and agreed upon ways and means for carrying its program into execution.

February 25, 1933.

RESUME OF BOARD MEETING

President McCosker informed the Board of the details of the appointment of Hon. Newton D. Baker of Ohio, in connection with the controversy growing out of the music license contracts with the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers and Joseph Hostetler, Mr. Baker's law partner, who was present at the meeting, outlined the status of copyright matters. Judge Hostetler pointed out the importance of deciding upon a definite objective to be obtained in the music controversy and expressed the hope that the Board would agree upon a program. He suggested what he considered a sound and practical solution of the problem and asked that the Board consider it carefully during its meeting.

Every angle of the music controversy was freely debated and finally a program was drawn up which won the unanimous support of the Board. This program will entail substantial changes in the present method of copyright licensing and will be followed in all future copyright considerations.

Judge Hostetler pointed out that he and Mr. Baker had spent many days working on the problem and were prepared to go forward with the program agreed upon.

Oswald F. Schuette, director of copyright activities of the NAB, then outlined the progress of his work since his appointment at the St. Louis Convention and expressed his agreement with the program suggested by Judge Hostetler. He urged the Board to take definite action on the proposal for the creation of a Radio Program Foundation, as authorized at the St. Louis Convention last November, and after debate upon this proposal, the Board unanimously adopted a motion providing for the creation of a corporation to be known as the Radio Program Foundation. Formation of this corporation was left in the hands of a committee consisting of Mr. Schuette, President McCosker, Judge Hostetler, Managing Director Loucks, and Director Flamm.

For the first time in the history of the NAB, a definite and complete solution of the music copyright problem has been agreed upon. The Board was unanimous in its approval of the program and the efforts of all concerned in the matter have been efficiently coordinated.

After disposing of the copyright matter, the Board approved the applications of nineteen new members submitted by the Managing Director.

The Board postponed until a later meeting decision upon the time and place for the 1933 Annual Convention. It was decided, however, that the Section meetings should be held in accordance with the policy followed last year.

The Board referred to the Engineering Committee a communication from the Radio Manufacturers' Association relating to transmitter hum. The Committee was instructed to meet with the RMA Engineering Committee and report its findings back to the Board.

The Board approved the arrangement made by the Managing Director with attorneys for Station KFAB, Lincoln, Nebraska, under which the famous libel case will be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States for review.

February 25, 1933.

RESUME OF BOARD MEETING (Continued)

The matter of creating a credit bureau was discussed but finally tabled with the understanding that it may be called up at any time by the President.

The Board unanimously adopted a resolution expressing its appreciation of Mr. I. D. Levy's activities in connection with the raising of funds necessary to carry out the special activities of the Association during the current year.

The forthcoming North American conference was the first order of business at Tuesday's session. Mr. Caldwell reviewed the history leading up to the present, pointing out that this conference will be the most important matter the broadcasters will have to face this year. He said he doubted if many broadcasters realized exactly what was involved in the forthcoming meeting - now tentatively set for April - and urged the Board to adopt a definite program for the protection of American broadcasting.

Lengthy discussion followed and all angles of the situation were probed. The discussion culminated in the drafting of a comprehensive plan which met the approval of the Board and which will govern the Association's representatives during preliminary conferences here and at the main conference in Mexico City. The discussion then turned to selection of a man to represent the Association at Mexico City and a Committee consisting of Caldwell, Bellows, Russell, Guider and Loucks was appointed to meet with the President and agree upon a representative. In the meantime the Committee designated the Managing Director to represent the Association at preliminary conferences. It is expected that a representative to carry forward the work will be named within the next few days.

The Managing Director then laid before the Board the Standard Order Blank for spot broadcasting submitted by the American Association of Advertising Agencies. With several important changes in the standard conditions, the Board approved the form. Copies of the form will be available after the Radio Committee of the AAAA has had an opportunity to adopt the changes urged by the NAB Board.

The Managing Director then submitted a budget for 1933 which won approval of the Board. The budget, of course, did not include the special activities for which funds are now being raised but followed generally the budget of 1932 with some curtailments. However, provision was made for expansion of Association activities later in the year, if the financial condition of the organization warrants it. In this connection, the Board approved a complete program of activities, embodying many valuable services. Under this program there would be created a Commercial, a Program and an Engineering Department in the NAB. The Commercial Department would undertake such functions as studies of station contracts, rates, rate cards, sales promotion, discounts, coverage, research, costs, and business indices. The Program Department would be a medium through which program ideas can be interchanged and reports issued on technical developments in the preparation of scripts, talent sources, talent costs, program trends, etc. The Engineering Department would keep station members advised of technical orders of the Commission, developments in equipment, etc.

The expansion of these NAB services, however, will not be undertaken until it is clearly seen that they will be adequately supported by the membership.

February 25, 1933.

RESUME OF BOARD MEETING (Concluded)

Briefly the Board:

1. Agreed upon a definite solution for the copyright music problem.

2. Formulated a plan to be followed by the industry in connection with the North American conference.

3. Authorized the formation of the Radio Program Foundation.

4. Approved a standard order blank for spot broadcasting.

5. Provided for review of the KFAB case by the Supreme Court.

6. Approved a budget which provides for important expansion of NAB service activities.

Due to the splendid work of Mr. Levy of Philadelphia, prospects for financing the program of the NAB during the year are encouraging. The program deserves the support of every broadcasting station, member and non-member alike, and will be carried out in every detail if support is forthcoming. Every member is urged to do his part. If you have not responded to Mr. Levy's request, it is the wish of the Board that you do so without delay.

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COPYRIGHT OWNERS CRITICISED

The Canadian Performing Right Society was severely criticised in a report by Justice Ewing who recently was appointed to ascertain if the Society had complied with the Canadian copyright law. The Society had not complied with the act providing that copyright owners must file with the Government lists of fees covering performance of works controlled.

"It is urged by the Society that it controls a hugh number of works variously estimated at from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 and that the collating and indexing of these works would be a stupendous if not an impossible task," says the report. "The answer to this argument is that only a small percentage of these works are ever actually played in Canada. Leaving out of consideration the very exceptional case it is estimated that a list of from 200,000 to 300,000 works would include all works which are under any circumstances played in Canada. In England a so-called working list has been prepared and it ought to be equally possible to prepare such a list here. If such a list were filed as well as sold to music users it would serve a double purpose. Those who had not the Society's general license could thereby easily learn what they must avoid while those who had the Society's license would have warning before using music not in the Society's published list. The advantage of such a list would seem to outweigh the trouble and expense of its preparation."

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February 25, 1933.

DAVIS BILL CONFERENCE REPORT

Agreement was reached between Senate and House conferees on the Davis Bill (HR 7716) this week and early adoption of the report is expected. The bill amends the present radio law in several important particulars, virtually all of which are included in the House conference report.

As agreed upon, the bill would authorize examiners to hold hearings in certain restricted cases and "that in all cases heard by an examiner the commission shall grant oral arguments on request of either party".

All opinions or memorandum opinions filed by the Commission would be made public upon request of any interested party under the amended law.

Perhaps one of the most important revisions of the present law is the amendment to Section 9 of the Radio Act which provides "That the Commission may also grant applications for additional licenses for stations not exceeding one hundred watts of power, if the Commission finds that such stations will serve the public convenience, interest, or necessity, and that their operation will not interfere with the fair and efficient radio service of stations licensed under the provisions of this section".

The purpose of this amendment is to permit the Commission to license local stations in areas which, on account of the topography, distances from existing broadcasting stations, or other conditions, are without adequate radio service.

The Commission is empowered to impose a fine of $1,000 for violations of regulations under an amendment to Section 14 of the law. The provision relating to suspension of licenses was eliminated.

Another section prohibits the broadcasting of any advertisement of or information concerning any lottery, gift enterprise, or similar scheme offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon lot or chance.

Section 18 of the radio act known as the "political section". The new section would read as follows:

"If any Licensee shall permit any person who is a legally qualified candidate for any public office to use a broadcasting station, he shall afford equal opportunities to all other such candidates for that office in the use of such station; and if any Licensee shall permit any person to use a broadcasting station in support of or in opposition to any candidate for public office, or in the presentation of views on a public question to be voted upon at an election, he shall afford equal opportunity to an equal number of persons to use such station in support of an opposing candidate for such public office, or to reply to a person who has used such broadcasting station in support of or in opposition to a candidate, or for the presentation of opposite views on such public questions. Furthermore, it shall be considered in the public interest for a Licensee, as far as possible to permit equal opportunity for the presentation of both sides of public questions."

The provision in the bill designed to prevent the erection of stations on the Mexican border, was eliminated from the bill.

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February 25, 1933

WATCHING STATE LEGISLATION

Numerous proposals to tax radio broadcasting are now pending in numerous state legislatures. The NAB is making every effort to summarize these proposals in weekly Bulletins and members in all states are urged to follow up information on these measures with action. Where such proposals are inimical to the interests of broadcasting, members are urged to cooperate with other stations in the state in bringing their objections to the attention of the proper state committees.

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RADIO SETS CLASSED WITH WATCHES

Radios are put in the same class with watches and autos by a bill which would make it a crime in New York to remove, deface or alter the manufacturer's serial number. The bill has been introduced by Assemblyman Brownell and referred to the Committee on Codes, February 15, 1933.

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WASHINGTON WOULD REGULATE "RADIO SERVICING"

Under a bill introduced in the legislature (House Bill No. 320) by Representative Wilson, the State of Washington would require certain education, apprenticeship, qualification, examination, license, etc., of all persons who "shall perform, test, repair equipment, improvement or installation service of any kind upon radio receivers, antennae, power amplifiers, public address systems, or any other radio accessory or part".

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KANSAS HOUSE PASSES RADIO SLANDER BILL

The bill (H 155) introduced by Elmer M. Roth (R) of La Crosse, which would prohibit slander by radio by providing for a maximum fine of $1,000, was passed by the Kansas House on February 17, and went to the Senate Judiciary Committee on February 21.

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MINNESOTA WOULD TAX BROADCASTING EARNINGS

On February 20, there was referred to the Taxes and Tax Laws Committee of the Minnesota House a bill (H 1078) introduced by Representative Gravens et al which whould place a gross earnings tax on radio broadcasting stations in lieu of other taxes.

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February 25, 1933

NEW RADIO INVESTIGATION ASKED

A concurrent resolution has been introduced in the House by Representative Fulmer of South Carolina, which has been referred to the House Committee on Rules "to provide for a study of radio broadcasting in the United States and other countries to obtain information to be used as a basis for legislation."

The resolution provides that a special investigating commission shall be appointed composed of two members of the House, two members of the Senate, and one person each representing labor, education, religion, the press, the home, and the radio industry. The members of the commission shall be appointed by the President of the United States except the congressmen who shall be appointed by their respective presiding officers.

The Commission is given two years in which to make a study of radio in the United States and abroad and a fund of $25,000 for the investigation is provided.

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POWER INCREASE RECOMMENDED

Examiner R. H. Hyde in his Report No. 455 this week recommended the granting of the application of Station WAAT, Jersey City, New Jersey, to increase its power from 300 to 500 watts. The station operates on a frequency of 940 kilocycles daytime to 6 p.m.

"Ordinarily", says the Examiner, "an application for a license to use increased power coming before the completion of construction work would be out of order. It appears that the applicant (WAAT) has equipment capable of operation with 500 watts power although a permit is requested to make certain changes."

It is stated by the Examiner that the evidence in the case shows that the station is rendering a meritorious broadcast service and that the quality of this service with particular reference to signal quality could be improved by the use of the additional power requested.

It is further stated that while the state of New Jersey is slightly over quota with respect to broadcast facilities, paragraph 6 (g) of the Commission's rules provide for the allowance of a slight departure plus or minus from an exact mathematical estimate.

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SYKES TERM ENDS

The term of Judge Eugene O. Sykes, acting chairman of the Radio Commission expired on February 24. His renomination was sent to the Senate some time ago by President Hoover but no action has been taken. This is in accordance with the agreement among Democratic members of the Senate, that no action would be taken on Hoover nominations. It is a forgone conclusion that Judge Sykes will be renominated by Mr. Roosevelt when he becomes President but this will be after March 4. In the meantime the Commission now has three members, Commissioners Lafount, Starbuck and Brown.

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February 25, 1933

400 RADIO AND VISUAL COURSES

There are more than 400 courses in radio and visual education being offered by the colleges and universities in the United States, according to an estimate made by the U. S. Office of Education. About 270 of these courses are in radio. In a recent survey conducted by the Office of Education, 873 institutions reported a total of 258 courses in radio and visual education. These courses may be divided as follows:

Visual Education and Motion Pictures - visual education, 75; motion picture production, 7; photoplay composition, 2; scenario writing, 2; motion picture photography, 1; educational sound pictures, 1; motion pictures in the church, 1; total - 89.

Radio Principles, Construction, Engineering - radio theory, 40; radio communication, 35; radio engineering, 22; vacuum tubes, 13; radio laboratory and construction, 12; radio measurements, 6; radio sending and receiving, 6, radio acoustics, 2; television, 2; radio code, 1; radio for amateurs, 1; radio station operation, 1; aircraft, 1; vocational radio, 1; total - 143.

Radio Broadcasting, etc., - radio speaking and singing, 16; radio law, 5; radio in education, 2; vocational aircraft, 1; radio advertising, 1; radio program building, 1; total - 26.

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JANUARY RADIO EMPLOYMENT

The January index of employment in the radio industry was 57.9 compared with 70.4 for December and 77.9 for January of last year, taking 1926 at 100 according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor.

The pay roll January employment index number was 41.9 compared with 50.9 for December and 73 for January of last year.

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OPTIMISM KEYNOTE RADIO TRADE IN BELGIUM

During 1932 American manufacturers exported 24,045 radio receiving sets to Belgium valued at $620,497, according to Assistant Trade Commissioner C. C. Frick, reporting to the Department's Electrical Equipment Division.

This was one-fifth more than was shipped to France during the year and twice the number sent to Belgium in the previous year. Sales to Belgium in 1931 totalled 12,082 sets valued at $471,003, an average value per set of $39 compared with only $25.80 in 1932, illustrative of the decline in prices during 1932.

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February 25, 1933

COURT APPEALS DISMISSED

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has dismissed on motion of the appellants, the appeal in Docket No. 4991 of the Mackay Radio Telegraph Company and No. 4990 of RCA Communications, Inc.

Also on motion of the Radio Commission, the Court dismissed No. 4987 of the Intercity Radio Telegraph Company and No. 4988 of Wireless Telegraph & Communications Company, Inc. These last two companies are insolvent.

These appeals all dealt with domestic point-to-point frequencies which have been involved in controversy for several years and this long pending litigation is now closed.

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THUMBS DOWN ON RATE CHISELING

Commission and per inquiry proposals continue to pour into stations but rate chiselers are finding the going more and more difficult. Many NAB members have informed NAB headquarters that they are sticking to the policy of refusing to sell time on any basis except at published rates. Several agencies during the past week offered percentage proposals to a list of stations and upon meeting with opposition one, at least, is considering buying time at regular rates.

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CANADIAN ESTIMATES FOR RADIO INCREASE

The main estimates of the Dominion Government, tabled in the House of Commons at Ottawa, February 1, include $2,159,375 for radio service, of which $1,000,000 (increase $600,000) is for the Canadian Radio Broadcasting Service; $679,550 (decrease $36,450) is for the construction and maintenance of radio ship to shore stations and the general administration of the provisions of the Radio Act and regulations throughout the Dominion; $280,400 (unchanged) for the general improvement of reception conditions to licensed broadcast listeners; and $199,425 (decrease $575) for the maintenance and operation of the Northwest Territories radio system by the Department of National Defence. The total increase for radio service is $562,975.

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McFADDEN ASKS PROBE OF NETWORKS

Representative McFadden, Republican, of Pennsylvania, asks an investigation of the finances of the National Broadcasting Company and the Columbia Broadcasting System in a resolution introduced in the House this week.

The resolution would direct the Speaker to appoint a committee of five to determine whether the management of the two chains was "properly in the public interest", whether they tended to "monopolize the radio broadcasting field", and whether the National Broadcasting Company's income "is properly applied for the public benefit or is diverted to meet management losses of the Radio Corporation of America or its subsidiary operations."

The chain broadcasters' income, McFadden said in the preamble to the resolution, was "derived from sources which are properly in the public domain." They were operated, he added, "in opposition to and with resulting financial loss aggregating many millions of dollars to newspapers, amgazines and periodicals."

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February 25, 1933

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, February 27, 1933. The hearings begin at 10 a.m.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1933.

Docket #1881	KGIX	J. M. Heaton Las Vegas, Nevada	Renewal	1420 kc, 100 watts, specified hours.
Docket #1890	KGIX	J. M. Heaton Las Vegas, Nevada	C. P.	1420 kc, 100 watts specified hours.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1933

Docket #1915	NEW	Altoona Broadcasting Corp. Altoona, Pennsylvania	C. P.	620 kc, 1 KW, daytime.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1933

Docket #1812	KVOA	Robert Marion Riculfi Tucson, Arizona	Renewal	1260 kc, 500 watts specified hours.
Docket #1919	KVOA	Robert Marion Riculfi Tucson, Arizona	Vol. assign. of lic. to Arizona Broadcasting Company.	1260 kc, 500 watts specified hours.
Docket #1847	NEW	John Tindale Abilene, Texas	C. P.	1420 kc, 100 watts, share equally with KABC (Facilities of KABC).
Docket #1879	KABC	Alamo Broadcasting Co. Inc. San Antonio, Texas	Renewal	1420 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications for renewals of licenses: KVOR, Denver, Colorado; WCKY, Covington, Kentucky; WWJ, Detroit, Michigan; WTAG, Worcester, Massachusetts; WNBX, Springfield, Vermont; WODA, Paterson, New Jersey; KMA, Shenandoah, Iowa; WBAK, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; KTW, Seattle, Washington; KOIN, Portland, Oregon; WQAO-WPAP, New York, New York.

KMBC, Kansas City, Missouri; KGMB, Honolulu, T. H.; WTAD, Quincy, Illinois; KGIZ, Grant City, Missouri; KGBZ, York, Nebraska; WLS, Chicago, Illinois; KFAC, Los Angeles, California; KMO, Tacoma, Washington; KOIL, Council Bluffs, Iowa; WBAA, LaFayette, Indiana; WDRC, Hartford, Connecticut; WHN, New York, N. Y.; WKBW, Buffalo, New York.

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February 25, 1933

MISCELLANEOUS ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action:

WKRC	WKRC, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio	Granted special authority to operate with an additional 500 watts on exp. basis, for a period ending September 1, 1933.
WFLA-WSUN	Clearwater Chamber of Commerce & St. Petersburg Chamber of Commerce Clearwater, Florida	Granted special authority to operate with power of 1 KW night with directional antenna and 2½ KW daytime, for period ending September 1, 1933.
KCRC	Enid Radiophone Company Enid, Oklahoma	Denied authority to operate from 1 to 2 a.m. daily, with 250 watts power, beginning February 27th, in order to broadcast a trial.
WKRC	WKRC, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio	Oral Argument to be heard by Commission on March 22, en banc, on application for renewal of license on 550 kc, 500 watts with 500 watts additional experimentally.
KIED	Warner Bros. Brdcstg. Corp. Hollywood, California	Granted authority to operate broadcast pick-up Station KIED, Feb. 21, to March 9, 1933.
KRKD KFSG	Fireside Broadcasting Company Los Angeles, California and Echo Park Evangelistic Assn. Los Angeles, California	Time sharing agreement dated February 13, approved, effective February 19, 1933.
WSYB	Philip Weiss Music Co. Rutland, Vermont	Granted special authority to operate from 2 to 5 p.m., and 9 to 11 p.m., EST, February 24, and 25, 1933.
WBAX	John H. Stenger, Jr. Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania	Granted special authority to operate from 8:15 p.m., to 12 midnight, EST, on Feb. 22, provided Station WJBU remains silent.
KIFS	KFJI Broadcasters Inc. Klamath Falls, Oregon	Authorized to use Station KIFS under provisions of Rule 218; frequency 1518 kc, 15 W.
WCSH	Congress Square Hotel Co. Portland, Maine	Made party respondent in case of application of Charles W. Phelan, to erect a new broadcasting station at Portland, Maine.
WRDO	WRDO, Inc. Augusta, Maine	Made party respondent in case of application of Charles W. Phelan, to erect a new broadcasting station at Portland, Maine.
WFEA	New Hampshire Broadcasting Co. Manchester, New Hampshire	Made party respondent in case of application of Charles W. Phelan, to erect a new broadcasting station at Portland, Maine.

MISCELLANEOUS ACTION (continued)

WSPD	Toledo Broadcasting Company Toledo, Ohio	Made party respondent in case of application of Charles W. Phelan, to erect a new broadcasting station at Portland, Maine.
WEBR	Howell Broadcasting Company Buffalo, New York	Reconsidered action of February 10th, in defaulting application for mod. of lic. authorizing the use of auxiliary transmitter and set for hearing.
NEW	John Tindale Abilene, Texas	Denied request for continuance of hearing from March 1 to April 15, on application for new stations.
WJBK	James F. Hopkins Detroit, Michigan	Suspended action of February 3, 1933, granting station an increase in nighttime power from 50 to 100 watts, and set case for hearing because of protest of WMBC, Detroit, and WIRM, Jackson, Michigan.

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RENEWAL LICENSES

During the current week the Commission renewed the following licenses for the regular period: WDEV, Waterbury, Vt.; WFLA-WSUN, Clearwater, Fla.; WGBF, Evansville, Ind.; WLBZ, Bangor, Maine; WOBU, Charleston, W. Va.; WQAM, Miami, Fla. and auxiliary; WSAZ, Huntington, W. Va.; WSYR-WMAC, Syracuse, N. Y.; WTAR-WPOR, Norfolk, Va.; KFKL, Denver, Colo.; KFXF, Denver, Colo.; KGBU, Ketchikan, Alaska; KGFX, Pierre, S. Dak.; KMJ, Fresno, Calif.; KMTR, Los Angeles, Calif.; KTAB, San Francisco, Calif.; WEEI, Boston, Mass.; WJAX, Jacksonville, Fla.; WWJ, Detroit, Mich.; WTAG, and auxiliary, Worcester, Mass.; KFSD, San Diego, Calif.; KFUO, Clayton, Mo.

The following stations were granted temporary licenses, subject to such action as the Commission may take on their pending applications for renewal: WCOC, Meridian, Miss.; WGST, Atlanta, Ga.; WIBW, Topeka, Kans, WKRC, Cincinnati, Ohio, KARK, Little Rock, Arkansas.

KELW	Magnolia Park, Ltd Burbank, California	Designated application for renewal of license for hearing and granted temporary license subject to such action as Commission may take on their pending application for renewal.
KTM	Pickwick Brdcstg. Corp. Los Angeles, California	Designated application for renewal of license for hearing and granted temporary license subject to such action as Commission may take on their pending application for renewal.
WBAK	Commonwealth of Pa. Pa. State Police Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	Granted ren. of lic. 1430 kc, 1 KW, hours of operation: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, 10:30 to 11:30 a.m.; 1:30 to 2:30 p.m.; 4 to 4:30 p.m.; Wednesday, 10:30 to 11:15 a.m.; 1:30 to 2:30 p.m.; 4 to 4:30 p.m.; Saturday 10:30 to 11:30 a.m., EST.
WHP	WHP, Inc. Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	Granted mod. of lic. to increase hours of operation to daytime except during those hours specified in license of WBAK; share equally with WCAH at night.

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February 25, 1933

APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

WBHS	Hutchens Company Huntsville, Alabama	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Radio Station WBHS, Inc.
NEW	Dr. George W. Young Minneapolis, Minnesota	C. P. for Exp. visual broadcasting service, 2000-2100 kc, 500 watts.
NEW	Miss Kathryn Jones Florence, Alabama	C. P. for new station to operate on 1420 kc, 100 watts, daytime.
NEW	Wilmington Broadcasting Co. R. A. Dunlea, Secretary Wilmington, North Carolina	C. P. for new station, 1370 kc, 100 watts, share with WRAM (facilities of WRAM).
KQW	Pacific Agricultural Foundation Ltd., San Jose, California	C. P. to increase power from 500 watts to 1 KW daytime, 1 KW nighttime, experimentally, and to make changes in equipment. (Facilities of KTM and KELW).
WSAI	The Crosley Radio Corporation Cincinnati, Ohio	C. P. to increase daytime power from 1 KW to 2½ KW, and make changes in equipment.
NEW	Portland, Maine Publishing Co. Portland, Maine	Application for C. P. for new station to operate on 1340 kc, 500 watts.
NEW	Charles W. Phelan d/b as Casco Bay Broadcasting Company Portland, Maine	Cancelled grant of C. P. for new station to operate on 1340 kc, 500 watts, made Feb. 10, 1933, and designated application for hearing.
WEAO	Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio	Suspended grant made January 24, 1933, of 250 watts additional daytime power, and designated for hearing application for mod. of lic. to increase daytime power to 1 KW, because of protest of WSYR, Syracuse, N. Y.
WLTH	Voice of Brooklyn, Inc. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Renewal of license
WFOX	Paramount Broadcasting Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Renewal of license.
NEW	William L. Slade Hamilton, Ohio	C. P. for new station to operate on 1370 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time, (facilities of WHBD).

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February 25, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
	FIRST ZONE	
WRC	National Broadcasting Co. Inc. Washington, D. C.	Granted license for auxiliary purposes only, 950 kc, 500 watts.
WTBO	Interstate Brdcstg. System, Inc. Cumberland, Maryland	Granted special authority to reduce hours of operation from unlimited to not less than 7 hours per day, for period of 30 days in order to repair damaged studios of station.
WDEV	Harry C. Whitehill Waterbury, Vermont	Granted authority to operate February 26, from 2 to 4 a.m., EST, in order to broadcast a special DX program.
WILM	Delaware Broadcasting Company Wilmington, Delaware	Granted Mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from specified to sharing with WAZL.
WGY	General Electric Company Schenectady, New York	Granted authority to determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
WESG	Cornell University Elmira, New York	Granted Mod. of Lic. to increase hours of operation from daytime to local sunset, to daytime in accordance with Rule 78 (sunset at the dominant station).
	SECOND ZONE	
WSPD	Toledo Broadcasting Company Toledo, Ohio	Granted authority to install automatic frequency control equipment.
WAZL	Hazleton Brdcstg. Service Inc. Hazleton, Pennsylvania	Granted mod. of lic. to change hours of operation from specified to sharing with WILM
WHBC	Edward P. Graham Canton, Ohio	Granted mod. of C. P. extending completion date from February 18, to March 18, 1933.
	THIRD ZONE	
WNOX	WNOX, Inc. Knoxville, Tennessee	Granted renewal of license 560 kc, 1 KW night and day; also granted renewal of special authority for 1 KW additional day power.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

KGKL	KGKL, Inc. San Angelo, Texas	Granted authority to remain silent from 1:15 to 7 p.m. daily, for a period of 12 days beginning at once, in order to install pipe organ in studio.
KTHS	Hot Springs Chamber of Commerce Hot Springs, Arkansas	Granted authority to operate on 970 kc during daytime on March 4, in order to broadcast Inaugural ceremonies.
KNOW	KUT Broadcasting Company Austin, Texas	Granted mod. of C. P. to change transmitter location from Barton Springs Road to Driskill Hotel, Austin, Texas; extend commencement date of C. P. from November 7, 1932 to immediately and completion date from February 7 to 90 days from this date.
WKEU	Allen W. Marshall, Sr. and Jr., and Guy Aaron Malcolm La Grange, Georgia	Granted Mod. of C. P. to make changes in transmitter.
KLCN	Charles Leo Lintzenich Blytheville, Arkansas	Granted C. P. to move transmitter and studio to City Hall, Blytheville, make changes in equipment and increase power from 50 to 100 watts.

FOURTH ZONE

KGDY	Voice of South Dakota Huron, South Dakota	Granted C. P. to install new transmitter with maximum rated power of 250 watts; change frequency from 1200 to 1340 kc; increase operating power from 100 to 250 watts, and decrease hours of operation from unlimited to daytime.
KMMJ	M. M. Johnson Company Clay Center, Nebraska	Granted authority to operate from 5 to 6 a.m., CST, daily, in order to broadcast weather conditions and other information to the farms and ranches in this area, until such time as this period may be required by station WSB.
WMT	Waterloo Broadcasting Company Waterloo, Iowa	Granted ren. of lic., 600 kc, 500 watts, unlimited time, and application removed from hearing docket, as applicant applying for WMT's facilities has been dismissed at request of applicant.
WKBB	Sanders Bros. Radio Station East Dubuque, Illinois	Granted extension of commencement date of C. P. to 2/21/33 and completion date to 5/21/33.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

KGNF	Great Plains Broadcasting Co. North Platte, Nebraska	Granted authority to operate simultaneously with Station WNPR from 8 to 9 p.m., CST, March 23, 1933, in order to broadcast a style show program.
WMT	Waterloo Broadcasting Company Waterloo, Iowa	Granted authority to determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
WDGY	Dr. George W. Young Minneapolis, Minnesota	Granted C. P. to install new equipment.
KGFX	Dana McNeil Pierre, South Dakota	Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment.

FIFTH ZONE

KFXJ	Western Slope Broadcasting Co. Grand Junction, Colorado	Granted Mod. of Lic. to increase hours of operation from specified to unlimited. (Facilities of KGEW).
KGHF	Curtis P. Ritchie and Joe E. Finch Pueblo, Colorado	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Curtis P. Ritchie and George J. Ikleman.
KGCX	First State Bank of Vida Wolf Point, Montana	Granted special authority to operate from 9 to 11:30 a.m.; 3 to 5 p.m., and 9 to 10:30 p.m., MST, February 24 and 25, 1933.
KJR	Northwest Brdcstg. System, Inc. Seattle, Washington	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Fisher's Blend Station, Inc. (Lessee).
KIEV	Cannon System Ltd. Glendale, California	Granted license, 850 kc, 100 watts, daytime only.
KPJM	Scott and Sturm Prescott, Arizona	Granted authority to temporarily reduce hours of operation from unlimited to 8 hours daily until July 1, 1933, and station allowed to keep its status as unlimited time station. (Station's offices and studios are being rebuilt and the added expense does not permit operating the minimum of 12 hours required by Rule 151 unless unreasonable number of phonograph records are employed. Station will operate fewer hours with better programs).
KGFJ	Ben S. McGlashan Los Angeles, California	Granted request of Acting Inspector in Charge ordering Station KGFJ to remain silent from 2 to 2:15 a.m., PST, on March 1, in order that radio monitor may check frequency of Station KERN.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

KNX	Western Broadcast Company Los Angeles, California	Granted license covering change inequipment, increasing maximum rated power of transmitter. 1050 kc, 25 KW, unlimited time.
KTAB	Associated Broadcasters Inc. San Francisco, California	Granted Mod. of Lic. to move main studio from San Francisco to Oakland, California.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

The following applications, heretofore set for hearing, were dismissed at request of applicants:

WGAL	WGAL, Inc. Lancaster, Pennsylvania	Application 1310 kc, 100 watts, 250 watts LS, share with WRAW.
NEW	Lancaster Brdcstg. Service Inc. Lancaster, Pennsylvania	Application 1230 kc, 500 watts LS.
KDYL	Intermountain Brdcstg. Corp. Salt Lake City, Utah	Application 780 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time. (Facilities of KELW and KTM).
NEW	The WNPD Co. New Philadelphia, Ohio	Application 850 kc, 50 watts LS.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the following applications were returned by the Commission either at the request of the applicant or for the reason they did not comply with regulations: WLB-WGMS, Minneapolis, Minnesota; KGCA, Decorah, Iowa; KWLC, Decorah, Iowa; WCAD, Canton, New York; WLS (auxiliary) Chicago, Illinois; KRGV, Harlingen, Texas; WCSH, Portland, Maine; J. R. Van Curen, Logan, Ohio; Raymond M. Brannon, Fremont, Nebraska.

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POLICE RADIO SERVICE

The Commission this week issued a statement on Police Radio Service. The statement, which is comprehensive, covers in some detail the factors governing the allocation of frequencies for police use; the sharing of frequencies by stations in one locality; shared maintenance of a single station by adjacent municipalities; interference; the usual methods of use of police radio facilities; data on the advantage taken of facilities; use of code systems for secrecy, and the provisions of law regarding divulgence of transmitted messages. For the month of April, 1932, 50 cities reported the transmission of 155,656 emergency calls, which were completed in an average time of 1 minute, 2 seconds, resulting in 12,676 arrests. It was reported that 2,255 automobiles were equipped to receive police transmissions, serving a total population of 32,585,000.

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February 25, 1933

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	FREQUENCY	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
			FIRST ZONE	
1-PB-2810	NEW	640	Philip J. Wiseman Lewiston, Maine	C. P. for new station to use 640 kcs-500 watts - Limited time.
1-PB-2811	WMAS	1420	WMAS, Incorporated Springfield, Mass.	C. P. to make changes in equipment, increase operating power from 100 watts, to 100 watts-night, 250 watts local sunset.
1-PB-2812	WRDO	1370	WRDO, Incorporated Augusta, Maine	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Portland, Me. (Location to be determined as result of observations).
1-MLB-1134	WTAG	580	Worcester Telegram Publishing Company, Inc. Worcester, Massachusetts	Mod. of Lic. to increase power from 250 watts night, 500 watts LS, to 500 watts.
1-PB-2816	WICC	600	Bridgeport Brdcstg. Station Inc. Bridgeport, Connecticut	C. P. for auxiliary transmitter to be used while moving main transmitter.
1-PB-2815	NEW	630	S. George Webb Newport, Rhode Island	C. P. for new station to use 630 kc, 250 watts, unlimited hours.
1-MPB-420	WPRO-WPAW	630	Cherry & Webb Brdcstg.Co. Providence, Rhode Island	Mod. of C. P. granted 1/31/33 to change equipment, frequency and power from 1210 kc, 100 watts to 630 kc, 250 W.
1-MPB-421	WFEA	1340	New Hampshire Brdcstg. Company Manchester, New Hampshire	Mod. of C. P. to change frequency from 1430 kc. (on experimental basis) to 1340 kcs.
			SECOND ZONE	
			None	

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE

3-MLB-1135	KRMD	1310	Radio Station KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Mod. of Lic. for change in specified hours of operation on Saturday and Sunday.
3-ALB-505	WPTF	680	Durham Life Insurance Co. Raleigh, North Carolina	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to WPTF Radio Company.
3-ZB-71	WPTF	680	Durham Life Insurance Co. Raleigh, North Carolina	Determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
3-PB-2814	NEW	1210	Southland Radio Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	C. P. for new station to use 1210 kc, 100 watts, unlimited hours. Requests all facilities KWEA, Shreveport, La.

FOURTH ZONE

4-LB-943	KGFK	1500	Red River Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Moorhead, Minnesota	License to cover C. P. for changes in equipment and increase power from 50 watts to 100 watts.

FIFTH ZONE

5-PB-2714A	NEW	1210	Otis Hill Hilo, Territory of Hawaii	C. P. for new station to use 1150 kc, 50 watts, unlimited hours, amended as to street address of transmitter and studio, change frequency and power requested to 1210 kc, 100 watts, change equipment and to operate minimum of 12 hours per day.
5-PB-2728A	NEW	1490	W. L. Gleeson Sacramento, California	C. P. for new station to use 1490 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time Facilities of KTM and KELW. Amended to request 5 KW. Amended 2/14/33 to omit facilities of KTM and KELW.
5-ALB-504	KMPC	710	R. S. Macmillan Beverly Hills, California	Consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Beverly Hills Broadcasting Corporation, a corporation.
5-PB-2813	NEW	1260	R. D. DuBois & T. R. Putnam d/b as "The Pima Broadcasting Company" Tucson, Arizona	C. P. for new station to use 1260 kc, 500 watts, specified hours (6-9 a.m., 12-3 p.m., 6-9 p.m.). Requests facilities KVOA, Tucson, Arizona.

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BROADCASTERS' NAB NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by
THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ◆ ◆ ◆ WASHINGTON, D. C.
PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

March 4, 1933.

BALDWIN JOINS NAB STAFF

James W. Baldwin, who resigned as secretary of the Federal Radio Commission, on February 28, has joined the executive staff of the NAB and has already taken over active charge of the Association's preparations for the forthcoming North American Radio Conference now scheduled to be held in Mexico City during April of this year.

Announcement of Mr. Baldwin's appointment was made by President Mc Cosker several hours after the Commission acted officially upon his resignation.

The appointment of Mr. Baldwin and his assignment to the North American Conference work is the second step in the Association's extensive program of expansion approved at the St. Louis Convention. The first step in this program was taken earlier in the year when Hon. Newton D. Baker was retained as copyright counsel for the Association.

Mr. Baldwin is well qualified for the new duties he has assumed. He has been a diligent student of broadcasting during his term as secretary of the Commission and is familiar with the economic, legal and technical problems of radio. He will devote his entire time to the North American allocation problem.

March 4, 1933.

NORTH AMERICAN MEETINGS CONTINUE

Preparations for the forthcoming North American Radio Conference went forward this week with increased speed.

The general committee organized by the State Department under the direction of Senator Wallace H. White, Jr., Maine, and Judge Eugene O. Sykes, who will represent the United States at Mexico City, held a meeting at the Federal Radio Commission on Saturday of last week and on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. At the first two of these sessions Managing Director Loucks appeared for the Association and presented in general outline form the position of the broadcasters as agreed upon by the Board of the NAB at its meeting last week.

James W. Baldwin, who recently resigned as secretary of the Commission and who will represent the NAB in all future North American committee meetings, took over his new duties on Wednesday and appeared for the Association at the Wednesday meeting. The next general meeting is scheduled for Monday, March 6.

In the meantime, subcommittees of the general committee are at work on various phases of the problem which will be presented by the forthcoming Mexico City conference.

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GEORGIA WOULD SANCTION ATHLETIC BROADCASTS

The bill introduced by Senator Turner and others (S 202) in the Georgia legislature on February 23 was favorably reported by the Judiciary Committee the following day. It would grant the right to any duly licensed broadcasting station to broadcast all athletic contests. This is the result of certain southern universities refusing to permit football broadcasts.

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INSURANCE ADVERTISING IN GEORGIA

House Bill No. 700, introduced by Pound and referred to Committee on Insurance would prohibit advertising in Georgia by radio broadcast (or otherwise) of unauthorized foreign insurance companies, making violations punishable by fines of $50 to $500.

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MASSACHUSETTS BILL KILLED

The Mercantile Affairs Committee of the Massachusetts Senate reported unfavorably on S. 67 which would have prohibited, by newspaper or radio, advertisement of any goods which are in fact manufactured in any foreign country unless such advertising so specified, and the bill was killed on March 1.

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March 4, 1933.

CONGRESS ADJOURNS: SPECIAL SESSION SOON

The Seventy-Second Congress came to an end at high noon today (March 4) but indications are that a special session will be summoned by President Roosevelt shortly after he assumes office.

The only legislation of importance to the radio industry enacted by the Seventy-Second Congress is the Davis Bill, which won approval of both Houses, but which was lacking President Hoover's signature as this Bulletin goes into the mails. The Senate adopted the conference report on the bill but not without opposition from Senator Wallace H. White, of Maine, who criticised the measure as amendments added by the Senate, characterizing them to be "in most respects bad". The bill, of course, cannot become law unless President Hoover signs it. Reports of the Davis Bill were contained in earlier Bulletins.

With the adjournment of the Seventy-Second Congress all bills and resolutions died. If a special session is summoned it will be necessary to introduce new measures to secure action on any of the issues proposed in the bills which have died.

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WASHINGTON PROPOSES CURB ON ROYALTIES

The demands of copyright owners for royalties from places of business where broadcast programs are received has inspired legislation in the Washington Legislature which would limit such collections to places where admission fees or cover charges are collected. The measure (HM 16) was up for second reading in the House on February 27. It is likely that the legislature will memorialize the Federal Congress for revision of the copyright laws to prevent abuses which have grown up under it. The question involved in the proposed Washington legislation is identical to that raised in the Jewell-LaSalle case of a year ago in which the Supreme Court of the United States decided against the contention of the National Association of Broadcasters that the operation of a receiving set in a hotel or place of business was not a performance within the purview of the Copyright Act of 1909.

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MISSOURI WOULD TAX RADIO SETS AND STOCK

Under Senator McDowell's bill, S. 291, Missouri would impose a specific tax of two per cent upon sales, gifts, exchanges, etc. of particular commodities listed in the bill, among which are radio receiving sets. The same bill would place a one per cent capital stock tax on every corporation doing business within the State.

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HARTIGAN HEADS NEWSPAPER COMMITTEE

J. J. Hartigan of Campbell-Ewald Company, Detroit, has been appointed Chairman of Committee on Newspapers of the American Association of Advertising Agencies.

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March 4, 1933

BILLS THAT DIED WITH CONGRESS

Following is a list of all of the important radio bills that were introduced during the Seventy-Second Congress and that died when the Congress adjourned at noon March 4:

THE SENATE

S. 4 - FESS RADIO EDUCATIONAL BILL, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 21 - KING COPYRIGHT BILL, pending before Committee on Patents.

S. 176 - HERBERT COPYRIGHT BILL, pending before Committee on Patents.

S. 481 - WHITE OMNIBUS RADIO BILL, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 750 - McNARY BILL to prohibit lotteries, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 1035 - TYDINGS COPYRIGHT BILL, pending Committee on Patents.

S. 1866 - DILL PATENT BILL, pending before Committee on Patents.

S. 3046 - DILL CLEAR CHANNEL BILL, pending Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 3047 - HATFIELD BILL FOR LABOR CLEAR CHANNEL, pending before Sub-committee of Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 3649 - SHIPSTEAD BILL to change allocation, pending before Committee on Interstate Commerce.

S. 3985 - DILL COPYRIGHT BILL, pending Committee on Patents.

S. 4399 - METCALF BILL for education by radio, pending before Committee on Education and Lobor.

S. 5201 - DILL BILL FOR RADIO LICENSING FEES, pending before Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

S. Res. 28 - HOWELL RESOLUTION for investigating possibility of broadcasting from the Senate chamber, pending before Committee on Rules.

S. Res. 58 - DILL BILL to investigate RKO, pending Committee on Audit and Control.

S. Res. 71 - DILL RESOLUTION providing for broadcasting from Senate chamber, pending before Committee on Rules.

March 4, 1933

BILLS THAT DIED WITH CONGRESS (continued)

THE HOUSE

H. R. 139 - VESTAL COPYRIGHT BILL, pending Committee on Patents.

H. R. 256 - CHRISTOPHERSON BILL prohibiting radio lotteries, pending before Committee on the Judiciary.

H. R. 410 - FRENCH LOTTERY BILL, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 421 - HOCH BILL to amend I. C. C. Act to define radio as a "common carrier", pending before Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

H. R. 6039 - SIROVICH BILL TO TRANSFER RADIO COMMISSION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 7253 - CONNERY BILL to provide a clear channel for labor, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 8759 - AMLIE BILL prohibiting radio advertising on Sunday, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 12844 - LAGUARDIA BILL establishing fees for patented radio equipment, pending before Committee on Patents.

H. R. 12845 - LAGUARDIA BILL establishing fees for radio advertising, pending before Committee on Merchant Marind, Radio and Fisheries.

H. R. 14501 - RAYBURN COMMUNICATION COMMISSION BILL, pending before Committee on Interstate & Foreign Commerce.

H. R. 14688 - DAVIS RADIO LICENSING FEE BILL, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. Res. 80 - HORR RESOLUTION to investigate Radio Commission and NBC control of Pacific Coast stations, pending before Rules Committee.

H. Res. 110 - AMLIE RESOLUTION on free speech, pending before Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. Res. 390 - McFADDEN RESOLUTION for investigation of Columbia and NBC, pending Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries.

H. Con. Res. 51 - FULMER BILL for general radio investigation, pending Committee on Rules.

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March 4, 1933

BALDWIN'S RESIGNATION ACCEPTED

The Federal Radio Commission formally announced the resignation of Mr. Baldwin in the following statement:

"James W. Baldwin, who has been Secretary of the Federal Radio Commission since May 5, 1930, resigned today to accept a prominent position with the National Association of Broadcasters.

"As Secretary of the Commission, Mr. Baldwin has displayed ability as an administrative and supervising officer. Under his regime the vast amount of routine matters of the Commission have been handled in an orderly and efficient manner.

"As the personnel officer he took an active part in the transfer of the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce to the Federal Radio Commission, which effected a substantial saving making it possible for Congress to appropriate $331,653 less for 1934 for radio regulation than the total of the 1932 appropriations for the two separate units - a saving of 30%.

"As the budgetary officer of the Commission he compiled estimates of financial requirements to carry on its work, which were adopted, for the most part, by the Bureau of the Budget and the Congress. Special data regarding the activities of the Commission, requested by Congress during his regime, were prepared under his supervision. In all his activities, Mr. Baldwin showed marked executive ability.

"He reorganized the various sections and divisions of the Commission, thus effecting economies and adding to the efficiency of the work.

"Mr. Baldwin is a native of Indiana, having been born in Scottsburg, Indiana, on November 5, 1898. He attended the public schools in Indiana, and received the degree of LLB from the National Law University, Washington, D. C., in 1925. He is a member of the Indiana Bar, the American Legion, Sigma Nu Phi Fraternity (Legal), and a Mason.

"Prior to the World War he was resident manager of the Lexington Telephone Company, Lexington, Indiana. He enlisted in the United States Naval Reserve Force and served as an instructor in the Aviation Gunners' School, Great Lakes, Illinois.

"At the close of the war Mr. Baldwin received an appointment in the Department of Justice, and in 1925 succeeded to the position of Chief Clerk and Administrative Assistant of that Department."

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FISHER ACTING GENERAL COUNSEL

The Radio Commission has announced that Ben S. Fisher, who has been Assistant General Counsel since January 27, 1930 has been named Acting General Counsel following the resignation of Duke M. Patrick.

Announcement was also made by the Commission that John B. Reynolds, who has been Assistant Secretary of the Commission since May 19, 1930, has been named Acting Secretary following the resignation of James W. Baldwin. The Patrick and Baldwin resignations were effective March 1.

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March 4, 1933

TWO ASPECTS OF TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

"The trade association has the power for collective action if its members will treat it as a force for constructive accomplishment, and not look upon it as an instrument for defense alone," Director Frederick M. Feiker, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, told a meeting of hardware men recently. "Most trade associations have their roots in defense; most were formed to protect the group against some wrong either real or fancied. It is time we threw overboard this defense mechanism of the trade association, and think of it in terms of a power for promoting advantageous conditions, rather than a force for preventing disadvantageous conditions. There is a world of difference in this viewpoint.

"The men who lead trade associations and the men who have given of their time and effort in the solution of their problems, through the mechanism of committees and the forwarding of constructive programs, deserve the thanks not only of their fellow businessmen but of the public.

"It is difficult to maintain a solid front in these times. It is difficult cometimes for the individual to merge his selfish need for self-preservation in the larger good of preserving the group; but it is increasingly evident that unless the preservation of the groups is accepted as the basis for self-preservation, there will be no such thing as self-preservation in business."

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"WE TURN DOWN CHISELERS, BUT"

"You are doing broadcasting a great service by discouraging percentage and per inquiry accounts," writes an NAB member. "We are sticking strictly to our card rates. We turn down chiselers, but recently a 50,000 watter took on one of these accounts we turned down. If broadcasting is to stamp out this practice, all must cooperate - the small stations and the big ones. We are doing our part; let the other stations do theirs."

In the meantime the mails are filled with all kinds of chiseling offers. Cosmetics, guitar lessons, hillbilly songbooks, magic crystals, mineral waters, nerve medicine, and a score of other commodities and alleged services are being offered on every conceivable kind of basis, except published rates.

One very bold fellow, who evidently is taking large quantities of the nerve medicine he sells, challenges radio stations by asking if they have "confidence in the ability of your station to pull inquiries". You can prove the value of your station as an advertising medium, he writes, by making the attached announcements - each several hundred words in length. Certainly must be a good product.

It is gratifying, however, that NAB members are taking the lead in stamping out rate cheseling practices. But there's a lot of work to be done.

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March 4, 1933

TEXAS WOULD PERMIT BROADCASTING CORPORATIONS

Senate Bill No. 218, by Felbaum, in the Texas Legislature has been favorably reported. A similar bill in the House (H. 71) had also been previously reported favorably by the Committee on Municipal and Private Corporations. These bills would permit the creation of new corporations, and allow existing corporations to amend their charters, to include the right to construct, maintain and operate broadcasting equipment and stations, due to the fact that there is no existing statute permitting such charters.

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OREGON RADIO BILL PROGRESSES

H. J. R. 17 which passed the Oregon House last month has been referred to the Resolutions Committee of the Senate. This bill would amend the Oregon constitution to permit the State to purchase, condemn, build, own and operate telephone, telegraph or radio systems for the transmission of long distance messages within and without the state.

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SOUTH CAROLINA SANCTIONS ATHLETIC BROADCASTS

H. 27 which has passed the South Carolina House, was reported favorably by the Senate Education Committee and went to the third reading with minor amendments. This bill authorizes the heads of State colleges to permit broadcasting of athletic events. As originally introduced in the House the bill would have made it unlawful to prohibit such broadcasting.

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INDIANA ACT BECOMES LAW

The Governor of Indiana has approved the action of the State Legislature making it unlawful to use a low wave length radio on a private automobile without proper permission. Similar laws are pending in several other states.

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EIGHT PER CENT ON BROADCASTERS' GROSS

The Minnesota bill reported by us last week as House Bill No. 1078, we now learn is in the Senate by Senator Serline as S. No. 990. This bill would impose a tax of eight per cent on the gross earnings of broadcasting stations in lieu of all other taxes. Broadcasters would be required to keep earnings accounts on forms prescribed by the State, would be subject to 10% penalty for failure to make the report, and another 10% for failure to pay the tax on time. The State would have a lien on all the property of the station, taking precedence over all demands, decrees and judgments against the broadcaster. The tax would become effective for the year 1933.

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March 4, 1933

RECOMMENDS MORE POWER FOR KTAR

Recommendation was made in Report No. 456 this week by Examiner Elmer W. Pratt that Station KTAR, Phoenix, Arizona, be granted a night time power increase from 500 to 1,000 watts. The station now operates 1,000 watts daytime on 620 kilocycles. The Examiner found that the granting of the increased power requested for nighttime operation "will not cause objectionable interference within the expected service area of any other station or stations." He therefore recommends that the increase be granted.

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COMMISSION APPROVES WEHC MOVE

The Radio Commission this week sustained Chief Examiner Yost in his Report No. 452, granting Station WEHC, Emory, Virginia, permission to move to Charlottesville, Virginia. The station operates on a frequency of 1350 kilocycles. The Commission contends that the proposed operation of the station in Charlottesville "will not result in objectionable interference with Station WLVA, at Lynchburg, Virginia, nor will such operation in any way reduce the present service area of Station WLVA." Changing of the location, the Commission states is in the public interest.

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APPROVES NBC - WMAL LEASE

The Commission this weel approved the leasing arrangement between Station WMAL, Washington, D. C., the M. A. Leese Radio Corporation and the National Broadcasting Company. The station operates on a frequency of 630 kilocycles. The Commission found that "the proposed operation of Station WMAL by the National Broadcasting Company would result in a marked improvement in the program service of that station. Although the service now rendered by WMAL under the present management is generally good the programs as a whole are undoubtedly inferior in quality and point of interest to those which would be presented by the proposed licensee."

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AUTO RADIO SETS TAXABLE

The Bureau of Internal Revenue has issued the following statement in connection with the taxability of automobile radio receiving sets:

"Advice is requested whether automobile radio sets sold by a manufacturer are subject to the tax imposed by section 606 or by section 607 of the Revenue Act of 1932 when sold to an automobile manufacturer or to a dealer.

"Automobile radio sets specially designed and primarily adapted for use in automobiles are considered automobile accessories within the meaning of section 606 (c) of the Revenue Act of 1932 and are taxable, when sold by the manufacturer, at the rate of 2 per cent under that section, instead of at the rate of 5 per cent under section 607, imposing a tax on certain component parts of radio receiving sets.

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March 4, 1933

KGDA FILES APPEAL

Station KGDA, Mitchell, North Dakota, has filed an appeal in the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia against the Radio Commission's decision of February 10, effective March 8, denying renewal application. The station operates on 1370 kilocycles with 100 watts power, unlimited time. The appeal states that the Commission "erred as a matter of law in failing to interpret the standard of public interest, convenience and necessity contained in the Radio Act of 1927 so as to take note of economic conditions rendering it unnecessary in the public interest, convenience and necessity for appellant to maintain a large operating capital."

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SAVANNAH TO GET NAVY STATION

The House passed the bill (S. 2374) authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to convey by gift to the city of Savannah, Georgia, the Naval Radio Station, the buildings and apparatus, located on the land owned by the city. The bill had already passed the Senate.

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ALTOONA APPLICANT DEFAULTS

Examiner Elmer W. Pratt in Report No. 461 this week recommended against the granting of a construction permit to the Altoona Broadcasting Corporation for the construction of a new station at Altoona, Pennsylvania.

The applicant did not appear at the hearing and motion was made by Commission counsel "that the application be dismissed and denied as in default." The Examiner, therefore, recommended against the granting of the application. The application was for a frequency of 620 kilocycles, 1,000 watts power and daytime service.

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ARKANSAS APPLICANT LOSES

In Report No. 457 this week Examiner Elmer W. Pratt recommends that the application of the Arkansas Radio & Recording Company for the construction of a new broadcasting station at Little Rock, Arkansas, on 890 kilocycles be denied and that the application of KARK, Little Rock, for license renewal be granted.

In the opinion of the Examiner applicants for the new station did not make sufficient showing "of financial responsibility, proposed equipment, technical resources, proposed programs and service and availability of talent, either with reference to the enumerated items singly or when considered collectively, to warrant a finding that public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by the granting of this application for construction permit."

Examiner Pratt says that KARK has recently been technically improved through the installation of new speech input equipment, a modern frequency monitor, a moculation meter and a special transformer. The station, he states, is financially responsible and has on hand sufficient funds to meet current obligations and to continue the operation of its station.

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March 4, 1933

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, March 6, 1933. They all commence at 10 a.m.:

MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1933.

Docket #1809	KMBC	Midland Broadcasting Co. Kansas City, Missouri	C. P. to move transmitter to Kansas City, Kansas. 950 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time.

TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1933.

Docket #1865	WBAX	John H. Stenger, Jr., Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania	C. P. 930 kc, 250 watts, unlimited time.
			Present Assignment: 1210 kc, 100 watts specified hours.

THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1933.

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1292	NEW	American Legion, Dept. of Mo. Donald Holden Post 106 Albany, Missouri	C. P. 1200 kc, 100 watts, unlimited time. (facilities of KFWF and WIL).
Docket #1531	KFWF	St. Louis Truth Center St. Louis, Missouri	Renewal 1200 kc. 100 watts shares with WIL
Docket #1532	WIL	Missouri Broadcasting Corp. St. Louis, Missouri	Renewal 1200 kc, 100 watts, 250 watts LS, shares with KFWF.
Docket #1636	WFBM	Indianapolis Power & Light Co. Indianapolis, Indiana	Mod. Lic. 1230 kc., 1 KW, 500 watts LS, unlimited time.
			Present Assignment: 1230 kc. 1 KW, specified hours.
Docket #1652	WSBT	South Bend Tribune South Bend, Indiana	Mod. Lic. 1230 kc. 500 watts, continuous day operation to 5:30 p.m.
			Present Assignment: 1230 kc, 500 watts specified hours (day only).
Docket #1700	NEW	Thirty-First St. Baptist Church Morris H. Coers, Pastor, Indianapolis, Indiana	C. P. 600 kc, 250 watts, daytime.

HEARING CALENDAR (continued)

THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1933 (continued)

HEARINGS BEFORE EXAMINER

Docket #1833	WTAQ	Gillette Rubber Co. Eau Claire, Wisconsin	Renewal	1330 kc, 1 KW, shares with KSCJ.
Docket #1920	WTAQ	Gillette Rubber Co. Eau Claire, Wisconsin	Mod. Lic.	1330 kc, 1 KW, simultaneous daytime to LS with KSCJ, sharing at night with KSCJ.
			Present Assignment:	1330 kc, 1 KW, shares with KSCJ.
Docket #1868	KSCJ	Perkins Brothers Company (The Sioux City Journal) Sioux City, Iowa	Renewal	1330 kc, 1 KW, 2½ KW LS, shares with WTAQ.
Docket #1921	KSCJ	Perkins Brothers Company (The Sioux City Journal) Sioux City, Iowa	Mod. Lic.	1330 kc, 1 KW, 2½ KW LS, simultaneous daytime with WTAQ, sharing at night.
			Present Assignment:	1330 kc, 1 KW, 2½KW LS, shares with WTAQ.

FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1933

Docket #1930	WCLS	WCLS, Inc. Joliet, Illinois	C. P.	1420 kc, 100 watts, specified hours. (Facilities of WEHS, WHFC, WKBI).
			Present Assignment:	1310 kc, 100 watts, specified hours.
Docket #1928	WKBI	WKBI, Inc. Cicero, Illinois	Mod. Lic.	1310 kc, 100 watts specified hours (facilities of WCLS).
			Present Assignment:	1420 kc, 100 watts, specified hours.
Docket #1929	WHFC	WHFC Inc. Cicero, Illinois	C. P.	1310 kc, 100 watts, specified hours. (Facilities of WKBI and WCLS).
			Present Assignment:	1420 kc, 100 watts, specified hours
Docket #1931	WEHS	WEHS, Inc. Cicero, Illinois	Mod. Lic.	1310 kc, 100 watts. specified hours (Facilities of WCLS).

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March 4, 1933

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

KPPC	Pasadena Presbyterian Church Pasadena, California	Denied authority to operate from midnight to 6 a.m.,PST, March 4, with 100 watts power in order to broadcast a test program.
WKBN	WKBN, Broadcasting Corp. Youngstown, Ohio	Denied authority to operate simultaneously with WEAO from 1 to 3 p.m., March 4, in order to broadcast inauguration program.
WABI	First Universalist Society of Bangor Bangor, Maine	Granted special authority to operate from 3 to 5 p.m., EST, March 12.
WSUI	State University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa	Granted special authority to operate from 10 p.m.,CST, March 10, to 1 a.m., CST, March 11, and from 10 p.m., to 12 midnight CST, on March 17 and 31.
WLS	Agricultural Broadcasting Co. Chicago, Illinois	Granted renewal of license for auxiliary transmitter for regular period.

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APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

At its sessions during the current week the Commission designated the following applications for hearing:

WMBG	Havens & Martin Inc. Richmond, Virginia	C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase daytime power from 100 to 250 watts. (Facilities of WPHR).
KGEK	Beehler Electrical Equipment Co. Yuma, Colorado	C. P. to move station from Yuma to Fort Collins, Colorado.
WSMB	WSMB, Inc. New Orleans, Louisiana	Mod. of Lic. to increase daytime power from 500 watts to 1 KW. (Facilities of KWEA).
WJBY	Gadsden Broadcasting Co. Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	C. P. to make changes in equipment only; also to move studio locally in Gadsden.
WEPR	Howell Broadcasting Company Inc. Buffalo, N. Y.	Granted request to reconsider Commission action of February 10, in defaulting application for Mod. of Lic. and directed that hearing be scheduled February 24 as originally. (Action taken February 23).

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March 4, 1933

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action:

CALL	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF GRANT
	FIRST ZONE	
WBAL	Consolidated Gas & Electric Light & Power Company Baltimore, Maryland	Granted extension of synchronization authority for period of 3 months from March 1.
WIEO WIEW	National Broadcasting Co. Inc. New York, N. Y.	Granted authority to use station WIEO 50 watts and WIEW 7½ watts, 1566 and 2390 kc, in Washington in connection with inaugural ceremonies.
	SECOND ZONE	
WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Granted Mod. of C. P. to extend commencement date from September 19, 1932 to February 15, 1933, and completion date from December 18, 1932 to June 15, 1933.
WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Granted extension of authority to remain silent for 60 days from December 15, 1932.
	THIRD ZONE	
KGHI	O. A. Cook Little Rock, Arkansas	Granted consent to vol. assign. of lic. to Lloyd Judd Company.
KWEA	Hello World Brdcstg. Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted extension of authority to remain silent pending action on C. P. and renewal application now pending before the Commission.
WNAD	University of Oklahoma Norman, Oklahoma	Granted special authority to operate from 3:30 to 5 p.m., CST, March 6, 13, 20 and 27, provided Station WGGF remains silent.
WSM	National Life & Accident Insurance Company Nashville, Tennessee	Granted authority to conduct antenna tests using 1 watt power on frequencies 270, 400 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750 and 800 kc, between 1 and 6 a.m., CST, for period of 30 days from March 1.
	FOURTH ZONE	
KFNF	Henry Field Company Shenandoah, Iowa	Granted continuation from March 1 to April 1 of special authority to use the time assigned to but not used by KUSD and WILL.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED (continued)

FOURTH ZONE (continued)

KFMX	Carleton College Northfield, Minnesota	Granted authority to remain silent for an additional period of 10 days. (Station was granted authority to remain silent for 30 days from January 23, 1933, while making changes in equipment.
WLBL	State of Wisconsin Dept.of Agriculture and Markets Stevens Point, Wisconsin	Granted authority to remain silent on all national holidays, which include January 1, February 22, May 30, July 4, Labor Day and December 25, or the day which may be set for observance in case of holidays falling on Sundays.
WDGY	Dr. George W. Young Minneapolis, Minnesota	Granted special authority to erect and operate temporarily a transmitter at 909 West Broadway, Minneapolis, 1180 kc, 500 watts, for period not over 30 days.
KFYR	Meyer Broadcasting Company Bismarck, North Dakota	Granted special authority to operate from 12:30 to 2 p.m., CST, March 4, provided KFDY remains silent.

FIFTH ZONE

None

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NEW YORK RADIO TAX BILL

A bill (S. 1199) which would impose a tax of five per cent upon the gross receipts of broadcasting stations has been introduced in the New York legislature by Senator Buckley. New York broadcasting stations are opposing the measure on the ground that the tax is an unconstitutional burden on interstate commerce. The same issue was involved in the South Carolina case in which the court held that the state did not have the right to impose a tax upon receiving sets because they were an integral part of interstate commerce.

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STATIONS SHOULD COOPERATE

The NAB Bulletin publishes accounts of radio legislation pending in the various state legislatures just as soon as the information can be obtained. These accounts should be carefully read each week and all such proposals pending in your state legislature should be carefully studied. If a measure is objectionable you should cooperate with other stations in your state to bring your objections to the proper state committees or officials in charge of the measure. Do not wait for the other fellow to start. Get busy on the phone and contact other broadcasters in your state just as soon as an objectionable measure is called to your attention. Cooperation of this kind will become more and more necessary as new problems arise.

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March 4, 1933

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission received the following applications:

FRC FILE	CALL	FREQUENCY	NAME OF APPLICANT	NATURE OF APPLICATION
			FIRST ZONE	
1-LB-948	WGLC	1370	O. T. Griffin & G. F. Bissell Hudson Falls, N. Y.	Lic. to cover C. P. granted 11/3/32 move station from Glens Falls, N. Y., new equipment and increase power, from 50 w. to 50 w. night, 100 w. LS.
1-LB-949	WHAM	1150	Stromberg-Carlson Telephone Manufacturing Co. Rochester, N, Y.	Lic. to cover C. P. granted 12/17/31 new equipment and increase power from 5 KW to 25 KW.
1-ZB-73	WHAM	1150	Stromberg-Carlson Telephone Manufacturing Co. Rochester, N. Y.	Determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
1-MLB-1128	WINS	1180	American Radio News Corp. New York, N. Y.	Mod. of lic. to increase power from 500 w. to 1 KW. Resubmitted without change requests be considered under 6(g).
1-FB-307	WRNY	1010	Marcus Loew Booking Agency New York, N. Y.	Changes in automatic frequency control.
1-LB-944	WGNY	1210	Peter Goelet Chester Township, N. Y.	License to cover C. P. granted 9/30/32 for new station.
1-ZB-72	WGNY	1210	Peter Goelet Chester Township, N. Y.	Determine power by direct antenna measurement.
1-LB-945	WMAL	630	M. A. Leese Radio Corp. Washington, D. C.	License to cover C. P. granted 10/21/32 for auxiliary transmitter.
1-MLB-1097A	WFOX	1400	Paramount Brdcstg. Corp. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Mod. of lic. change hours from Share WCGU, WLTH and WBBC to WFOX 3/4 time, WBBC 1/4 time. Facilities WCGU and WLTH. Amended to request unlimited hours. Facilities WCGU, WLTH and WBBC, Brooklyn, N. Y.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

SECOND ZONE

2-MLB-1137	WJBK	1370	James F. Hopkins, Inc. Detroit, Michigan	Mod. of station lic. to change hours of operation from Unlimited Day - Specified hours night to Simultaneous day and share night with WIBM accordance time sharing agreement.
2-MLB-1138	WIBM	1370	WIBM, Inc. Jackson, Michigan	Mod. Lic. to change hours of operation from Unlimited day specified hours night to Simultaneous day, share night with WJBK, accordance time sharing agreement.
2-PB-2821	WGBI	880	Scranton Broadcasters, Inc. Scranton, Pennsylvania	C. P. to make changes in equipment.
2-SAB-31	WIP	610	Pa. Brdcstg. Company Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Special authorization to increase power from 500 watts to 1 KW on experimental basis.

THIRD ZONE

3-SAB-32	WMC	780	Memphis Commercial Appeal Inc., Memphis, Tennessee	Special authorization to increase night power from 500 w. to 1 KW experimentally.
3-PB-2822	WAMC	1420	Raymond C. Hammett Anniston, Alabama	C. P. to move transmitter and studio to Muscle Shoals, Ala., exact location to be determined and change equipment.
3-MPB-425	WJBO	1420	Baton Rouge Brdcstg. Co. Inc. Baton Rouge, Louisiana	Mod. of C. P. 12/22/32 and modifications to change proposed street address of transmitter location to Magnolia and 5th Sts., Baton Rouge, La., and extend dates of commencement and completion.
3-MPB-426	KVOO	1140	Southwestern Sales Corp. Tulsa, Oklahoma	Mod. of C. P. granted 11-17-31 to extend date completion to 6-17-33.
3-MLB-1139	WAML	1310	Southland Radio Corp. Laurel, Mississippi	Mod. of license to change specified hours of operation.
3-MLB-1136	WHET	1210	Cyril W. Reddoch, Julian C. Smith, John T. Hubbard and Joe K. Jernigan d/b as Troy Broadcasting Company Troy, Alabama	Mod. of lic. to change specified hours of operation, requests an additional hour Sunday evenings.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

THIRD ZONE (continued)

3-FB-308	KRMD	1310	Radio Station KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Changes in automatic frequency control.
3-PB-2819	WFLA-WSUN	620	Clearwater Chamber of Commerce and St. Petersburg Chamber of Commerce Clearwater, Florida	C. P. to make changes in equipment.
3-MPB-422	WFBC	1200	Greenville News-Piedmont Co. Greenville, South Carolina	Mod. of C. P. granted 11/22/32 to change proposed transmitter and studio location to West Faris Road and Imperial Hotel, Greenville, S. C., respectively; also extend date of completion.

FOURTH ZONE

4-LB-946	KSTP	1460	National Battery Brdcstg. Co. St. Paul, Minnesota	License to cover C. P. granted 2/7/33 increase power from 10 KW to 10 KW night, 25 KW LS (experimental basis).
4-PB-2718A	NEW	1500	C. E. Wilkinson Mason City, Iowa	C. P. for new station to use 1500 kc, 100 w., specified hours. Resubmitted and amended as to transmitter location.

FIFTH ZONE

5-MPB-423	KIEM	1210	H. H. Hanseth Eureka, California	Mod. of C. P. granted 9/13/32 for new station to extend date of completion to 4/1/33.
5-MPB-424	KIEM	1210	H. H. Hanseth Eureka, California	Mod. of C. P. to change equipment.
5-ALB-507	KGCX	1310	First State Bank of Vida Wolf Point, Montana	Vol. assign. of lic. to E. E. Krebsbach.
5-PB-2820	KOIN	940	KOIN, Inc. Portland, Oregon	C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase operating power from 1 KW to 1 KW night 2½ KW LS.
5-LB-947	KOIN	940	KOIN, Inc. Portland, Oregon	License to cover C. P. granted 11/11/32 change transmitter location to Barnes Road, Portland, Oregon.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (continued)

FIFTH ZONE (continued)

5-PB-2739A	NEW	780	Don Lee Brdcstg. System Redlands, California	C. P. for new station to use 780 kc, 500 w. night, 1 KW LS, unlimited hours, facilities KTM, Los Angeles, Calif., and KELW, Burbank, Calif. Amended to change power requested to 500 watts day and night.

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RENEWAL APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

The following applications for renewal of broadcasting licenses were received during the current week: KFJR, Portland, Oregon; KID, Idaho Falls, Idaho; KOH, Reno, Nevada; KTBS, Shreveport, Louisiana; WADC, Talmadge, Ohio; WHBL, Sheboygan, Wisconsin; WHEC-WABO, Rochester, N. Y.; WHP, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; WODX, Mobile, Alabama; WAAM, Newark, New Jersey; KGCA, Decorah, Iowa; KDFN, Casper, Wyoming.

KFLV, Rockford, Illinois; KFPY, Spokane, Washington; KGRS, Amarillo, Texas; KQV, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; WDAG, Amarillo, Texas; WEVD, New York, N. Y.; WFBL, Syracuse, N. Y.; WGAR, Cleveland, Ohio; WKBH, La Crosse, Wisconsin, WNBR-WGBC, Memphis, Tennessee; WSAI, Cincinnati, Ohio; WSPD, Toledo, Ohio; KWLC, Decorah, Iowa; WDSU, New Orleans, Louisiana; KECA, Los Angeles, California.

KGA, Spokane, Washington; KGB, San Diego, California; KUOA, Fayetteville, Arkansas; KWK, St. Louis, Missouri; WAAB, Boston, Massachusetts; WAWZ, Zarephath, New Jersey; WBBC, Brooklyn, N. Y. (and auxiliary); WBBR, Brooklyn, N. Y.; WCAH, Columbus, Ohio; WFAB, New York, N. Y.; WHAZ, Troy, N. Y.; WKBF, Indianapolis, Indiana; WLBC, Muncie, Indiana; WSAR, Fall River, Massachusetts; WSFA, Montgomery, Alabama; WTRC, Elkhart, Indiana; KFSG, Los Angeles, California; WCAD, Canton, N. Y.

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APPLICATIONS RETURNED

The following applications were returned to the applicants either at the applicant's request or because the applications were not in proper form for Commission consideration: WAML, Shreveport, Louisiana; KALE, Portland, Oregon; KFAC, Los Angeles, California.

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APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

The applications of Station WOPU, Charleston, West Virginia, and Station WSAZ, Huntington, West Virginia, for special authority to use additional 250 watts night experimentally, and heretofore set for hearing were dismissed at the request of applicants.

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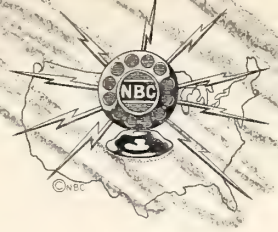
NATIONAL BROADCASTING COMPANY, INC.

711 FIFTH AVENUE



NEW YORK